

LISTEN.  
THINK.  
SOLVE.<sup>SM</sup>

# ArmorStart<sup>®</sup> Distributed Motor Controller



**USER MANUAL**

**Bulletin 280/281,283,284**

ALLEN-BRADLEY • ROCKWELL SOFTWARE

**Rockwell  
Automation**







## Important User Information

Because of the variety of uses for the products described in this publication, those responsible for the application and use of this control equipment must satisfy themselves that all necessary steps have been taken to assure that each application and use meets all performance and safety requirements, including any applicable laws, regulations, codes and standards.

The illustrations, charts, sample programs and layout examples shown in this guide are intended solely for purposes of example. Since there are many variables and requirements associated with any particular installation, Rockwell Automation does not assume responsibility or liability (to include intellectual property liability) for actual use based upon the examples shown in this publication.

Rockwell Automation publication SGI-1.1, *Safety Guidelines for the Application, Installation and Maintenance of Solid-State Control* (available from your local Allen-Bradley sales office), describes some important differences between solid-state equipment and electromechanical devices that should be taken into consideration when applying products such as those described in this publication.

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Throughout this manual we use notes to make you aware of safety considerations:

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### ATTENTION



Identifies information about practices or circumstances that can lead to personal injury or death, property damage or economic loss

---

Attention statements help you to:

- identify a hazard
- avoid a hazard
- recognize the consequences

---

### IMPORTANT

Identifies information that is critical for successful application and understanding of the product.

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## **European Communities (EC) Directive Compliance**

If this product has the CE mark it is approved for installation within the European Union and EEA regions. It has been designed and tested to meet the following directives.

### **Low Voltage and EMC Directives**

This product is tested to meet Council Directive 73/23/EEC Low Voltage and 89/336/EEC and Council Directive 89/336/EC Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC) by applying the following standard(s):

- Bulletin 280/281: EN 60947-4-1 — Low-voltage switchgear and controlgear — Part 4-1: Contactors and motor-starters — Electromechanical contactors and motor-starters.
- Bulletin 283: EN 60947-4-2 — Low-voltage switchgear and controlgear — Part 4-2: AC semiconductor motor controllers and starters.
- Bulletin 284: EN 61800-3 — Adjustable speed electronic power drive systems — Part 3: EMC product standard including specific test methods.

This product is intended for use in an industrial environment.



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## **Product Overview**

### **Introduction**

This chapter provides a brief overview of the features and functionality of the Bulletin 280/281, 283, and 284 ArmorStart® Distributed Motor Controllers.

### **Description**

The ArmorStart Distributed Motor Controllers are integrated, pre-engineered, starters with Bulletin 280/281 for full-voltage and reversing applications, Bulletin 283 for solid-state motor control, and Bulletin 284 for variable frequency AC drives applications. The ArmorStart offers a robust IP67/NEMA Type 4 enclosure design, which is suitable for water wash down environments. The ArmorStart products are also offered with NEMA Type 4X rating suitable for environment wash down with caustic chemical used in the food and beverage industry. The wash down rating is 1000 psi for the NEMA Type 4X rated devices.

The modular “plug and play” design offers simplicity in wiring the installation. The quick disconnects for the I/O, communications, and motor connections reduce the wiring time and eliminate wiring errors. The ArmorStart offers, as standard, four DC inputs and two relay outputs, to be used with sensors and actuators respectively, for monitoring and controlling the application process. The ArmorStart’s LED status indication and built-in diagnostics capabilities allow ease of maintenance and troubleshooting. The optional Hand/Off/Auto (HOA) keypad configuration allows local start/stop control at the ArmorStart Distributed Motor Controller.

The ArmorStart Distributed Motor Controller offers short circuit protection per UL508 and IEC 60947. The ArmorStart is rated for local-disconnect service by incorporating the Bulletin 140 Motor Protector as the local-disconnect, eliminating the need for additional components. The ArmorStart Distributed Motor Controllers are suitable for group motor installations.



## Operation

The ArmorStart Distributed Motor Controllers can operate three-phase squirrel-cage induction motors as follows:

Bulletin 280/281: 0.24...16 A; 200V AC, 230V AC, 460V AC, 575V AC; 50/60 Hz.

Bulletin 283: 1.1...16 A; 200V AC, 230V AC, 460V AC, or 575V AC; 50/60 Hz.

Bulletin 284: up to 2.0 Hp (1.5 kW) @ 240V AC, up to 5 Hp (3.0 kW) @ 480V AC, and up to 5 Hp (4.0 kW) @ 575V AC; 50/60 Hz.

Depending on the catalog number ordered, the ArmorStart Distributed Motor Controller will accept a control power input of 120V AC, 240V AC or 24V DC.

## Mode of Operation

### Bulletin 280/281

#### Full-Voltage Start

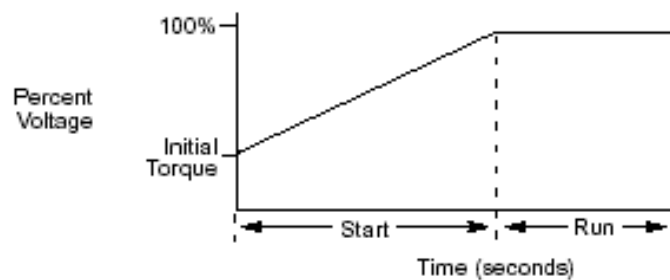
This method is used in applications requiring across-the-line starting, in which full inrush current and locked-rotor torque are realized. The ArmorStart Bulletin 280 offers full-voltage starting and the Bulletin 281 offers full-voltage starting for reversing applications.



### Bulletin 283

#### Soft Start

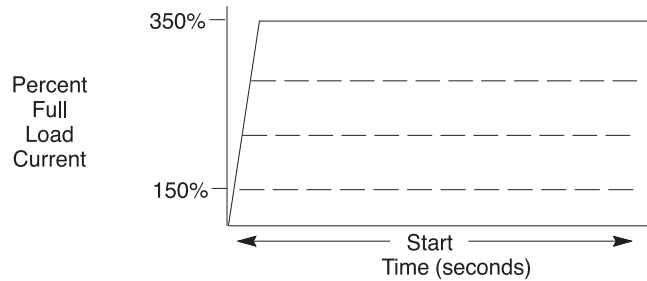
This method has the most general application. The motor is raised from an initial torque value to full voltage. The initial torque is adjustable to 15%, 25%, 35%, or 65% of locked rotor torque. The motor voltage is gradually increased during the acceleration ramp time, which can be adjusted from 1 to 45 seconds.





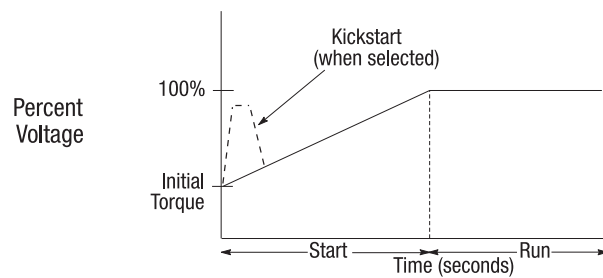
### Current Limit Start

This starting mode is used when it is necessary to limit the maximum starting current. It can be adjusted for 150...600% of full load amps. Start times are selectable from 1...45 seconds.



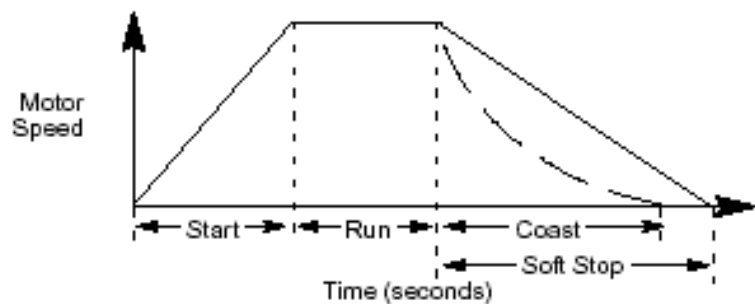
### Selectable Kick Start

A kickstart, or boost, at the beginning of the start mode is intended to provide a current pulse of 450% of full load current. The kickstart time is adjustable from 0.5...1.5 seconds. This allows the motor to develop additional torque at start for loads which may need a boost to get started.



### Soft Stop

The Soft Stop function can be used with applications that require an extended coast to rest. When enabled, the voltage ramp down time can be selected from 1...90 seconds. The motor will stop when the motor voltage drops to a point where the load torque is greater than the motor torque.

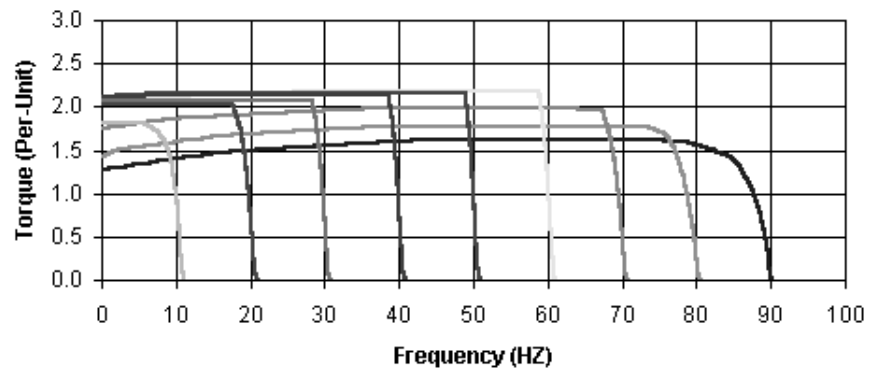




## Bulletin 284

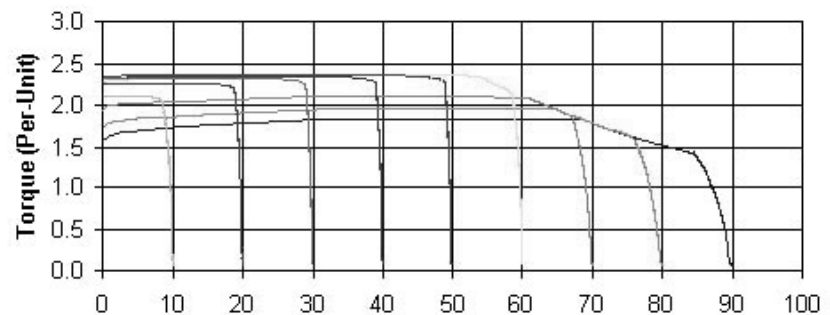
### Sensorless Vector Performance (Volts per Hertz)

- Drive automatically provides auto boost (IR compensation) and slip compensation
- Provides excellent speed regulation and high levels of torque across the entire speed range of the drive and improved speed regulation even as load increases.
- Most cost-effective performance when sensorless vector control is not required.
- To select this method of operation, select **H** for the **Mode of Operation** listed in the catalog structure. See Publication 280-SG001\_-EN-P.



### Sensorless Vector Control

- Sensorless Vector Control provides exceptional speed regulation and very high levels of torque across the entire speed range of the drive
- The Autotune feature allows the Bulletin 284 ArmorStart Distributed Motor Controller to adapt to individual motor characteristics.
- To select this method of operation, select **V** for the **Mode of Operation** listed in the catalog structure. See Publication 280-SG001\_-EN-P.





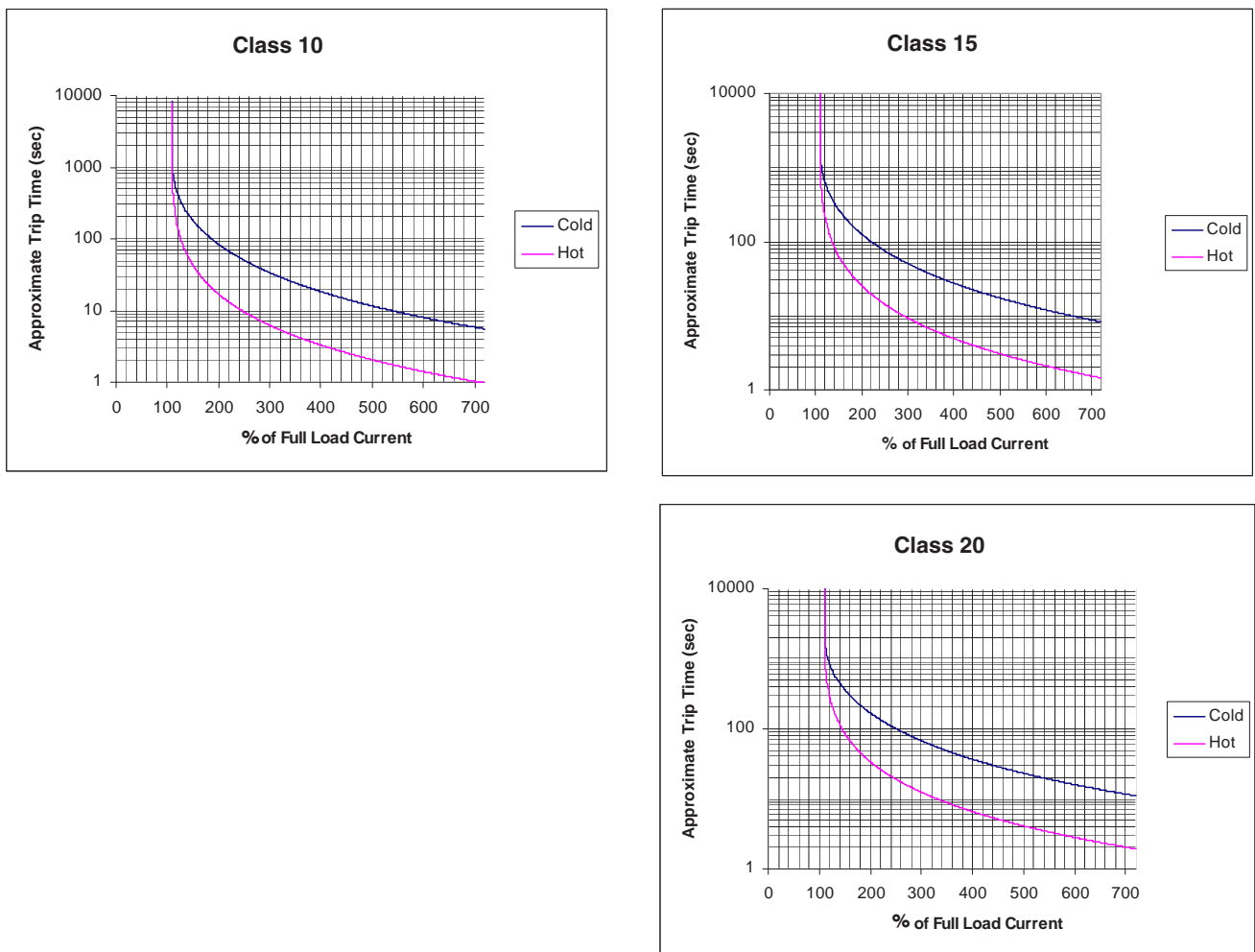
## Description of Features

### Overload Protection

The ArmorStart Distributed Motor Controller incorporates, as standard, electronic motor overload protection. This overload protection is accomplished electronically with an  $I^2t$  algorithm. The ArmorStart's overload protection is programmable via the communication network, providing the user with flexibility.

The Bulletin 280/281 overload trip class can be selected for class 10, 15, 20 protection. Ambient insensitivity is inherent in the electronic design of the overload.

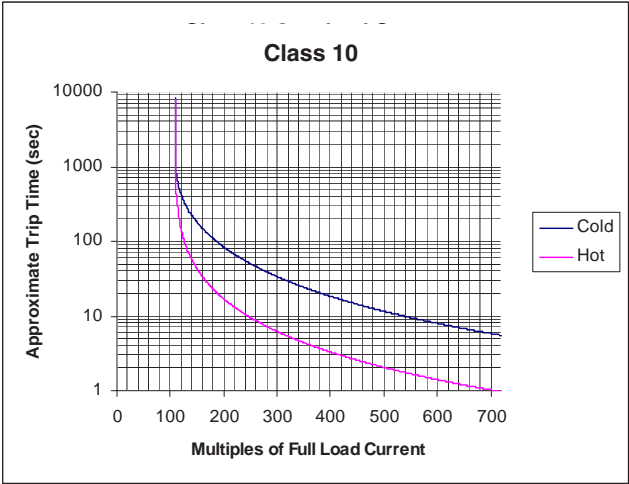
**Figure 1.1 Overload Trip Curves**





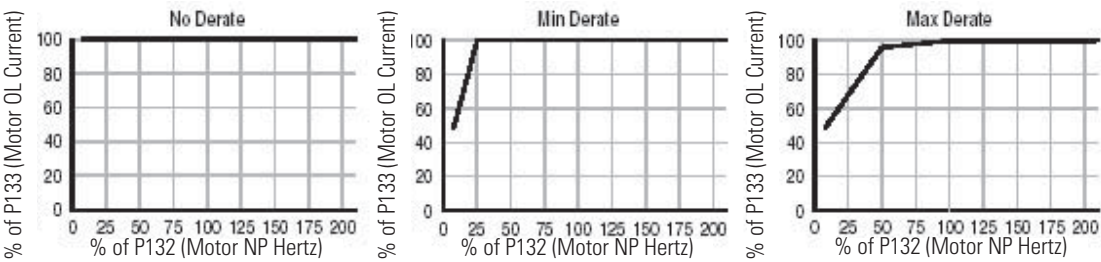
The Bulletin 283 overload trip class allows for class 10 protection. Ambient insensitivity is inherent in the electronic design of the overload.

Figure 1.2 Overload Trip Curve



The Bulletin 284 ArmorStart Distributed Motor Controller incorporates, as standard, electronic motor overload protection. This overload protection is accomplished electronically with an  $I^2t$  algorithm. The ArmorStart's overload protection is programmable via the communication network providing the user with flexibility. Programming the Motor OL Current parameter provides class 10 overload protection for the Bulletin 284 Distributed Motor Controller. Ambient insensitivity is inherent in the electronic design of the overload.

Figure 1.3 Overload Trip Curves





## LED Status Indication

The LED Status Indication provides 4 status LEDs and a Reset button. The LEDs provide status indication for the following:

- **POWER LED**  
The LED is illuminated solid green when control power is present and with the proper polarity
- **RUN LED**  
This LED is illuminated solid green when a start command and control power are present
- **NETWORK LED**  
This bi-color (red/green) LED indicates the status of the communication link
- **FAULT LED**  
Indicates Controller Fault (Trip) condition

The “**Reset Button**” acts as a local trip reset.

**Figure 1.4 Status Indication and Reset**



## Fault Diagnostics

Fault diagnostics capabilities built in the ArmorStart Distributed Motor Controller help you pinpoint a problem for easy troubleshooting and quick re-starting.

Fault Indication	Available on Bulletin:			Fault Indication	Available on Bulletin:		
	280/281	283	284		280/281	283	284
• Short Circuit	X	X	X	• Miscellaneous Fault		X	X
• Overload	X	X	X	• Brake Fuse Detection		X	X
• Phase Loss	X	X	X	• Internal Comm. Fault		X	X
• Control Power Loss	X	X	X	• Shorted SCR		X	
• Control Power Fuse Detection	X	X	X	• Phase Rotation		X	
• Output Power Fuse Detection	X	X	X	• Heatsink Temperature Fault		X	
• I/O Fault	X	X	X	• DC Bus Fault			X
• Over Temperature	X	X	X	• Ground Fault			X
• DeviceNet™ Power Loss ❶	X	X	X	• Overcurrent			X
• EEprom Fault	X	X	X	• Restart Retries			X
• Hardware Fault	X	X	X	• Stall			X
• Phase Imbalance	X	X		• Phase Short			X

❶ Not available on the Bulletin 280A/281A., 283A, or 284A.



**Inputs**

The inputs are single-keyed (2 inputs per connector), which are sourced from DeviceNet power (24V DC), with LED status indication

- Not available with on the Bulletin 280A/281A, 283A, or 284A.

**Outputs**

Two dual-key relay output connectors are supplied as standard. The outputs are sourced from control power (A1 and A2). LED status indication is also provided as standard for each output.

**Gland Plate Entrance**

The ArmorStart product offers two different methods of connecting incoming three-phase and control power to the device. One method offered is the traditional conduit entrance with a  $\frac{3}{4}$  in. and 1 in. conduit hole opening for wiring three-phase and control power. The second method offers connectivity to the ArmorConnect™ power media. Factory-installed receptacles are provided for connectivity to both three-phase and control power media.

**Motor Cable**

With every ArmorStart Distributed Motor Controller, a 3-meter unshielded 4-conductor cordset is provided with each unit as standard. If the optional EMI filter is selected for Bulletin 284 units, a shielded 4-conductor cordset is provided with each unit as standard.

**ArmorStart with DeviceNet Network Capabilities**

The ArmorStart Distributed Motor Controller delivers advanced capabilities to access parameter settings and provides fault diagnostics, and remote start-stop control. DeviceNet is the communication protocol, provided with the ArmorStart Bulletin 280D/281D, 283D, or 284D Distributed Motor Controller.

**ArmorStart with ArmorPoint® I/O**

The Bulletin 280A/281A, 283A, and 284A ArmorStart Distributed Motor Controller allows connectivity to the ArmorPoint backplane.

The ArmorPoint I/O system can communicate using DeviceNet, ControlNet, or EtherNet communication protocols. In addition to the different network protocols, the ArmorPoint Distributed I/O products allow the I/O capability to be expanded beyond the standard two outputs. Two dual-key relay output connectors are supplied as standard. The outputs are sourced from control power (A1 and A2). LED status indication is also provided as standard for each output. When using the ArmorPoint backplane, a maximum of two ArmorStart Distributed Motor Controllers can be connected to the ArmorPoint Distributed I/O product.



If the I/O capability of the Bulletin 280D/281D, 283D, or 284D ArmorStart Distributed Motor Controller needs to be expanded beyond the standard four inputs and two outputs, the ArmorStart Distributed Motor Controller with the DeviceNet communication protocol can be configured to the ADN<sub>X</sub> Architecture, in which the ArmorStart is part of the DeviceNet subnet, using the Bulletin 1738-ADN<sub>X</sub> ArmorPoint Distributed I/O product.

### DeviceLogix™

DeviceLogix is a stand-alone Boolean program that resides within the ArmorStart Distributed Motor Controller. DeviceLogix is programmed using Boolean math operations, such as, AND, OR, NOT, Timers, Counters, and Latches. DeviceLogix can run as a stand-alone application, independent of the network. However, 24V DC must be supplied at the DeviceNet connector to power the inputs.

### Peer to Peer Communications (ZIP)

The zone control capabilities of ArmorStart Distributed Motor Controllers is ideal for large horsepower (0.5...10 Hp) motored conveyors. The ArmorStart Distributed Motor Controllers have built-in DeviceNet communications, DeviceLogix technology, and the added Zone Interlocking Parameters (ZIP) which allow one ArmorStart to receive data directly, from up to four other DeviceNet nodes, without going through a network scanner. These direct communications between conveyor zones are beneficial in a merge, diverter, or accumulation conveyor application.

## Factory Installed Options

### Safety Monitor Option (Bulletins 280/281, 283, and 284)

The Safety Monitor Option allows for independent monitoring of the output status of the device. The function is implemented using a normally closed contact which complies with EN/IEC 60947-5-1 for mechanically linked contacts. Two terminal blocks are provided as the inputs which may be used with an external safety circuit. The external safety circuit monitors the status of the contactor.

### Optional HOA Keypad Configuration (Bulletin 280/281 only)

The ArmorStart offers two optional factory-installed Hand/Off/Auto (HOA) configurations: Standard and Forward/Reverse HOA.

**Figure 1.5** Optional HOA Configuration





### Optional HOA Keypad Configuration (Bulletin 283 only)

The ArmorStart offers an optional factory-installed Hand/Off/Auto (HOA) configuration:

**Figure 1.6** Optional HOA Configuration



### Optional HOA Selector Keypad with Jog Function (Bulletin 284 only)

The HOA Selector Keypad with Jog Function allows for local start/stop control with capabilities to jog in forward/reverse motor directions.

**Figure 1.7** Optional HOA with Jog Function Configuration



### Source Brake Contactor (Bulletins 283 and 284 only)

An internal contactor is used to switch the electromechanical motor brake on/off. The motor brake is powered from the main power circuit. A customer-accessible 3.0 A fuse is provided to protect the brake cable. A 3 meter, 3-pin cable for connection to the motor brake is provided as standard when the option is selected.

### EMI Filter (Bulletin 284 only)

The EMI Filter option is required if the Bulletin 284 ArmorStart Distributed Motor Controller must be CE-compliant. If the EMI Filter is selected, a 3 meter shielded 4-conductor cordset is provided as standard. This option is only available with sensorless vector control.

### Dynamic Brake (Bulletin 284 only)

A 3 meter 3-pin cable is provided as standard when this option is selected. See Appendix G, *Accessories* for available dynamic brake modules.



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**Dynamic Brake Resistor (Bulletin 284 only)**

The IP67 Dynamic Brake Resistor plug and play design offers simplicity in wiring and installation. The factory installed option of DB1 must be selected in order to have the quick disconnect connectivity. The cable length of the IP67 Dynamic Brake Resistor is available in two lengths, 0.5 meter and 1 meter. See Appendix G, *Accessories*, for available IP67 Dynamic Brake Resistors.

**Control Brake Contactor (Bulletin 284 only)**

An internal contactor is used to switch the electromechanical motor brake On/Off. The motor brake is powered from the control voltage circuit. A customer accessible 3.0 A fuse is provided to protect the brake cable. One 3-meter 3-pin cable for connection to the motor brake is provided as standard when this option is selected.

**Output Contactor (Bulletin 284 only)**

An internal contactor will be sourced from control voltage to isolate the load side of the Bulletin 284 ArmorStart Distributed Motor Controller. When control power is applied, the output contactor is closed, and when control power is removed, the output contact opens. There is no switching element, such as a relay, in the system. If control power is lost then the output contactor will open, since its coil power is lost. A sequenced stop involving the output contactor cannot be performed.

**Shielded Motor Cable (Bulletin 284 only)**

A 3 meter shielded 4-conductor cordset is provided instead of the 3 meter unshielded 4-conductor cordset. If the EMI Filter is selected, a 3 meter shielded 4-conductor cordset is provided as standard.

**0...10V Analog Input (Bulletin 284 only)**

The Bulletin 284 Distributed Motor Controller with Sensorless Vector Control provides a 0...10V analog input. The 0...10V Analog Input is a factory installed option that provides a 0...10V external frequency command from the 0...10V or +/-10V analog input or remote potentiometer. A 5-pin micro receptacle is provided for connectivity for customer connection. A shielded 5-conductor cordset or patch cord is recommended.



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**Notes:**



### Installation and Wiring

#### Receiving

It is the responsibility of the user to thoroughly inspect the equipment before accepting the shipment from the freight company. Check the item(s) received against the purchase order. If any items are damaged, it is the responsibility of the user not to accept delivery until the freight agent has noted the damage on the freight bill. Should any concealed damage be found during unpacking, it is again the responsibility of the user to notify the freight agent. The shipping container must be left intact and the freight agent should be requested to make a visual inspection of the equipment.

#### Unpacking

Remove all packing material, wedges, or braces from within and around the starter. Remove all packing material from device(s).

#### Inspecting

After unpacking, check the nameplate catalog number(s) against the purchase order.

#### Storing

The controller should remain in its shipping container prior to installation. If the equipment is not to be used for a period of time, it must be stored according to the following instructions in order to maintain warranty coverage.

- Store in a clean, dry location.
- Store within an ambient temperature range of  $-25^{\circ}\text{C} \dots +85^{\circ}\text{C}$  ( $-13^{\circ}\text{F} \dots +185^{\circ}\text{F}$ ).
- Store within a relative humidity range of 0...95%, noncondensing.
- Do not store equipment where it could be exposed to a corrosive atmosphere.
- Do not store equipment in a construction area.



## General Precautions

In addition to the precautions listed throughout this manual, the following statements, which are general to the system, must be read and understood.

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**ATTENTION**

The controller contains ESD (electrostatic discharge)-sensitive parts and assemblies. Static control precautions are required when installing, testing, servicing, or repairing the assembly. Component damage may result if ESD control procedures are not followed. If you are not familiar with static control procedures, refer to Publication 8000-4.5.2, *Guarding against Electrostatic Discharge*, or any other applicable ESD protection handbooks.

**ATTENTION**

An incorrectly applied or installed controller can damage components or reduce product life. Wiring or application errors, such as undersizing the motor, incorrect or inadequate AC supply, or excessive ambient temperatures, may result in malfunction of the system.

**ATTENTION**

Only personnel familiar with the controller and associated machinery should plan or implement the installation, startup, and subsequent maintenance of the system. Failure to do this may result in personal injury and/or equipment damage.

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## Precautions for Bulletin 284 Applications

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**ATTENTION**

The drive contains high voltage capacitors which take time to discharge after removal of mains supply. Before working on drive, ensure isolation of mains supply from line inputs (R, S, T [L1, L2, L3]). Wait three minutes for capacitors to discharge to safe voltage levels. Failure to do so may result in personal injury or death. Darkened display LEDs are not an indication that capacitors have discharged to safe voltage levels.

**ATTENTION**

Only qualified personnel familiar with adjustable frequency AC drives and associated machinery should plan or implement the installation, startup, and subsequent maintenance of the system. Failure to do this may result in personal injury and/or equipment damage.

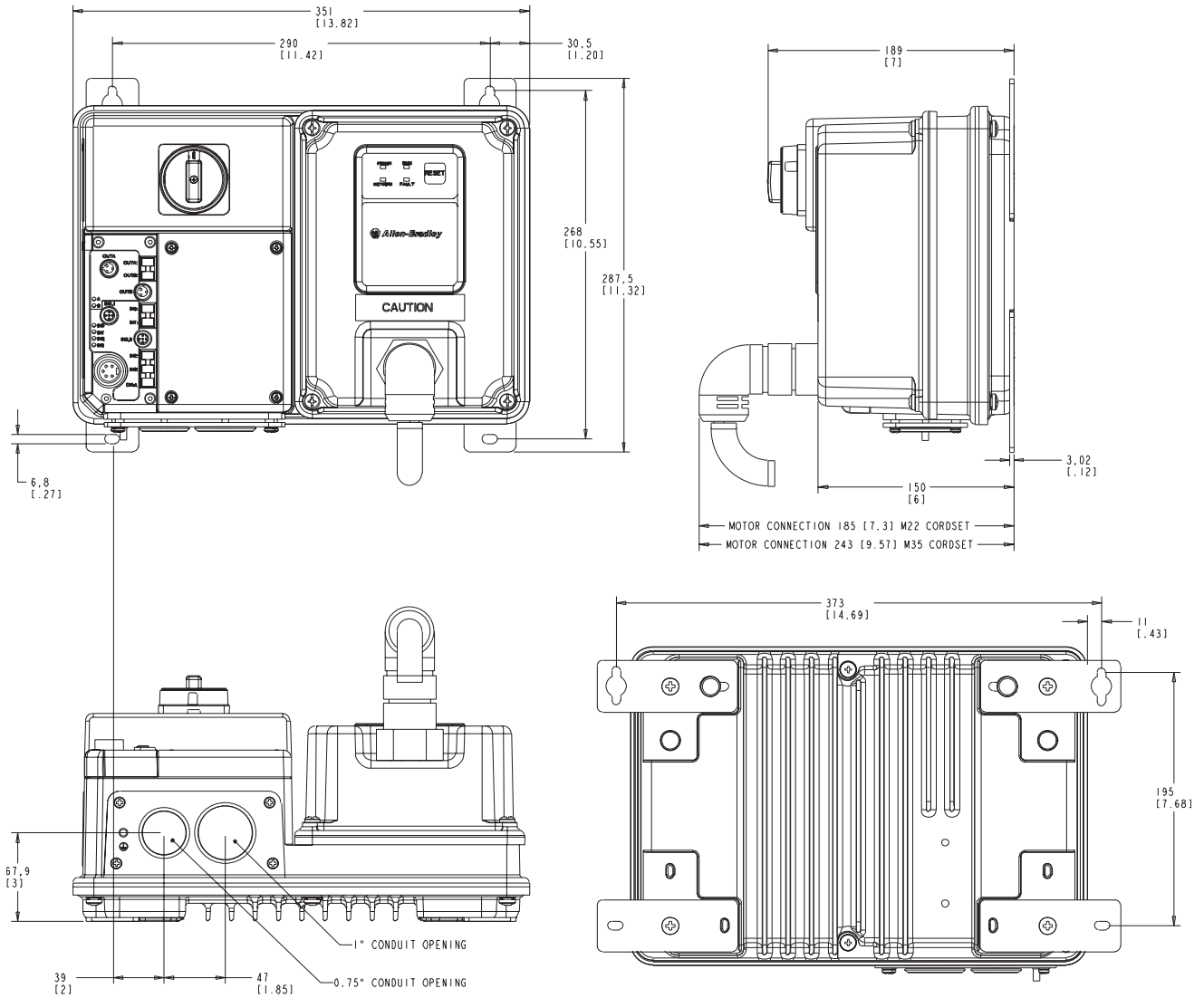
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## Dimensions for Bulletin 280/281

Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches). Dimensions are not intended to be used for manufacturing purposes. All dimensions are subject to change.

**Figure 2.1 Dimensions for IP67/NEMA Type 4 with Conduit Entrance**

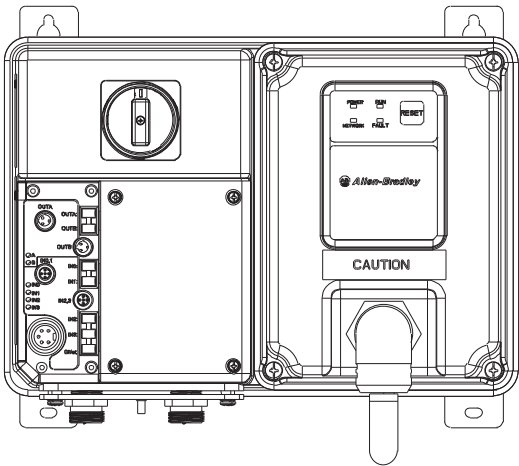




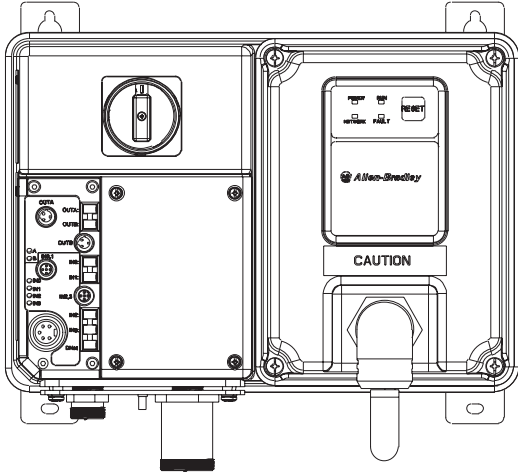
**Dimensions for Bulletin 280/281,  
Continued**

Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches). Dimensions are not intended to be used for manufacturing purposes. All dimensions are subject to change.

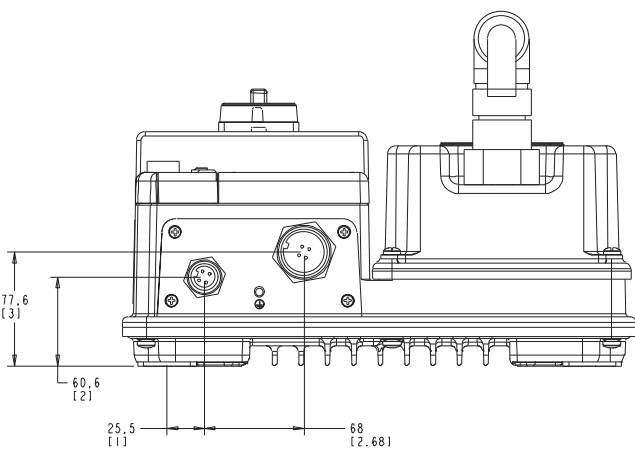
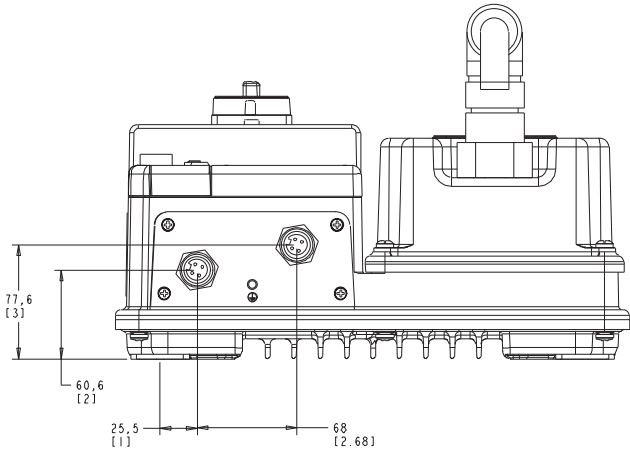
**Figure 2.2 Dimensions for IP67/NEMA Type 4 with ArmorConnect™ Connectivity**



**ArmorStart® with a 10 A  
Short-Circuit Protection Rating**



**ArmorStart® with a 25 A  
Short-Circuit Protection Rating**

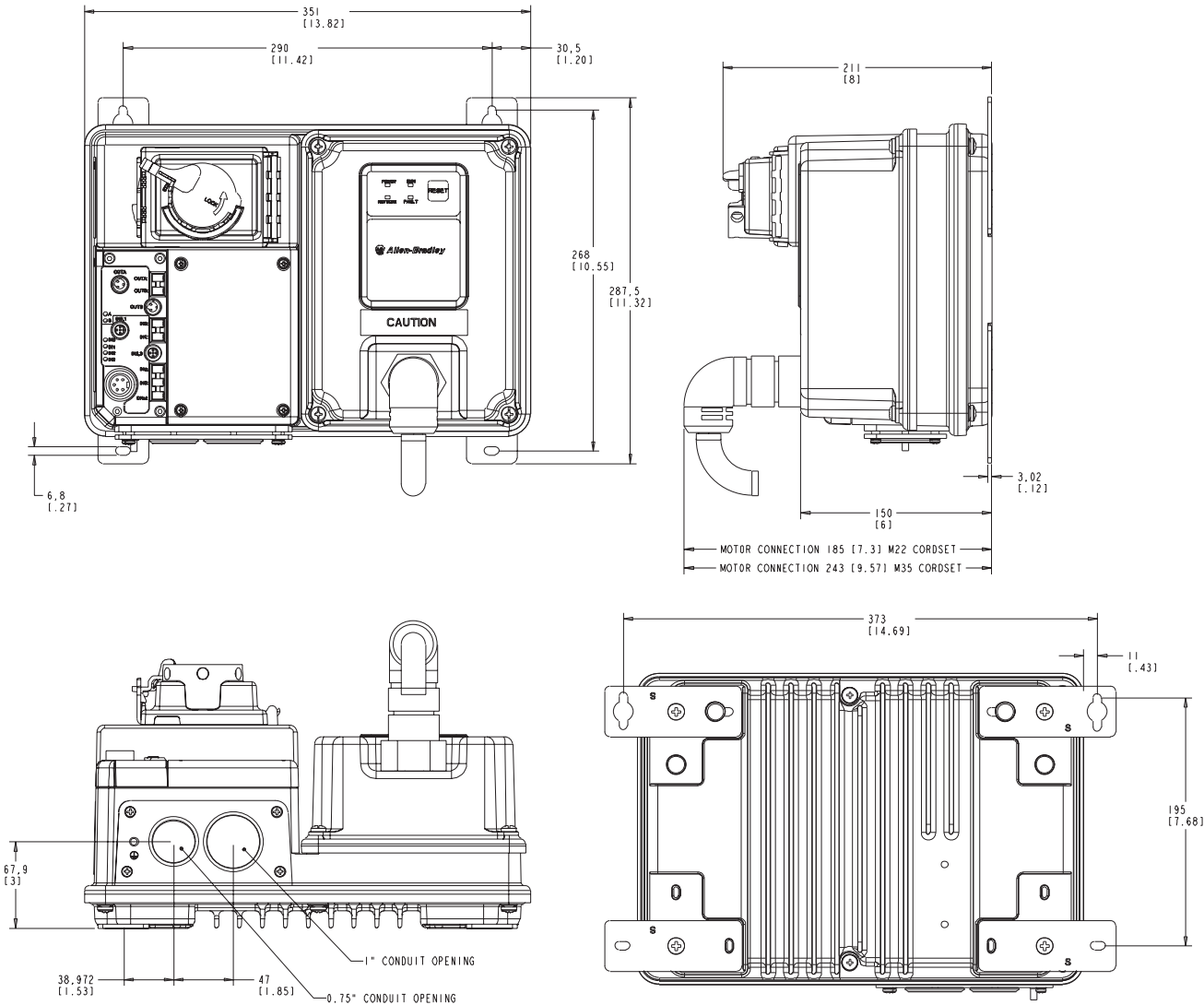




Dimensions for Bulletin 280/281,  
Continued

Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches). Dimensions are not intended to be used for manufacturing purposes. All dimensions are subject to change.

Figure 2.3 Dimensions for NEMA Type 4X with Conduit Entrance





### Dimensions for Bulletin 280/281, Continued

Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches). Dimensions are not intended to be used for manufacturing purposes. All dimensions are subject to change.

**Figure 2.4 Dimensions for Type 4X with ArmorConnect Connectivity**

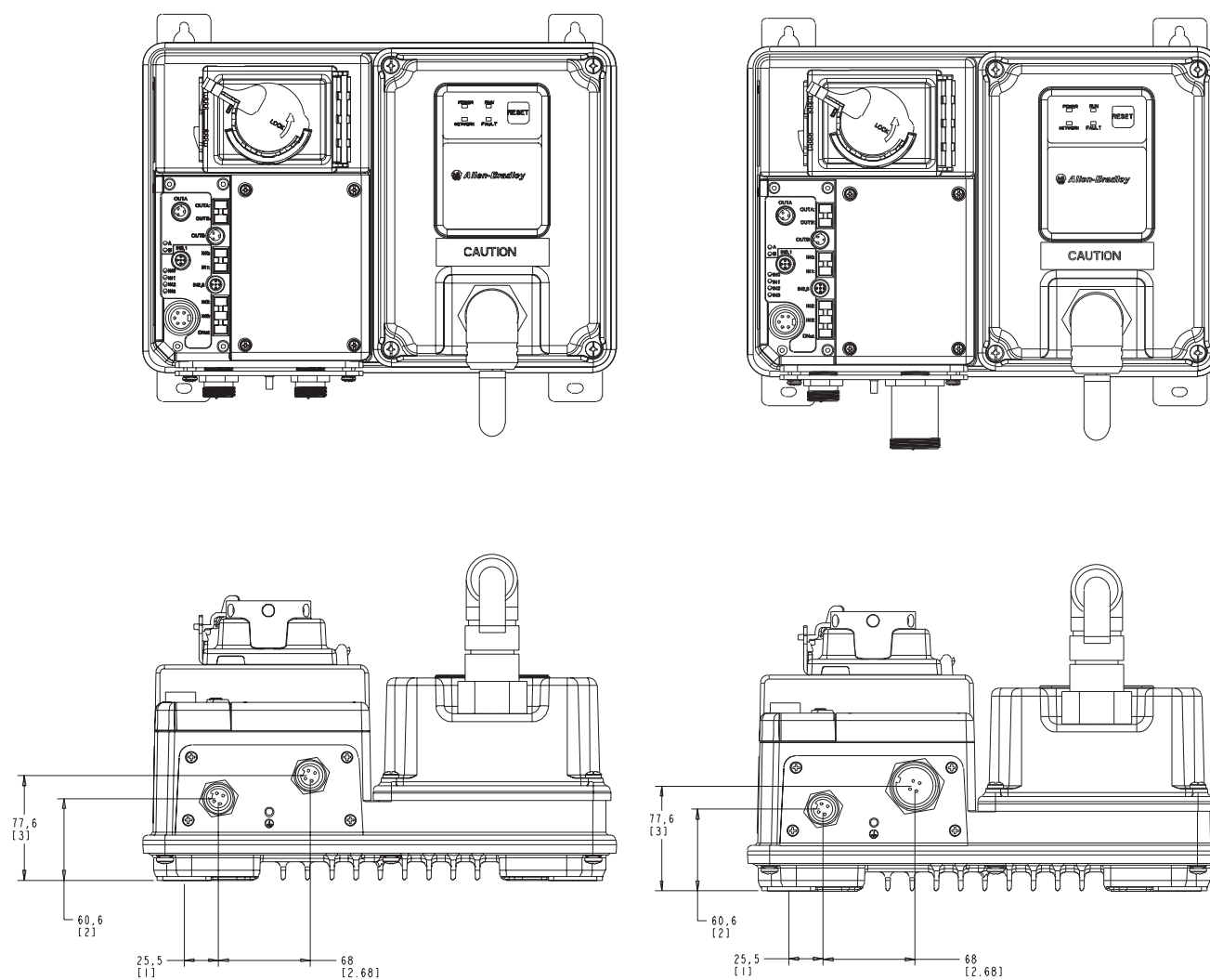




Figure 2.5 Bulletin 280D/281D ArmorStart® with DeviceNet™ Communication Protocol

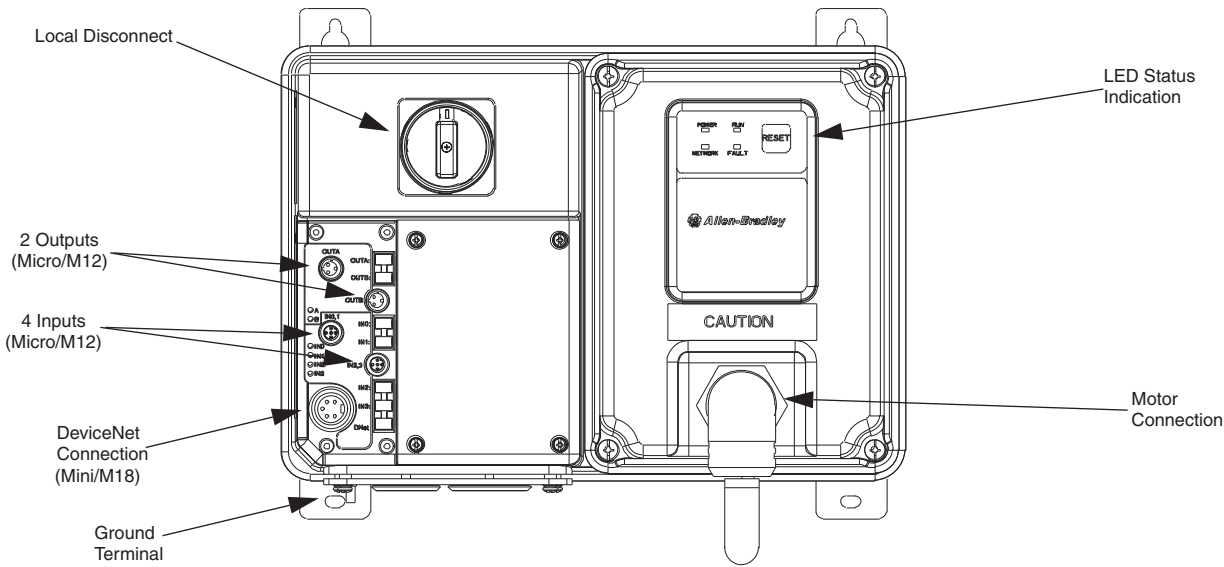
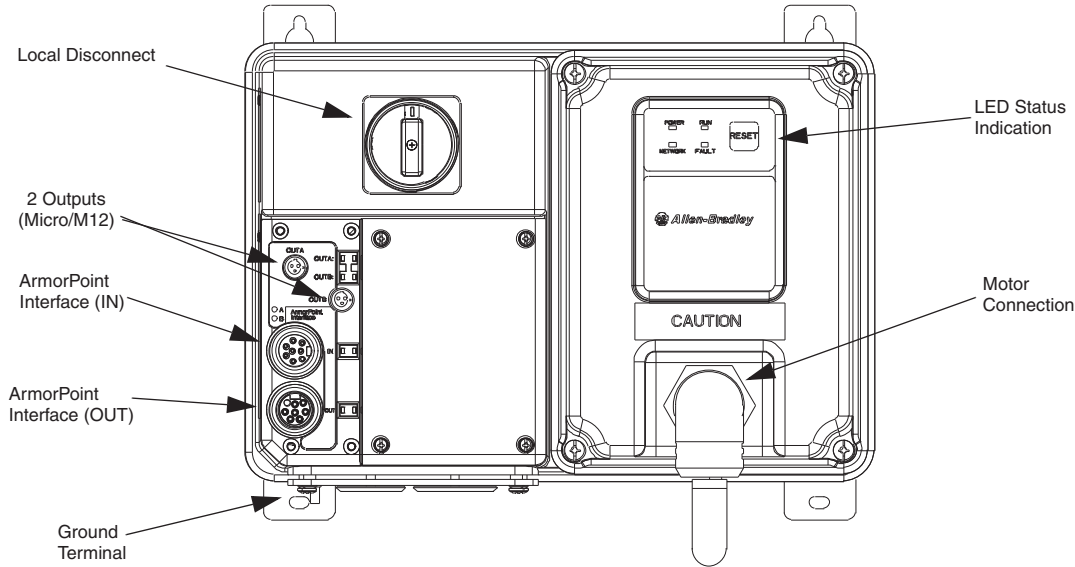
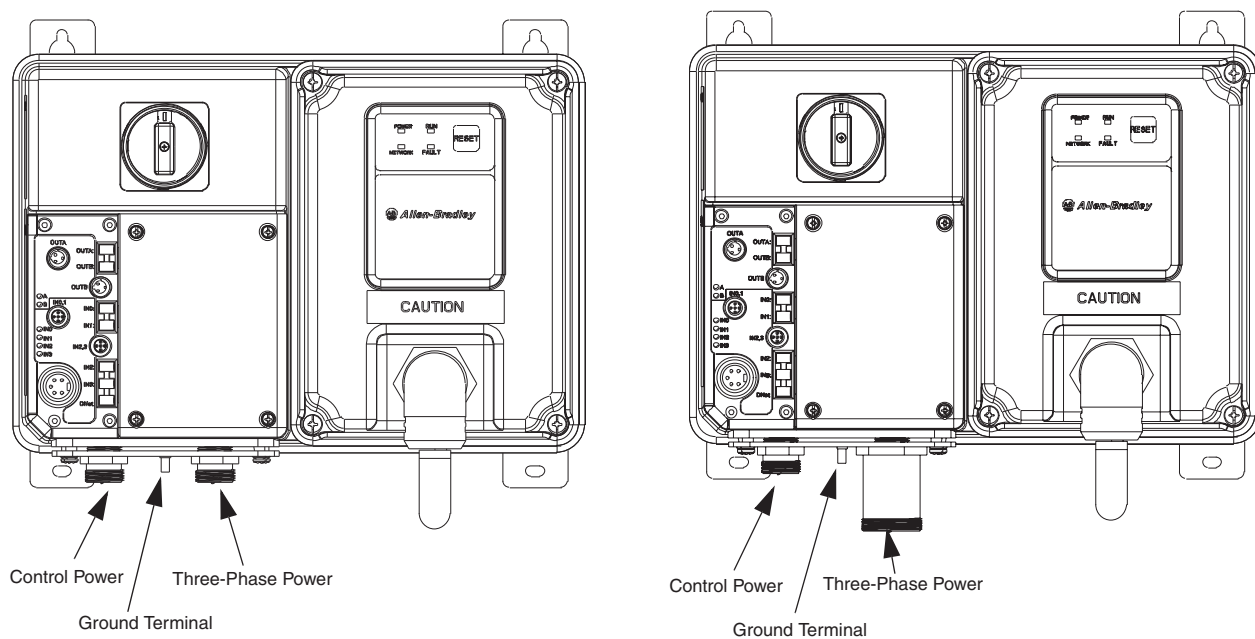


Figure 2.6 Bulletin 280A/281A ArmorStart for the ArmorPoint® Backplane





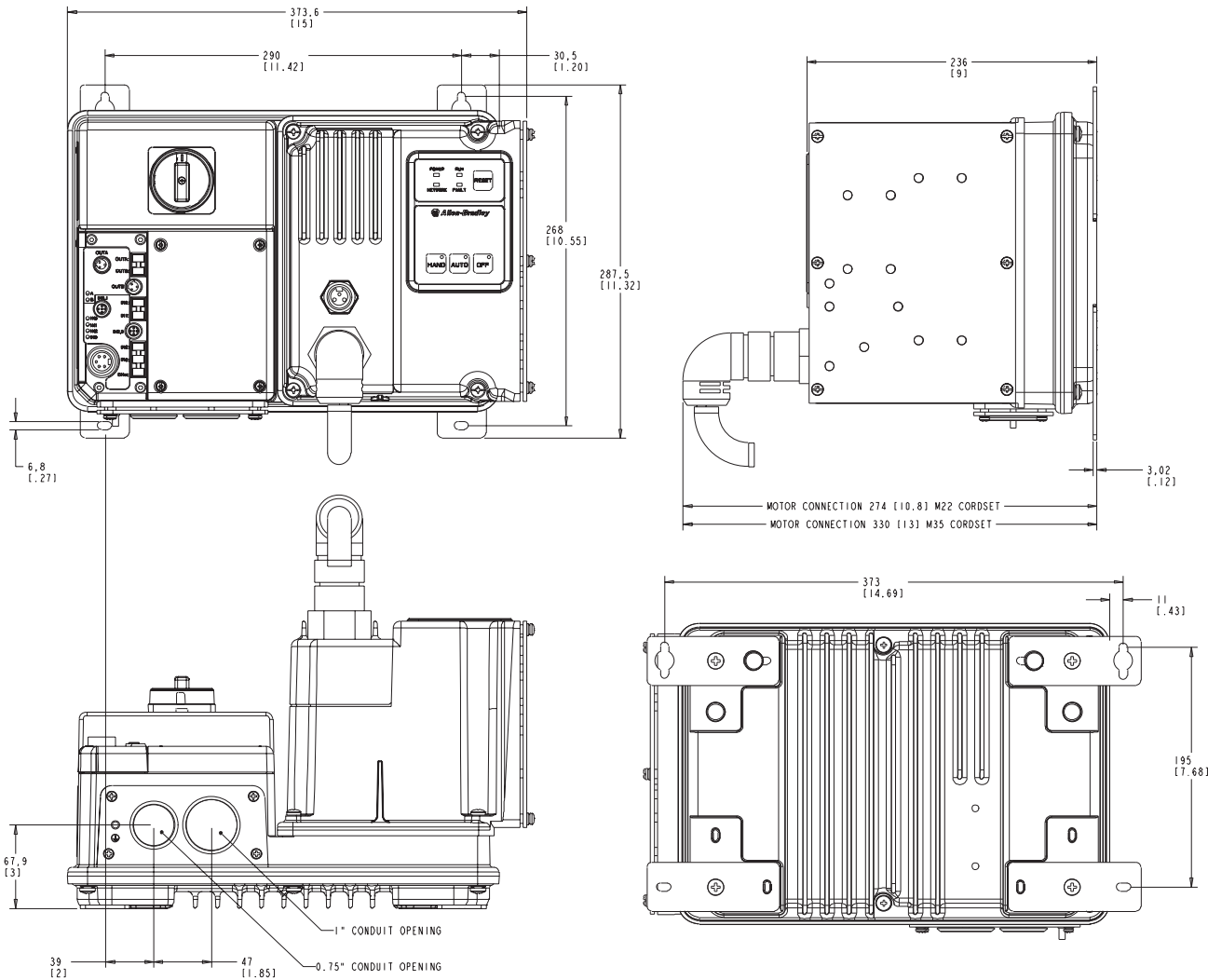
**Figure 2.7 Bulletin 280D/281D ArmorStart with ArmorConnect Connectivity**



Dimensions for Bulletin 283

Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches). Dimensions are not intended to be used for manufacturing purposes. All dimensions are subject to change.

Figure 2.8 Dimensions for IP67/NEMA Type 4 with Conduit Entrance

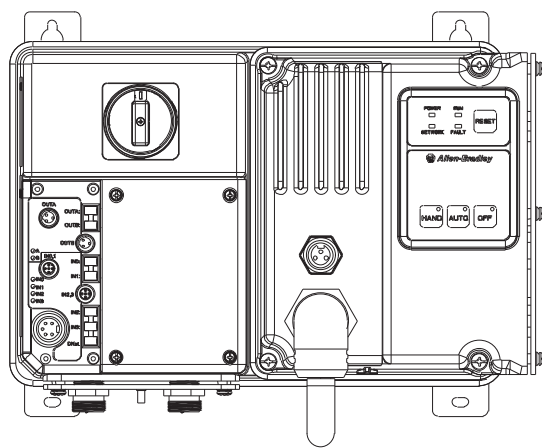




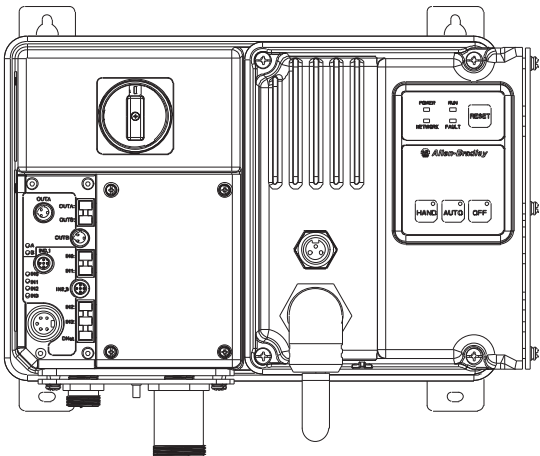
Dimensions for Bulletin 283,  
Continued

Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches). Dimensions are not intended to be used for manufacturing purposes. All dimensions are subject to change.

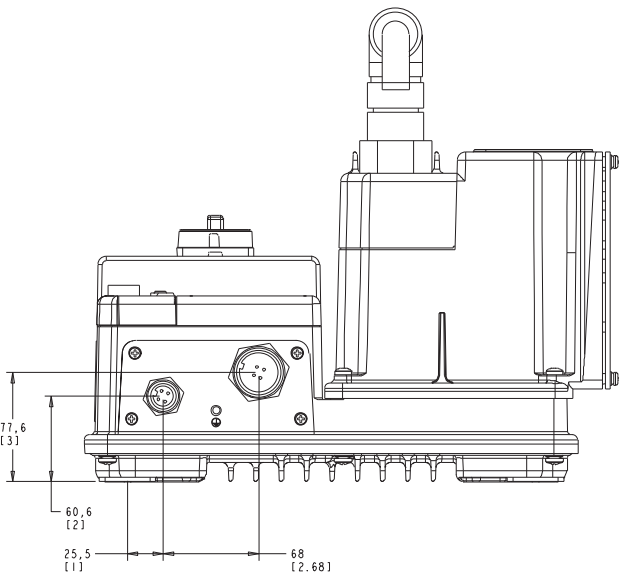
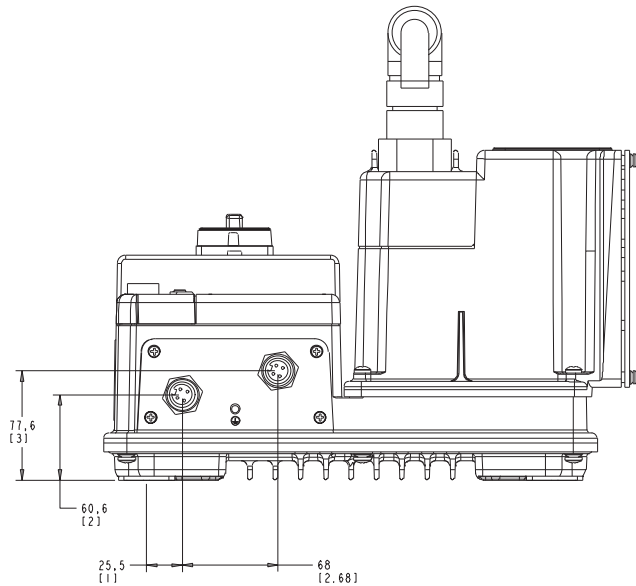
Figure 2.9 Dimensions for IP67/NEMA Type 4 with ArmorConnect™ Connectivity



ArmorStart device with a 10 A short circuit protection rating



ArmorStart device with a 25 A short circuit protection rating

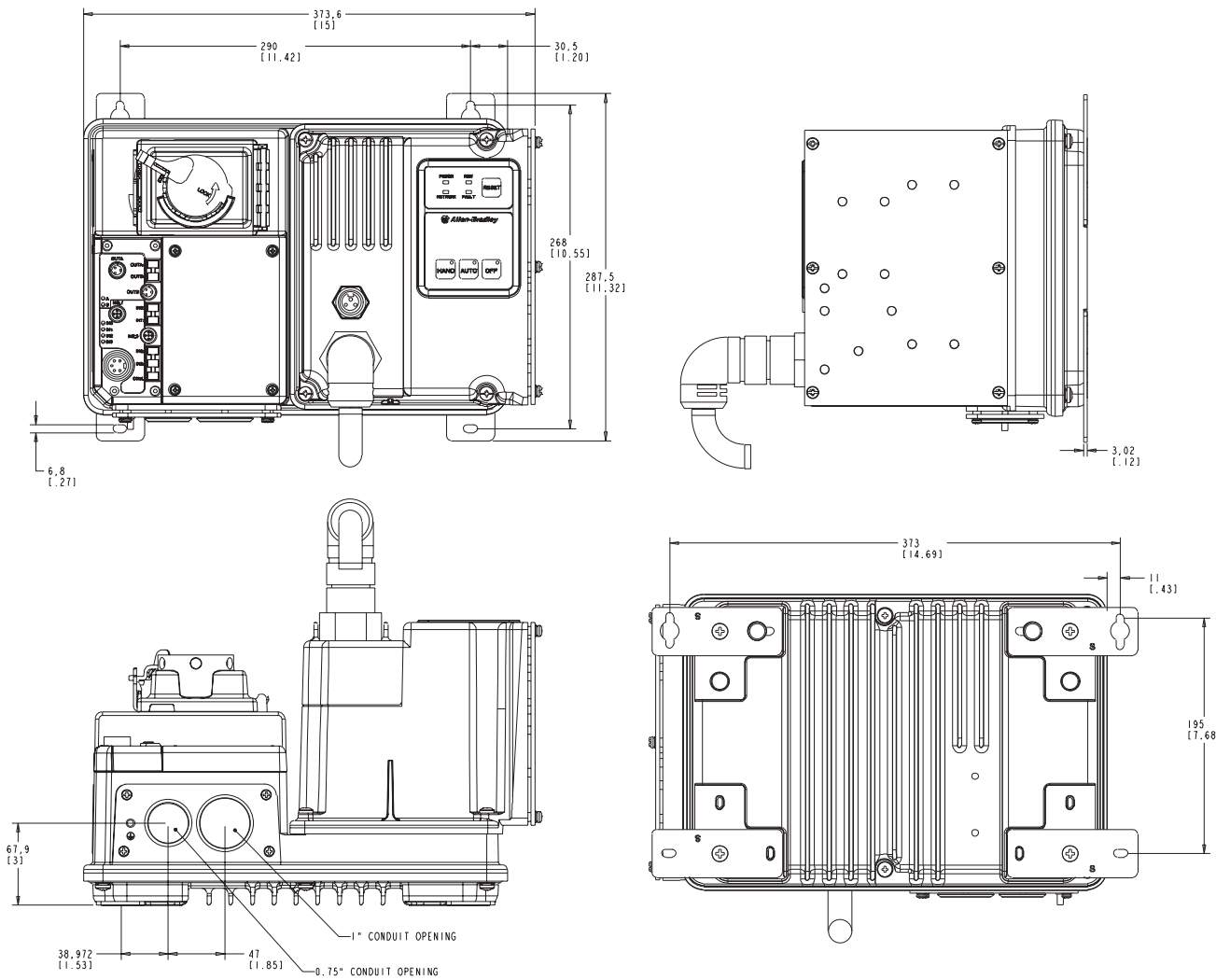




Dimensions for Bulletin 283,  
Continued

Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches). Dimensions are not intended to be used for manufacturing purposes. All dimensions are subject to change.

Figure 2.10 Dimensions for NEMA Type 4X with Conduit Entrance

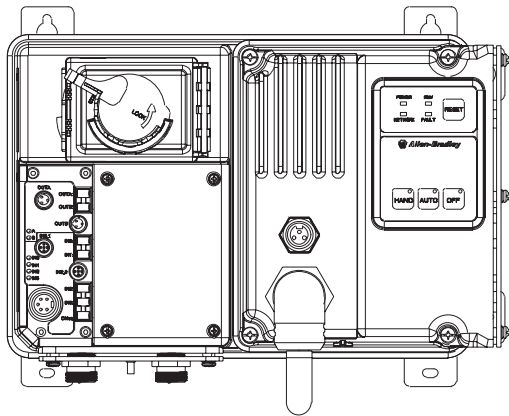




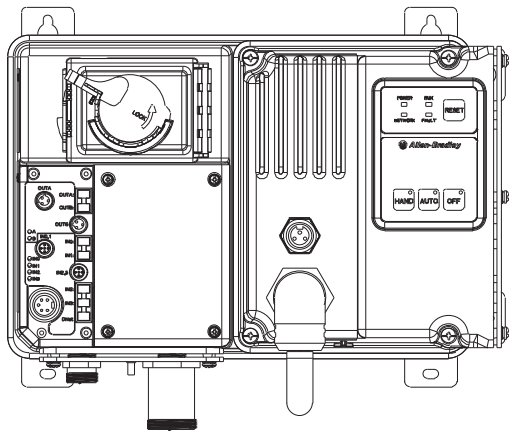
Dimensions for Bulletin 283,  
Continued

Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches). Dimensions are not intended to be used for manufacturing purposes. All dimensions are subject to change.

Figure 2.11 Dimensions for NEMA Type 4X with ArmorConnect Connectivity



ArmorStart device with a 10 A short circuit protection rating



ArmorStart device with a 25 A short circuit protection rating

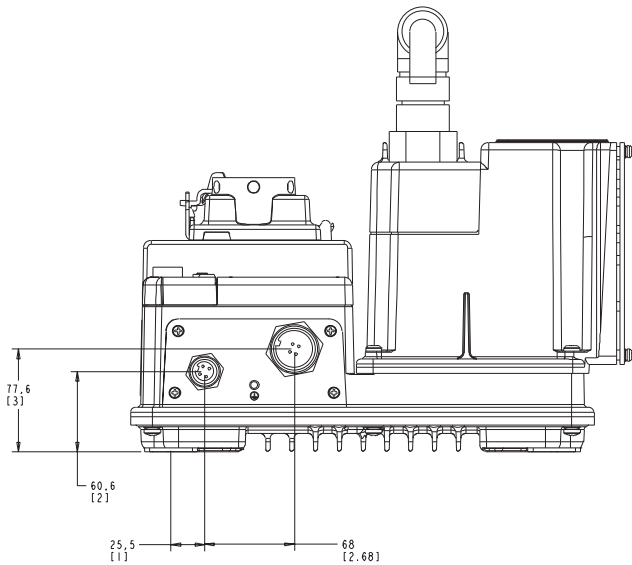
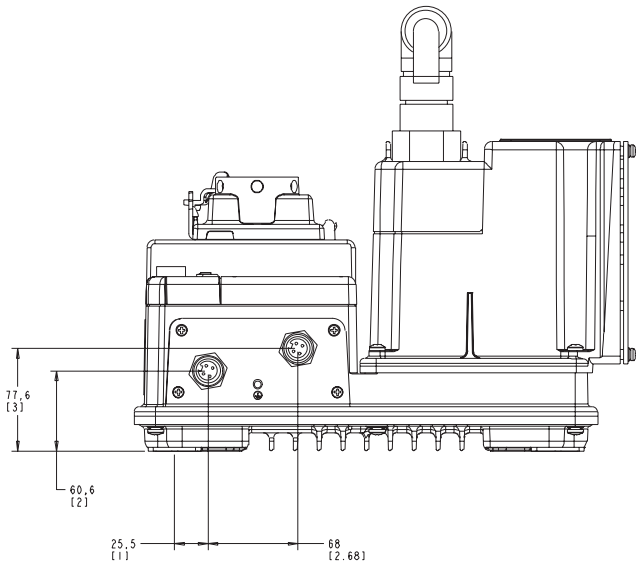




Figure 2.12 Bulletin 283D ArmorStart® with DeviceNet™ Communication Protocol

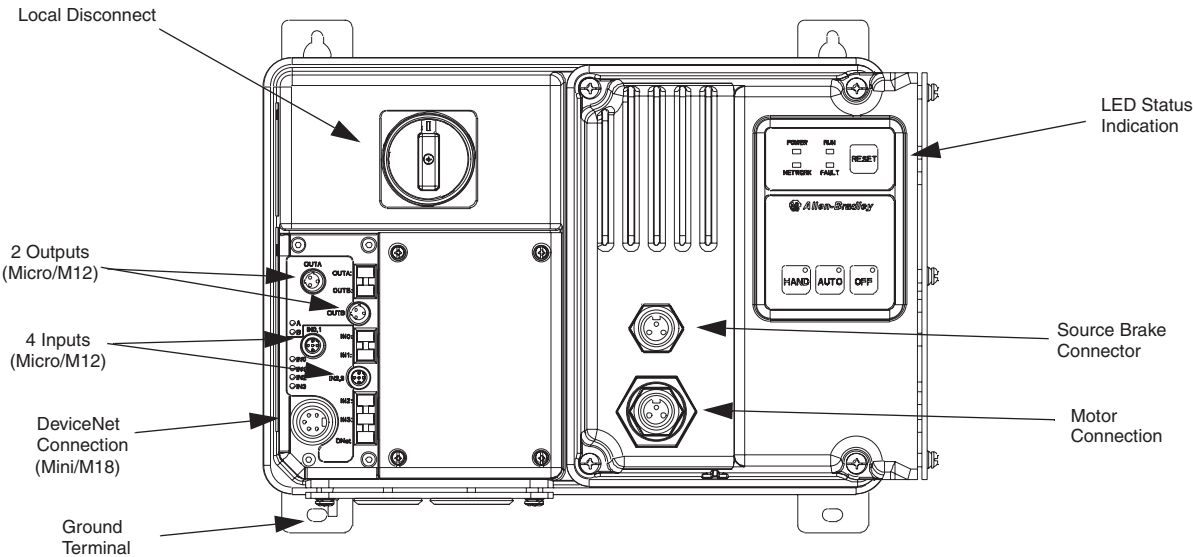
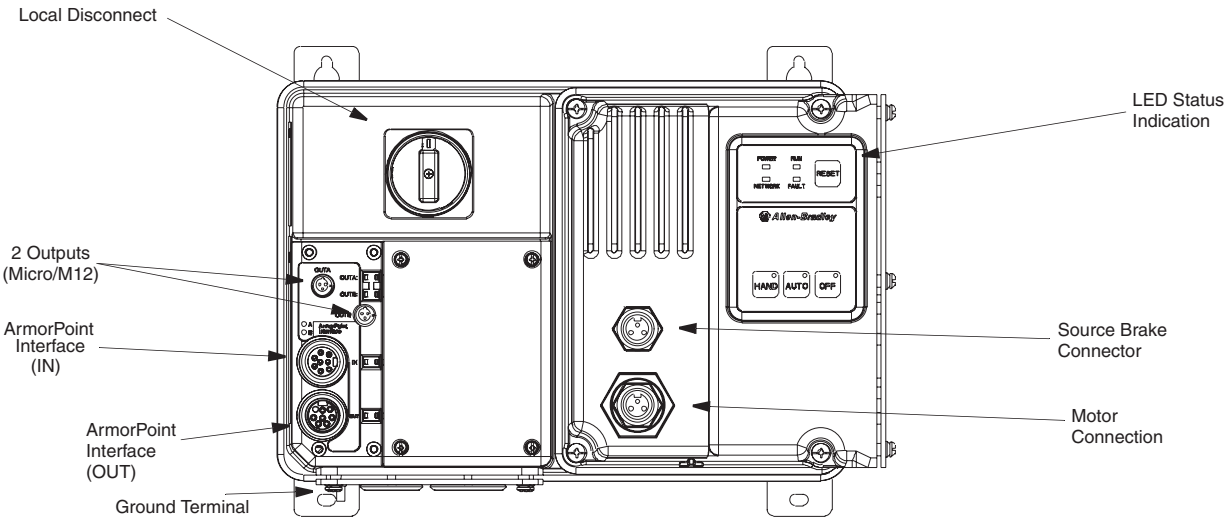


Figure 2.13 Bulletin 283A ArmorStart for the ArmorPoint® Backplane

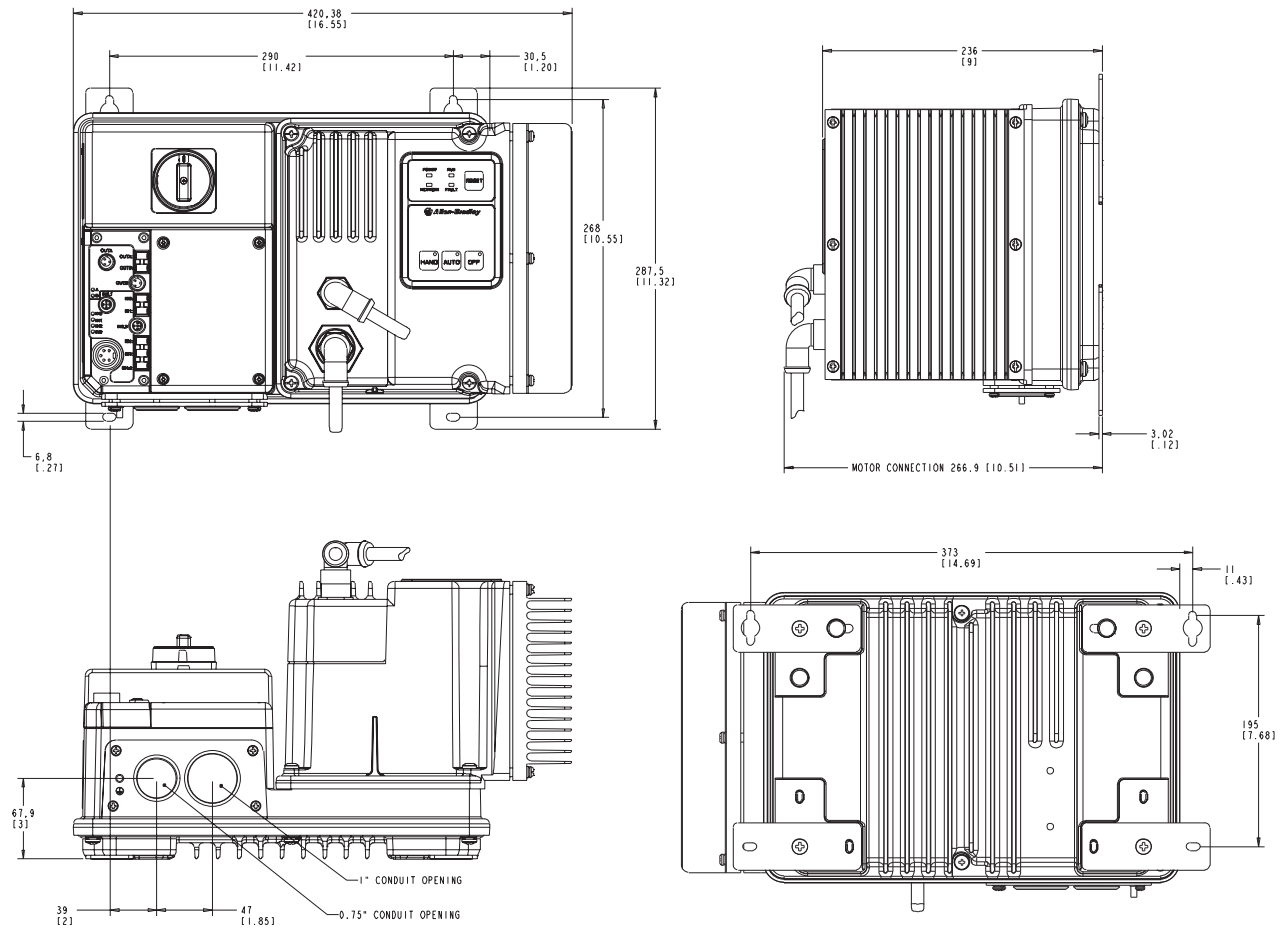




Dimensions for Bulletin 284

Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches). Dimensions are not intended to be used for manufacturing purposes. All dimensions are subject to change.

Figure 2.14 Dimensions for 1 Hp and below @ 230V AC, 2 Hp and below @ 460V AC, and 2 Hp and below @ 575V AC, IP67/NEMA Type 4 with Conduit Entrance

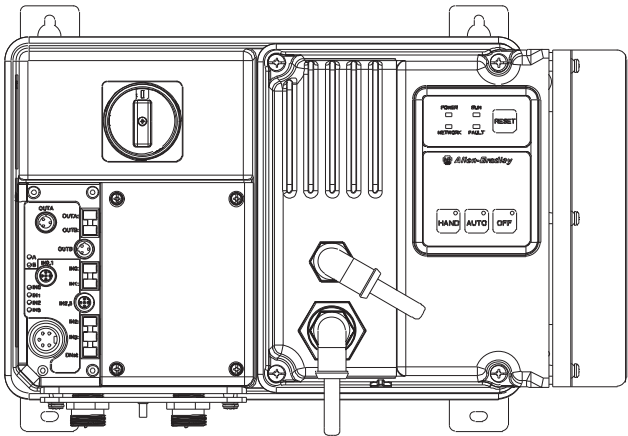




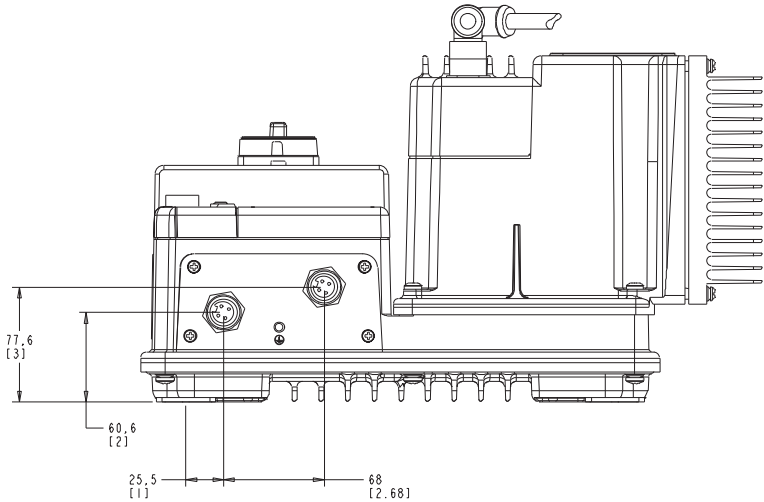
Dimensions for Bulletin 284,  
Continued

Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches). Dimensions are not intended to be used for manufacturing purposes. All dimensions are subject to change.

**Figure 2.15 Dimensions for 1 Hp and below @ 230V AC, 2 Hp and below @ 460V AC, and 2 Hp and below @ 575V AC, IP67/NEMA Type 4 with ArmorConnect™ Connectivity**



**ArmorStart device with a 10 A short circuit protection rating**

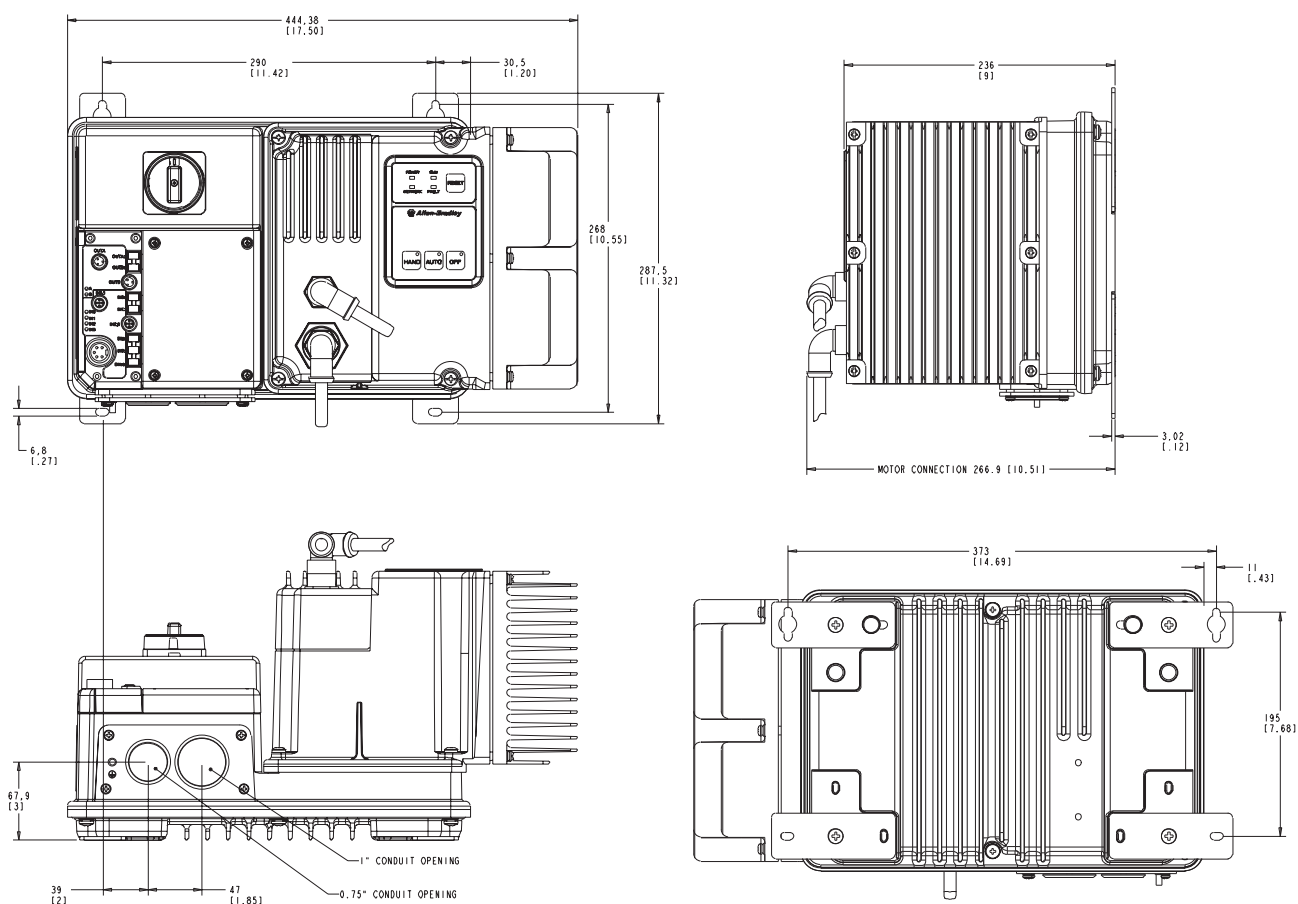




## Dimensions for Bulletin 284, Continued

Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches). Dimensions are not intended to be used for manufacturing purposes. All dimensions are subject to change.

**Figure 2.16 Dimensions for 2 Hp @ 230V AC, 3 Hp and above @ 460V AC, and 3 Hp and above @ 575V AC, IP67/NEMA Type 4 with Conduit Entrance**

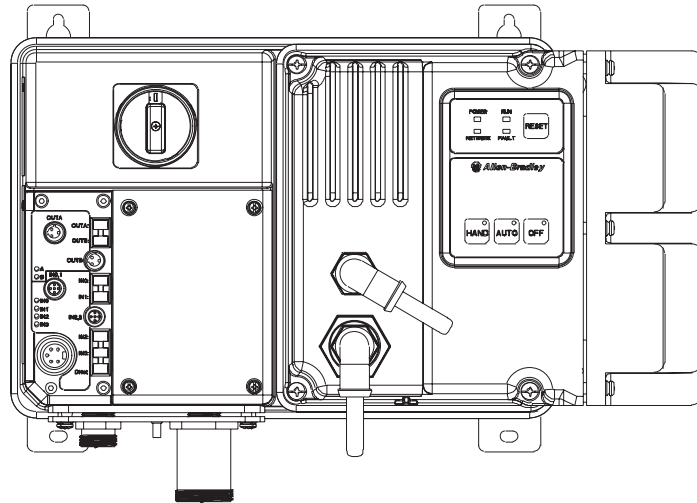




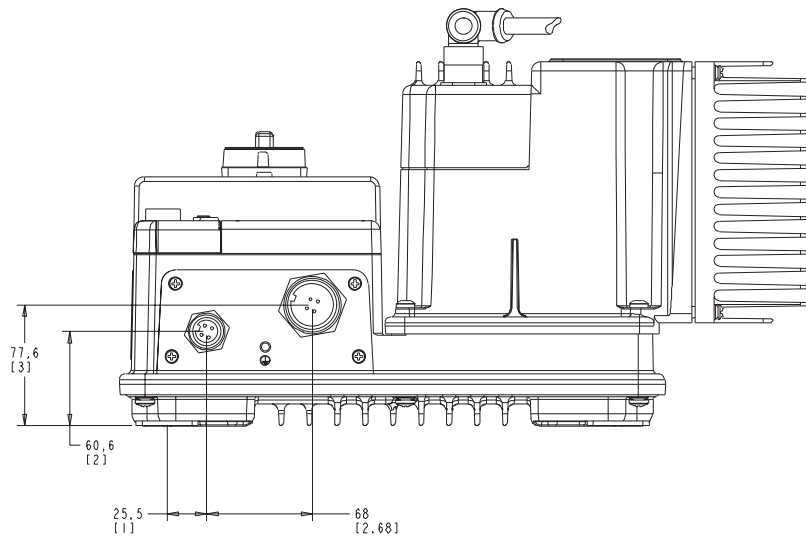
## Dimensions for Bulletin 284, Continued

Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches). Dimensions are not intended to be used for manufacturing purposes. All dimensions are subject to change.

**Figure 2.17 Dimensions for 2 Hp @ 230V AC, 3 Hp and above @ 460V AC, and 3 Hp and above @ 575V AC, IP67/NEMA Type 4 with ArmorConnect Connectivity**



**ArmorStart device with a 25 A short circuit protection rating**

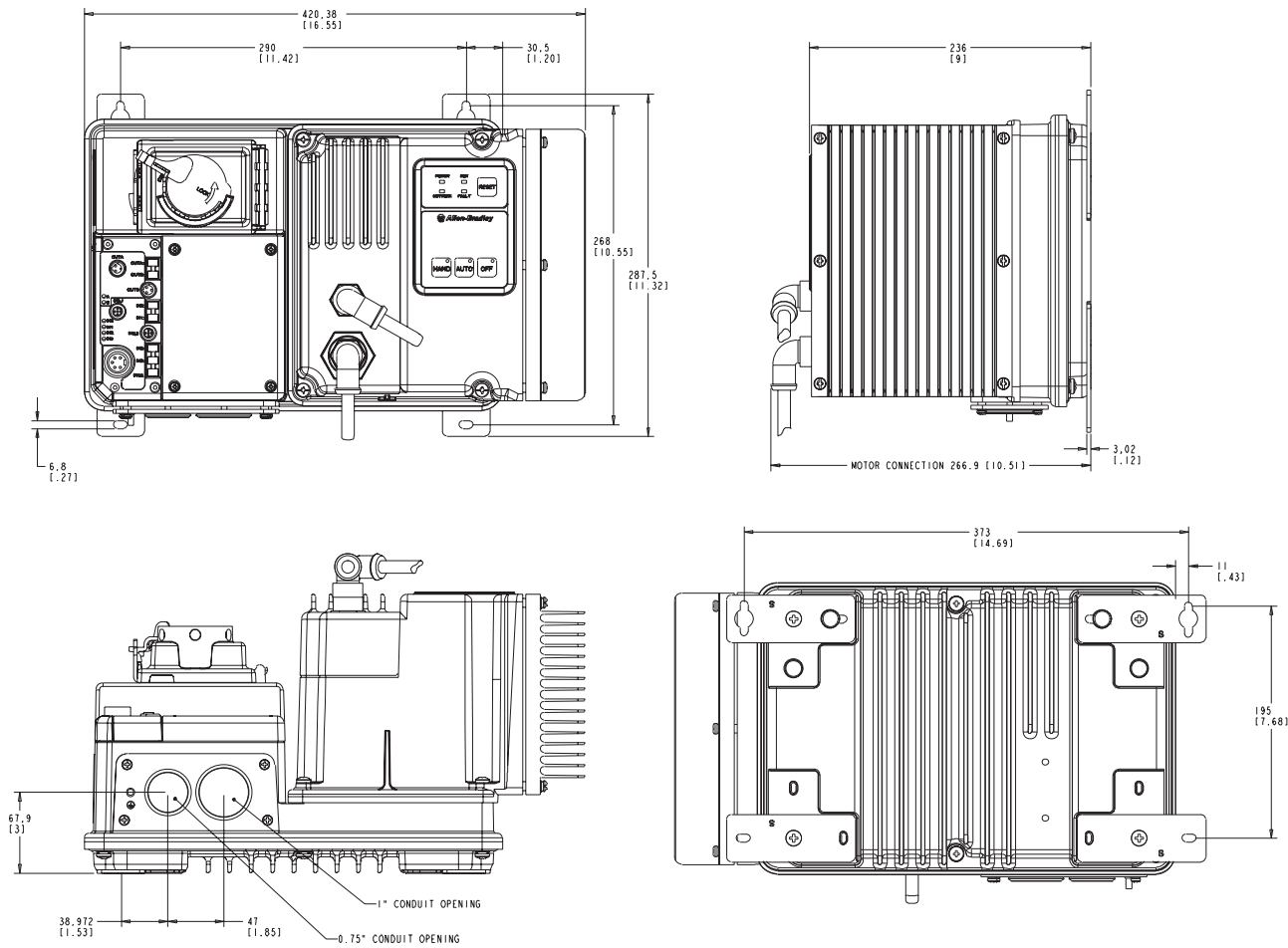




Dimensions for Bulletin 284,  
Continued

Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches). Dimensions are not intended to be used for manufacturing purposes. All dimensions are subject to change.

Figure 2.18 Dimensions for 1 Hp and below @ 230V AC, 2 Hp and below @ 460V AC, and 2 Hp and below @ 575V AC, NEMA Type 4X with Conduit Entrance

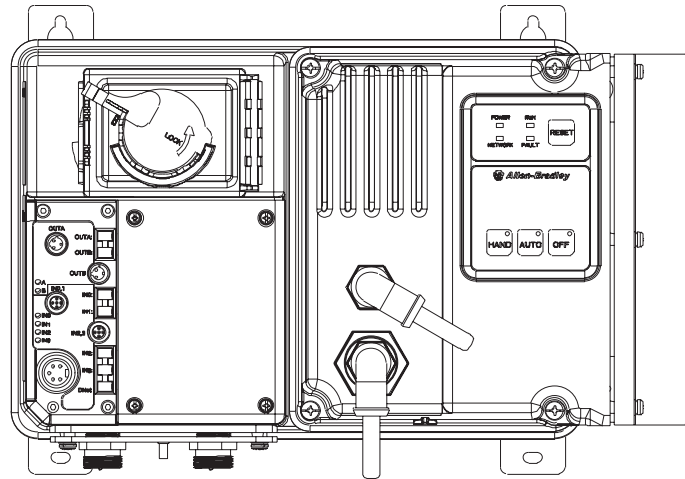




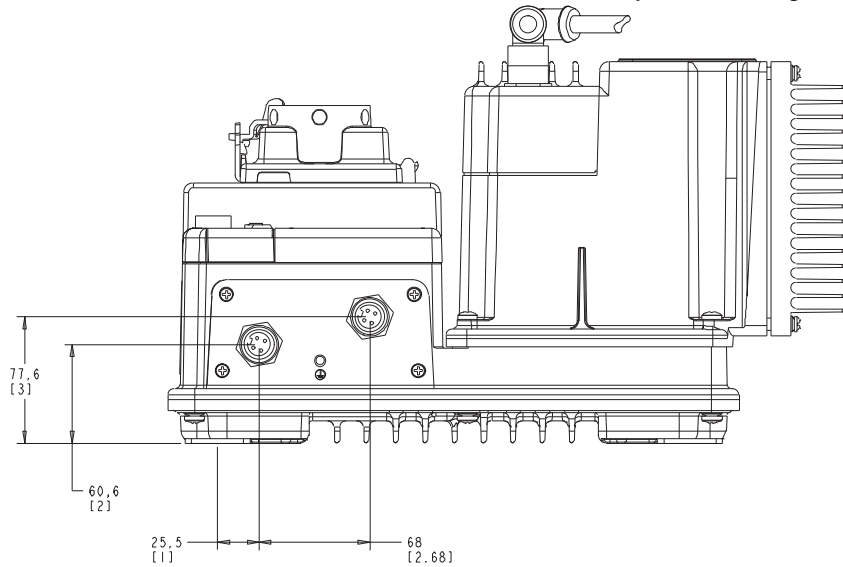
## Dimensions for Bulletin 284, Continued

Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches). Dimensions are not intended to be used for manufacturing purposes. All dimensions are subject to change.

**Figure 2.19 Dimensions for 1 Hp and below @ 230V AC, 2 Hp and below @ 460V AC, and 2 Hp and below @ 575V AC, NEMA Type 4X with ArmorConnect Connectivity**



**ArmorStart device with a 10 A short circuit protection rating**

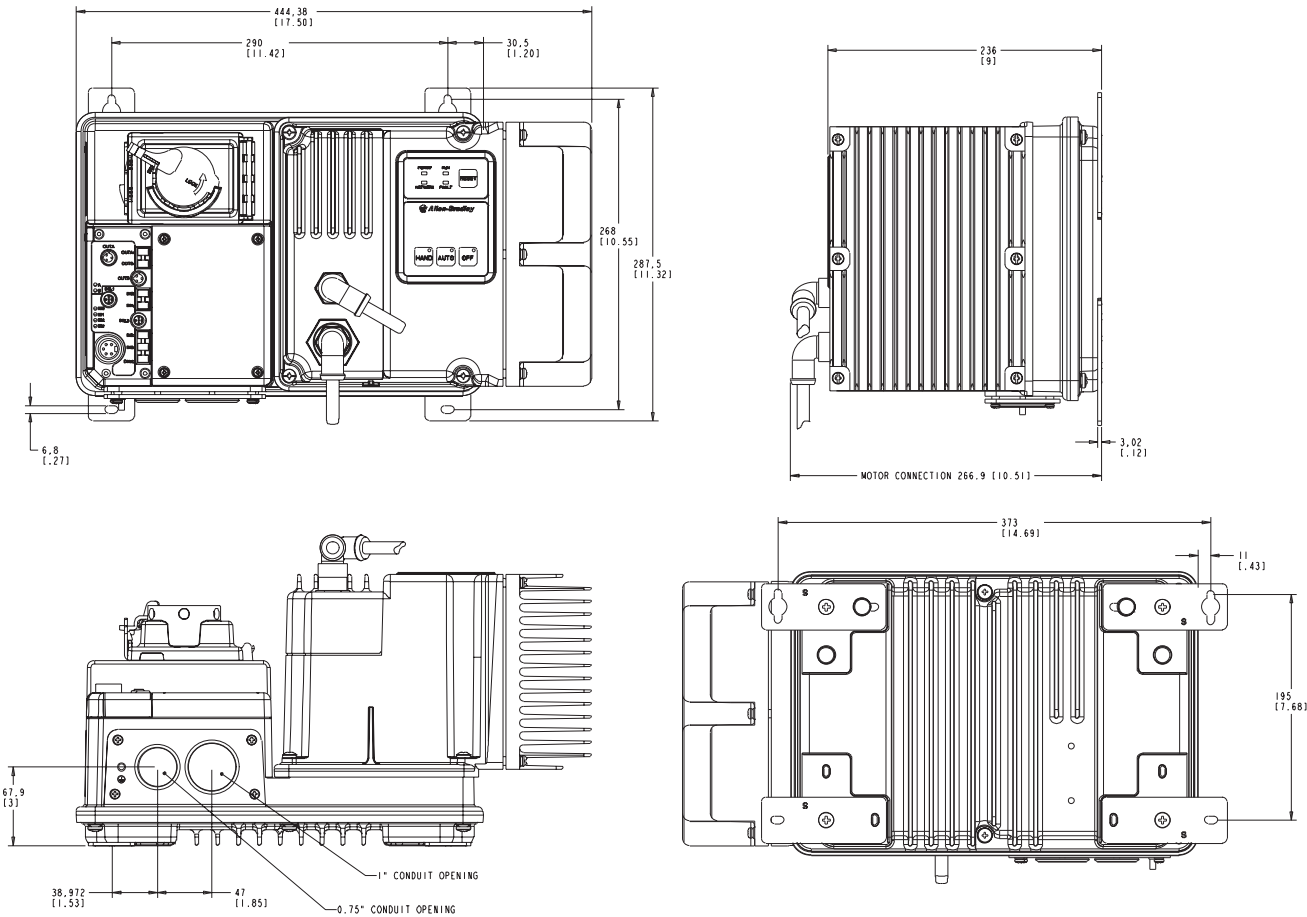




Dimensions for Bulletin 284,  
Continued

Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches). Dimensions are not intended to be used for manufacturing purposes. All dimensions are subject to change.

Figure 2.20 Dimensions for 2 Hp @ 230V AC, 3 Hp and above @ 460V AC, and 3 Hp and above @ 575V AC, NEMA Type 4X with Conduit Entrance

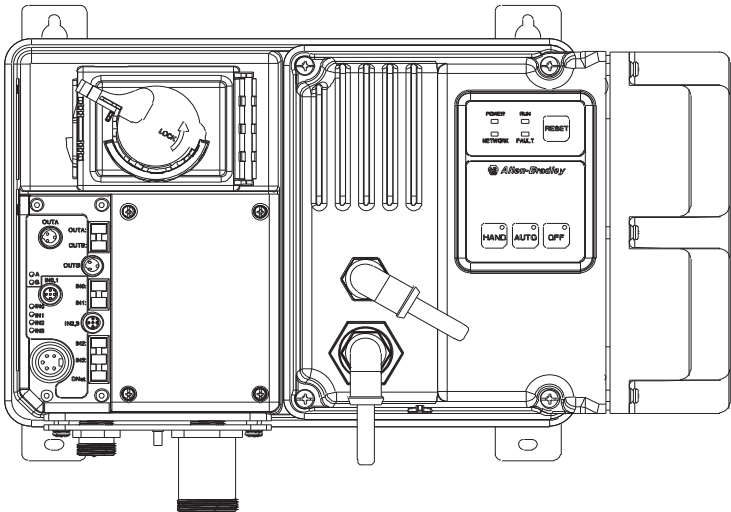




**Dimensions for Bulletin 284,  
Continued**

Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches). Dimensions are not intended to be used for manufacturing purposes. All dimensions are subject to change.

**Figure 2.21 Dimensions for 2 Hp @ 230V AC, 3 Hp and above @ 460V AC, and 3 Hp and above @ 575V AC, NEMA Type 4X with ArmorConnect Connectivity**



**ArmorStart device with a 25 A short circuit protection rating**

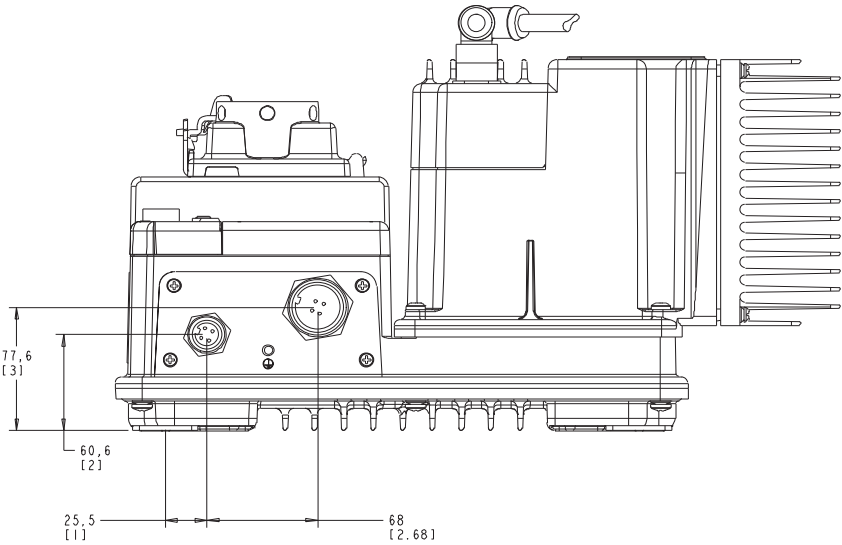
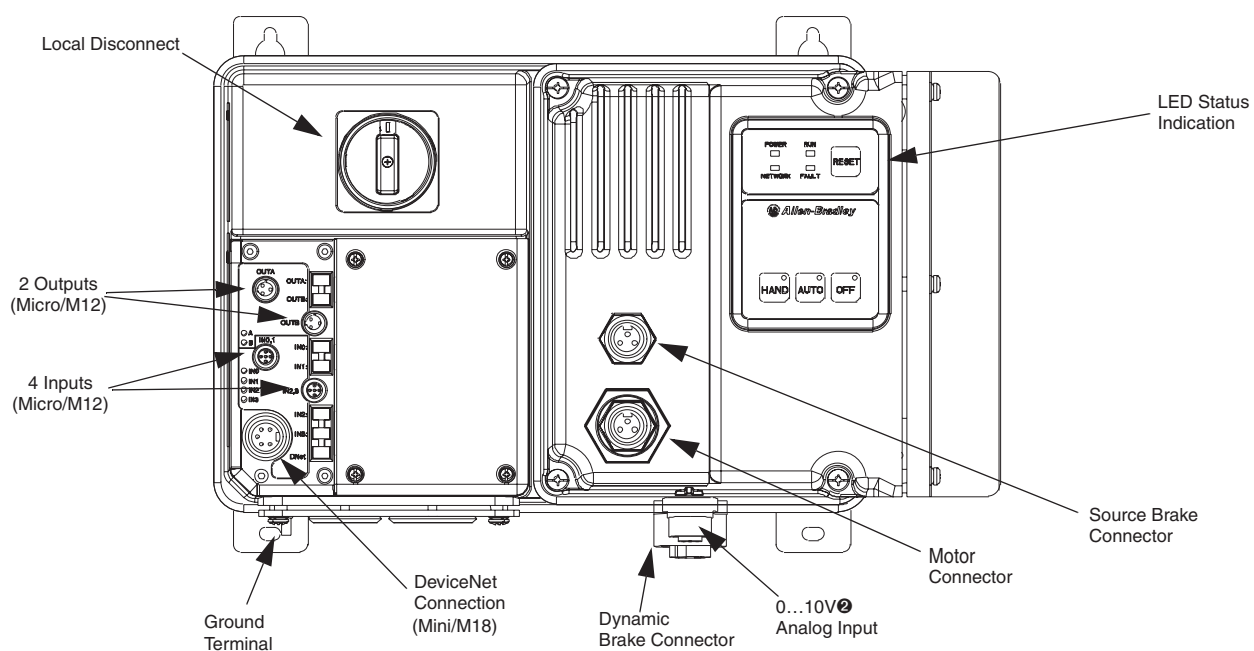




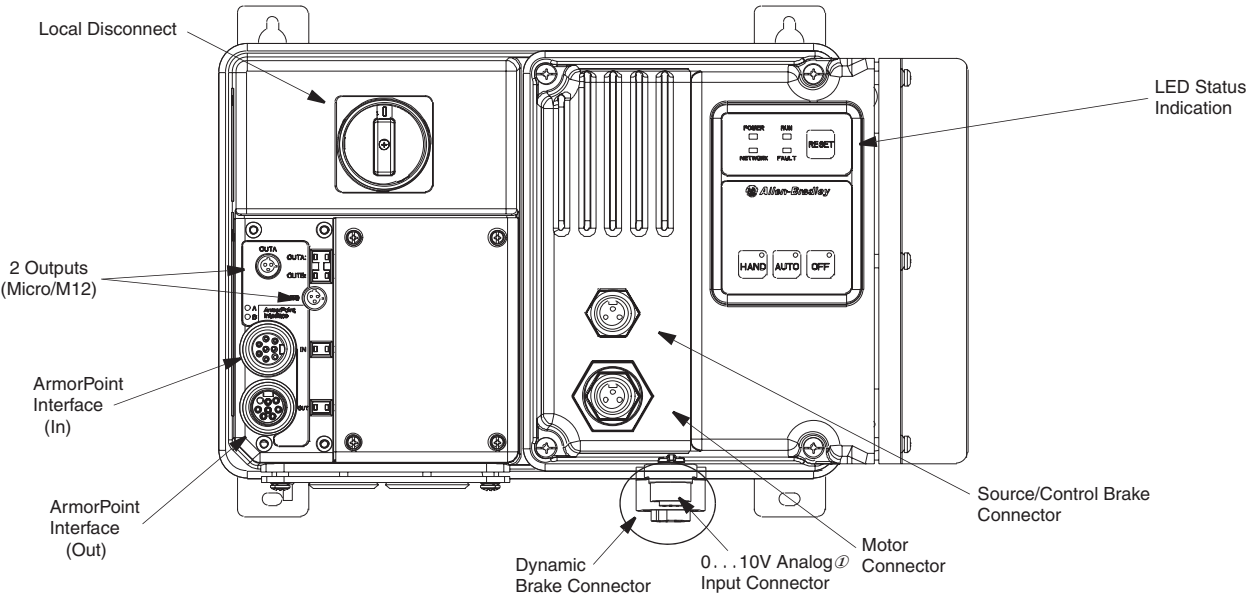
Figure 2.22 Bulletin 284 ArmorStart



② Available only with the Bulletin 284 with sensorless vector control.

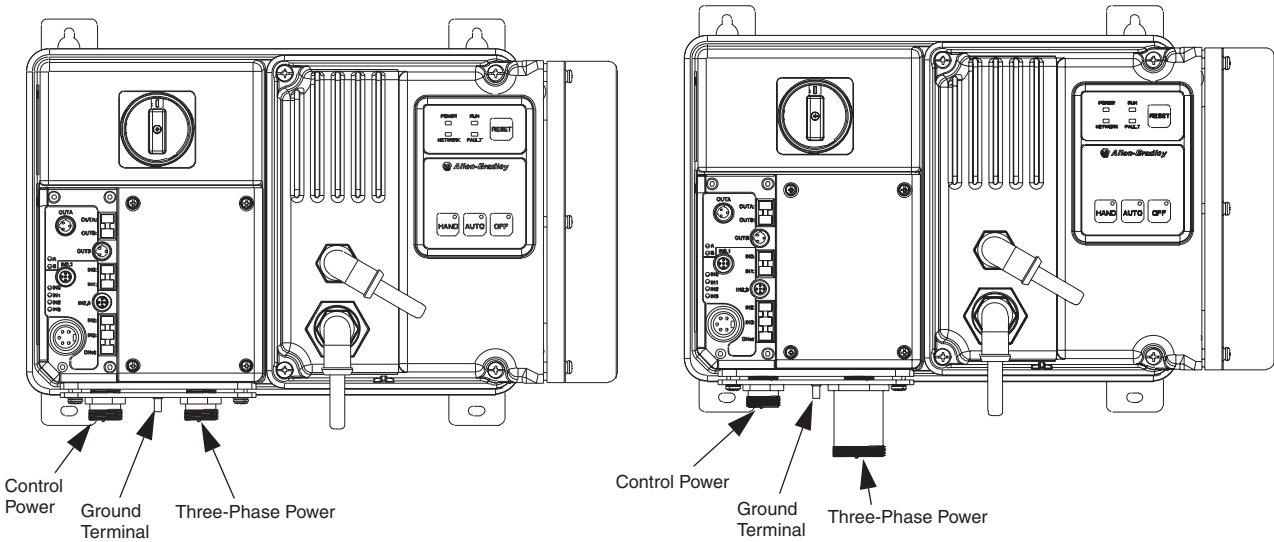


Figure 2.23 Bulletin 284 ArmorStart



<sup>①</sup> Available only with the Bulletin 284 with sensorless vector control.

Figure 2.24 Bulletin 284 ArmorStart with ArmorConnect





Wiring

Power, Control, Safety Monitor Inputs, and Ground Wiring

Table 2.1 provides the power, control, and ground wire capacity and the tightening torque requirements. The power, control, ground, and safety monitor terminals will accept a maximum of two wires per terminal.

**Table 2.1    Power, Control, Safety Monitor Inputs, Ground Wire Size, and Torque Specifications**

Terminals	Wire Size	Torque	Wire Strip Length
Power and Ground	Primary/Secondary Terminal: 1.5...4.0 mm <sup>2</sup> (#16 ...#10 AWG)	Primary Terminal: 10.8 lb.-in. (1.2 N•m) Secondary Terminal: 4.5 lb.-in (0.5 N•m)	0.35 in. (9 mm)
Control and Safety Monitor Inputs	1.0 mm <sup>2</sup> ...4.0 mm <sup>2</sup> (#18...#10 AWG)	6.2 lb.-in (0.7 N•m)	0.35 in. (9 mm)



Terminal Designations

As shown in the next figures, the ArmorStart Distributed Motor Controller contains terminals for power, control, safety monitor inputs, and ground wiring. Access can be gained by removing the terminal access cover plate.

Figure 2.25 Bulletin 280/281 ArmorStart Power, Control and Terminals

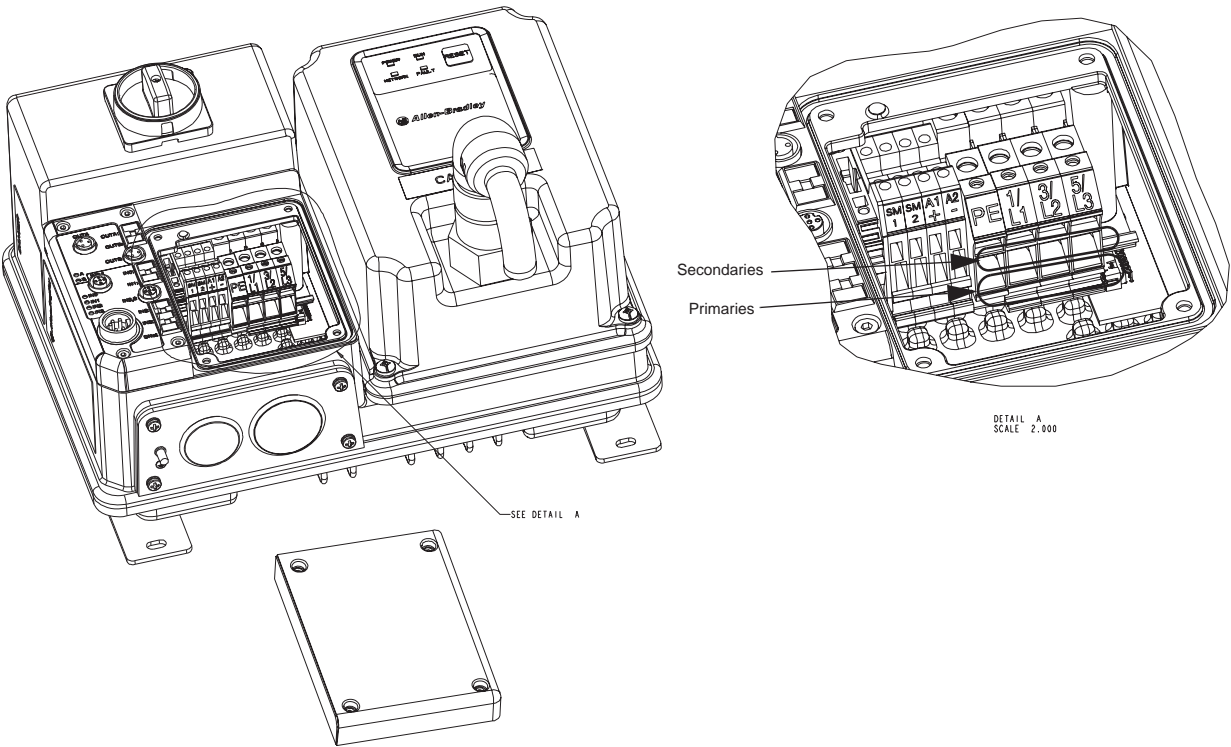


Figure 2.26 Bulletin 283 ArmorStart Power and Control Terminals

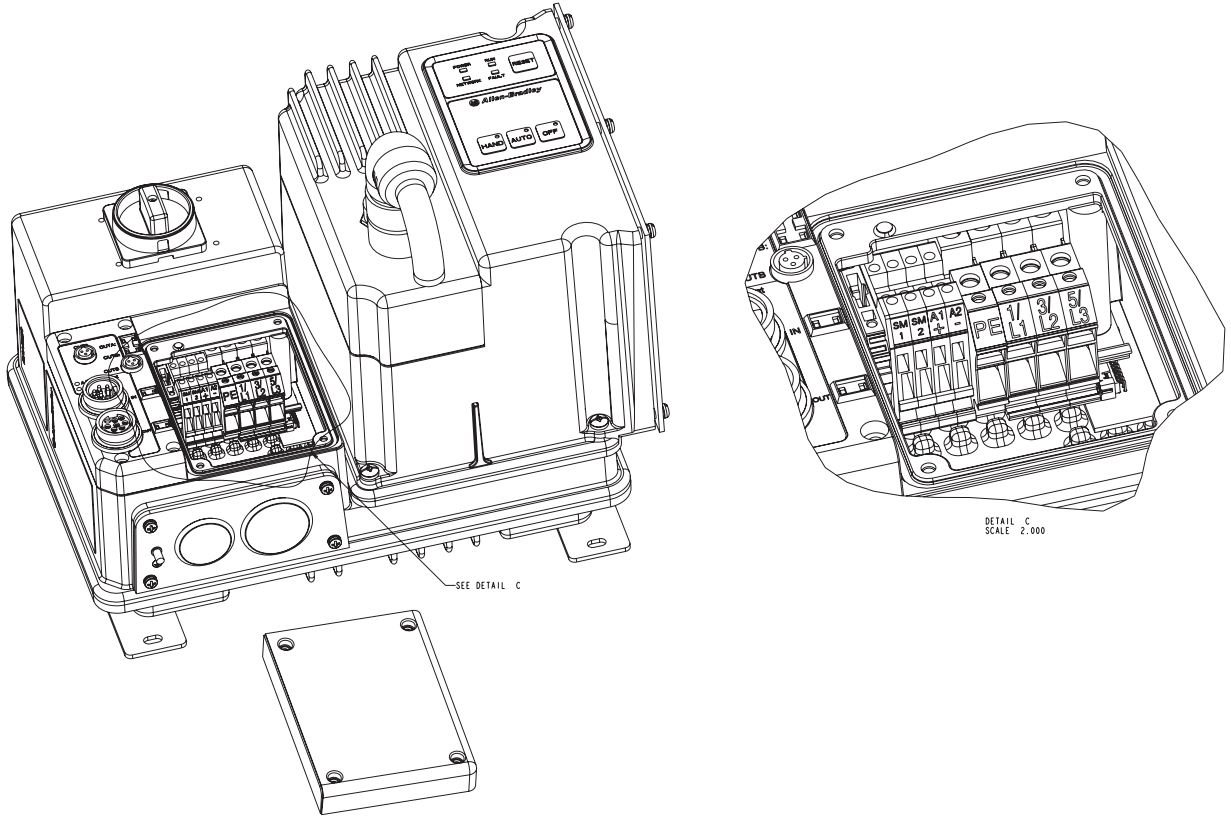




Figure 2.27 Bulletin 284 ArmorStart Power and Control Terminals

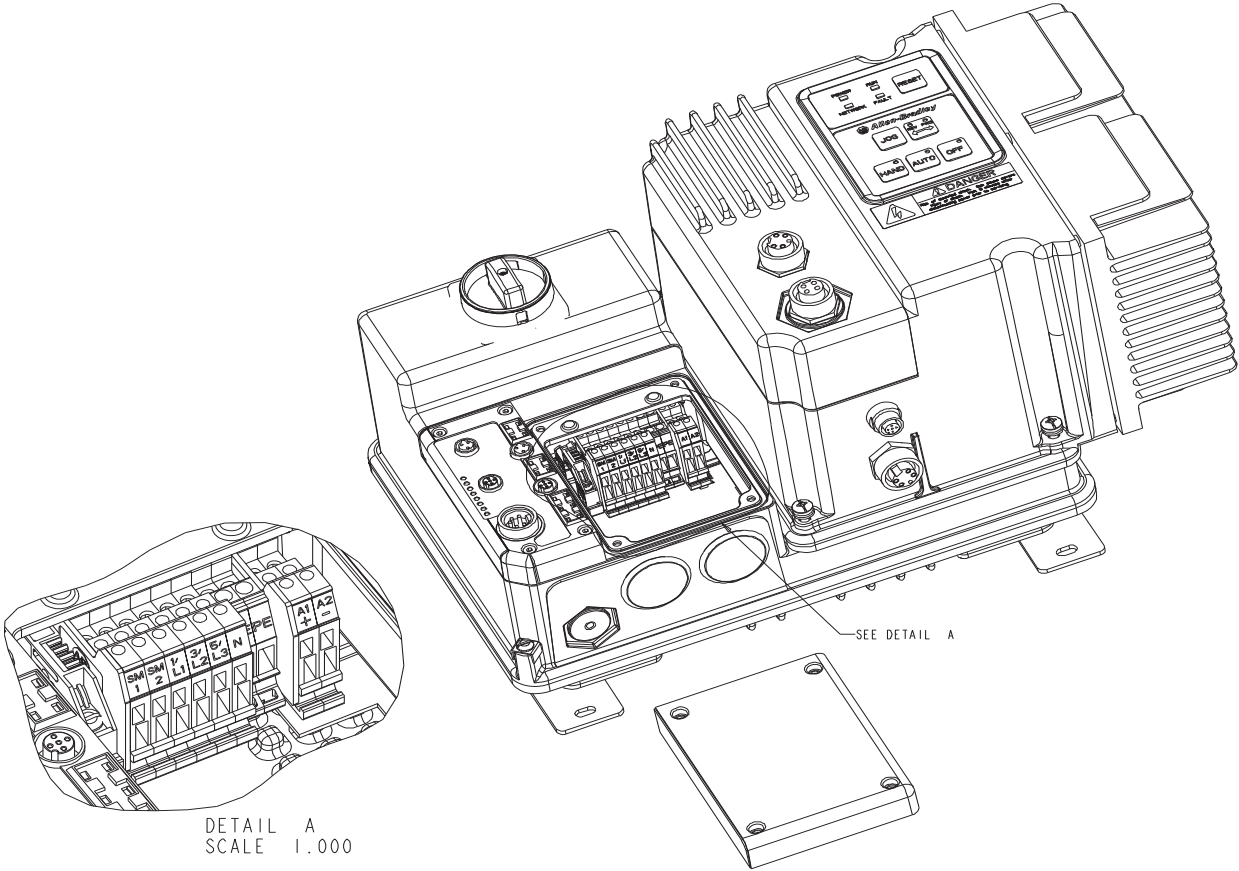


Table 2.2 Power, Control, Safety Monitor, and Ground Terminal Designations

Terminal Designations	No. of Poles	Description
SM1 ❶	2	Safety Monitor Input
SM2 ❶	2	Safety Monitor Input
A1 (+)	2	Control Power Input
A2 (-)	2	Control Power Common
PE	2	Ground
1/L1	2	Line Power Phase A
3/L3	2	Line Power Phase B
5/L5	2	Line Power Phase C

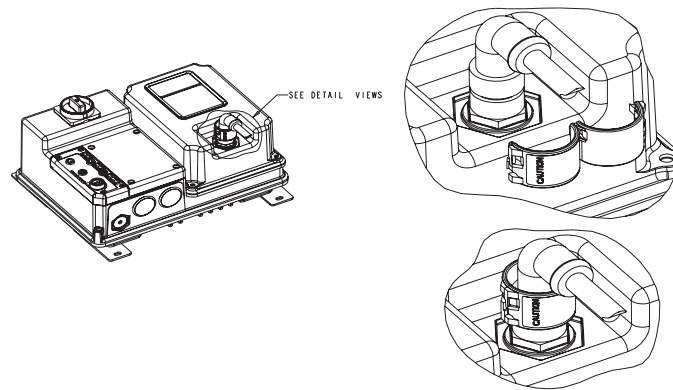
❶ Only available with the Safety Monitor option.



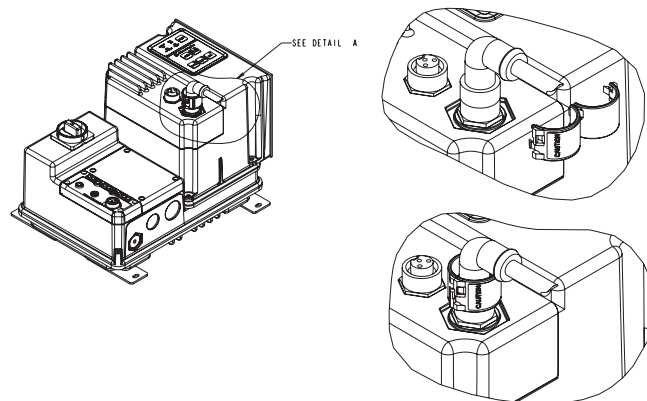
## Optional Locking Clip

The clam shell design clips over the ArmorStart motor connector and motor cable to limit customer access from disconnecting the motor cable on the ArmorStart Distributed Motor Controller. The locking clip is an optional device that can be used, if desired.

**Figure 2.28 Bulletin 280/281 Installation of Locking Clip**



**Figure 2.29 Bulletin 283/284 Installation of Locking Clip**

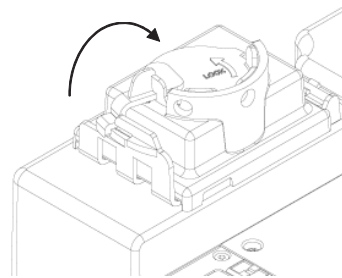




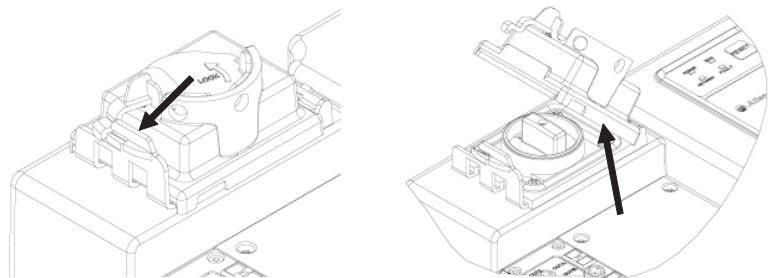
## Operation of NEMA Type 4X Disconnect Handle

### To Open Disconnect Handle

1. Rotate locking ring 45° until it stops.



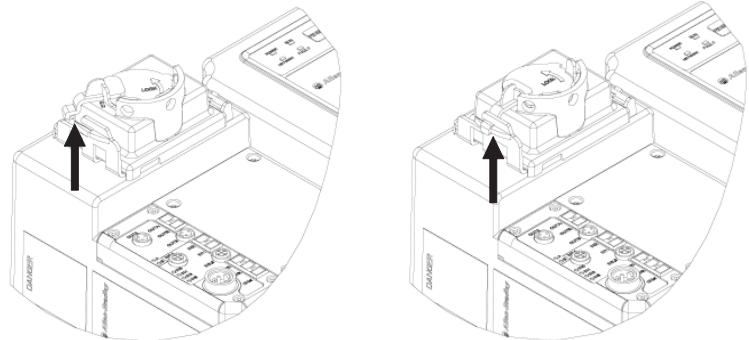
2. To open, push the tab on the left-hand side and lift the access cover.



**Note:** The access door can not be closed when 140 (black handle) is in the OFF position.

### To Close Disconnect Handle for Lockout/Tag out

With disconnect handle in the ON position, rotate lockout/tag out ring counterclockwise until the disconnect handle is in the OFF position.



**Note:** The disconnect handle is designed to be used with a 1/4 in. lockout/tag out padlock.

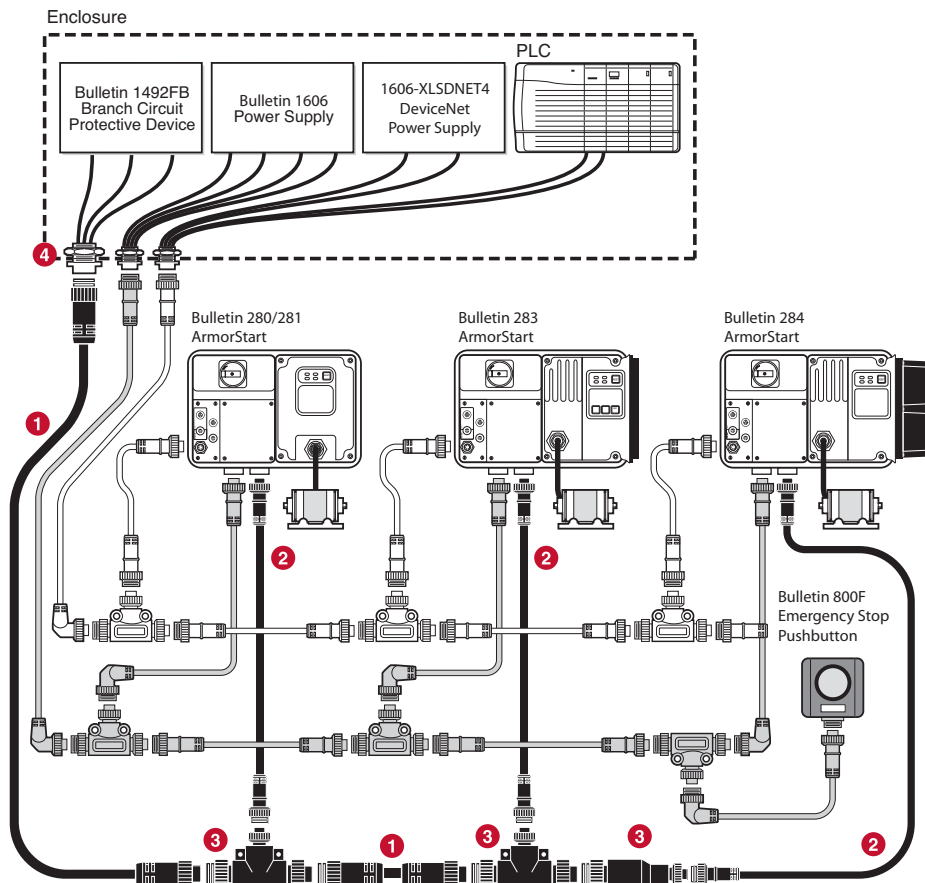


## ArmorConnect Power Media

## Description

The ArmorConnect power media offers both three-phase and control power cable system of cord sets, patch cords, receptacles, tees, reducers and accessories to be utilized with the ArmorStart Distributed Motor Controller. These cable system components allow quick connection of ArmorStart Distributed Motor Controllers, thereby reducing installation time. They provide for repeatable, reliable connection of the three-phase and control power to the ArmorStart Distributed Motor Controller and motor by providing a plug-and-play environment that also avoids system mis-wiring. When specifying power media for use with the ArmorStart Distributed Motor Controllers (Bulletin 280/281, 283 and 284) use only the Bulletin 280 ArmorConnect power media.

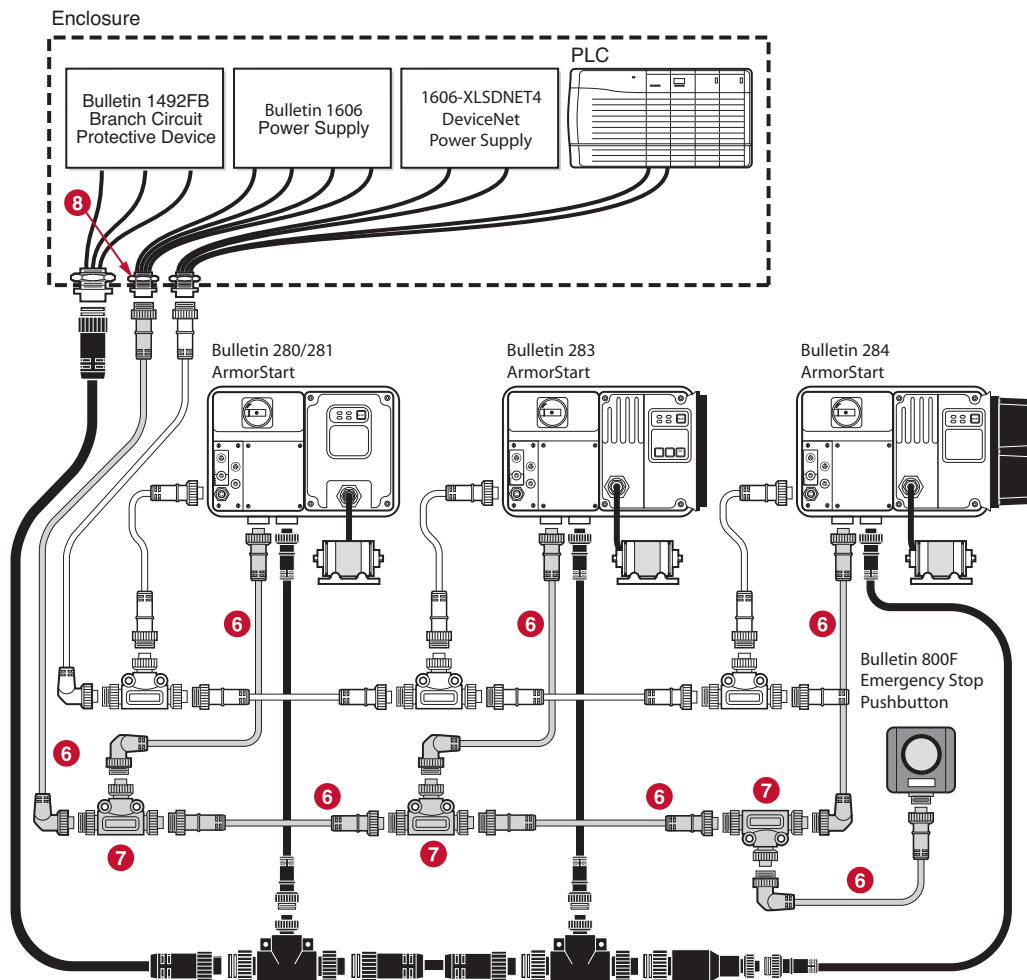
**Figure 2.30 Three-Phase Power System Overview**



- ❶ Three-Phase Power Trunk- PatchCord cable with integral female or male connector on each end  
Example Part Number: 280-PWR35A-M\*
- ❷ Three-Phase Drop Cable- PatchCord cable with integral female or male connector on each end  
Example Part Number: 280-PWR22A-M\*
- ❸ Three-Phase Power Tees and Reducer -  
Tee connects to a single drop line to trunk with quick change connectors – Part Number: 280-T35  
Reducing Tee connects to a single drop line (Mini) to trunk (Quick change) connector – Part Number: 280-RT35  
Reducer connects from quick change male connector to mini female connector – Part Number: 280-RA35
- ❹ Three-Phase Power Receptacles -  
Female receptacles are a panel mount connector with flying leads – Part Number: 280-M35F-M1



Figure 2.31 Control Power Media System Overview

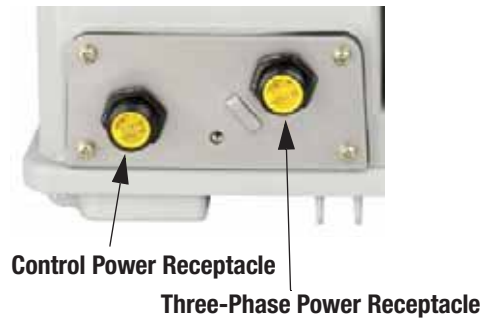


- ⑥ Control Power Media Patchcords - PatchCord cable with integral female or male connector on each end  
Example Part Number: 889N-F65GFNM-\*
- ⑦ Control Power Tees - The E-stop In Tee (Part Number: 898N-653ST-NKF) is used to connect to the Bulletin 800F On-Machine E-Stop station using a control power media patchcord. The E-stop Out tee (Part Number: 898N-653ES-NKF) is used with cordset or patchcord to connect to the ArmorStart Distributed Motor Controller.
- ⑧ Control Power Receptacles - Female receptacles are a panel mount connector with flying leads –  
Part Number: 888N-D65AF1-\*



## ArmorStart with ArmorConnect Connectivity

**ArmorStart devices with 10 A short circuit protection rating**



**ArmorStart devices with 25 A short circuit protection rating**



## Installing ArmorConnect Power Media using CordSets

**Cord Grips for ArmorStart Devices with 10 A short circuit protection rating**



**Cord Grips for ArmorStart Devices with 25 A short circuit protection rating**







Terminal Designations	Description	Color Code
A1 (+)	Control Power Input	Blue
A2 (-)	Control Power Common	Black
PE	Ground	Green/Yellow
1/L1	Line Power - Phase A	Black
2/L2	Line Power - Phase B	White
3/L3	Line Power - Phase C	Red

**ArmorConnect Cable Ratings**

The ArmorConnect power media cables are rated per UL Type TC 600V 90 °C Dry 75 °C Wet, Exposed Run (ER) or MTW 600V 90 °C or STOOW 105 °C 600V - CSA STOOW 600V FT2.

**Branch Circuit Protection Requirements for ArmorConnect Three-Phase Power Media**

When using ArmorConnect three-phase power media, only fuses can be used for the motor branch circuit protective device, for the group motor installations. The following fuse types are recommended: Class CC, T, or J type fuses.

Maximum Ratings				
Voltage (V)	480Y/277	480/480	600Y/347	600/600
Sym. Amps RMS	65 kA	65 kA	65 kA	65 kA
Time Delay Fuse	50 A	30 A	30 A	30 A
Non-Delay Fuse	100 A	60 A	60 A	60 A



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**AC Supply Considerations for  
Bulletin 284 units****Ungrounded and High Resistive Distribution Systems**

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**ATTENTION**

The Bulletin 284 contains protective MOVs that are referenced to ground. These devices should be disconnected if the Bulletin 284 is installed on an ungrounded and high resistive distribution system.

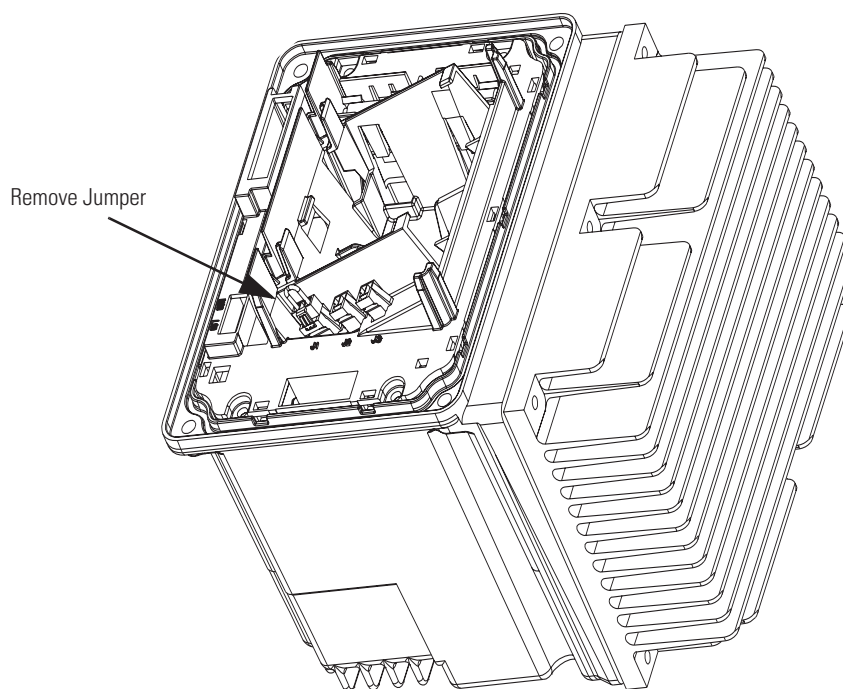
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**Disconnecting MOVs**

To prevent drive damage, the MOVs connected to ground must be disconnected if the drive is installed on an ungrounded and high resistive distribution system where the line-to-ground voltages on any phase could exceed 125% of the nominal line-to-line voltage. To disconnect the MOVs, remove the jumper shown in Figure 2.33, Jumper Removal.

1. Before installing the Bulletin 284, loosen four mounting screws.
2. Unplug starter module from the base unit by pulling forward.



**Figure 2.32 Removal of Control Module****Figure 2.33 Jumper Removal****ATTENTION**

Do not remove this jumper if the unit is equipped with an EMI filter installed.





## Group Motor Installations for USA and Canada Markets

The ArmorStart Distributed Motor Controllers are listed for use with each other in group installations per NFPA 79, Electrical Standard for Industrial Machinery. When applied according to the group motor installation requirements, two or more motors, of any rating or controller type, are permitted on a single branch circuit. Group Motor Installation has been successfully used for many years in the USA and Canada.

**Note:** For additional information regarding group motor installations with the ArmorStart Distributed Motor Controller, see Appendix C.

## Wiring and Workmanship Guidelines

In addition to conduit and seal-tite raceway, it is acceptable to utilize cable that is dual rated Tray Cable, Type TC-ER and Cord, STOOW, for power and control wiring on ArmorStart installations. In the USA and Canada installations, the following guidance is outlined by the NEC and NFPA 79.

In industrial establishments where the conditions of maintenance and supervision ensure that only qualified persons service the installation, and where the exposed cable is continuously supported and protected against physical damage using mechanical protection, such as struts, angles, or channels, Type TC tray cable that complies with the crush and impact requirements of Type MC (Metal Clad) cable and is identified for such use with the marking Type TC-ER (Exposed Run)\* shall be permitted between a cable tray and the utilization equipment or device as open wiring. The cable shall be secured at intervals not exceeding 1.8 m (6 ft) and installed in a “good workman-like” manner. Equipment grounding for the utilization equipment shall be provided by an equipment grounding conductor within the cable.

\*Historically cable meeting these crush and impact requirements were designated and marked “Open Wiring”. Cable so marked is equivalent to the present Type TC-ER and can be used.

While the ArmorStart is intended for installation in factory floor environments of industrial establishments, the following must be taken into consideration when locating the ArmorStart in the application: Cables, including those for control voltage including 24V DC and communications, are not to be exposed to an operator or building traffic on a continuous basis. Location of the ArmorStart to minimize exposure to continual traffic is recommended. If location to minimize traffic flow is unavoidable, other barriers to minimize inadvertent exposure to the cabling should be considered. Routing cables should be done in such a manner to minimize inadvertent exposure and/or damage.



Additionally, if conduit or other raceways are not used, it is recommended that strain relief fittings be utilized when installing the cables for the control and power wiring through the conduit openings.

The working space around the ArmorStart may be minimized as the ArmorStart does not require examination, adjustment, servicing or maintenance while energized. In lieu of this service, the ArmorStart is meant to be unplugged and replaced after proper lockout/tag-out procedures have been employed.

Since the ArmorStart is available with a factory installed HOA keypad option this may require the ArmorStart to be selected and installed as follows if the application requires frequent use of the hand operated interface by the equipment operator:

1. They are not less than 0.6 m (2 ft) above the servicing level and are within easy reach of the normal working position of the operator.
2. The operator is not placed in a hazardous situation when operating them.
3. The possibility of inadvertent operation is minimized.

If the operated interface is used in industrial establishments where the conditions of maintenance and supervision ensure that only qualified persons operate and service the ArmorStart's operator interface, and the installation is located so that inadvertent operation is minimized then other installation locations with acceptable access can be provided.



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## DeviceNet Network Installation

The ArmorStart Distributed Motor Controller contains the equivalent of 30 in. (0.76 m) of DeviceNet drop cable's electrical characteristics and therefore 30 in. of drop cable must be included in the DeviceNet drop cable budget for each ArmorStart in addition to actual drop cable required for the installation.

### Other DeviceNet System Design Considerations

The separation of the control power and DeviceNet power is recommended as a good design practice. This minimizes the load on the DeviceNet supply, and prevents transients which may be present on the control power system from influencing the communication controls. For additional information regarding 24V DC control power system design, see Appendix D.

## Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC)

The following guidelines are provided for EMC installation compliance.

### General Notes (Bulletin 284 only)

- The motor Cable should be kept as short as possible in order to avoid electromagnetic emission as well as capacitive currents
- Conformity of the drive with CE EMC requirements does not guarantee an entire machine installation complies with CE EMC requirements. Many factors can influence total machine/installation compliance.
- Using an EMI filter with any drive rating, may result in relatively high ground leakage currents. Therefore, the filter must only be used in installations and solidly grounded (bonded) to the building power distribution ground. Grounding must not rely on flexible cables and should not include any form of plug or socket that would permit inadvertent disconnection. Some local codes may require redundant ground connections. The integrity of all connections should be periodically checked.

### Grounding

Connect a grounding conductor to the terminal provided as standard on each ArmorStart Distributed Motor Controller. Refer to Table 2.2 for grounding provision location. There is also an externally available ground terminal. Refer to Figure 2.5, Figure 2.6, and Figure 2.7.



### **Wiring**

Wire in an industrial control application can be divided into three groups: power, control, and signal. The following recommendations for physical separation between these groups is provided to reduce the coupling effect.

- Minimum spacing between different wire groups in the same tray should be 6 in. (16 cm).
- Wire runs outside an enclosure should be run in conduit or have shielding/armor with equivalent attenuation.
- Different wire groups should be run in separate conduits.
- Minimum spacing between conduits containing different wire groups should be 3 in. (8 cm).



## Bulletin 280/281 Programmable Parameters

### Introduction

This chapter describes each programmable parameter and its function.

### Parameter Programming

Each Distributed Motor Controller type will have a common set of parameters followed by a set of parameters that pertain to the individual starter type.

Refer to *Chapter 8, DeviceNet™ Commissioning* for instructions in using RSNetWorx™ for DeviceNet to modify parameter settings.

Refer to *Chapter 11, ArmorStart® to ArmorPoint® Connectivity* for instructions to modify parameter settings when using the Bulletin 280A/281A with the ArmorPoint distributed I/O products.

**Important:** Resetting the Factory Default Values Parameter 47, *Set to Defaults*, allows the installer to reset all parameters to the factory default values. It also resets the MAC ID to its factory default after DeviceNet Power is cycled if switches are set >63.

**Important:** Parameter setting changes downloaded to the ArmorStart™ take effect immediately, even during a “running” status.

**Important:** Parameter setting changes made in a configuration tool such as RSNetWorx for DeviceNet do not take effect in the ArmorStart until the installer applies or downloads the new settings to the device.



## Parameter Group Listing

The Bulletin 280/281 ArmorStart contains eight parameter groups. The parameters shown in the DeviceLogix, DeviceNet, Starter Protection, User I/O, Misc. Parameter, ZIP Parameters, Starter Display and Starter Setup, are discussed in this chapter.

**Table 3.1 Parameter Group Listing**

DeviceLogix	DeviceNet	Starter Protection	User I/O	Misc.	ZIP Parameters	Starter Display	Starter Setup
1 Hdw Inputs	10 Autobaud Enable	22 Breaker Type	30 Off-to-On Delay	45 Keypad Mode	67 AutoRun Zip	101 Phase A Current	106 FLA Setting
2 Network Inputs	11 Consumed IO Assy	23 PrFitResetMode	31 On-to-Off Delay	46 Keypad Disable	68 Zone Produced EPR	102 Phase B Current	107 Overload Class
3 Network Outputs	12 Produced IO Assy	24 Pr Fault Enable	32 In Sink/Source	47 Set To Defaults	69 Zone Produced PIT	103 Phase C Current	108 OL Reset Level
4 Trip Status	13 Prod Assy Word 0	25 Pr Fault Reset	33 OutA Pr FitState	56 Base Enclosure	70 Zone #1 MacId	104 Average Current	
5 Starter Status	14 Prod Assy Word 1	26 StrtrDN FitState	34 OutA Pr FitValue	57 Base Option	71 Zone #2 MacId	105% Therm Utilized	
6 DNet Status	15 Prod Assy Word 2	27 StrtrDN FitValue	35 OutA DN FitState	58 Wiring Option	72 Zone #3 MacId		
7 Starter Command	16 Prod Assy Word 3	28 StrtrDN IdlState	36 OutA DN FitValue	59 Starter Enclosure	73 Zone #4 MacId		
8 Network Override	17 Consumed IO Size	29 StrtrDN IdlValue	37 OutA DN IdlState	60 Starter Options	74 Zone #1 Health		
9 Comm Override	18 Produced IO Size	61 Last PR Fault	38 OutA DN IdlValue		75 Zone #2 Health		
	19 Starter COS Mask	62 Warning Status	39 OutB Pr FitState		76 Zone #3 Health		
	20 Net Out COS Mask		40 OutB Pr FitValue		77 Zone #4 Health		
	21 DNet Voltage		41 OutB DN FitState		78 Zone #1 Mask		
			42 OutB DN FitValue		79 Zone #2 Mask		
			43 OutB DN IdlState		80 Zone #3 Mask		
			44 OutB DN IdlValue		81 Zone #4 Mask		
					82 Zone #1 Offset		
					83 Zone #2 Offset		
					84 Zone #3 Offset		
					85 Zone #4 Offset		
					86 Zone #1 EPR		
					87 Zone #2 EPR		
					88 Zone #3 EPR		
					89 Zone #4 EPR		
					90 Zone #1 Control		
					91 Zone #2 Control		
					92 Zone #3 Control		
					93 Zone #4 Control		
					94 Zone #1 Key		
					95 Zone #2 Key		
					96 Zone #3 Key		
					97 Zone #4 Key		
					98 Device Value Key		
					99 Zone Ctrl Enable		

## DeviceLogix™ Group

<b>Hdw Inputs</b>  This parameter provides status of hardware inputs	Parameter Number	1 ①
	Access Rule	GET
	Data Type	WORD
	Group	DeviceLogix
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	15
	Default Value	0



Bit				Function
3	2	1	0	
—	—	—	X	Input 0
—	—	X	—	Input 1
—	X	—	—	Input 2
X	—	—	—	Input 3

❶ Not available on the Bulletin 280A/281A.

<b>Network Inputs</b>  This parameter provides status of network inputs	Parameter Number	2
	Access Rule	GET
	Data Type	WORD
	Group	DeviceLogix
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	65535
	Default Value	0

Bit																Function
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	Net Input 0
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	Net Input 1
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	Net Input 2
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	Net Input 3
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	Net Input 4
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	Net Input 5
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Net Input 6
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Net Input 7
—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Net Input 8
—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Net Input 9
—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Net Input 10
—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Net Input 11
—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Net Input 12
—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Net Input 13
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Net Input 14
X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Net Input 15

<b>Network Outputs</b>  This parameter provides status of network outputs	Parameter Number	3
	Access Rule	GET
	Data Type	WORD
	Group	DeviceLogix
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	32767
	Default Value	0



Bit															Function
14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	Net Output 0
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	Net Output 1
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	Net Output 2
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	Net Output 3
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	Net Output 4
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	Net Output 5
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	Net Output 6
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Net Output 7
—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Net Output 8
—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Net Output 9
—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Net Output 10
—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Net Output 11
—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Net Output 12
—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Net Output 13
X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Net Output 14

<b>Trip Status</b>  This parameter provides trip identification	Parameter Number	4
	Access Rule	GET
	Data Type	WORD
	Group	DeviceLogix Setup
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	16383
	Default Value	0

Bit															Function
13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	Short Circuit
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	Overload
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	Phase Loss
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	Reserved
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	Reserved
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	Control Power
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	I/O Fault
—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Over Temperature
—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Phase Imbalance
—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Dnet Power Loss ❶
—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Reserved
—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Reserved
—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	EEprom
X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	HW Fault

❶ Not available on the Bulletin 280A/281A.



<b>Starter Status</b>  This parameter provides the status of the starter	Parameter Number	5
	Access Rule	GET
	Data Type	WORD
	Group	DeviceLogix
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	16383
	Default Value	0

Bit														Function
13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	Tripped
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	Warning
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	Running Fwd
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	Running Rev
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	Ready
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	Net Ctl Status
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	Reserved
—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	At Reference
—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Reserved
—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Reserved
—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Reserved
—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Keypad Hand
—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	HOA Status
X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	140M On

<b>DNet Status</b>  This parameter provides status of the DeviceNet connection	Parameter Number	6
	Access Rule	GET
	Data Type	WORD
	Group	DeviceLogix
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	32, 767
	Default Value	0



Bit																Function:
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	Explicit Connection
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	I/O Connection
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	Explicit Fault
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	I/O Fault
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	I/O Idle
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	X	X	—	—	—	—	—	Reserved
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	ZIP 1 Cnxn
—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	ZIP 1 Flt
—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	ZIP 2 Cnxn
—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	ZIP 2 Flt
—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	ZIP 3 Cnxn
—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	ZIP 3 Flt
—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	ZIP 4 Cnxn
X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	ZIP 4 Flt

**Starter Command**

The parameter provides the status of the starter command.

Parameter Number

7

Access Rule

GET

Data Type

WORD

Group

DeviceLogix

Units

—

Minimum Value

0

Maximum Value

255

Default Value

0

Bit								Function:
7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	Run Fwd
—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	Run Rev
—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	Fault Reset
—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	Reserved
—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	Reserved
—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	Reserved
—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	User Out A
X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	User Out B

**Network Override**

This parameter allows for the local logic to override a Network fault

0 = Disable

1 = Enable

Parameter Number

8

Access Rule

GET/SET

Data Type

BOOL

Group

DeviceLogix

Units

—

Minimum Value

0

Maximum Value

1

Default Value

0



<b>Comm Override</b>  This parameter allows for local logic to override the absence of an I/O connection 0 = Disable 1 = Enable	Parameter Number	9
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	DeviceLogix
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0

## DeviceNet Group

<b>Autobaud Enable</b>  When this parameter is enabled, the device will attempt to determine the network baud rate and set its baud rate to the same, provided network traffic exists. At least one node with an established baud rate must exist on the network for autobaud to occur. 0 = Disable 1 = Enable	Parameter Number	10
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	DeviceNet
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	1

<b>Consumed I/O Assy</b>  This parameter selects the format of the I/O data consumed. Enter a Consumed I/O assembly instance number to select a data format.	Parameter Number	11
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	USINT
	Group	DeviceNet
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	187
	Default Value	160

<b>Produced I/O Assy</b>  This parameter selects the format of the I/O data produced. Enter a Produces I/O assembly instance number to select a data format.	Parameter Number	12
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	USINT
	Group	DeviceNet
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	190
	Default Value	161



<b>Prod Assy Word 0</b>  This parameter is used to build bytes 0-1 for produced assembly 120	Parameter Number	13
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	USINT
	Group	DeviceNet
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	108
	Default Value	1
<b>Produced Assy Word 1</b>  This parameter is used to build bytes 2-3 for produced assembly 120	Parameter Number	14
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	USINT
	Group	DeviceNet
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	108
	Default Value	4
<b>Prod Assy Word 2</b>  This parameter is used to build bytes 4-5 for produced assembly 120	Parameter Number	15
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	USINT
	Group	DeviceNet
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	108
	Default Value	5
<b>Prod Assy Word 3</b>  This parameter is used to build bytes 6-7 for produced assembly 120	Parameter Number	16
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	USINT
	Group	DeviceNet
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	108
	Default Value	6
<b>Consumed I/O Size</b>  This parameter reflects the consumed I/O data size in bytes.	Parameter Number	17
	Access Rule	GET
	Data Type	USINT
	Group	DeviceNet
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	8
	Default Value	1



- ① Bulletin 280 products.  
② Bulletin 281 products.

[illegible]



<b>Net Out COS Mask</b>  This parameter sets the bits that will trigger a COS message when network outputs change state.	Parameter Number	20
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	WORD
	Group	DeviceNet
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	32767
	Default Value	0

Bit															Function
14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	Net Output 0
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	Net Output 1
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	Net Output 2
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	Net Output 3
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	Net Output 4
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	Net Output 5
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	Net Output 6
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Net Output 7
—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Net Output 8
—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Net Output 9
—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Net Output 10
—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Net Output 11
—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Net Output 12
—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Net Output 13
X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Net Output 14

<b>Dnet Voltage</b>  This parameter provides the voltage measurement for the DeviceNet network	Parameter Number	21
	Access Rule	GET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	DeviceNet
	Units	xx.xx Volts
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	6500
	Default Value	0

## Starter Protection Group

<b>Breaker Type</b>  This parameter identifies the Bulletin 140M used in this product 0 = 140M-D8N-C10 1 = 140M-D8N-C25	Parameter Number	22
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	Starter Protection
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0



<b>PrFit Reset Mode</b>  This parameter configures the Protection Fault reset mode.  0= Manual 1= Automatic	Parameter Number	23
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	Starter Protection
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0

<b>Pr Fault Enable</b>  This parameter enables the Protection Fault by setting the bit to 1	Parameter Number	24
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	WORD
	Group	Starter Protection Setup
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	16383
	Default Value	12419

Bit														Function
13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	Short Circuit
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	Overload
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	Phase Loss
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	Reserved
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	Reserved
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	Control Power
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	I/O Fault
—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Over Temperature
—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Phase Imbalance
—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Dnet Power Loss ❶
—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Reserved
—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Reserved
—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Eeprom
X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	HW Fault

❶ Not available on the Bulletin 280A/281A.

<b>Pr Fault Reset</b>  This parameter resets the Protection Fault on a transition of 0-->1.	Parameter Number	25
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	Starter Protection
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0



<b>StrtrDN FitState</b>  This parameter in conjunction with Parameter 27 defines how the starter will respond when a DeviceNet fault occurs. When set to "1", hold to last state occurs. When set to "0", will go to DnFit Value on DN faults as determined by Parameter 27.	Parameter Number	26
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	Starter Protection
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0

<b>StrtrDN FitValue</b>  This parameter determines how the starter will be commanded in the event of a Device Net fault. 0 = OFF 1 = ON	Parameter Number	27
	Access Rule	GET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	Starter Protection
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0

<b>StrtrDN IdlState</b>  This parameter in conjunction with Parameter 29 defines how the starter will respond when a DeviceNet network is idle. When set to "1", hold to last state occurs. When set to "0", will go to DnIdl Value on DN Idle as determined by Parameter 29.	Parameter Number	28
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	Starter Protection
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0

<b>StrtrDN IdlValue</b>  This parameter determines the state that starter assumes when the network is idle and Parameter 28 is set to "0" 0 = OFF 1 = ON	Parameter Number	29
	Access Rule	GET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	Starter Protection
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0



<b>Last PR Fault</b>  0 = None 1 = Hardware Short Circuit 2 = Software Short Circuit 3 = Motor Overload 4 = Reserved 5 = Phase Loss 6 – 12 = Reserved 13 = Control Power Loss 14 = Control Power Fuse 15 = I/O Short 16 = Output Fuse 17 = Overtemp 18 = Reserved 19 = Phase Imbalance 20 = Reserved 21 = DNet Power Loss 22 = Internal Comm 23-26 = Reserved 27 = MCB EEPROM 28 = Base EEPROM 29 = Reserved 30 = Wrong Base 31 = Wrong CTs 32-100 = Reserved	Parameter Number	61
	Access Rule	GET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Starter Protection
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	100
	Default Value	0

<b>Warning Status</b>  This parameter warns the user of a condition, without faulting	Parameter Number	62
	Access Rule	GET
	Data Type	WORD
	Group	Starter Protection
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	65535
	Default Value	0

Bit																Warning
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
														X		reserved
														X		reserved
												X				Phase Loss
											X					reserved
										X						reserved
									X							Control Power
								X								I/O Warning
							X									reserved
						X										Phase Imbalance
					X											DeviceNet ❶
				X												reserved
			X													reserved
		X														reserved
X																Hardware
	X															reserved
																reserved

❶ Not available on the Bulletin 280A/281A.



## User I/O

<b>Off-to-On Delay</b>  This parameter allows the installer to program a time duration before an input is reported "ON"	Parameter Number	30 ❶
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	User I/O
	Units	ms
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	65.000
	Default Value	0

<b>On-to-Off Delay</b>  This parameter allows the installer to program a time duration before an input is reported "OFF"	Parameter Number	31 ❶
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	User I/O
	Units	ms
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	65.000
	Default Value	0

<b>In Sink/Source</b>  This parameter allows the installer to program the inputs to be sink or source.  0=Sink 1=Source	Parameter Number	32 ❶
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	User I/
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0

❶ Not available on the Bulletin 280A/281A.

<b>OutA Pr FltState</b>  This parameter in conjunction with Parameter 34 defines how Output A will respond when a protection trip occurs. When set to "1", Output A continues to operate as command via the network. When set to "0", Output A will open or close as determined by setting in Parameter 34	Parameter Number	33
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	User I/O
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0



<b>OutA Pr FltValue</b>  This parameter determines the state the Out A assumes when a trip occurs and Parameter 33 is set to "0" 0 = Open 1 = Close	Parameter Number	34
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	User I/O
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0

<b>OutA DN FltState</b>  This parameter in conjunction with Parameter 36 defines how Output A will respond when a DeviceNet network fault occurs. When set to "1", Output A will hold state prior to trip occurrence. When set to "0", Output A will open or close as determined by setting in Parameter 36	Parameter Number	35
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	User I/O
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0

<b>OutA DN FltValue</b>  This parameter determines the state that Output A assumes when a DeviceNet network fault occurs and Parameter 35 is set to "0" 0 = Open 1 = Close	Parameter Number	36
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	User I/O
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0

<b>OutA DN IdlState</b>  This parameter in conjunction with Parameter 38 defines how Output A will respond when the DeviceNet network is idle. When set to "0", Output A will open or close as determined by the setting in Parameter 38. The DN Flt parameters supersede the Dn Idl parameters	Parameter Number	37
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	User I/O
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0

<b>OutA DN IdlValue</b>  This parameter determines the state that Output A assumes when the network is idle and Parameter 37 is set to "0" 0 = Open 1 = Close	Parameter Number	38
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	User I/O
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0



<b>OutB Pr FltState</b> This parameter in conjunction with Parameter 40 defines how Output B will respond when a protection trip occurs. When set to "1", Output B continue to operate as command via the network. When set to "0", Output B will open or close as determined by setting in Parameter 40	Parameter Number	39
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	User I/O
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0

<b>OutB Pr FltValue</b>  This parameter determines the state the Out B assumes when a protection trip occurs and Parameter 39 is set to "0" 0 = Open 1 = Close	Parameter Number	40
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	User I/O
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0

<b>OutB DN FltState</b> This parameter in conjunction with Parameter 42 defines how Output B will respond when a DeviceNet network fault occurs. When set to "1", Output B will hold state prior to trip occurrence. When set to "0", Output B will open or close as determined by setting in Parameter 42	Parameter Number	41
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	User I/O
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0

<b>OutB DN FltValue</b>  This parameter determines the state that Output B assumes when a DeviceNet network fault occurs and Parameter 41 is set to "0" 0 = Open 1 = Close	Parameter Number	42
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	User I/O
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0

<b>OutB DN IdlState</b> This parameter in conjunction with Parameter 44 defines how Output B will respond when the DeviceNet network is idle. When set to "0", Output B will open or close as determined by the setting in Parameter 44. The DN Flt parameters supersede the Dn Idl parameters	Parameter Number	43
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	User I/O
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0



<b>OutB DN IdlValue</b>  This parameter determines the state that Output B assumes when the network is idle and Parameter 43 is set to "0" 0 = Open 1 = Close	Parameter Number	44
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	User I/O
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0

## Misc. Group

<b>Keypad Mode</b>  This parameter selects if the keypad operation is maintained or momentary  0= Maintained 1= Momentary	Parameter Number	45
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	Misc.
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0

<b>Keypad Disable</b>  This parameter disables all keypad function except for the "OFF" and "RESET" buttons  0=Not Disabled 1=Disabled	Parameter Number	46
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	Misc.
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0

<b>Set to Defaults</b>  This parameter if set to 1 will set the device to the factory defaults  0=No Operation 1=Set to Defaults	Parameter Number	47
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	Misc.
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0

<b>Base Enclosure</b>  Indicates the ArmorStart Base unit enclosure rating  Bit 0 = IP67 Bit 1 = Nema 4X Bit 2-15 = Reserved	Parameter Number	56
	Access Rule	GET
	Data Type	WORD
	Group	Misc.
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	65535
	Default Value	0



<b>Base Options</b>  Indicates the options for the ArmorStart Base unit  Bit 0 = Output Fuse Bit 1 = Safety Monitor Bit 2 = CP Fuse Detect Bits 3-7 = Reserved Bit 8 = 10A Base Bit 9 = 25A Base Bit 10-15 = Reserved	Parameter Number	57
	Access Rule	GET
	Data Type	WORD
	Group	Misc.
	Units	—
	MinimumValue	0
	Maximum Value	65535
	Default Value	0

<b>Wiring Options</b>  Bit 0 = Conduit Bit 1 = Round Media Bits 2-15 = Reserved	Parameter Number	58
	Access Rule	GET
	Data Type	WORD
	Group	Misc.
	Units	—
	MinimumValue	0
	Maximum Value	65535
	Default Value	0

<b>Starter Enclosure</b>  Bit 0 = IP67 Bit 1 = NEMA 4x Bits 2-15 reserved	Parameter Number	59
	Access Rule	GET
	Data Type	WORD
	Group	Misc.
	Units	—
	MinimumValue	0
	Maximum Value	65535
	Default Value	—

<b>Starter Option</b>  Bit 0 = HOA Keypad Bit 1 = Safety Monitor Bit 2 = Source Brake Bits 4-15 = Reserved	Parameter Number	60
	Access Rule	GET
	Data Type	WORD
	Group	Misc.
	Units	—
	MinimumValue	0
	Maximum Value	66535
	Default Value	—

## ZIP Parameters

<b>AutoRun Zip</b>  Enables ZIP data production on power up  0=Disable 1=Enable	Parameter Number	67
	Access Rule	Get/Set
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	ZIP Parameters
	Units	
	MinimumValue	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0



<b>Zone Produced EPR</b>  The Expected Packet Rate in msec. Defines the rate at which ZIP data is produced. Defaults to 75 msec.	Parameter Number	68
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Zip Parameter
	Units	msec
	MinimumValue	0
	Maximum Value	65535
	Default Value	75
<b>Zone Produced PIT</b>  The Production Inhibit Time in msec. Defines the minimum time between Change of State data production	Parameter Number	69
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	ZIP Parameters
	Units	msec
	MinimumValue	0
	Maximum Value	65535
	Default Value	75
<b>Zone #1 MAC ID</b>  The node address of the device whose data is to be consumed for zone 1	Parameter Number	70
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	USINT
	Group	ZIP Parameters
	Units	—
	MinimumValue	0
	Maximum Value	64
	Default Value	64
<b>Zone #2 MAC ID</b>  The node address of the device whose data is to be consumed for zone 2	Parameter Number	71
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	USINT
	Group	ZIP Parameters
	Units	—
	MinimumValue	0
	Maximum Value	64
	Default Value	64
<b>Zone #3 MAC ID</b>  The node address of the device whose data is to be consumed for zone 3	Parameter Number	72
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	USINT
	Group	ZIP Parameters
	Units	—
	MinimumValue	0
	Maximum Value	64
	Default Value	64



<b>Zone #4 MAC ID</b>  The node address of the device whose data is to be consumed for zone 4	Parameter Number	73
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	USINT
	Group	Misc. Option
	Units	—
	MinimumValue	0
	Maximum Value	64
	Default Value	64
<b>Zone #1 Health</b>  Read Only consumed connection status for zone 1  0 = Healthy 1 = Unhealthy	Parameter Number	74
	Access Rule	GET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	ZIP Parameters
	Units	—
	MinimumValue	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0
<b>Zone #2 Health</b>  Read Only consumed connection status for zone 2  0 = Healthy 1 = Unhealthy	Parameter Number	75
	Access Rule	GET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	ZIP Parameters
	Units	—
	MinimumValue	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0
<b>Zone #3 Health</b>  Read Only consumed connection status for zone 3  0 = Healthy 1 = Unhealthy	Parameter Number	76
	Access Rule	GET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	ZIP Parameters
	Units	—
	MinimumValue	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0
<b>Zone #4 Health</b>  Read Only consumed connection status for zone 4  0 = Healthy 1 = Unhealthy	Parameter Number	77
	Access Rule	GET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	ZIP Parameters
	Units	—
	MinimumValue	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0



<b>Zone #1 Mask</b>  Bit enumerated consumed data mask for zone 1. Each bit represents a byte in consumed data up to 8 bytes in length. If a mask bit is set, the corresponding consumed data byte is placed in the DeviceLogix data table	Parameter Number	78
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BYTE
	Group	ZIP Parameters
	Units	—
	MinimumValue	0
	Maximum Value	255
	Default Value	0
<b>Zone #2 Mask</b>  Bit enumerated consumed data mask for zone 2. Each bit represents a byte in consumed data up to 8 bytes in length. If a mask bit is set, the corresponding consumed data byte is placed in the DeviceLogix data table	Parameter Number	79
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BYTE
	Group	ZIP Parameters
	Units	—
	MinimumValue	0
	Maximum Value	255
	Default Value	0
<b>Zone #3 Mask</b>  Bit enumerated consumed data mask for zone 3. Each bit represents a byte in consumed data up to 8 bytes in length. If a mask bit is set, the corresponding consumed data byte is placed in the DeviceLogix data table	Parameter Number	80
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BYTE
	Group	ZIP Parameters
	Units	—
	MinimumValue	0
	Maximum Value	255
	Default Value	0
<b>Zone #4 Mask</b>  Bit enumerated consumed data mask for zone 4. Each bit represents a byte in consumed data up to 8 bytes in length. If a mask bit is set, the corresponding consumed data byte is placed in the DeviceLogix data table	Parameter Number	81
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BYTE
	Group	ZIP Parameters
	Units	—
	MinimumValue	0
	Maximum Value	255
	Default Value	0
<b>Zone #1 Offset</b>  The byte offset into the ZIP data portion of the DeviceLogix data table to place the chosen consumed data bytes for zone 1.	Parameter Number	82
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	ZIP Parameters
	Units	—
	MinimumValue	0
	Maximum Value	7
	Default Value	0



<b>Zone #2 Offset</b>  The byte offset into the ZIP data portion of the DeviceLogix data table to place the chosen consumed data bytes for zone 2.	Parameter Number	83
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UNIT
	Group	ZIP Parameters
	Units	—
	MinimumValue	0
	Maximum Value	7
	Default Value	0
<b>Zone #3 Offset</b>  The byte offset into the ZIP data portion of the DeviceLogix data table to place the chosen consumed data bytes for zone 3.	Parameter Number	84
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UNIT
	Group	ZIP Parameters
	Units	—
	MinimumValue	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0
<b>Zone #4 Offset</b>  The byte offset into the ZIP data portion of the DeviceLogix data table to place the chosen consumed data bytes for zone 4.	Parameter Number	85
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UNIT
	Group	ZIP Parameters
	Units	—
	MinimumValue	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0
<b>Zone #1 EPR</b>  The Expected Packet Rate in msec. for the zone 1 consuming connection. If consumed data is not received in 4 times this value, the zone connection will time out and “Zone #1 Health” will report 1 = Not Healthy.	Parameter Number	86
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	ZIP Parameters
	Units	msec
	MinimumValue	0
	Maximum Value	65535
	Default Value	75
<b>Zone #2 EPR</b>  The Expected Packet Rate in msec. for the zone 1 consuming connection. If consumed data is not received in 4 times this value, the zone connection will time out and “Zone #2 Health” will report 1 = Not Healthy.	Parameter Number	87
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UNIT
	Group	ZIP Parameters
	Units	msec
	MinimumValue	0
	Maximum Value	65535
	Default Value	75



<b>Zone #3 EPR</b>  The Expected Packet Rate in msec. for the zone 1 consuming connection. If consumed data is not received in 4 times this value, the zone connection will time out and "Zone #3 Health" will report 1 = Not Healthy.	Parameter Number	88
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UNIT
	Group	ZIP Parameters
	Units	msec
	MinimumValue	0
	Maximum Value	65535
	Default Value	75

<b>Zone #4 EPR</b>  The Expected Packet Rate in msec. for the zone 1 consuming connection. If consumed data is not received in 4 times this value, the zone connection will time out and "Zone #4 Health" will report 1 = Not Healthy.	Parameter Number	89
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UNIT
	Group	ZIP Parameters
	Units	msec
	MinimumValue	0
	Maximum Value	65535
	Default Value	75

<b>Zone #1 Control</b>  Zone 1 Control Word. Default Bit 0 and Bit 1 set, all other bits clear. Bit0=Security Enable 1=Enable data security Bit1=COS Cnxn 1=Consume DNet Group 2 COS messages Bit2=Poll Cnxn 1=Consume DNet Group 2 Poll Response msgs. Bit3=Strobe Cnxn 1=Consume DNet Group 2 Strobe Response msgs. Bit4=Multicast Poll 1=Consume Multicast Poll Response messages.	Parameter Number	90
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BYTE
	Group	ZIP Parameters
	Units	—
	MinimumValue	0
	Maximum Value	255
	Default Value	3



<b>Zone #2 Control</b>  Zone 2 Control Word. Default Bit 0 and Bit 1 set, all other bits clear. Bit0=Security Enable 1=Enable data security Bit1=COS Cnxn 1=Consume DNet Group 2 COS messages Bit2=Poll Cnxn 1=Consume DNet Group 2 Poll Response msgs. Bit3=Strobe Cnxn 1=Consume DNet Group 2 Strobe Response msgs. Bit4=Multicast Poll 1=Consume Multicast Poll Response messages	Parameter Number	91
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BYTE
	Group	ZIP Parameters
	Units	—
	MinimumValue	0
	Maximum Value	255
	Default Value	3
<b>Zone #3 Control</b>  Zone 3 Control Word. Default Bit 0 and Bit 1 set, all other bits clear. Bit0=Security Enable 1=Enable data security Bit1=COS Cnxn 1=Consume DNet Group 2 COS messages Bit2=Poll Cnxn 1=Consume DNet Group 2 Poll Response msgs. Bit3=Strobe Cnxn 1=Consume DNet Group 2 Strobe Response msgs. Bit4=Multicast Poll 1=Consume Multicast Poll Response messages	Parameter Number	92
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BYTE
	Group	ZIP Parameters
	Units	—
	MinimumValue	0
	Maximum Value	255
	Default Value	3
<b>Zone #4 Control</b>  Zone 3 Control Word. Default Bit 0 and Bit 1 set, all other bits clear. Bit0=Security Enable 1=Enable data security Bit1=COS Cnxn 1=Consume DNet Group 2 COS messages Bit2=Poll Cnxn 1=Consume DNet Group 2 Poll Response msgs. Bit3=Strobe Cnxn 1=Consume DNet Group 2 Strobe Response msgs. Bit4=Multicast Poll 1=Consume Multicast Poll Response messages	Parameter Number	93
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BYTE
	Group	ZIP Parameters
	Units	—
	MinimumValue	0
	Maximum Value	255
	Default Value	3



<b>Zone #1 Key</b>  When the “Security Enable” bit for zone 1 is enabled, this value must match the value of the Device Value Key parameter in the device whose data is being consumed for zone 1.	Parameter Number	94
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	ZIP Parameters
	Units	—
	MinimumValue	0
	Maximum Value	65535
	Default Value	0
<b>Zone #2 Key</b>  When the “Security Enable” bit for zone 2 is enabled, this value must match the value of the Device Value Key parameter in the device whose data is being consumed for zone 2.	Parameter Number	95
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	ZIP Parameters
	Units	—
	MinimumValue	0
	Maximum Value	65535
	Default Value	0
<b>Zone #3 Key</b>  When the “Security Enable” bit for zone 3 is enabled, this value must match the value of the Device Value Key parameter in the device whose data is being consumed for zone 3.	Parameter Number	96
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	ZIP Parameters
	Units	—
	MinimumValue	0
	Maximum Value	65535
	Default Value	0
<b>Zone #4 KEY</b>  When the “Security Enable” bit for zone 4 is enabled, this value must match the value of the Device Value Key parameter in the device whose data is being consumed for zone 4	Parameter Number	97
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	ZIP Parameters
	Units	—
	MinimumValue	0
	Maximum Value	65535
	Default Value	0
<b>Device Value Key</b>  This value is produced in the last 2 bytes of data when one of the ZIP assemblies is chosen for data production.	Parameter Number	98
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	ZIP Parameters
	Units	—
	MinimumValue	0
	Maximum Value	65535
	Default Value	0



<b>Zone Ctrl Enable</b>  Global enable for ZIP peer-to-peer messaging. This parameter must be disabled before any changes to the ZIP configuration for the device can be made. 0=Disable 1=Enable	Parameter Number	99
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	ZIP Parameters
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0

## Starter Display

<b>Phase A Current</b>  This parameter provides the current of Phase A measured in increments of 1/10 <sup>th</sup> of an ampere	Parameter Number	101
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	INT
	Group	Starter Display
	Units	xx.x Amps
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	32767
	Default Value	0

<b>Phase B Current</b>  This parameter provides the current of Phase B measured in increments of 1/10 <sup>th</sup> of an ampere	Parameter Number	102
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	INT
	Group	Starter Display
	Units	xx.x Amps
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	32767
	Default Value	0

<b>Phase C Current</b>  This parameter provides the current of Phase C measured in increments of 1/10 <sup>th</sup> of an ampere	Parameter Number	103
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	INT
	Group	Starter Display
	Units	xx.x Amps
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	32767
	Default Value	0

<b>Average Current</b>  This parameter provides the average current measured in increments of 1/10 <sup>th</sup> of an ampere	Parameter Number	104
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	INT
	Group	Starter Display
	Units	xx.x Amps
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	32767
	Default Value	0



## Starter Setup

<b>% Therm Utilized</b>  This parameter displays the % Thermal Capacity used	Parameter Number	105
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	USINT
	Group	Starter Display
	Units	% FLA
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	100
	Default Value	0

<b>FLA Setting</b>  The motor's full load current rating is programmed in this parameter	Parameter Number	106
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	INT
	Group	Starter Setup
	Units	xx.x Amps
	Minimum Value	See Table 3.2
	Maximum Value	See Table 3.2
	Default Value	See Table 3.2

**Table 3.2 FLA Setting Ranges and Default Values (with indicated setting precision)**

FLA Current Range (A)		Default Value
Minimum Value	Maximum Value	
0.24	1.2	0.24
0.5	2.5	0.5
1.1	5.5	1.1
3.2	16.0	3.2

<b>Overload Class</b>  This parameter allows the installer to select the overload class  1= Overload Class 10 2= Overload Class 15 3= Overload Class 20	Parameter Number	107
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	USINT
	Group	Starter Setup
	Units	xx.x Amps
	Minimum Value	1
	Maximum Value	3
	Default Value	1

<b>OL Reset Level</b>  This parameter allows the installer select the % Thermal Capacity which an overload can be cleared	Parameter Number	108
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	USINT
	Group	Starter Setup
	Units	% FLA
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	100
	Default Value	75



**Notes**



## Bulletin 283 Programmable Parameters

### Introduction

This chapter describes each programmable parameter and its function.

### Parameter Programming

Each Distributed Motor Controller type will have a common set of parameters followed by a set of parameters that pertain to the individual starter type.

Refer to *Chapter 8, DeviceNet™ Commissioning* for instructions in using RSNetWorx™ for DeviceNet™ to modify parameter settings.

Refer to *Chapter 11, ArmorStart® to ArmorPoint® Connectivity* for instructions to modify parameter settings when using the Bulletin 283A with the ArmorPoint® distributed I/O products.

**Important:** Resetting the Factory Default Values Parameter 47, *Set to Defaults*, allows the installer to reset all parameters to the factory default values. It also resets the MAC ID to its factory default after DeviceNet Power is cycled if switches are set >63.

**Important:** Parameter setting changes downloaded to the ArmorStart® take effect immediately, even during a “running” status.

**Important:** Parameter setting changes made in a configuration tool such as RSNetWorx for DeviceNet do not take effect in the ArmorStart until the installer applies or downloads the new settings to the device.



## Parameter Group Listing

The Bulletin 283 ArmorStart contains eight parameter groups. The parameters shown in the DeviceLogix™, DeviceNet, Starter Protection, User I/O, Misc. Parameter, ZIP Parameters, Soft Start Display, and SoftStart Setup are discussed in this chapter.

**Table 4.1 Parameter Group Listing**

DeviceLogix	DeviceNet	Starter Protection	User I/O	Misc.	ZIP Parameters	Soft Start Display	Soft Start Setup
1 Hdw Inputs	10 Autobaud Enable	22 Breaker Type	30 Off-to-On Delay	45 Keypad Mode	67 AutoRun Zip	101 Phase A Current	106 FLA Setting
2 Network Inputs	11 Consumed IO Assy	23 PrFitResetMode	31 On-to-Off Delay	46 Keypad Disable	68 Zone Produced EPR	102 Phase B Current	108 OL Reset Level
3 Network Outputs	12 Produced IO Assy	24 Pr Fault Enable	32 In Sink/Source	47 Set To Defaults	69 Zone Produced PIT	103 Phase C Current	109 Start Time
4 Trip Status	13 Prod Assy Word 0	25 Pr Fault Reset	33 OutA Pr FitState	56 Base Enclosure	70 Zone #1 MacId	104 Average Current	110 Start Mode
5 Starter Status	14 Prod Assy Word 1	26 StrtrDN FitState	34 OutA Pr FitValue	57 Base Option	71 Zone #2 MacId	105 % Therm Utilized	111 Current Limit
6 DNet Status	15 Prod Assy Word 2	27 StrtrDN FitValue	35 OutA DN FitState	58 Wiring Option	72 Zone #3 MacId	107 Overload Class	112 Initial Torque
7 Starter Command	16 Prod Assy Word 3	28 StrtrDN IdlState	36 OutA DN FitValue	59 Starter Enclosure	73 Zone #4 MacId		113 Soft Stop Time
8 Network Override	17 Consumed IO Size	29 StrtrDN IdlValue	37 OutA DN IdlState	60 Starter Options	74 Zone #1 Health		114 Kick Start
9 Comm Override	18 Produced IO Size	61 Last Pr Fault	38 OutA DN IdlValue		75 Zone #2 Health		115 SCR Temp Rest Mode
	19 Starter COS Mask	62 Warning Status	39 OutB Pr FitState		76 Zone #3 Health		116 Phase Rotation
	20 Net Out COS Mask		40 OutB Pr FitValue		77 Zone #4 Health		
	21 DNet Voltage		41 OutB DN FitState		78 Zone #1 Mask		
			42 OutB DN FitValue		79 Zone #2 Mask		
			43 OutB DN IdlState		80 Zone #3 Mask		
			44 OutB DN IdlValue		81 Zone #4 Mask		
					82 Zone #1 Offset		
					83 Zone #2 Offset		
					84 Zone #3 Offset		
					85 Zone #4 Offset		
					86 Zone #1 EPR		
					87 Zone #2 EPR		
					88 Zone #3 EPR		
					89 Zone #4 EPR		
					90 Zone #1 Control		
					91 Zone #2 Control		
					92 Zone #3 Control		
					93 Zone #4 Control		
					94 Zone #1 Key		
					95 Zone #2 Key		
					96 Zone #3 Key		
					97 Zone #4 Key		
					98 Device Value Key		
					99 Zone Ctrl Enable		



<b>Hdw Inputs</b>  This parameter provides status of hardware inputs	Parameter Number	1 ⓘ
	Access Rule	GET
	Data Type	WORD
	Group	DeviceLogix Setup
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	15
	Default Value	0

Bit				Function
3	2	1	0	
—	—	—	X	Input 0
—	—	X	—	Input 1
—	X	—	—	Input 2
X	—	—	—	Input 3

<b>Network Inputs</b>  This parameter provides status of network inputs	Parameter Number	2
	Access Rule	GET
	Data Type	WORD
	Group	DeviceLogix Setup
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	65535
	Default Value	0

[illegible]



<b>Network Outputs</b>  This parameter provides status of network outputs	Parameter Number	3
	Access Rule	GET
	Data Type	WORD
	Group	DeviceLogix
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	32767
	Default Value	0

[illegible]



<b>Trip Status</b>  This parameter provides trip identification	Parameter Number	4
	Access Rule	GET
	Data Type	WORD
	Group	DeviceLogix
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	65535
	Default Value	0

Bit																Function
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	Short Circuit
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	Overload
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	Phase Loss
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	Shorted SCR
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	Phase Rotation
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	Control Power
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	I/O Fault
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Overtemperature
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Phase Imbalance
—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Dnet Power Loss ❶
—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Internal Comm
—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Heatsink Over Temp
—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Eeprom
—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	HW Fault
—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Reserved
X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Misc Fault

❶ Not available on the Bulletin 283A.



<b>Starter Status</b>  This parameter provides the status of the starter	Parameter Number	5
	Access Rule	GET
	Data Type	WORD
	Group	DeviceLogix
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	65535
	Default Value	0

Bit																Function
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	Tripped
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	Warning
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	Running Fwd
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	Reserved
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	Ready
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	Net Ctl Status
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	Net Ref Status
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	At Speed
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Starting
—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Stopping
—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Bypass
—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Keypad Hand
—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	HOA Status
—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	140M On
—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Reserved
X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Contactors 2 ❶



Refers to source brake contactor status.







<b>Starter Command</b>  The parameter provides the status of the starter command.	Parameter Number	7
	Access Rule	GET
	Data Type	WORD
	Group	DeviceLogix
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	255
	Default Value	0

Bit								Function:
7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	Run Fwd
—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	Reserved
—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	Fault Reset
—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	Reserved
—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	Reserved
—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	Reserved
—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	User Out A
X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	User Out B

<b>Network Override</b>  This parameter allows for the local logic to override a Network fault 0 = Disable 1 = Enable	Parameter Number	8
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	DeviceLogix
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0

<b>Comm Override</b>  This parameter allows for local logic to override the absence of an I/O connection 0 = Disable 1 = Enable	Parameter Number	9
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	DeviceLogix
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0



## DeviceNet Group

<b>Autobaud Enable</b>  When this parameter is enabled, the device will attempt to determine the network baud rate and set its baud rate to the same, provided network traffic exists. At least one node with an established baud rate must exist on the network for autobaud to occur. 0 = Disable 1 = Enable	Parameter Number	10
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	DeviceNet
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	1

<b>Consumed I/O Assy</b>  This parameter selects the format of the I/O data consumed. Enter a Consumed I/O assembly instance number to select a data format.	Parameter Number	11
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	USINT
	Group	DeviceNet
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	187
	Default Value	160

<b>Produced I/O Assy</b>  This parameter selects the format of the I/O data produced. Enter a Produces I/O assembly instance number to select a data format.	Parameter Number	12
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	USINT
	Group	DeviceNet
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	190
	Default Value	161

<b>Prod Assy Word 0</b>  This parameter is used to build bytes 0-1 for produced assembly 120	Parameter Number	13
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	USINT
	Group	DeviceNet
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	116
	Default Value	1



<b>Produced Assy Word 1</b>  This parameter is used to build bytes 2-3 for produced assembly 120	Parameter Number	14
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	USINT
	Group	DeviceNet
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	116
	Default Value	4

<b>Prod Assy Word 2</b>  This parameter is used to build bytes 4-5 for produced assembly 120	Parameter Number	15
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	USINT
	Group	DeviceNet
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	116
	Default Value	5

<b>Prod Assy Word 3</b>  This parameter is used to build bytes 6-7 for produced assembly 120	Parameter Number	16
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	USINT
	Group	DeviceNet
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	116
	Default Value	6

<b>Consumed I/O Size</b>  This parameter reflects the consumed I/O data size in bytes.	Parameter Number	17
	Access Rule	GET
	Data Type	USINT
	Group	DeviceNet
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	8
	Default Value	2

<b>Produced I/O Size</b>  This parameter reflects the produced I/O data size in bytes.	Parameter Number	18
	Access Rule	GET
	Data Type	USINT
	Group	DeviceNet
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	8
	Default Value	2







<b>Net Out COS Mask</b>  This parameter sets the bits that will trigger a COS message when network outputs change state.	Parameter Number	20
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	WORD
	Group	DeviceNet
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	32767
	Default Value	0

Bit															Function
14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	Net Output 0
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	Net Output 1
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	Net Output 2
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	Net Output 3
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	Net Output 4
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	Net Output 5
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	Net Output 6
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Net Output 7
—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Net Output 8
—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Net Output 9
—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Net Output 10
—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Net Output 11
—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Net Output 12
—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Net Output 13
X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Net Output 14

<b>Dnet Voltage</b>  This parameter provides the voltage measurement for the DeviceNet network	Parameter Number	21
	Access Rule	GET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	DeviceNet
	Units	xx.xx Volts
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	6500
	Default Value	0

## Starter Protection Group

<b>Breaker Type</b>  This parameter identifies the Bulletin 140M used in this product 0 = 140M-D8N-C10 1 = 140M-D8N-C25	Parameter Number	22
	Access Rule	GET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	Starter Protection
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0



<b>PrFit Reset Mode</b>  This parameter configures the Protection Fault reset mode.  0= Manual 1= Automatic	Parameter Number	23
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	Starter Protection
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0

<b>Pr Fault Enable</b>  This parameter enables the Protection Fault by setting the bit to 1	Parameter Number	24
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	WORD
	Group	Starter Protection
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	16383
	Default Value	8195

Bit																Function
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	Short Circuit
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	Overload
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	Phase Loss
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	Shorted SCR
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	Phase Rotation
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	Control Power
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	I/O Fault
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Overtemperature
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Phase Imbalance
—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Dnet Power Loss ❶
—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Internal Com
—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	SCR Heatsink Temp
—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Eeprom
—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	HW Fault
—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Reserved
X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Misc Fault

❶ Not available on the Bulletin 283A.



<b>Pr Fault Reset</b>  This parameter resets the Protection Fault on a transition of 0-->1.	Parameter Number	25
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	Starter Protection
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0

<b>StrtrDN FitState</b>  This parameter in conjunction with Parameter 27 defines how the starter will respond when a DeviceNet fault occurs. When set to "1", hold to last state occurs. When set to "0", will go to DnFit Value on DN faults as determined by Parameter 27.	Parameter Number	26
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	Starter Protection
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0

<b>StrtrDN FitValue</b>  This parameter determines how the starter will be commanded in the event of a Device Net fault. 0 = OFF 1 = ON	Parameter Number	27
	Access Rule	GET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	Starter Protection
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0

<b>StrtrDN IdlState</b>  This parameter in conjunction with Parameter 29 defines how the starter will respond when a DeviceNet network is idle. When set to "1", hold to last state occurs. When set to "0", will go to DnIdl Value on DN idle as determined by Parameter 29.	Parameter Number	28
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	Starter Protection
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0

<b>StrtrDN IdlValue</b>  This parameter determines the state that starter assumes when the network is idle and Parameter 28 is set to "0" 0 = OFF 1 = ON	Parameter Number	29
	Access Rule	GET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	Starter Protection
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0



<b>Last PR Fault</b> 0 = None 1 = Hardware Short Circuit 2 = Software Short Circuit 3 = Motor Overload 4 = SMC Motor OL 5 = Phase Loss 6 – 10 = Reserved 11 = Shorted SCR 12 = Phase Rotation 13 = Control Power Loss 14 = Control Power Fuse 15 = I/O Short 16 = Output Fuse 17 = Overtemp 18 = Reserved 19 = Phase Imbalance 20 = Reserved 21 = DNet Power Loss 22 = Internal Comm 23 = Reserved 24 = Heatsink Over Temp 25-26 = Reserved 27 = MCB EEPROM 28 = Base EEPROM 29 = Reserved 30 = Wrong Base 31 = Wrong CTs 32-38 = Reserved 39 = Source Broke 40 = Reserved	Parameter Number	61
	Access Rule	GET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Starter Protection
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	40
	Default Value	0



<b>Warning Status</b>  This parameter warns the user of a condition, without faulting	Parameter Number	62
	Access Rule	GET
	Data Type	WORD
	Group	Starter Protection Setup
	Units	-
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	65535
	Default Value	0

Bit																Warning
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
															X	reserved
														X		reserved
													X			Phase Loss
												X				reserved
											X					reserved
										X						Control Power
									X							IO Warning
								X								reserved
							X									Phase Imbalance
						X										DeviceNet ❶
					X											reserved
				X												reserved
			X													reserved
		X														Hardware
	X															reserved
X																reserved

❶ Not available with the Bulletin 283A.

## User I/O Group

<b>Off-to-On Delay</b>  This parameter allows the installer to program a time duration before an input is reported "ON"	Parameter Number	30 ❶
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	User I/O
	Units	ms
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	65.000
	Default Value	0

❶ Not available with the Bulletin 283A.



<b>On-to-Off Delay</b>  This parameter allows the installer to program a time duration before an input is reported "OFF"	Parameter Number	31 ❶
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	User I/O
	Units	ms
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	65.000
	Default Value	0

<b>In Sink/Source</b>  This parameter allows the installer to program the inputs to be sink or source.  0=Sink 1=Source	Parameter Number	32 ❶
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	User I/O
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0

❶ Not available on the Bulletin 283A.

<b>OutA Pr FitState</b>  This parameter in conjunction with Parameter 34 defines how Output A will respond when a protection trip occurs. When set to "1", Output A continues to operate as command via the network. When set to "0", Output A will open or close as determined by setting in Parameter 34	Parameter Number	33
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	User I/O
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0

<b>OutA Pr FitValue</b>  This parameter determines the state the Out A assumes when a trip occurs and Parameter 33 is set to "0" 0 = Open 1 = Close	Parameter Number	34
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	User I/O
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0



<b>OutA DN FitState</b> This parameter in conjunction with Parameter 36 defines how Output A will respond when a DeviceNet network fault occurs. When set to “1”, Output A will hold state prior to trip occurrence. When set to “0”, Output A will open or close as determined by setting in Parameter 36	Parameter Number	35
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	User I/O
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0

<b>OutA DN FitValue</b>  This parameter determines the state that Output A assumes when a DeviceNet network fault occurs and Parameter 35 is set to “0” 0 = Open 1 = Close	Parameter Number	36
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	User I/O
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0

<b>OutA DN IdlState</b> This parameter in conjunction with Parameter 38 defines how Output A will respond when the DeviceNet network is idle. When set to “0”, Output A will open or close as determined by the setting in Parameter 38. The DN Fit parameters supersede the Dn Idl parameters	Parameter Number	37
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	User I/O
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0

<b>OutA DN IdlValue</b>  This parameter determines the state that Output A assumes when the network is idle and Parameter 37 is set to “0” 0 = Open 1 = Close	Parameter Number	38
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	User I/O
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0

<b>OutB Pr FitState</b> This parameter in conjunction with Parameter 40 defines how Output B will respond when a protection trip occurs. When set to “1”, Output B continue to operate as command via the network. When set to “0”, Output B will open or close as determined by setting in Parameter 40	Parameter Number	39
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	User I/O
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0



<b>OutB Pr FltValue</b>  This parameter determines the state the Out B assumes when a protection trip occurs and Parameter 39 is set to "0" 0 = Open 1 = Close	Parameter Number	40
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	User I/O
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0

<b>OutB DN FltState</b>  This parameter in conjunction with Parameter 42 defines how Output B will respond when a DeviceNet network fault occurs. When set to "1", Output B will hold state prior to trip occurrence. When set to "0", Output B will open or close as determined by setting in Parameter 42	Parameter Number	41
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	User I/O
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0

<b>OutB DN FltValue</b>  This parameter determines the state that Output B assumes when a DeviceNet network fault occurs and Parameter 41 is set to "0" 0 = Open 1 = Close	Parameter Number	42
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	User I/O
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0

<b>OutB DN IdlState</b>  This parameter in conjunction with Parameter 44 defines how Output B will respond when the DeviceNet network is idle. When set to "0", Output B will open or close as determined by the setting in Parameter 44. The DN Flt parameters supersede the Dn Idl parameters	Parameter Number	43
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	User I/O
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0

<b>OutB DN IdlValue</b>  This parameter determines the state that Output B assumes when the network is idle and Parameter 43 is set to "0" 0 = Open 1 = Close	Parameter Number	44
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	User I/O
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0



**Misc. Group**

<b>Keypad Mode</b>  This parameter selects if the keypad operation is maintained or momentary  0= Maintained 1= Momentary	Parameter Number	45
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	Misc.
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0

<b>Keypad Disable</b>  This parameter disables all keypad function except for the “OFF” and “RESET” buttons  0=Not Disabled 1=Disabled	Parameter Number	46
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	Misc.
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0

<b>Set to Defaults</b>  This parameter if set to 1 will set the device to the factory defaults  0=No Operation 1=Set to Defaults	Parameter Number	47
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	Misc.
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0

<b>Base Enclosure</b>  Indicates the ArmorStart Base unit enclosure rating  Bit 0 = IP67 Bit 1 = NEMA 4X Bit 2-15 = Reserved	Parameter Number	56
	Access Rule	GET
	Data Type	WORD
	Group	Misc.
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	65535
	Default Value	0



<b>Base Options</b>  Indicates the options for the ArmorStart Base unit  Bit 0 = Output Fuse Bit 1 = Safety Monitor Bit 2 = CP Fuse Detect Bits 3-7 = Reserved Bit 8 = 10A Base Bit 9 = 25A Base Bit 10-15 = Reserved	Parameter Number	57
	Access Rule	GET
	Data Type	WORD
	Group	Misc.
	Units	—
	MinimumValue	0
	Maximum Value	65535
	Default Value	0
<b>Wiring Options</b>  Bit 0 = Conduit Bit 1 = Round Media Bits 2-15 = Reserved	Parameter Number	58
	Access Rule	GET
	Data Type	WORD
	Group	Misc.
	Units	—
	MinimumValue	0
	Maximum Value	65535
	Default Value	0
<b>Starter Enclosure</b>  Bit 0 = IP67 Bit 1 = NEMA 4X Bits 2-15 reserved	Parameter Number	59
	Access Rule	GET
	Data Type	WORD
	Group	Misc.
	Units	—
	MinimumValue	0
	Maximum Value	65535
	Default Value	0
<b>Starter Option</b>  Bit 0 = HOA Keypad Bit 1 = Safety Monitor Bit 2 = Source Brake Bits 4-15 = Reserved	Parameter Number	60
	Access Rule	GET
	Data Type	WORD
	Group	Misc.
	Units	—
	MinimumValue	0
	Maximum Value	66535
	Default Value	—



## ZIP Parameters

<b>AutoRun Zip</b>  Enables ZIP data production on power up  0=Disable 1=Enable	Parameter Number	67
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	ZIP Parameters
	Units	
	MinimumValue	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0
<b>Zone Produced EPR</b>  The Expected Packet Rate in msec. Defines the rate at which ZIP data is produced. Defaults to 75 msec.	Parameter Number	68
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	ZIP Parameters
	Units	msec
	MinimumValue	0
	Maximum Value	65535
	Default Value	75
<b>Zone Produced PIT</b>  The Production Inhibit Time in msec. Defines the minimum time between Change of State data production	Parameter Number	69
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	ZIP Parameters
	Units	msec
	MinimumValue	0
	Maximum Value	65535
	Default Value	75
<b>Zone #1 MAC ID</b>  The node address of the device whose data is to be consumed for zone 1	Parameter Number	70
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	USINT
	Group	ZIP Parameters
	Units	—
	MinimumValue	0
	Maximum Value	64
	Default Value	64
<b>Zone #2 MAC ID</b>  The node address of the device whose data is to be consumed for zone 2	Parameter Number	71
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	USINT
	Group	ZIP Parameters
	Units	—
	MinimumValue	0
	Maximum Value	64
	Default Value	64



<b>Zone #3 MAC ID</b>  The node address of the device whose data is to be consumed for zone 3	Parameter Number	72
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	USINT
	Group	ZIP Parameters
	Units	—
	MinimumValue	0
	Maximum Value	64
	Default Value	64
<b>Zone #4 MAC ID</b>  The node address of the device whose data is to be consumed for zone 4	Parameter Number	73
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	USINT
	Group	ZIP Parameters
	Units	—
	MinimumValue	0
	Maximum Value	64
	Default Value	64
<b>Zone #1 Health</b>  Read Only consumed connection status for zone 1  0 = Healthy 1 = Unhealthy	Parameter Number	74
	Access Rule	GET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	ZIP Parameters
	Units	—
	MinimumValue	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0
<b>Zone #2 Health</b>  Read Only consumed connection status for zone 2  0 = Healthy 1 = Unhealthy	Parameter Number	75
	Access Rule	GET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	ZIP Parameters
	Units	—
	MinimumValue	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0
<b>Zone #3 Health</b>  Read Only consumed connection status for zone 3  0 = Healthy 1 = Unhealthy	Parameter Number	76
	Access Rule	GET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	ZIP Parameters
	Units	—
	MinimumValue	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0



<b>Zone #4 Health</b>  Read Only consumed connection status for zone 4  0 = Healthy 1 = Unhealthy	Parameter Number	77
	Access Rule	GET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	ZIP Parameters
	Units	—
	MinimumValue	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0
<b>Zone #1 Mask</b>  Bit enumerated consumed data mask for zone 1. Each bit represents a byte in consumed data up to 8 bytes in length. If a mask bit is set, the corresponding consumed data byte is placed in the DeviceLogix data table	Parameter Number	78
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BYTE
	Group	ZIP Parameters
	Units	—
	MinimumValue	0
	Maximum Value	255
	Default Value	0
<b>Zone #2 Mask</b>  Bit enumerated consumed data mask for zone 2. Each bit represents a byte in consumed data up to 8 bytes in length. If a mask bit is set, the corresponding consumed data byte is placed in the DeviceLogix data table	Parameter Number	79
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BYTE
	Group	ZIP Parameters
	Units	—
	MinimumValue	0
	Maximum Value	255
	Default Value	0
<b>Zone #3 Mask</b>  Bit enumerated consumed data mask for zone 3. Each bit represents a byte in consumed data up to 8 bytes in length. If a mask bit is set, the corresponding consumed data byte is placed in the DeviceLogix data table	Parameter Number	80
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BYTE
	Group	ZIP Parameters
	Units	—
	MinimumValue	0
	Maximum Value	255
	Default Value	0
<b>Zone #4 Mask</b>  Bit enumerated consumed data mask for zone 4. Each bit represents a byte in consumed data up to 8 bytes in length. If a mask bit is set, the corresponding consumed data byte is placed in the DeviceLogix data table	Parameter Number	81
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BYTE
	Group	ZIP Parameters
	Units	—
	MinimumValue	0
	Maximum Value	255
	Default Value	0



<b>Zone #1 Offset</b>  The byte offset into the ZIP data portion of the DeviceLogix data table to place the chosen consumed data bytes for zone 1.	Parameter Number	82
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	ZIP Parameters
	Units	—
	MinimumValue	0
	Maximum Value	7
	Default Value	0
<b>Zone #2 Offset</b>  The byte offset into the ZIP data portion of the DeviceLogix data table to place the chosen consumed data bytes for zone 2.	Parameter Number	83
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UNIT
	Group	ZIP Parameters
	Units	—
	MinimumValue	0
	Maximum Value	7
	Default Value	0
<b>Zone #3 Offset</b>  The byte offset into the ZIP data portion of the DeviceLogix data table to place the chosen consumed data bytes for zone 3.	Parameter Number	84
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UNIT
	Group	ZIP Parameters
	Units	—
	MinimumValue	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0
<b>Zone #4 Offset</b>  The byte offset into the ZIP data portion of the DeviceLogix data table to place the chosen consumed data bytes for zone 4.	Parameter Number	85
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UNIT
	Group	ZIP Parameters
	Units	—
	MinimumValue	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0
<b>Zone #1 EPR</b>  The Expected Packet Rate in msec. for the zone 1 consuming connection. If consumed data is not received in 4 times this value, the zone connection will time out and “Zone #1 Health” will report 1 = Not Healthy.	Parameter Number	86
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	ZIP Parameters
	Units	msec
	MinimumValue	0
	Maximum Value	65535
	Default Value	75



<b>Zone #2 EPR</b>  The Expected Packet Rate in msec. for the zone 1 consuming connection. If consumed data is not received in 4 times this value, the zone connection will time out and "Zone #2 Health" will report 1 = Not Healthy.	Parameter Number	87
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UNIT
	Group	ZIP Parameters
	Units	msec
	MinimumValue	0
	Maximum Value	65535
	Default Value	75

<b>Zone #3 EPR</b>  The Expected Packet Rate in msec. for the zone 1 consuming connection. If consumed data is not received in 4 times this value, the zone connection will time out and "Zone #3 Health" will report 1 = Not Healthy.	Parameter Number	88
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UNIT
	Group	ZIP Parameters
	Units	msec
	MinimumValue	0
	Maximum Value	65535
	Default Value	75

<b>Zone #4 EPR</b>  The Expected Packet Rate in msec. for the zone 1 consuming connection. If consumed data is not received in 4 times this value, the zone connection will time out and "Zone #4 Health" will report 1 = Not Healthy.	Parameter Number	89
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UNIT
	Group	ZIP Parameters
	Units	msec
	MinimumValue	0
	Maximum Value	65535
	Default Value	75

<b>Zone #1 Control</b>  Zone 1 Control Word. Default Bit 0 and Bit 1 set, all other bits clear. Bit0=Security Enable 1=Enable data security Bit1=COS Cnxn 1=Consume DNet Group 2 COS messages Bit2=Poll Cnxn 1=Consume DNet Group 2 Poll Response msgs. Bit3=Strobe Cnxn 1=Consume DNet Group 2 Strobe Response msgs. Bit4=Multicast Poll 1=Consume Multicast Poll Response messages.	Parameter Number	90
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BYTE
	Group	ZIP Parameters
	Units	—
	MinimumValue	0
	Maximum Value	255
	Default Value	3

<b>Zone #2 Control</b>  Zone 2 Control Word. Default Bit 0 and Bit 1 set, all other bits clear. Bit0=Security Enable 1=Enable data security Bit1=COS Cnxn 1=Consume DNet Group 2 COS messages Bit2=Poll Cnxn 1=Consume DNet Group 2 Poll Response msgs. Bit3=Strobe Cnxn 1=Consume DNet Group 2 Strobe Response msgs. Bit4=Multicast Poll 1=Consume Multicast Poll Response messages	Parameter Number	91
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BYTE
	Group	ZIP Parameters
	Units	—
	MinimumValue	0
	Maximum Value	225
	Default Value	3



<b>Zone #3 Control</b>  Zone 3 Control Word. Default Bit 0 and Bit 1 , all other bits clear. Bit0=Security Enable 1=Enable data security Bit1=COS Cnxn 1=Consume DNet Group 2 COS messages Bit2=Poll Cnxn 1=Consume DNet Group 2 Poll Response msgs. Bit3=Strobe Cnxn 1=Consume DNet Group 2 Strobe Response msgs. Bit4=Multicast Poll 1=Consume Multicast Poll Response messages	Parameter Number	92
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BYTE
	Group	ZIP Parameters
	Units	—
	MinimumValue	0
	Maximum Value	225
	Default Value	3

<b>Zone #4 Control</b>  Zone 3 Control Word. Default Bit 0 and Bit 1 set, all other bits clear. Bit0=Security Enable 1=Enable data security Bit1=COS Cnxn 1=Consume DNet Group 2 COS messages Bit2=Poll Cnxn 1=Consume DNet Group 2 Poll Response msgs. Bit3=Strobe Cnxn 1=Consume DNet Group 2 Strobe Response msgs. Bit4=Multicast Poll 1=Consume Multicast Poll Response messages	Parameter Number	93
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BYTE
	Group	ZIP Parameters
	Units	—
	MinimumValue	0
	Maximum Value	3
	Default Value	3

<b>Zone #1 Key</b>  When the “Security Enable” bit for zone 1 is enabled, this value must match the value of the Device Value Key parameter in the device whose data is being consumed for zone 1.	Parameter Number	94
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	ZIP Parameters
	Units	—
	MinimumValue	0
	Maximum Value	65535
	Default Value	0

<b>Zone #2 Key</b>  When the “Security Enable” bit for zone 2 is enabled, this value must match the value of the Device Value Key parameter in the device whose data is being consumed for zone 2.	Parameter Number	95
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	ZIP Parameters
	Units	—
	MinimumValue	0
	Maximum Value	65535
	Default Value	0

<b>Zone #3 Key</b>  When the “Security Enable” bit for zone 3 is enabled, this value must match the value of the Device Value Key parameter in the device whose data is being consumed for zone 3.	Parameter Number	96
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	ZIP Parameters
	Units	-
	MinimumValue	0
	Maximum Value	65535
	Default Value	0



<b>Zone #4 KEY</b>  When the “Security Enable” bit for zone 4 is enabled, this value must match the value of the Device Value Key parameter in the device whose data is being consumed for zone 4	Parameter Number	97
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	ZIP Parameters
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	65535
	Default Value	0

<b>Device Value Key</b>  This value is produced in the last 2 bytes of data when one of the ZIP assemblies is chosen for data production.	Parameter Number	98
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	ZIP Parameters
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	65535
	Default Value	0

<b>Zone Ctrl Enable</b>  Global enable for ZIP peer-to-peer messaging. This parameter must be disabled before any changes to the ZIP configuration for the device can be made. 0=Disable 1=Enable	Parameter Number	99
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	ZIP Parameters
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	65535
	Default Value	0

## Soft Start Display

<b>Phase A Current</b>  This parameter provides the current of Phase A measured in increments of 1/10 <sup>th</sup> of an ampere	Parameter Number	101
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	INT
	Group	Soft Start Display
	Units	xx.x A
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	32767
	Default Value	0

<b>Phase B Current</b>  This parameter provides the current of Phase B measured in increments of 1/10 <sup>th</sup> of an ampere	Parameter Number	102
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	INT
	Group	Soft Start Display
	Units	xx.x A
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	32767
	Default Value	0



<b>Phase C Current</b>  This parameter provides the current of Phase C measured in increments of 1/10 <sup>th</sup> of an ampere	Parameter Number	103
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	INT
	Group	Soft Start Display
	Units	xx.x Amps
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	32767
	Default Value	0

<b>Average Current</b>  This parameter provides the average current measured in increments of 1/10 <sup>th</sup> of an ampere	Parameter Number	104
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	INT
	Group	Soft Start Display
	Units	xx.x Amps
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	32767
	Default Value	0

<b>% Therm Utilized</b>  This parameter displays the % Thermal Capacity used	Parameter Number	105
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	USINT
	Group	Soft Start Display
	Units	% FLA
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	100
	Default Value	0

<b>Overload Class</b>  This parameter allows the installer to select the overload class  1= Overload Class 10	Parameter Number	107
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	INT
	Group	Soft Start Display Setup
	Units	Amps
	Minimum Value	1
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	1

## Soft Start Setup

<b>FLA Setting</b>  The motor's full load current rating is programmed in this parameter	Parameter Number	106
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	INT
	Group	Soft Start Setup
	Units	A
	Minimum Value	See Table 3.2
	Maximum Value	See Table 3.2
	Default Value	See Table 3.2



**Table 4.2 FLA Setting Ranges and Default Values (with indicated setting precision)**

FLA Current Range (A)		Default Value
Minimum Value	Maximum Value	
1.1	3.0	1.1
3.0	5.5	3.0
5.3	7.6	5.3
6.3	16.0	6.3

<b>OL Reset Level</b>  This parameter allows the installer select the % Thermal Capacity which an overload can be cleared	Parameter Number	108
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	USINT
	Group	Soft Start Setup
	Units	% FLA
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	100
	Default Value	75

<b>Start Time ❶</b>  This parameter allows the installer to select the start time of 1...45 seconds	Parameter Number	109
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	USINT
	Group	Soft Start Setup
	Units	Sec
	Minimum Value	1
	Maximum Value	45
	Default Value	10

❶ Recommended maximum start time is 15 seconds.

<b>Start Mode</b>  This parameter allows the installer to select either soft stop or current limit  1= Current Limit 0= Soft Start	Parameter Number	110
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	Soft Start Setup
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0

<b>Current Limit ❷</b>  This parameter allows the installer to select the value of the current limit setting of 150...600% of the full load amps	Parameter Number	111
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Soft Start Setup
	Units	% of Motor FLA
	Minimum Value	150
	Maximum Value	600
	Default Value	350

❷ Recommended maximum current limit setting is 350%.



<b>Initial Torque ❶</b>  This parameter allows the installer to select the initial torque value to full voltage. The initial torque value is adjustable 0...90% of locked rotor torque.	Parameter Number	112
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	USINT
	Group	Soft Start Setup
	Units	% of LRT
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	90
	Default Value	60

❶ Recommended maximum initial torque setting is 65%.

<b>Soft Stop Time ❷</b>  The Soft Stop function can be used with applications that require an extended coast to rest. When enabled, the voltage ramp down time can be selected from 0...90 seconds. The motor will stop when the motor voltage drops to a point where the load torque is greater than the motor torque.	Parameter Number	113
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	USINT
	Group	Soft Start Setup
	Units	Sec
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	90
	Default Value	0

❷ Recommended maximum soft stop time is 45 seconds.

<b>Kick Start</b>  A kickstart, or boost, at the beginning of the start mode is intended to provide a current pulse of 450% of full load current. The kickstart time is adjustable from 0.0...1.5 seconds. This allows the motor to develop additional torque at start for loads which may need a boost to get you started.	Parameter Number	114
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	USINT
	Group	Soft Start Setup
	Units	0.0 Sec
	Minimum Value	0.0
	Maximum Value	1.5
	Default Value	0.0

<b>SCR Temp Reset Mode</b>  The SMC-3 monitors the SCR temperature by means of internal thermistors. When the power poles maximum rated temperature is reached, the microcomputer switches off the SMC and a Heat Sink Temperature fault is indicated via LED.  0= Manual 1= Auto Reset	Parameter Number	115
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	Soft Start Setup
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0



<b>Phase Rotation</b>  When enabled the 3-phase input power will be verified before starting. If input power phasing is detected to be incorrect, the start will be aborted and a fault indicated.  0= Disabled 1= Enabled	Parameter Number	116
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	Soft Start Setup
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0



## Bulletin 284 Programmable Parameters for Volts per Hertz Controllers

This chapter describes each programmable parameter and its function for Bulletin 284 Volts per Hertz Controllers.

### Parameter Programming

Each Distributed Motor Controller type will have a common set of parameters followed by a set of parameters that pertain to the individual starter type.

Refer to *Chapter 8, DeviceNet™ Commissioning*, for instructions in using RSNetWorx™ for DeviceNet™ to modify parameter settings.

Refer to *Chapter 11, ArmorStart® to ArmorPoint® Connectivity*, for instructions to modify parameter settings when using the Bulletin 284A with the ArmorPoint® distributed I/O products.

**Important:** Resetting the Factory Default Values Parameter 47, *Set to Defaults*, allows the installer to reset all parameter to the factory default values. It also resets the MAC ID to its factory default after DeviceNet Power is cycled if switches are set >63.

**Important:** Parameter setting changes downloaded to the ArmorStart® take effect immediately, even during a running status.

**Important:** Parameter setting changes made in a configuration tool such as RSNetworx for DeviceNet do not take effect in the ArmorStart until the installer applies or downloads the new settings to the device.

### Parameter Group Listing

The Bulletin 284D ArmorStart contains ten parameter groups. The parameters shown in the DeviceLogix™ Setup, DeviceNet Setup, Starter Protection Setup, User I/O Setup, Misc. Parameter Setup, Drive DeviceNet, ZIP Parameters, Display Group, Basic Program, and Advanced Program are discussed in this chapter.



Table 5.A Parameter Group Listing

DeviceLogix	DeviceNet	Starter Protection	User I/O	Miscellaneous	Drive DeviceNet
<b>1</b> Hdw Inputs <b>2</b> Network Inputs <b>3</b> Network Outputs <b>4</b> Trip Status <b>5 Starter</b> Status <b>6</b> DNet Status <b>7</b> Starter Command <b>8</b> Network Override <b>9</b> Comm Override	<b>10</b> Autobaud Enable <b>11</b> Consumed IO Assy <b>12</b> Produced IO Assy <b>13</b> Prod Assy Word 0 <b>14</b> Prod Assy Word 1 <b>15</b> Prod Assy Word 2 <b>16</b> Prod Assy Word 3 <b>17</b> Consumed IO Size <b>18</b> Produced IO Size <b>19</b> Starter COS Mask <b>20</b> Net Out COS Mask <b>21</b> DNet Voltage	<b>22</b> Breaker Type <b>23</b> PrFitResetMode <b>24</b> Pr Fault Enable <b>25</b> Pr Fault Reset <b>26</b> StrtrDN FitState <b>27</b> StrtrDN FitValue <b>28</b> StrtrDN IdlState <b>29</b> StrtrDN IdlValue <b>61</b> Last Pr Fault <b>62</b> Warning Status	<b>30</b> Off-to-On Delay <b>31</b> On-to-Off Delay <b>32</b> In Sink/Source <b>33</b> OutA Pr FitState <b>34</b> OutA Pr FitValue <b>35</b> OutA DN FitState <b>36</b> OutA DN FitValue <b>37</b> OutA DN IdlState <b>38</b> OutA DN IdlValue <b>39</b> OutB Pr FitState <b>40</b> OutB Pr FitValue <b>41</b> OutB DN FitState <b>42</b> OutB DN FitValue <b>43</b> OutB DN IdlState <b>44</b> OutB DN IdlValue	<b>45</b> Keypad Mode <b>46</b> Keypad Disable <b>47</b> Set To Defaults <b>56</b> Base Enclosure <b>57</b> Base Option <b>58</b> Wiring Option <b>59</b> Starter Enclosure <b>60</b> Starter Option	<b>48</b> Drive Control <b>49</b> Drvin PrFitState <b>50</b> Drvin PrFitValue <b>51</b> Drvin DNFitState <b>52</b> Drvin DNFitValue <b>53</b> Drvin DNFitState <b>54</b> Drvin DNFitValue <b>55</b> High Speed En
ZIP Parameters		Display Group	Basic Program	Advanced Program	
<b>67</b> AutoRun Zip <b>68</b> Zone Produced EPR <b>69</b> Zone Produced PIT <b>70</b> Zone #1 MacId <b>71</b> Zone #2 MacId <b>72</b> Zone #3 MacId <b>73</b> Zone #4 MacId <b>74</b> Zone #1 Health <b>75</b> Zone #2 Health <b>76</b> Zone #3 Health <b>77</b> Zone #4 Health <b>78</b> Zone #1 Mask <b>79</b> Zone #2 Mask <b>80</b> Zone #3 Mask <b>81</b> Zone #4 Mask <b>82</b> Zone #1 Offset <b>83</b> Zone #2 Offset	<b>84</b> Zone #3 Offset <b>85</b> Zone #4 Offset <b>86</b> Zone #1 EPR <b>87</b> Zone #2 EPR <b>88</b> Zone #3 EPR <b>89</b> Zone #4 EPR <b>90</b> Zone #1 Control <b>91</b> Zone #2 Control <b>92</b> Zone #3 Control <b>93</b> Zone #4 Control <b>94</b> Zone #1 Key <b>95</b> Zone #2 Key <b>96</b> Zone #3 Key <b>97</b> Zone #4 Key <b>98</b> Device Value Key <b>99</b> Zone Ctrl Enable	<b>101</b> Output Freq <b>102</b> Commanded Freq <b>103</b> Output Current <b>104</b> Output Voltage <b>105</b> DC Bus Voltage <b>106</b> Drive Status <b>107</b> Fault 1 Code <b>108</b> Fault 2 Code <b>109</b> Fault 3 Code <b>110</b> Process Display <b>112</b> Control Source <b>113</b> Contrl In Status <b>114</b> Dig In Status <b>115</b> Comm Status <b>116</b> Control SW Ver <b>117</b> Drive Type <b>118</b> Elapsed Run Time <b>119</b> Testpoint Data <b>120</b> Analog In 0...10V <b>121</b> Analog In 4...20 mA <b>122</b> Reserved <b>123</b> Reserved <b>124</b> Drive Temp	<b>131</b> Motor NP Volts <b>132</b> Motor NP Hertz <b>133</b> Motor OL Current <b>134</b> Minimum Freq <b>135</b> Maximum Freq <b>136</b> Start Source <b>137</b> Stop Mode <b>138</b> Speed Reference <b>139</b> Accel Time 1 <b>140</b> Decel Time 1 <b>141</b> Reset To Defaults <b>142</b> Reserved <b>143</b> Motor OL Ret	<b>151</b> Digital In1 Sel <b>152</b> Digital In2 Sel <b>153</b> Digital In3 Sel <b>154</b> Digital In4 Sel <b>155</b> Relay Out Sel <b>156</b> Relay Out Level <b>157</b> Relay Out LevelF <b>158</b> Reserved <b>159</b> Reserved <b>160</b> Reserved <b>161</b> Reserved <b>162</b> Reserved <b>163</b> Reserved <b>164</b> Reserved <b>165</b> Reserved <b>166</b> Reserved <b>167</b> Accel Time 2 <b>168</b> Decel Time 2 <b>169</b> Internal Freq <b>170</b> Preset Freq 0 <b>171</b> Preset Freq 1 <b>172</b> Preset Freq 2 <b>173</b> Preset Freq 3 <b>174</b> Reserved <b>175</b> Reserved <b>176</b> Reserved <b>177</b> Reserved <b>178</b> Jog Frequency <b>179</b> Jog Accel/Decel <b>180</b> DC Brake Time <b>181</b> DC Brake Level <b>182</b> DB Resistor Sel <b>183</b> S Curve %	<b>184</b> Boost Select <b>185</b> Reserved <b>186</b> Reserved <b>187</b> Reserved <b>188</b> Maximum Voltage <b>189</b> Current Limit 1 <b>190</b> Motor OL Select <b>191</b> PWM Frequency <b>192</b> Auto Rstrt Tries <b>193</b> Auto Rstrt Delay <b>194</b> Start At PowerUp <b>195</b> Reverse Disable <b>196</b> Flying Start En <b>197</b> Compensation <b>198</b> SW Current Trip <b>199</b> Process Factor <b>200</b> Fault Clear <b>201</b> Program Lock <b>202</b> Testpoint Sel <b>203</b> Comm Data Rate <b>204</b> Comm Node Addr <b>205</b> Comm Loss Action <b>206</b> Comm Loss Time <b>207</b> Comm Format <b>208</b> Language Set <b>209</b> Reserved <b>210</b> Anlg In 0...10V Lo <b>211</b> Anlg In 0...10V Hi <b>212</b> Anlg In 4...20 mA Lo <b>213</b> Anlg In4...20 mA Hi <b>214</b> Slip Hertz @ FLA <b>215</b> Process Time Lo <b>216</b> Process Time Hi



This parameter provides status of hardware inputs.

Parameter Number	1 ❶
Access Rule	GET
Data Type	WORD
Group	DeviceLogix
Units	—
Minimum Value	0
Maximum Value	15
Default Value	0

Bit				Function
3	2	1	0	
—	—	—	X	Input 0
—	—	X	—	Input 1
—	X	—	—	Input 2
X	—	—	—	Input 3

This parameter provides status of network inputs.

Parameter Number	2
Access Rule	GET
Data Type	WORD
Group	DeviceLogix
Units	—
Minimum Value	0
Maximum Value	65535
Default Value	0

[illegible]



[illegible]



<b>Trip Status</b> This parameter provides trip identification.	Parameter Number	4
	Access Rule	GET
	Data Type	WORD
	Group	DeviceLogix Setup
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	65535
	Default Value	0

Bit																Function
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	Short Circuit
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	Overload
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	Phase Short
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	Ground Fault
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	Stall
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	Control Power
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	IO Fault
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Overtemperature
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Over Current
—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Dnet Power Loss ❶
—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Internal Comm ❷
—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	DC Bus Fault
—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	EEprom
—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	HW Fault
—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Restart Retries
X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Misc. Fault

❶ Not available on Bulletin 284A units.

❷ Indicates DB1 Comm Fault for Bulletin 284



<b>Starter Status</b> This parameter provides the status of the starter.	Parameter Number	5
	Access Rule	GET
	Data Type	WORD
	Group	DeviceLogix
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	65535
	Default Value	0

Bit																Function
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	Tripped
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	Warning
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	Running Fwd
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	Running Rev
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	Ready
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	Net Ctl Status
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	Net Ref Status
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	At Reference
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	DrvOpto1
—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	DrvOpto2
—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Keypad Jog
—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Keypad Hand
—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	HOA Status
—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	140M On
—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Contactors 1 ❶
X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Contactors 2 ❷

❶ Refers to Source Brake contactor status.

❷ Refers to Output contactor status.







<b>Network Override</b> This parameter allows for the local logic to override a Network fault. 0 = Disable 1 = Enable	Parameter Number	8
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	DeviceLogix
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0
<b>Comm Override</b> This parameter allows for local logic to override a loss of an I/O connection. 0 = Disable 1 = Enable	Parameter Number	9
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	DeviceLogix
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0



## DeviceNet Group

<b>Autobaud Enable</b> When this parameter is enabled, the device will attempt to determine the network baud rate and set its baud rate to the same, provided network traffic exists. At least one node with an established baud rate must exist on the network for autobaud to occur. 0 = Disable 1 = Enable	Parameter Number	10
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	DeviceNet
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	1
<b>Consumed I/O Assy</b> This parameter selects the format of the I/O data consumed	Parameter Number	11
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	USINT
	Group	DeviceNet
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	188
	Default Value	164
<b>Produced I/O Assy</b> This parameter selects the format of the I/O data produced.	Parameter Number	12
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	USINT
	Group	DeviceNet
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	190
	Default Value	165
<b>Prod Assy Word 0</b> This parameter is used to build bytes 0-1 for produced assembly 120.	Parameter Number	13
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	INT
	Group	DeviceNet
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	216
	Default Value	1
<b>Produced Assy Word 1</b> This parameter is used to build bytes 2-3 for produced assembly 120	Parameter Number	14
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	INT
	Group	DeviceNet
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	216
	Default Value	4



<b>Prod Assy Word 2</b> This parameter is used to build bytes 4-5 for produced assembly 120.	Parameter Number	15
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	USINT
	Group	DeviceNet
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	216
	Default Value	5
<b>Prod Assy Word 3</b> This parameter is used to build bytes 6-7 for produced assembly 120.	Parameter Number	16
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	USINT
	Group	DeviceNet
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	216
	Default Value	6
<b>Consumer I/O Size</b> This parameter maps to the Scanner Tx Size.	Parameter Number	17
	Access Rule	GET
	Data Type	USINT
	Group	DeviceNet
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	8
	Default Value	4
<b>Produced I/O Size</b> This parameter maps to the Scanners Rx Size.	Parameter Number	18
	Access Rule	GET
	Data Type	USINT
	Group	DeviceNet
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	8
	Default Value	4



<b>Starter COS Mask</b> This parameter allows the installer to define the change-of-state conditions that will result in a change-of-state message being produced.	Parameter Number	19
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	WORD
	Group	DeviceNet
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	16383
	Default Value	16383

Bit														Function
13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	Tripped
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	Warning
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	Running Fwd
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	Running Rev
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	Ready
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	Net Ctl Status
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	Net Ref Status
—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	At Reference
—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	User Input 1 ❶
—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	User Input 2 ❶
—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	User Input 3 ❶
—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	User Input 4 ❶
—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	HOA Status
X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	140M On

❶ Reserved for Bulletin 284A units.



<b>Net Out COS Mask</b> This parameter sets the bit that will trigger a COS message on the network output.	Parameter Number	20
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	WORD
	Group	DeviceNet
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	32767
	Default Value	0

Bit															Function
14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	Net Output 0
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	Net Output 1
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	Net Output 2
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	Net Output 3
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	Net Output 4
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	Net Output 5
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Net Output 6
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	Net Output 7
—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Net Output 8
—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Net Output 9
—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Net Output 10
—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Net Output 11
—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Net Output 12
—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Net Output 13
X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Net Output 14

<b>Dnet Voltage</b> This parameter provides the voltage measurement for the DeviceNet network.	Parameter Number	21
	Access Rule	GET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	DeviceNet
	Units	V
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	6500
	Default Value	0



## Starter Protection Group

<b>Breaker Type</b> This parameter identifies the Bulletin 140M used in this product. 0 = 140M-D8N-C10 1 = 140M-D8N-C25	Parameter Number	22
	Access Rule	GET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	Starter Protection
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	—

<b>PrFit Reset Mode</b> This parameter is the Protection Fault reset mode. 0 = Manual 1 = Automatic	Parameter Number	23
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	Starter Protection
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0

<b>Pr Fault Enable</b> This parameter enables the Protection Fault by setting the bit to 1.	Parameter Number	24
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	WORD
	Group	Starter Protection
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	65535
	Default Value	64927

[illegible]



<b>Pr Fault Reset</b> This parameter resets the Protection Fault on a transition 0 > 1.	Parameter Number	25
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	Starter Protection
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0
<b>StrtrDN FltState</b> This parameter in conjunction with Parameter 27 defines how the starter will respond when a DeviceNet fault occurs. When set to 1, hold to last state occurs. When set to 0, will go to DnFlt Value on DN faults as determined by Parameter 27.	Parameter Number	26
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	Starter Protection
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0
<b>StrtrDN FltValue</b> This parameter determines if the starter will be commanded in the event of a DeviceNet fault and Parameter 26 is set to 0. 0 = OFF 1 = ON	Parameter Number	27
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	Starter Protection
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0
<b>StrtrDN IdlState</b> This parameter in conjunction with Parameter 29 defines how the starter will respond when a DeviceNet network is idle. When set to 1, hold to last state occurs. When set to 0, will go to DnFlt Value on DN faults as determined by Parameter 29. 0 = Go to Idle Value 1 = Hold Last State	Parameter Number	28
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	Starter Protection
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0
<b>StrtrDN IdlValue</b> This parameter determines the state that starter assumes when the network is idle and Parameter 28 is set to 0. 0 = OFF 1 = ON	Parameter Number	29
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	Starter Protection
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0



<b>Last PR Fault</b>  1 =Hdw Short Ckt 2 = Reserved 3 =Motor Overload (PF Fault Code 7) 4 =Drive Overload (PF Fault Code 64) 5 = Phase U to Gnd (PF Fault Code 38) 6 = Phase V to Gnd (PF Fault Code 39) 7 = Phase W to Gnd (PF Fault Code 40) 8 = Phase UV Short (PF4 Fault Code 41) 9 = Phase UW Short (PF Fault Code 42) 10 = Phase VW Short (PF Fault Code 43) 11 = Ground Fault (PF Fault Code 13) 12 = Stall (PF Fault Code 6) 13 = Control Pwr Loss 14 = Control Pwr Fuse 15 = Input Short 16 = Output Fuse 17 = Over Temp 18 = Heatsink OvrTmp (PF Fault Code 8) 19 = HW OverCurrent (PF Fault Code 12) 20 = SW OverCurrent (PF Fault Code 63) 21 = DNet Power Loss 22 = Internal Comm 23 = Drive Comm Loss (PF Fault Code 81) 24 = Power Loss (PF Fault Code 3) 25 = Under Voltage (PF Fault Code 4) 26 = Over Voltage (PF Fault Code 5) 27 = MCB EEPROM 28 = Base EEPROM 29 =Drive EEPROM (PF Fault Code 100) 30 = Wrong Base 31 = Fan RPM 32 = Power Unit (PF Fault Code 70) 33 = Drive IO Brd (PF Fault Code 122) 34 = Restart Retries (PF Fault Code 33) 35 = Drive Aux In Flt (PF Fault Code 2) 36 = Analog Input (PF Fault Code 29) 37 = Drv Param Reset (PF Fault Code 48) 38 = SCV Autotune (PF Fault Code 80) 39 = Source Brake 40 = Reserved 41 = DB1 Comm 42 = DB1 Fault	Parameter Number	61
	Access Rule	GET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Starter Protection
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	45
	Default Value	0

<b>Warning Status</b> This parameter warns the user of a condition, without faulting	Parameter Number	62
	Access Rule	GET
	Data Type	WORD
	Group	Starter Protection
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	65535
	Default Value	0



Bit																Warning
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
															X	Reserved
														X		Reserved
													X			Reserved
												X				Reserved
											X					Reserved
										X						Control Power
									X							IO Warning
								X								Reserved
							X									Phase Imbalance
						X										DeviceNet ❶
					X											Reserved
				X												Reserved
			X													Reserved
		X														Hardware
	X															Reserved
X																Reserved

❶

Not available on Bulletin 284A units.

## User I/O Group

<b>Off-to-On Delay</b> This parameter allows the installer to program a time duration before being reported ON.	Parameter Number	30 ❶
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	User I/O
	Units	ms
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	65.000
	Default Value	0
<b>On-to-Off Delay</b> This parameter allows the installer to program a time duration before being reported OFF.	Parameter Number	31 ❶
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	User I/O
	Units	ms
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	65.000
	Default Value	0



<b>In Sink/Source</b> This parameter allows the installer to program the inputs to be sink or source. 0 = Sink 1 = Source	Parameter Number	32 ❶
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	User I/O
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0

❶ Not available on Bulletin 284A units. .

<b>OutA Pr FltState</b> This parameter in conjunction with Parameter 34 defines how Output A will respond when a trip. When set to 1, Output A continue to operate as command via the network. When set to 0, Output A will open or close as determined by setting in Parameter 34.	Parameter Number	33
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	User I/O
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0

<b>OutA Pr FltValue</b> This parameter determines the state the Out A assumes when a trip occurs and Parameter 33 is set to 0. 0 = Open 1 = Close	Parameter Number	34
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	User I/O
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0

<b>OutA DN FltState</b> This parameter in conjunction with Parameter 36 defines how Output A will respond when a DeviceNet network fault occurs. When set to 1, Output A will hold state prior to trip occurrence. When set to 0, Output A will open or close as determined by setting in Parameter 36.	Parameter Number	35
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	User I/O
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0

<b>OutA DN FltValue</b> This parameter determines the state that Output A assumes when a DeviceNet network fault occurs and Parameter 35 is set to 0. 0 = Open 1 = Close	Parameter Number	36
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	User I/O
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0



<b>OutA DN IdlState</b> This parameter in conjunction with Parameter 38 defines how Output A will respond when the DeviceNet network is idle. When set to 0, Output A will open or close as determined by the setting in Parameter 38. The DN Flt parameters supersede the Dn Idl parameters.	Parameter Number	37
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	User I/O
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0
<b>OutA DN IdlValue</b> This parameter determines the state that Output A assumes when the network is idle and Parameter 37 is set to 0. 0 = Open 1 = Closed	Parameter Number	38
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	User I/O
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0
<b>OutB Pr FltState</b> This parameter in conjunction with Parameter 40 defines how Output B will respond when a trip. When set to 1, Output B continue to operate as command via the network. When set to 0, Output B will open or close as determined by setting in Parameter 40.	Parameter Number	39
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	User I/O
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0
<b>OutB Pr FltValue</b> This parameter determines the state the Out B assumes when a trip occurs and Parameter 39 is set to 0. 0 = Open 1 = Close	Parameter Number	40
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	User I/O
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0
<b>OutB DN FltState</b> This parameter in conjunction with Parameter 42 defines how Output B will respond when a DeviceNet network fault occurs. When set to 1, Output B will hold state prior to trip occurrence. When set to 0, Output B will open or close as determined by setting in Parameter 42.	Parameter Number	41
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	User I/O
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0



<b>OutB DN FltValue</b> This parameter determines the state that Output B assumes when a DeviceNet network fault occurs and Parameter 41 is set to 0. 0 = Open 1 = Close	Parameter Number	42
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	User I/O
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0
<b>OutB DN IdlState</b> This parameter in conjunction with Parameter 44 defines how Output B will respond when the DeviceNet network is idle. When set to 0, Output B will open or close as determined by the setting in Parameter 44. The DN Flt parameters supersede the Dn Idl parameters.	Parameter Number	43
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	User I/O
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0
<b>OutB DN IdlValue</b> This parameter determines the state that Output B assumes when the network is idle and Parameter 43 is set to 0. 0 = Open 1 = Close	Parameter Number	44
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	User I/O
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0



## Miscellaneous Group

<b>Keypad Mode</b> This parameter selects if the keypad operation is maintained or momentary. 0 = Maintained 1 = Momentary	Parameter Number	45
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	Misc.
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0
<b>Keypad Disable</b> This parameter disables all keypad function except for the OFF and RESET buttons. 0 = Not Disabled 1 = Disabled	Parameter Number	46
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	Misc.
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0
<b>Set to Defaults</b> This parameter if set to 1 will set the device to the factory defaults. 0 = No Operation 1 = Set to Defaults	Parameter Number	47
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	Misc.
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0
<b>Base Enclosure</b>  Indicates the ArmorStart Base unit enclosure rating  0 = IP67 1 = Nema 4X 2-15 = Reserved	Parameter Number	56
	Access Rule	GET
	Data Type	WORD
	Group	Misc.
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	
	Default Value	0
<b>Base Options</b>  Indicates the options for the ArmorStart Base unit  Bit 0 = Output Fuse Bit 1 = Safety Monitor Bit 2 = CP Fuse Detect Bits 3-7 = Reserved Bit 8 = 10A Base Bit 9 = 25A Base Bit 10-15 = Reserved	Parameter Number	57
	Access Rule	GET
	Data Type	WORD
	Group	Misc.
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	
	Default Value	0



<b>Wiring Options</b>  Bit 0 = Conduit Bit 1 = Round Media Bits 2-15 = Reserved	Parameter Number	58
	Access Rule	GET
	Data Type	WORD
	Group	Misc.
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	
	Default Value	0
<b>Starter Enclosure</b>  Bit 0 = IP67 Bit 1 = NEMA 4x Bits 2-15 reserved	Parameter Number	59
	Access Rule	GET
	Data Type	WORD
	Group	Misc.
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	65535
	Default Value	0
<b>Starter Option</b>  Bit 0 = HOA Keypad Bit 1 = Safety Monitor Bit 2 = Source Brake Bit 3 = Control Brake Bit 4 = Dynamic Brake Bit 5 = Output Contactor Bit 6 = EMI Filter Bit 7 = 0-10V Analog In Bits 8-15 = Reserved	Parameter Number	60
	Access Rule	GET
	Data Type	WORD
	Group	Misc.
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	66535
	Default Value	0



## Drive DeviceNet Group

<b>Drive Control</b> This parameter provides the status of drive parameters.	Parameter Number	48
	Access Rule	GET
	Data Type	WORD
	Group	Drive DeviceNet
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	4095
	Default Value	0

Bit												Function
11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	Accel 1 En
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	Accel 2 En
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	Decel 1 En
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	Decel 3 En
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	Freq Sel 0
—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	Freq Sel 1
—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	Freq Sel 2
—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Reserved
—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Drv In 1
—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Drv In 2
—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Drv In 3
X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Drv In 4

<b>Drvin PrFitState</b> This parameter, in conjunction with Parameter 50, defines how the Drive Digital Inputs 1...2 will respond when a protection trip occurs. When set to 1, Drive Digital Inputs 1...2 continue to operate as command via the network. When set to 0, Drive Digital Inputs 1...4 (Parameters 151...154) will open or close as determined by setting in Parameter 50. 0 = Go to PrFit Value 1 = Ignore PrFit	Parameter Number	49
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	Drive DeviceNet
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0

<b>Drvin PrFitValue</b> This parameter determines the state of Drive Digital Inputs 1...2, assumes when a trip occurs and Parameter 49 is set to 0. 0 = Open 1 = Close	Parameter Number	50
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	Drive DeviceNet
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0



<b>Drvin DNFitState</b> This parameter, in conjunction with Parameter 52, defines how the Drive Digital Inputs 1...2 will respond when a DeviceNet fault occurs. When set to 1, Drive Digital Inputs 1...2 hold last state occurs. When set to 0, will go to DnFit Value on DN faults as determined by Parameter 52. 0 = Go to Fault Value 1 = Hold Last State	Parameter Number	51
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	Drive DeviceNet
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0
<b>Drvin DNFit Value</b> This parameter determines if the drive will be commanded in the event of a DeviceNet fault. 0 = OFF 1 = ON	Parameter Number	52
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	Drive DeviceNet
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0
<b>Drvin DNIdlState</b> This parameter, in conjunction with Parameter 54, defines how the Drive Digital Input 1...2 will respond when a DeviceNet network is idle. When set to 1, hold to last state occurs. When set to 0, will go to DnFit Value on DN faults as determined by Parameter 54. 0 = Go to Fault Value 1 = Hold Last State	Parameter Number	53
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	Drive DeviceNet
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0
<b>StrtrDN IdlValue</b> This parameter determines the state that Digital Inputs 1...2 assume when the network is idle and Parameter 53 is set to 0. 0 = OFF 1 = ON	Parameter Number	54
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	Drive DeviceNet
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0



## ZIP Parameters

<b>AutoRun Zip</b>  Enables ZIP data production on power up  0=Disable 1=Enable	Parameter Number	67
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	ZIP Parameters
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0
<b>Zone Produced EPR</b>  The Expected Packet Rate in msec. Defines the rate of at which ZIP data is produced. Defaults to 75 msec.	Parameter Number	68
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	ZIP Parameters
	Units	msec
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	65535
	Default Value	75
<b>Zone Produced PIT</b>  The Production Inhibit Time in msec. Defines the minimum time between Change of State data production	Parameter Number	69
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	ZIP Parameters
	Units	msec
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	65535
	Default Value	75
<b>Zone #1 MAC ID</b>  The node address of the device whose data is to be consumed for zone 1. When set to the value 64, data consumption is disabled. .	Parameter Number	70
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	USINT
	Group	ZIP Parameters
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	64
	Default Value	64
<b>Zone #2 MAC ID</b>  The node address of the device whose data is to be consumed for zone 2. When set to the value 64, data consumption is disabled.	Parameter Number	71
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	USINT
	Group	ZIP Parameters
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	64
	Default Value	64



<b>Zone #3 MAC ID</b>  The node address of the device whose data is to be consumed for zone 3. When set to the value 64, data consumption is disabled.	Parameter Number	72
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	USINT
	Group	ZIP Parameters
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	64
	Default Value	64
<b>Zone #4 MAC ID</b>  The node address of the device whose data is to be consumed for zone 4. When set to the value 64, data consumption is disabled.	Parameter Number	73
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	USINT
	Group	ZIP Parameters
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	64
	Default Value	64
<b>Zone #1 Health</b>  Read Only consumed connection status for zone 1  0 = Healthy 1 = Unhealthy	Parameter Number	74
	Access Rule	GET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	ZIP Parameters
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0
<b>Zone #2 Health</b>  Read Only consumed connection status for zone 2  0 = Healthy 1 = Unhealthy	Parameter Number	75
	Access Rule	GET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	ZIP Parameters
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0
<b>Zone #3 Health</b>  Read Only consumed connection status for zone 3  0 = Healthy 1 = Unhealthy	Parameter Number	76
	Access Rule	GET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	ZIP Parameters
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0



<b>Zone #4 Health</b>  Read Only consumed connection status for zone 4  0 = Healthy 1 = Unhealthy	Parameter Number	77
	Access Rule	GET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	ZIP Parameters
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0
<b>Zone #1 Mask</b>  Bit enumerated consumed data mask for zone 1. Each bit represents a byte in consumed data up to 8 bytes in length. If a mask bit is set, the corresponding consumed data byte is placed in the DeviceLogix data table	Parameter Number	78
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BYTE
	Group	ZIP Parameters
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	255
	Default Value	0
<b>Zone #2 Mask</b>  Bit enumerated consumed data mask for zone 2. Each bit represents a byte in consumed data up to 8 bytes in length. If a mask bit is set, the corresponding consumed data byte is placed in the DeviceLogix data table	Parameter Number	79
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BYTE
	Group	ZIP Parameters
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	255
	Default Value	0
<b>Zone #3 Mask</b>  Bit enumerated consumed data mask for zone 3. Each bit represents a byte in consumed data up to 8 bytes in length. If a mask bit is set, the corresponding consumed data byte is placed in the DeviceLogix data table	Parameter Number	80
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BYTE
	Group	ZIP Parameters
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	255
	Default Value	0
<b>Zone #4 Mask</b>  Bit enumerated consumed data mask for zone 4. Each bit represents a byte in consumed data up to 8 bytes in length. If a mask bit is set, the corresponding consumed data byte is placed in the DeviceLogix data table	Parameter Number	81
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BYTE
	Group	ZIP Parameters
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	255
	Default Value	0



<b>Zone #1 Offset</b>  The byte offset into the ZIP data portion of the DeviceLogix data table to place the chosen consumed data bytes for zone 1.	Parameter Number	82
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	ZIP Parameters
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	7
	Default Value	0
<b>Zone #2 Offset</b>  The byte offset into the ZIP data portion of the DeviceLogix data table to place the chosen consumed data bytes for zone 2.	Parameter Number	83
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UNIT
	Group	ZIP Parameters
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	7
	Default Value	0
<b>Zone #3 Offset</b>  The byte offset into the ZIP data portion of the DeviceLogix data table to place the chosen consumed data bytes for zone 3.	Parameter Number	84
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UNIT
	Group	ZIP Parameters
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0
<b>Zone #4 Offset</b>  The byte offset into the ZIP data portion of the DeviceLogix data table to place the chosen consumed data bytes for zone 4.	Parameter Number	85
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UNIT
	Group	ZIP Parameters
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0
<b>Zone #1 EPR</b>  The Expected Packet Rate in msec. for the zone 1 consuming connection. If consumed data is not received in 4 times this value, the zone connection will time out and “Zone #1 Health” will report 1 = Not Healthy.	Parameter Number	86
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	ZIP Parameters
	Units	msec
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	65535
	Default Value	75



<b>Zone #2 EPR</b>  The Expected Packet Rate in msec. for the zone 1 consuming connection. If consumed data is not received in 4 times this value, the zone connection will time out and "Zone #2 Health" will report 1 = Not Healthy.	Parameter Number	87
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UNIT
	Group	ZIP Parameters
	Units	msec
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	65535
	Default Value	75
<b>Zone #3 EPR</b>  The Expected Packet Rate in msec. for the zone 1 consuming connection. If consumed data is not received in 4 times this value, the zone connection will time out and "Zone #3 Health" will report 1 = Not Healthy.	Parameter Number	88
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UNIT
	Group	ZIP Parameters
	Units	msec
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	65535
	Default Value	75
<b>Zone #4 EPR</b>  The Expected Packet Rate in msec. for the zone 1 consuming connection. If consumed data is not received in 4 times this value, the zone connection will time out and "Zone #4 Health" will report 1 = Not Healthy.	Parameter Number	89
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UNIT
	Group	ZIP Parameters
	Units	msec
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	65535
	Default Value	75
<b>Zone #1 Control</b>  Zone 1 Control Word. Default Bits 0 and 1 set, all other bits clear. Bit0=Security Enable 1=Enable data security Bit1=COS Cnxn 1=Consume DNet Group 2 COS messages Bit2=Poll Cnxn 1=Consume DNet Group 2 Poll Response msgs. Bit3=Strobe Cnxn 1=Consume DNet Group 2 Strobe Response msgs. Bit4=Multicast Poll 1=Consume Multicast Poll Response messages.	Parameter Number	90
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BYTE
	Group	ZIP Parameters
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	65535
	Default Value	75
<b>Zone #2 Control</b>  Zone 2 Control Word. Default Bits 0 and 1 set, all other bits clear. Bit0=Security Enable 1=Enable data security Bit1=COS Cnxn 1=Consume DNet Group 2 COS messages Bit2=Poll Cnxn 1=Consume DNet Group 2 Poll Response msgs. Bit3=Strobe Cnxn 1=Consume DNet Group 2 Strobe Response msgs. Bit4=Multicast Poll 1=Consume Multicast Poll Response messages	Parameter Number	91
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BYTE
	Group	ZIP Parameters
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	3
	Default Value	3



<b>Zone #3 Control</b>  Zone 3 Control Word. Default Bits 0 and 1 set, all other bits clear. Bit0=Security Enable 1=Enable data security Bit1=COS Cnxd 1=Consume DNet Group 2 COS messages Bit2=Poll Cnxd 1=Consume DNet Group 2 Poll Response msgs. Bit3=Strobe Cnxd 1=Consume DNet Group 2 Strobe Response msgs. Bit4=Multicast Poll 1=Consume Multicast Poll Response messages	Parameter Number	92
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BYTE
	Group	ZIP Parameters
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	3
	Default Value	3
<b>Zone #4 Control</b>  Zone 3 Control Word. Default Bits 0 and 1 set, all other bits clear. Bit0=Security Enable 1=Enable data security Bit1=COS Cnxd 1=Consume DNet Group 2 COS messages Bit2=Poll Cnxd 1=Consume DNet Group 2 Poll Response msgs. Bit3=Strobe Cnxd 1=Consume DNet Group 2 Strobe Response msgs. Bit4=Multicast Poll 1=Consume Multicast Poll Response messages	Parameter Number	93
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BYTE
	Group	ZIP Parameters
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	3
	Default Value	3
<b>Zone #1 Key</b>  When the “Security Enable” bit for zone 1 is enabled, this value must match the value of the Device Value Key parameter in the device whose data is being consumed for zone 1.	Parameter Number	94
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	ZIP Parameters
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	65535
	Default Value	0
<b>Zone #2 Key</b>  When the “Security Enable” bit for zone 1 is enabled, this value must match the value of the Device Value Key parameter in the device whose data is being consumed for zone 2.	Parameter Number	95
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	ZIP Parameters
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	65535
	Default Value	0
<b>Zone #3 Key</b>  When the “Security Enable” bit for zone 1 is enabled, this value must match the value of the Device Value Key parameter in the device whose data is being consumed for zone 3.	Parameter Number	96
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	ZIP Parameters
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	65535
	Default Value	0



<b>Zone #4 KEY</b>  When the “Security Enable” bit for zone 1 is enabled, this value must match the value of the Device Value Key parameter in the device whose data is being consumed for zone 4	Parameter Number	97
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	ZIP Parameters
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	65535
	Default Value	0
<b>Device Value Key</b>  This value is produced in the last 2 bytes of data when one of the ZIP assemblies is chosen for data production.	Parameter Number	98
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	ZIP Parameters
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	65535
	Default Value	0
<b>Zone Ctrl Enable</b>  Global enable for ZIP peer-to-peer messaging. This parameter must be disabled before any changes to the ZIP configuration for the device can be made. 0=Disable 1=Enable	Parameter Number	99
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	ZIP Parameters
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0



## Display Group

<b>Output Freq</b> Output frequency present at T1, T2, T3.	Parameter Number	101
	Related Parameters	102, 110, 134, 135, 138
	Access Rule	GET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Display Group
	Units	0.1 Hz
	Minimum Value	0.0
	Maximum Value	240.0 Hz
	Default Value	Read Only
<b>Commanded Freq</b> Value of the active frequency command. Displays the commanded frequency even if the drive is not running.	Parameter Number	102
	Related Parameters	101, 113, 134, 135, 138
	Access Rule	GET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Display Group
	Units	0.1 Hz
	Minimum Value	0.0
	Maximum Value	240.0 Hz
	Default Value	Read Only
<b>Output Current</b> Output Current present at T1, T2, T3.	Parameter Number	103
	Access Rule	GET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Display Group
	Units	0.01
	Minimum Value	0.00
	Maximum Value	Drive rated amps x 2
	Default Value	Read Only
<b>Output Voltage</b> Output Current present at T1, T2, T3.	Parameter Number	104
	Related Parameters	131, 184, 188
	Access Rule	GET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Display Group
	Units	1V AC
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	230V, 460V, or 600V AC
	Default Value	Read Only
<b>DC Bus Voltage</b> Present DC Bus voltage level.	Parameter Number	105
	Access Rule	GET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Display Group
	Units	1V DC
	Minimum Value	Based on Drive Rating
	Maximum Value	
	Default Value	Read Only



<b>Drive Status</b> Present operating condition of the drive. Bit 0 = running Bit 1 = Forward Bit 2 = Accelerating Bit 3 = Decelerating	Parameter Number	106
	Related Parameter	195
	Access Rule	GET
	Data Type	WORD
	Group	Display Group
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	Read Only
<b>Fault 1 Code</b> A code that represents drive fault. The code will appear in this parameter as the most recent fault that has occurred.	Parameter Number	107
	Access Rule	GET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Display Group
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	F122
	Maximum Value	F2
	Default Value	Read Only
<b>Fault 2 Code</b> A code that represents a drive fault. The code will appear in this parameter as the second most recent fault that has occurred.	Parameter Number	108
	Access Rule	GET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Display Group
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	F122
	Maximum Value	F2
	Default Value	Read Only
<b>Fault 3 Code</b> A code that represents a drive fault. The code will appear in this parameter as the third most recent fault that has occurred.	Parameter Number	109
	Access Rule	GET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Display Group
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	F122
	Maximum Value	F2
	Default Value	Read Only
<b>Process Display</b> The output frequency scaled by the process factor (Parameter 199).	Parameter Number	110
	Related Parameter	101, 199, 215, 216
	Access Rule	GET
	Data Type	LINT
	Group	Display Group
	Units	0.01...1
	Minimum Value	0.00
	Maximum Value	9999
	Default Value	Read Only





<b>Control Source</b> Displays the source of the Start Command and Speed Reference. Valid Start Commands for the Bulletin 284 ArmorStart are the following: 2 = 2-wire 3 = 2-wire Level Sensitive 4 = 2-wire High Speed 5 = RS485 (DSI) Port 9 = Jog Valid Speed Commands for the Bulletin 284 ArmorStart are the following: 1 = Internal Frequency 4 = Preset Freq X 5 = RS485 (DSI) port 9 = Jog Freq	Parameter Number	112
	Related Parameters	136, 138, 151, 152
	Access Rule	GET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Display Group
	Units	1
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	9
	Default Value	5
<b>Contrl In Status</b> Status of the control terminal block control inputs: Bit 0 = Start/Run FWD input Bit 1 = Direction/Run REV Input Bit 2 = Stop Input Bit 3 = Reserved	Parameter Number	113
	Related Parameters	102, 134, 135
	Access Rule	GET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Display Group
	Units	1
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	15
	Default Value	0
<b>Dig In Status</b> Status of the control terminal block digital inputs: Bit 0 = Digital IN 1 Sel Bit 1 = Digital IN 2 Sel Bit 2 = Reserved Bit 3 = Reserved	Parameter Number	114
	Related Parameters	151, 152
	Access Rule	GET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Display Group
	Units	1
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	15
	Default Value	0
<b>Comm Status</b> Status of communications ports: Bit 0 = Receiving Data Bit 1 = Transmitting Data Bit 2 = RS485 Bit 3 = Communication Error	Parameter Number	115
	Related Parameters	203...207
	Access Rule	GET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Display Group
	Units	1
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	15
	Default Value	0
<b>Control SW Ver</b> Main Control Board software version for AC Drive.	Parameter Number	116
	Access Rule	GET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Display Group
	Units	0.01
	Minimum Value	1.00
	Maximum Value	99.99
	Default Value	Read Only





<b>Drive Type</b> Used by Rockwell Automation field service personnel.	Parameter Number	117
	Access Rule	GET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Display Group
	Units	1
	Minimum Value	1001
	Maximum Value	9999
	Default Value	Read Only
<b>Elapsed Run Time</b> Accumulated time drive is outputting power. Time is displayed in 10 hour increments.	Parameter Number	118
	Access Rule	GET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Display Group
	Units	1 = 10 hrs
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	9999
	Default Value	Read Only
<b>Testpoint Data</b> The present value of the function selected in Parameter 202.	Parameter Number	119
	Related Parameter	202
	Access Rule	GET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Display Group
	Units	1 Hex
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	FFFF
	Default Value	Read Only
<b>Analog In 0...10V</b> This parameter is not available for use with the Bulletin 284 ArmorStart Distributed Motor Controller.	Parameter Number	120
<b>Analog In 4...20 mA</b> This parameter is not available for use with the Bulletin 284 ArmorStart Distributed Motor Controller.	Parameter Number	121
<b>Drive Temp</b> Present operating temperature of the drive power section.	Parameter Number	124
	Access Rule	GET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Display Group
	Units	1°C
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	120
	Default Value	Read Only




## Basic Program Group

<b>Motor NP Volts</b> Set to the motor nameplate rated volts.   Stop drive before changing this parameter.	Parameter Number	131
	Related Parameters	104, 184
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Basic Program Setup
	Units	1V AC
	Minimum Value	20
	Maximum Value	240V, 460V, or 600V AC
	Default Value	Based on Drive Rating
<b>Motor NP Hertz</b> Set to the motor nameplate rated frequency.   Stop drive before changing this parameter.	Parameter Number	132
	Related Parameters	184, 190
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Basic Program Setup
	Units	1 Hz
	Minimum Value	10
	Maximum Value	240
	Default Value	60 Hz
<b>Motor OL Current</b> Set to the maximum allowable current. The drive will fault on an F7 Motor Over load if the value of this parameter is exceeded by 150% for 60 seconds.	Parameter Number	133
	Related Parameters	155, 189, 190, 198, 214
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Basic Program Setup
	Units	0.1 A
	Minimum Value	0.0
	Maximum Value	Drive rated amps x 2
	Default Value	Based on Drive Rating
<b>Minimum Freq</b> Sets the lowest frequency the drive will output continuously.	Parameter Number	134
	Related Parameters	101, 102, 113, 135, 210, 212, 215
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Basic Program Setup
	Units	0.1 Hz
	Minimum Value	0.0
	Maximum Value	240
	Default Value	0.0




<b>Maximum Freq</b>   Stop drive before changing this parameter. Sets the Highest frequency the drive will output continuously.	Parameter Number	135
	Related Parameters	101, 102, 113, 134, 178, 211, 213, 215
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Basic Program Setup
	Units	0.1 Hz
	Minimum Value	0.0
	Maximum Value	240
	Default Value	60.0
<b>Start Source</b>   Stop drive before changing this parameter. Sets the control scheme used to start the Bulletin 284 ArmorStart. 2 = 2-wire 3 = 2-wire Level Sensitive 4 = 2-wire High Speed 5 = RS485 (DSI) Port	Parameter Number	136
	Related Parameters	112 and 137
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Basic Program Setup
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	5
	Default Value	5
<b>Stop Mode</b> Valid Stop Mode for the Bulletin 284 ArmorStart are the following: 0 = <b>Ramp, CF</b> Ramp to Stop. <b>Stop</b> command clears active fault. 1 = <b>Coast, CF</b> Coast to Stop. <b>Stop</b> command clears active fault. 2 = <b>DC Brake, CF</b> DC Injection Braking Stop. <b>Stop</b> command clears active fault. 3 = <b>DCBrkAuto, CF</b> DC injection Braking with Auto Shutoff. Standard DC Injection Braking for value set in Parameter 180 (DC Brake Time) or Drive shuts off if the drive detects that the motor is stopped. <b>Stop</b> command clears active fault 4 = <b>Ramp</b> Ramp to Stop 5 = <b>Coast</b> Coast to Stop 6 = <b>DC Brake</b> DC Injection Braking Stop 7 = <b>DC BrakeAuto</b> DC Injection Stop with Auto Shutoff. Standard DC Injection Braking for value set in Parameter 180 (DC Brake Time) or Drive shuts off if current limit is exceeded	Parameter Number	137
	Related Parameters	136, 180, 182, 205
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Basic Program Setup
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	7
	Default Value	0
<b>Speed Reference</b> Valid Speed References for the Bulletin 284 ArmorStart are the following: 1 = Internal Freq 4 = Preset Freq 5 = Comm port	Parameter Number	138
	Related Parameters	101, 102, 112, 139, 140, 151, 152, 169, 170...173, 210, 211, 213, 232
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Basic Program Setup
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	5
	Default Value	5



<b>Accel Time 1</b> Sets the rate of acceleration for all speed increases. $\frac{\text{Maximum Freq}}{\text{Accel Time}} = \text{Accel Rate}$	Parameter Number	139
	Related Parameters	138, 140, 151, 152, 167, 170...173
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Basic Program Setup
	Units	0.1 sec
	Minimum Value	0.0 sec
	Maximum Value	600.0 sec
	Default Value	10.0 sec
<b>Decel Time 1</b> Sets the rate of deceleration for all speed decreases. $\frac{\text{Maximum Freq}}{\text{Decel Time}} = \text{Decel Rate}$	Parameter Number	140
	Related Parameters	138, 139, 151, 152, 168, 170...173
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Basic Program Setup
	Units	0.1 sec
	Minimum Value	0.1 sec
	Maximum Value	600.0 sec
	Default Value	10.0 sec
<b>Reset To Defaults</b>  Stop drive before changing this parameter. Resets all parameter values to factory defaults. 0 = Ready/Idle (Default) 1 = Factory Rset	Parameter Number	141
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	Basic Program Group
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	1
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0
<b>Motor OL Ret</b> Enables/disables the Motor overload Retention function. When Enabled, the value held in the motor overload counter is saved at power-down and restored at power-up. A change to this parameter setting resets the counter. 0 = Disabled (Default) 1 = Enabled	Parameter Number	143
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	Basic Program Group
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0



## Advanced Program Group

<b>151 (Digital In 1 SEL)</b> <b>152 (Digital In 2 SEL)</b>   Stop drive before changing this parameter. Selects the function for the digital inputs.  See Table 5.B for details	Parameter Number	151, 152
	Related Parameters	112, 114, 138...140, 167, 168, 170...173, 178, 179
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Advanced Program Group
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	26
	Default Value	4

**Table 5.B Digital Inputs Options**

Options	Description	
0	<b>Not Used</b>	Terminal has no function but can be read over network communication via Parameter 114 (Dig In Status).
1	<b>Acc &amp; Dec2</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>When active, Parameter 167 (Accel Time 2) and Parameter 168 (Decel Time 2) are used for all ramp rates except Jog.</li> <li>Can only be tied to one input.</li> </ul>
2	<b>Jog</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>When input is present, drive accelerates according to the value set in Parameter 179 (Jog Accel/Decel) and ramps to the value set in Parameter 178 (Jog Frequency).</li> <li>When the input is removed, drive ramps to a stop according to the value set in Parameter 179 (Jog Accel/Decel).</li> <li>A valid <b>Start</b> command will override this input.</li> </ul>
3	<b>Aux Fault</b>	When enable, an F2 <b>Auxiliary Input</b> fault will occur when the input is removed.
4	<b>Preset Freq</b> (Parameters 151 and 152 Default)	Refer to Parameters 170...173 and 174...177.
5...25	<b>Not Used</b>	Reserved
26	<b>Anlg Invert</b>	Option not valid for Bulletin 284 ArmorStart Distributed Motor Controller



<b>155 (Relay Out Sel)</b> Sets the condition that changes the state of the output relay contacts.  See Table 5.C for details	Parameter Number	155
	Related Parameters	133, 156, 192
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Advanced Program Group
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	21
	Default Value	6

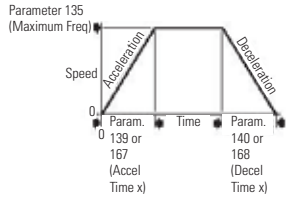
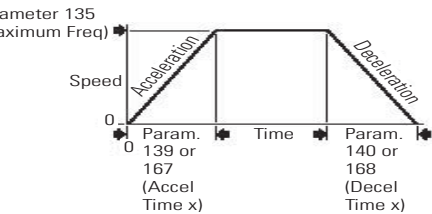
**Table 5.C Relay Out Sel Options**

Options	Description	
0	<b>Ready/Fault</b> (Default)	Relay changes state when power is applied. This indicates the drive is ready for operation. Relay returns drive to shelf state when power is removed or a fault occurs.
1	At Frequency	Drive reached commanded frequency.
2	MotorRunning	Motor is receiving power from drive.
3	Reverse	Drive is commanded to run in reverse direction.
4	Motor Overld	Motor overload condition exists.
5	Ramp Reg	Ramp regulator is modifying the programmed accel/decel times to avoid overcurrent or overvoltage fault from occurring.
6	Above Freq	Drive exceeds the frequency (Hz) value set in Parameter 156 (Relay Out Level) Use Parameter 156 to set threshold.
7	Above Cur	Drive exceeds the current (% Amps) value set in Parameter 156 (Relay Out Level) Use Parameter 156 to set threshold.
8	Above DCVolt	Drive exceeds the DC bus voltage value set in Parameter 156 (Relay Out Level). Use Parameter 156 to set threshold.
9	Retries Exst	Value set in Parameter 192 (Auto Rstrt Tries) is exceeded.
10	Above Anlg V	Option not valid for Bulletin 284 ArmorStart.
11...19	Not Used	Reserved
20	ParamControl	Enables the output to be controlled over the network communications by writing to Parameter 156 (Relay Out Level) (0 = Off, 1 = ON).
21	NonRec Fault	Value set in Parameter 192 (Auto Rstrt Tries) is exceeded.

<b>Relay Out Level</b> Sets the trip point for the digital output relay if the value of Parameter 155 (Relay Out Sel) is 6, 7, 8, 10, 16, 17, 18, or 20.		Parameter Number	156
		Related Parameters	155
		Access Rule	GET/SET
		Data Type	UINT
		Group	Advanced Program Group
		Units	0.1
		Minimum Value	0.0
		Maximum Value	9999
		Default Value	2.0

Parameter 155 Setting	Parameter 156 Min./Max.
6	0/400 Hz
7	0/180%
8	0/815V
10	0/100%
20	0/1



<b>Accel Time 2</b> When active, sets the rate of acceleration for all speed increases except for jog. $\frac{\text{Maximum Freq}}{\text{Accel Time}} = \text{Accel Rate}$ 	Parameter Number	167
	Related Parameters	139
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Advanced Program Group
	Units	0.1 sec
	Minimum Value	0.0
	Maximum Value	600.0
	Default Value	20.0
<b>Decel Time 2</b> When active, sets the rate of deceleration for all speed decreases except for jog. $\frac{\text{Maximum Freq}}{\text{Decel Time}} = \text{Decel Rate}$ 	Parameter Number	168
	Related Parameters	140
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Advanced Program Group
	Units	0.1 sec
	Minimum Value	0.0
	Maximum Value	600.0
	Default Value	20.0
<b>Internal Freq</b> Provide the frequency command to drive when Parameter 138 (Speed Reference) is set to 1 <b>Internal Freq</b> . When enabled, this parameter will change the frequency command in real time.	Parameter Number	169
	Related Parameters	138
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Advanced Program Group
	Units	0.1 Hz
	Minimum Value	0.0
	Maximum Value	240.0
	Default Value	60.0
<b>170 (Preset Freq 0) ❶</b> <b>171 (Preset Freq 1)</b> <b>172 (Preset Freq 2)</b> <b>173 (Preset Freq 3)</b>	Parameter Number	170...173
	Related Parameters	138, 139, 140, 151, 152, 167, 168
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Advanced Program Group
	Units	0.1 Hz
	Minimum Value	0.0
	Maximum Value	400.0
	Default Value	See Table 5.D

❶ To activate 170 (Preset Freq 0) set 138 (Speed Reference) to option 4 Preset Freq 0-3.



**Table 5.D 170...173 Preset Freq Options**

<b>Values</b> Provides a fixed frequency command value when 151...153 (Digital Inx Sel) is set to 4 Preset Frequencies.			170 Default ❶	0.0 Hz
			171 Default	5.0 Hz
			172 Default	10.0 Hz
			173 Default	20.0 Hz
			Min./Max.	0.0/400.0 Hz
			Display	0.1 Hz
Input State of Digital In 1 (I/O Terminal 05 when Parameter 151 = 4)	Input State of Digital In 2 (I/O Terminal 06 when Parameter 152 = 4)	Input State of Digital In 3 (I/O Terminal 07 when Parameter 153 = 4)	Frequency Source	Accel/Decel Parameter Used ❷
0	0	0	170 (Preset Freq 0)	(Accel Time 1)/(Decel Time 1)
1	0	0	171 (Preset Freq 1)	(Accel Time 1)/(Decel Time 1)
0	1	0	172 (Preset Freq 2)	(Accel Time 2)/(Decel Time 2)
1	1	0	173 (Preset Freq 3)	(Accel Time 2)/(Decel Time 2)

❶ To activate 170 (Preset Freq 0) set 138 (Speed Reference) to option 4 Preset Freq 0-3.

❷ When a Digital Input is set to Accel 2 & Decel 2, and the input is active, that input overrides the settings in this table.

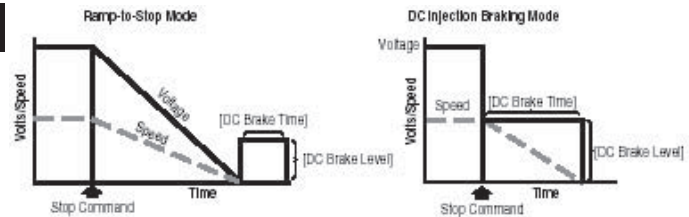
<b>Jog Frequency</b> Sets the output frequency when the jog command is issued.	Parameter Number	178
	Related Parameters	135, 151, 152, 179
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Advanced Program Group
	Units	0.1 Hz
	Minimum Value	0.0
	Maximum Value	240.0
	Default Value	10.0

<b>Jog Accel/Decel</b> Sets the acceleration and deceleration time when a jog command is issued.	Parameter Number	179
	Related Parameters	151, 152, 178
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Advanced Program Group
	Units	0.1 sec
	Minimum Value	0.1
	Maximum Value	600.0
	Default Value	10.0


<b>DC Brake Time</b> Sets the length of time that DC brake current is injected into the motor. Refer to Parameter 181 DC Brake Level.	Parameter Number	180
	Related Parameters	137, 181
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Advanced Program Group
	Units	0.1 sec
	Minimum Value	0.0
	Maximum Value	90.0
	Default Value	0.0



<b>DC Brake Level</b> Defines the maximum DC brake current, in amps, applied to the motor when Parameter 137 (Stop Mode) is set to either <b>Ramp</b> or <b>DC Brake</b> .	Parameter Number	181
	Related Parameters	137, 180
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Advanced Program Group
	Units	0.1 A
	Minimum Value	0.0
	Maximum Value	Drive rated amps X 1.8
	Default Value	Drive rated amps X 0.05

**ATTENTION**

- If a hazard of injury due to movement of equipment or material exists, an auxiliary mechanical braking device must be used.
- This feature should not be used with synchronous or permanent magnet motors. Motors may be demagnetized during braking.

<b>DB Resistor Sel</b>   Stop drive before changing this parameter.  Enables/disables external dynamic braking.	Parameter Number	182
	Related Parameters	137
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Advanced Program Group
	Units	1
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	99
	Default Value	0

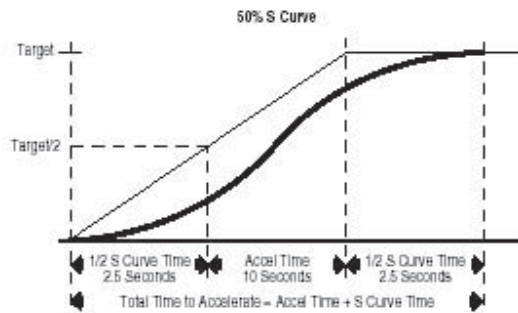
Setting	Min./Max.
0	Disabled
1	Normal RA Res (5% Duty Cycle)
2	No Protection (100% Duty Cycle)
3...99	x% Duty Cycle Limited (3...99% of Duty Cycle)



<b>S Curve %</b> Sets the percentage of acceleration or deceleration time that is applied to ramp as S Curve. Time is added, half at the beginning and half at the end of the ramp.	Parameter Number	183
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Advanced Program Group
	Units	1%
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	100
	Default Value	0% disabled

**Figure 5.1**

**Example:**  
Accel Time = 10 Seconds  
S Curve Setting = 50%  
S Curve Time =  $10 \times 0.5 = 5$  Seconds  
Total Time =  $10 + 5 = 15$  Seconds



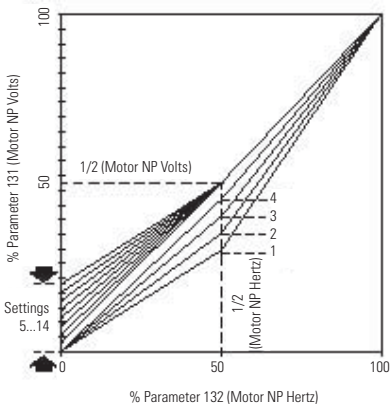


<b>Boost Select</b> Sets the boost voltage (% of Parameter 131 [Motor NP Volts]) and redefines the Volts per Hz curve. Active when Parameter 225 (Torque Perf Mode) = 0V/Hz Drive may add additional voltage unless Option 5 is selected.  See Table 5.E for details	Parameter Number	184
	Related Parameters	104, 131, 132
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Advanced Program Group
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	1
	Maximum Value	14
	Default Value	8

Table 5.E Boost Select Options

Options	Description	
1	30.0, VT	Variable Torque (Typical fan/pump curves)
2	35.0, VT	
3	40.0, VT	
4	45.0, VT	
5	0.0 no IR	
6	0.0	Constant Torque
7	2.5, CT (Default for 5 Hp/3.7 kW Drive)	
8	5.0, CT Default	
9	7.5,CT	
10	10.0,CT	
11	12.5,CT	
12	15.0,CT	
13	17.5,CT	
14	20.0,CT	

Figure 5.2





<b>Maximum Voltage</b> Sets the highest voltage the drive will output.	Parameter Number	188
	Related Parameters	104
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Advanced Program Group
	Units	1V AC
	Minimum Value	20V AC
	Maximum Value	Drive Rated Volts
	Default Value	Drive Rated Volts

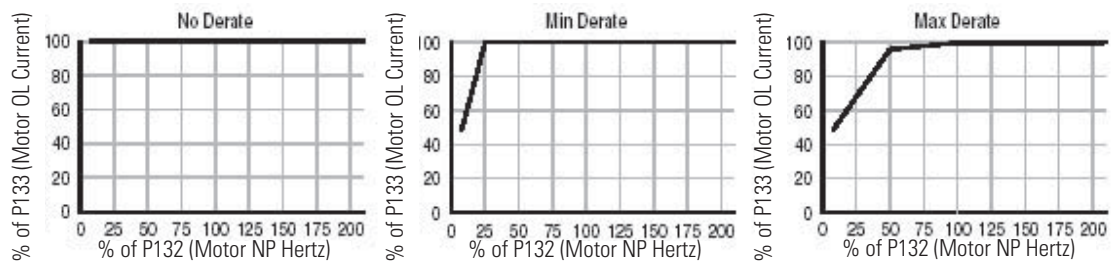
  

<b>Current Limit</b> Maximum output current allowed before current limiting occurs	Parameter Number	189
	Related Parameters	133
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Advanced Program Group
	Units	0.1 A
	Minimum Value	0.1 A
	Maximum Value	Drive rated amps X 1.8
	Default Value	Drive rated amps X 1.5

<b>Motor OL Select</b> Drive provides Class 10 motor overload protection. Setting 0...2 select the derating factor for $I^2t$ overload function. 0 = No Derate 1 = Min. Derate 2 = Max. Derate	Parameter Number	190
	Related Parameters	132
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Advanced Program Group
	Units	1
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	2
	Default Value	0

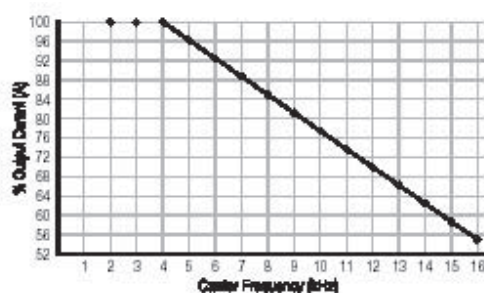
Figure 5.3 Overload Trip Curves





<b>PWM Frequency</b> Sets the carrier frequency the PWM output waveform. The Figure 5.4 provides derating guidelines based on the PWM frequency setting.	Parameter Number	191
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Advanced Program Group
	Units	0.1 Hz
	Minimum Value	2.0 Hz
	Maximum Value	16.0 Hz
	Default Value	4.0 Hz

Figure 5.4



<b>Auto Rstrt Tries</b> Set the maximum number of times the drive attempts to reset a fault and restart.	Parameter Number	192
	Related Parameter	155, 193
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Advanced Program Group
	Units	1
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	9
	Default Value	0

### Clear a Type 1 Fault and Restart the Drive

1. Set Parameter 192 (Auto Rstrt Tries) to a value other than 0.
2. Set Parameter 193 (AutoRstrt Delay) to a value other than 0.



### Clear an Overvoltage, Undervoltage, or Heatsink OvrTmp Fault without Restarting the Drive

1. Set Parameter 192 (Auto Rstrt Tries) to a value other than 0.
2. Set Parameter 193 (AutoRstrt Delay) to 0.



#### ATTENTION




Equipment damage and/or personal injury may result if this parameter is used in an inappropriate application. Do not use this function without considering applicable local, national, and international codes, standards, regulations, or industry guidelines.

<b>Auto Rstrt Delay</b> Sets time between restart attempts when Parameter 192 (Auto Rstrt Tries) is set to a value other than zero.	Parameter Number	193
	Related Parameters	192
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Advanced Program Group
	Units	0.1 sec
	Minimum Value	0.0
	Maximum Value	300.0 sec
	Default Value	1.0 sec


  

<b>Start at PowerUp</b>   Stop drive before changing this parameter.  Enables/disables a feature that allows a Start or Run command to automatically cause the drive to resume running at command speed after the drive input is restored. Requires a digital input configured Run or Start and a valid start contact. This parameter will not function if Parameter 136 (Start Source) is set to 4 <b>2-W High Speed</b> . 0 = Disabled 1 = Enabled	Parameter Number	194
	Related Parameters	192
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Advanced Program Group
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
<b>ATTENTION</b>  Equipment damage and/or personal injury may result if this parameter is used in an inappropriate application. Do not use this function without considering applicable local, national, and international codes, standards, regulations, or industry guidelines.	Default Value	0



<b>Reverse Disable</b>   Stop drive before changing this parameter.  Enables/disables the function that allows the direction of the motor rotation to be changed. The reverse command may come from a digital command or serial command. All reverse inputs including two-wire Run Reverse will be ignored with reverse disabled. 0 = Disabled 1 = Enabled	Parameter Number	195
	Related Parameters	106
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Advanced Program Group
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0
<b>Flying Start En</b> Sets the condition that allows the drive to reconnect to a spinning motor at actual RPM. 0 = Disabled 1 = Enabled	Parameter Number	196
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Advanced Program Group
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0
<b>Compensation</b> Enables/disables correction options that may improve problems with motor instability 0 = Disabled 1 = Electrical (Default) Some drive/motor combinations have inherent instabilities which are exhibited as non-sinusoidal motor currents. This setting attempts to correct this condition 2 = Mechanical Some motor/load combinations have mechanical resonances which can be excited by the drive current regulator. This setting slows down the current regulator response and attempts to correct this condition. 3 = Both	Parameter Number	197
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Advanced Program Group
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	3
	Default Value	1
<b>SW Current Trip</b> Enables/disables a software instantaneous (within 100 ms) current trip.	Parameter Number	198
	Related Parameters	133
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Advanced Program Group
	Units	0.1 A
	Minimum Value	0.0
	Maximum Value	Drive rated amps x 2
	Default Value	0.0 (Disabled)
<b>Process Factor</b> Scales the output frequency value displayed by Parameter 110 (Process Display). Output Freq x Process Factor = Process Display	Parameter Number	199
	Related Parameters	110
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Advanced Program Group
	Units	0.1
	Minimum Value	0.1
	Maximum Value	999.9
	Default Value	30.0



<b>Fault Clear</b>  Stop drive before changing this parameter. Resets a fault and clears the fault queue. Used primarily to clear a fault over network communications. 0 = Ready/Idle (Default) 1 = Reset Fault 2 = Clear Buffer (Parameters 107...109 [Fault x Code])	Parameter Number	200
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Advanced Program Group
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	2
	Default Value	0
<b>Program Lock</b> Protects parameters against change by unauthorized personnel. 0 = Unlocked 1 = Locked	Parameter Number	201
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Advanced Program Group
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0
<b>Testpoint Sel</b> Used by Rockwell Automation field service personnel.	Parameter Number	202
	Related Parameters	119
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Advanced Program Group
	Units	1 Hex
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	FFFF
	Default Value	400
<b>Comm Data Rate</b> This parameter is not available for use with the ArmorStart Distributed Motor Controller.	Parameter Number	203
<b>CommNode Addr</b> This parameter is not available for use with the ArmorStart Distributed Motor Controller.	Parameter Number	204
<b>Comm Loss Action</b> Selects the drive's response to a loss of the communication connection or excessive communication errors. 0 = Fault (Default) Drive will fault on an F81 Comm Loss and coast to stop 1 = Coast Stop Stops drive via coast to stop 2 = Stop Stops via Parameter 137 (Stop Mode) setting 3 = Continu Last Drive continues operating at communication commanded speed saved in RAM	Parameter Number	205
	Related Parameters	115, 137, 206
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Advanced Program Group
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	3
	Default Value	0



<b>Comm Loss Time</b> Sets the time that the drive remain in communication loss before implanting the option selected in Parameter 205 (Comm Loss Action).	Parameter Number	206
	Related Parameters	115, 205
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Advanced Program Group
	Units	0.1 sec
	Minimum Value	0.1 sec
	Maximum Value	60.0 sec
	Default Value	15.0 sec
<b>Comm Format</b> This parameter is not available for use with the ArmorStart Distributed Motor Controller.	Parameter Number	207
<b>Anlg In 0...10V Lo</b> This parameter is not available for use with the ArmorStart Distributed Motor Controller.	Parameter Number	210
<b>Anlg In 0...10V HI</b> This parameter is not available for use with the ArmorStart Distributed Motor Controller.	Parameter Number	211
<b>Anlg In4...20mA LO</b> This parameter is not available for use with the ArmorStart Distributed Motor Controller.	Parameter Number	212
<b>Anlg In4...20 mA HI</b> This parameter is not available for use with the ArmorStart Distributed Motor Controller.	Parameter Number	213
<b>Slip Hertz @ FLA</b> Compensates for the inherent slip in an induction motor. This frequency is added to the commanded output frequency based on motor current.	Parameter Number	214
	Related Parameter	133
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Advanced Program Group
	Units	0.1 Hz
	Minimum Value	0.0 Hz
	Maximum Value	10.0 Hz
	Default Value	2.0 Hz
<b>Process Time Lo</b> Scales the time value when the drive is running at Parameter 134 (Minimum Freq). When set to a value other than zero, Parameter 110 (Process Display) indicates the duration of the process.	Parameter Number	215
	Related Parameters	110, 134
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UNIT
	Group	Advanced Setup
	Units	Hz
	Minimum Value	0.00
	Maximum Value	99.99
	Default Value	0.00



**Process Time Hi**

Scales the time value when the drive is running at Parameter 135 (Maximum Freq). When set to a value other than zero, Parameter 110 (Process Display) indicates the duration of the process.

Parameter Number	216
Related Parameters	110, 135
Access Rule	GET/SET
Data Type	UNIT
Group	Advanced Setup
Units	Hz
Minimum Value	0.00
Maximum Value	99.99
Default Value	0.00



**Notes:**



## Bulletin 284 Programmable Parameters for Sensorless Vector Controllers

This chapter describes each programmable parameter and its function for Bulletin 284 Sensorless Vector Controllers.

### Parameter Programming

Each Distributed Motor Controller type will have a common set of parameters followed by a set of parameters that pertain to the individual starter type.

Refer to *Chapter 8, DeviceNet™ Commissioning*, for instructions in using RSNetworx™ for DeviceNet™ to modify parameter settings.

Refer to *Chapter 11, ArmorStart® to ArmorPoint® Connectivity*, for instructions to modify parameter settings when using the Bulletin 284A with the ArmorPoint® distributed I/O products.

**Important:** Resetting the Factory Default Values Parameter 47, *Set to Defaults*, allows the installer to reset all parameter to the factory default values. It also resets the MAC ID to its factory default after DeviceNet Power is cycled if switches are set >63.

**Important:** Parameter setting changes downloaded to the ArmorStart® take effect immediately, even during a running status.

**Important:** Parameter setting changes made in a configuration tool such as RSNetworx™ for DeviceNet do not take effect in the ArmorStart until the installer applies or downloads the new settings to the device.



## Parameter Group Listing

The Bulletin 284D ArmorStart contains ten parameter groups. The parameters shown in the DeviceLogix™, DeviceNet , Starter Protection , User I/O , Misc. Parameter , Drive DeviceNet , Display Group, Basic Program, and Advanced Program will be discussed in this chapter.

**Table 6.1 Parameter Group Listing**

DeviceLogix	DeviceNet	Starter Protection	User I/O	Miscellaneous	Drive DeviceNet
<b>1</b> Hdw Inputs <b>2</b> Network Inputs <b>3</b> Network Outputs <b>4</b> Trip Status <b>5</b> Starter Status <b>6</b> DNet Status <b>7</b> Starter Command <b>8</b> Network Override <b>9</b> Comm Override	<b>10</b> Autobaud Enable <b>11</b> Consumed IO Assy <b>12</b> Produced IO Assy <b>13</b> Prod Assy Word 0 <b>14</b> Prod Assy Word 1 <b>15</b> Prod Assy Word 2 <b>16</b> Prod Assy Word 3 <b>17</b> Consumed IO Size <b>18</b> Produced IO Size <b>19</b> Starter COS Mask <b>20</b> Net Out COS Mask <b>21</b> DNet Voltage	<b>22</b> Breaker Type <b>23</b> PrFitResetMode <b>24</b> Pr Fault Enable <b>25</b> Pr Fault Reset <b>26</b> StrtrDN FitState <b>27</b> StrtrDN FitValue <b>28</b> StrtrDN IdlState <b>29</b> StrtrDN IdlValue <b>61</b> RAST Pr Fault <b>62</b> Warning Status	<b>30</b> Off-to-On Delay <b>31</b> On-to-Off Delay <b>32</b> In Sink/Source <b>33</b> OutA Pr FitState <b>34</b> OutA Pr FitValue <b>35</b> OutA DN FitState <b>36</b> OutA DN FitValue <b>37</b> OutA DN IdlState <b>38</b> OutA DN IdlValue <b>39</b> OutB Pr FitState <b>40</b> OutB Pr FitValue <b>41</b> OutB DN FitState <b>42</b> OutB DN FitValue <b>43</b> OutB DN IdlState <b>44</b> OutB DN IdlValue	<b>45</b> Keypad Mode <b>46</b> Keypad Disable <b>47</b> Set To Defaults	<b>48</b> Drive Control <b>49</b> Drvin PrFitState <b>50</b> Drvin PrFitValue <b>51</b> Drvin DNFitState <b>52</b> Drvin DNFitValue <b>53</b> Drvin DNFitState <b>54</b> Drvin DNFitValue <b>55</b> High Speed Enable
Display Group	ZIP Parameters	Basic Setup	Advanced Setup		
<b>101</b> Output Freq <b>102</b> Commanded Freq <b>103</b> Output Current <b>104</b> Output Voltage <b>105</b> DC Bus Voltage <b>106</b> Drive Status <b>107</b> Fault 1 Code <b>108</b> Fault 2 Code <b>109</b> Fault 3 Code <b>110</b> Process Display <b>112</b> Control Source <b>113</b> Contrl In Status <b>114</b> Dig In Status <b>115</b> Comm Status <b>116</b> Control SW Ver <b>117</b> Drive Type <b>118</b> Elapsed Run Time <b>119</b> Testpoint Data <b>120</b> Analog In 0...10V <b>121</b> Analog In 4...20 mA <b>122</b> Output Power <b>123</b> Output Power Fctr <b>124</b> Drive Temp <b>125</b> Counter Status <b>126</b> Timer Status <b>127</b> Timer Stat Fract <b>128</b> Stp Logic Status <b>129</b> Torque Current	<b>67</b> AutoRun Zip <b>68</b> Zone Produced EPR <b>69</b> Zone Produced PIT <b>70</b> Zone #1 Macld <b>71</b> Zone #2 Macld <b>72</b> Zone #3 Macld <b>73</b> Zone #4 Macld <b>74</b> Zone #1 Health <b>75</b> Zone #2 Health <b>76</b> Zone #3 Health <b>77</b> Zone #4 Health <b>78</b> Zone #1 Mask <b>79</b> Zone #2 Mask <b>80</b> Zone #3 Mask <b>81</b> Zone #4 Mask <b>82</b> Zone #1 Offset <b>83</b> Zone #2 Offset <b>84</b> Zone #3 Offset <b>85</b> Zone #4 Offset <b>86</b> Zone #1 EPR <b>87</b> Zone #2 EPR <b>88</b> Zone #3 EPR <b>89</b> Zone #4 EPR <b>90</b> Zone #1 Control <b>91</b> Zone #2 Control <b>92</b> Zone #3 Control <b>93</b> Zone #4 Control <b>94</b> Zone #1 Key <b>95</b> Zone #2 Key <b>96</b> Zone #3 Key <b>97</b> Zone #4 Key <b>98</b> Device Value Key <b>99</b> Zone Ctrl Enable	<b>131</b> Motor NP Volts <b>132</b> Motor NP Hertz <b>133</b> Motor OL Current <b>134</b> Minimum Freq <b>135</b> Maximum Freq <b>136</b> Start Source <b>137</b> Stop Mode <b>138</b> Speed Reference <b>139</b> Accel Time 1 <b>140</b> Decel Time 1 <b>141</b> Reset To Defaults <b>142</b> Reserved <b>143</b> Motor OL Ret	<b>151</b> Digital In1 Sel <b>152</b> Digital In2 Sel <b>153</b> Digital In3 Sel <b>154</b> Digital In4 Sel <b>155</b> Relay Out Sel <b>156</b> Relay Out Level <b>157</b> Relay Out LevelF <b>158</b> Opto Out1 Sel <b>159</b> Opto Out1 Level <b>160</b> Opto Out1 LevelF <b>161</b> Opto Out2 Sel <b>162</b> Opto Out2 Level <b>163</b> DB Threshold <b>164</b> Opto Out Logic <b>165</b> Analog Out Sel <b>166</b> Analog Out High <b>167</b> Accel Time 2 <b>168</b> Decel Time 2 <b>169</b> Internal Freq <b>170</b> Preset Freq 0 <b>171</b> Preset Freq 1 <b>172</b> Preset Freq 2 <b>173</b> Preset Freq 3 <b>174</b> Preset Freq 4 <b>175</b> Preset Freq 5 <b>176</b> Preset Freq 6 <b>177</b> Preset Freq 7 <b>178</b> Jog Frequency <b>179</b> Jog Accel/Decel <b>180</b> DC Brake Time <b>181</b> DC Brake Level <b>182</b> DB Resistor Sel <b>183</b> S Curve % <b>184</b> Boost Select <b>185</b> Start Boost <b>186</b> Break Voltage <b>187</b> Break Frequency <b>188</b> Maximum Voltage	<b>189</b> Current Limit 1 <b>190</b> Motor OL Select <b>191</b> PWM Frequency <b>192</b> Auto Rstrt Tries <b>193</b> Auto Rstrt Delay <b>194</b> Start At PowerUp <b>195</b> Reverse Disable <b>196</b> Flying Start En <b>197</b> Compensation <b>198</b> SW Current Trip <b>199</b> Process Factor <b>200</b> Fault Clear <b>201</b> Program Lock <b>202</b> Testpoint Sel <b>203</b> Comm Data Rate <b>204</b> Comm Node Addr <b>205</b> Comm Loss Action <b>206</b> Comm Loss Time <b>207</b> Comm Format <b>208</b> Language <b>209</b> Anlg Out Setpt <b>210</b> Anlg In 0...10V Lo <b>211</b> Anlg In 0...10V Hi <b>212</b> Anlg In 4...20 mA Lo <b>213</b> Anlg In4...20 mA Hi <b>214</b> Slip Hertz @ FLA <b>215</b> Process Time Lo <b>216</b> Process Time Hi <b>217</b> Bus Reg Mode <b>218</b> Current Limit 2 <b>219</b> Skip Frequency <b>220</b> Skip Freq Band <b>221</b> Stall Fault Time <b>222</b> Analog In Loss <b>223</b> 10V Bipolar Enbl <b>224</b> Var PWM Disable <b>225</b> Torque Perf Mode <b>226</b> Motor NP FLA	<b>227</b> Autotune <b>228</b> IR Voltage Drop <b>229</b> Flux Current Ref <b>230</b> PID Trim Hi <b>231</b> PID Trim Lo <b>232</b> PID Ref Sel <b>233</b> PID Feedback Sel <b>234</b> PID Prop Gain <b>235</b> PID Integ Time <b>236</b> PID Diff Rate <b>237</b> PID Setpoint <b>238</b> PID Deadband <b>239</b> PID Preload <b>240</b> Stp Logic 0 <b>241</b> Stp Logic 1 <b>242</b> Stp Logic 2 <b>243</b> Stp Logic 3 <b>244</b> Stp Logic 4 <b>245</b> Stp Logic 5 <b>246</b> Stp Logic 6 <b>247</b> Stp Logic 7 <b>248</b> Reserved <b>249</b> Reserved <b>250</b> Stp Logic Time 0 <b>251</b> Stp Logic Time 1 <b>252</b> Stp Logic Time 2 <b>253</b> Stp Logic Time 3 <b>254</b> Stp Logic Time 4 <b>255</b> Stp Logic Time 5 <b>256</b> Stp Logic Time 6 <b>257</b> Stp Logic Time 7 <b>258</b> Reserved <b>259</b> Reserved <b>260</b> EM Brk Off Delay <b>261</b> EM Brk On Delay <b>262</b> MOP Reset Sel



### Hdw Inputs ①

Parameter Number	1
Access Rule	GET
Data Type	WORD
Group	DeviceLogix
Units	—
Minimum Value	0
Maximum Value	15
Default Value	0

Parameter Number	2
Access Rule	GET
Data Type	WORD
Group	DeviceLogix
Units	—
Minimum Value	0
Maximum Value	65535
Default Value	0

[illegible]



[illegible]



<b>Trip Status</b> This parameter provides trip identification.	Parameter Number	4
	Access Rule	GET
	Data Type	WORD
	Group	DeviceLogix
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	65535
	Default Value	0

Bit																Function
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	Short Circuit
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	Overload
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	Phase Short
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	Ground Fault
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	Stall
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	Control Power
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	IO Fault
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Overtemperature
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Over Current
—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Dnet Power Loss ❶
—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Internal Comm ❷
—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	DC Bus Fault
—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	EEprom
—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	HW Fault
—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Restart Retries
X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Misc. Fault

❶ Not available with the Bulletin 284A.

❷ Indicates DB1 Comm Fault for Bulletin 284



<b>Starter Status</b> This parameter provides the status of the starter.	Parameter Number	5
	Access Rule	GET
	Data Type	WORD
	Group	DeviceLogix
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	65535
	Default Value	0

Bit																Function
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	Tripped
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	Warning
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	Running Fwd
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	Running Rev
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	Ready
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	Net Ctl Status
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	Net Ref Status
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	At Reference
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	DrvOpto1
—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	DrvOpto2
—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Keypad Jog
—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Keypad Hand
—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	HOA Status
—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	140M On
—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Contactors 1 ❶
X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Contactors 2 ❷

❶ Refers to Source Brake contactor status.

❷ Refers to Output contactor status.







<b>Network Override</b> This parameter allows for the local logic to override a Network fault. 0 = Disable 1 = Enable	Parameter Number	8
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	DeviceLogix
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0

<b>Comm Override</b> This parameter allows for local logic to override a loss of an I/O connection. 0 = Disable 1 = Enable	Parameter Number	9
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	DeviceLogix
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0

## DeviceNet Group

<b>Autobaud Enable</b> When this parameter is enabled, the device will attempt to determine the network baud rate and set its baud rate to the same, provided network traffic exists. At least one node with an established baud rate must exist on the network for autobaud to occur. 0 = Disable 1 = Enable	Parameter Number	10
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	DeviceNet
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	1

<b>Consumed I/O Assy</b> This parameter selects the format of the I/O data consumed	Parameter Number	11
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	USINT
	Group	DeviceNet
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	188
	Default Value	164

<b>Produced I/O Assy</b> This parameter selects the format of the I/O data produced.	Parameter Number	12
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	USINT
	Group	DeviceNet
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	190
	Default Value	165



<b>Prod Assy Word 0</b> This parameter is used to build bytes 0-1 for produced assembly 120.	Parameter Number	13
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	USINT
	Group	DeviceNet
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	262
	Default Value	1
<b>Produced Assy Word 1</b> This parameter is used to build bytes 2-3 for produced assembly 120.	Parameter Number	14
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	USINT
	Group	DeviceNet
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	262
	Default Value	4
<b>Prod Assy Word 2</b> This parameter is used to build bytes 4-5 for produced assembly 120.	Parameter Number	15
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	USINT
	Group	DeviceNet
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	262
	Default Value	5
<b>Prod Assy Word 3</b> This parameter is used to build bytes 6-7 for produced assembly 120.	Parameter Number	16
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	USINT
	Group	DeviceNet
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	262
	Default Value	6
<b>Consumer I/O Size</b> This parameter maps to the Scanner Tx Size.	Parameter Number	17
	Access Rule	GET
	Data Type	USINT
	Group	DeviceNet
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	8
	Default Value	4



<b>Starter COS Mask</b> This parameter allows the installer to define the change-of-state conditions that will result in a change-of-state message being produced.	Parameter Number	19
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	WORD
	Group	DeviceNet
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	16383
	Default Value	16383

[illegible]



<b>Net Out COS Mask</b> This parameter sets the bit that will trigger a COS message on the network output.	Parameter Number	20
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	WORD
	Group	DeviceNet
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	32767
	Default Value	0

Bit															Function
14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	Net Output 0
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	Net Output 1
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	Net Output 2
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	Net Output 3
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	Net Output 4
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	Net Output 5
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	Net Output 6
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Net Output 7
—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Net Output 8
—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Net Output 9
—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Net Output 10
—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Net Output 11
—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Net Output 12
—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Net Output 13
X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Net Output 14

<b>Dnet Voltage</b> This parameter provides the voltage measurement for the DeviceNet network.	Parameter Number	21
	Access Rule	GET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	DeviceNet
	Units	V
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	6500
	Default Value	0



## Starter Protection Group

<b>Breaker Type</b> This parameter identifies the Bulletin 140M used in this product. 0 = 140M-D8N-C10 1 = 140M-D8N-C25	Parameter Number	22															
	Access Rule	GET															
	Data Type	BOOL															
	Group	Starter Protection															
	Units	—															
	Minimum Value	0															
	Maximum Value	1															
	Default Value	—															
<b>PrFlt Reset Mode</b> This parameter is the Protection Fault reset mode. 0 = Manual 1 = Automatic	Parameter Number	23															
	Access Rule	GET/SET															
	Data Type	BOOL															
	Group	Starter Protection															
	Units	—															
	Minimum Value	0															
	Maximum Value	1															
	Default Value	0															
<b>Pr Fault Enable</b> This parameter enables the Protection Fault by setting the bit to 1.	Parameter Number	24															
	Access Rule	GET/SET															
	Data Type	WORD															
	Group	Starter Protection															
	Units	—															
	Minimum Value	0															
	Maximum Value	65535															
	Default Value	64927															
<b>Bit</b>																<b>Function</b>	
<b>15</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>0</b>		
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	Short Circuit
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	Overload
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	Phase Short
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	Ground Fault
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	Stall
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	Control Power
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	IO Fault
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Overtemperature
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Over Current
—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Dnet Power Loss ❶
—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Internal Comm
—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	DC Bus Fault
—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	EEprom
—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	HW Fault
—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Restart Retries
X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Misc. Fault

❶ Not available with the Bulletin 284A



<b>Pr Fault Reset</b> This parameter resets the Protection Fault on a transition 0 > 1.	Parameter Number	25
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	Starter Protection
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0
<b>StrtrDN FltState</b> This parameter in conjunction with Parameter 27 defines how the starter will respond when a DeviceNet fault occurs. When set to 1, hold to last state occurs. When set to 0, will go to DnFlt Value on DN faults as determined by Parameter 27.	Parameter Number	26
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	Starter Protection
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0
<b>StrtrDN FltValue</b> This parameter determines if the starter will be commanded in the event of a DeviceNet fault. 0 = OFF 1 = ON	Parameter Number	27
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	Starter Protection
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0
<b>StrtrDN IdlState</b> This parameter in conjunction with Parameter 29 defines how the starter will respond when a DeviceNet network is idle. When set to 1, hold to last state occurs. When set to 0, will go to DnFlt Value on DN faults as determined by Parameter 29. 0 = Go to Idle Value 1 = Hold Last State	Parameter Number	28
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	Starter Protection
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0
<b>StrtrDN IdlValue</b> This parameter determines the state that starter assumes when the network is idle and Parameter 28 is set to 0. 0 = OFF 1 = ON	Parameter Number	29
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	Starter Protection
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0



<b>Last PR Fault</b>  1 =Hdw Short Ckt 2 = Reserved 3 =Motor Overload (PF Fault Code 7) 4 =Drive Overload (PF Fault Code 64) 5 = Phase U to Gnd (PF Fault Code 38) 6 = Phase V to Gnd (PF Fault Code 39) 7 = Phase W to Gnd (PF Fault Code 40) 8 = Phase UV Short (PF4 Fault Code 41) 9 = Phase UW Short (PF Fault Code 42) 10 = Phase VW Short (PF Fault Code 43) 11 = Ground Fault (PF Fault Code 13) 12 = Stall (PF Fault Code 6) 13 = Control Pwr Loss 14 = Control Pwr Fuse 15 = Input Short 16 = Output Fuse 17 = Over Temp 18 = Heatsink OvrTmp (PF Fault Code 8) 19 = HW OverCurrent (PF Fault Code 12) 20 = SW OverCurrent (PF Fault Code 63) 21 = DNet Power Loss 22 = Internal Comm 23 = Drive Comm Loss (PF Fault Code 81) 24 = Power Loss (PF Fault Code 3) 25 = Under Voltage (PF Fault Code 4) 26 = Over Voltage (PF Fault Code 5) 27 = MCB EEPROM 28 = Base EEPROM 29 =Drive EEPROM (PF Fault Code 100) 30 = Wrong Base 31 = Fan RPM 32 = Power Unit (PF Fault Code 70) 33 = Drive IO Brd (PF Fault Code 122) 34 = Restart Retries (PF Fault Code 33) 35 = Drive Aux In Flt (PF Fault Code 2) 36 = Analog Input (PF Fault Code 29) 37 = Drv Param Reset (PF Fault Code 48) 38 = SCV Autotune (PF Fault Code 80) 39 = Source Brake 40 = Reserved 41 = DB1 Comm 42 = DB1 Fault	Parameter Number	61
	Access Rule	GET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Starter Protection
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	45
	Default Value	0

<b>Warning Status</b> This parameter warns the user of a condition, without faulting	Parameter Number	62
	Access Rule	GET
	Data Type	WORD
	Group	Starter Protection
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	65535
	Default Value	0



## User I/O Group

<b>Off-to-On Delay ❶</b> This parameter allows the installer to program a time duration before being reported ON.	Parameter Number	30
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	User I/O
	Units	ms
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	65.000
	Default Value	0
<b>On-to-Off Delay ❶</b> This parameter allows the installer to program a time duration before being reported OFF.	Parameter Number	31
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	User I/O
	Units	ms
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	65.000
	Default Value	0
<b>In Sink/Source ❶</b> This parameter allows the installer to program the inputs to be sink or source. 0 = Sink 1 = Source	Parameter Number	32
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	User I/O
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0
<b>OutA Pr FltState</b> This parameter in conjunction with Parameter 34 defines how Output A will respond when a trip. When set to 1, Output A continue to operate as command via the network. When set to 0, Output A will open or close as determined by setting in Parameter 34.	Parameter Number	33
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	User I/O
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0
<b>OutA Pr FltValue</b> This parameter determines the state the Out A assumes when a trip occurs and Parameter 33 is set to 0. 0 = Open 1 = Close	Parameter Number	34
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	User I/O
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0

❶ Not available with the Bulletin 284A.



<b>OutA DN FitState</b> This parameter in conjunction with Parameter 36 defines how Output A will respond when a DeviceNet network fault occurs. When set to 1, Output A will hold state prior to trip occurrence. When set to 0, Output A will open or close as determined by setting in Parameter 36.	Parameter Number	35
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	User I/O
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0
<b>OutA DN FitValue</b> This parameter determines the state that Output A assumes when a DeviceNet network fault occurs and Parameter 35 is set to 0. 0 = Open 1 = Close	Parameter Number	36
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	User I/O
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0
<b>OutA DN IdlState</b> This parameter in conjunction with Parameter 38 defines how Output A will respond when the DeviceNet network is idle. When set to 0, Output A will open or close as determined by the setting in Parameter 38. The DN Fit parameters supersede the Dn Idl parameters.	Parameter Number	37
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	User I/O
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0
<b>OutA DN IdlValue</b> This parameter determines the state that Output A assumes when the network is idle and Parameter 37 is set to 0. 0 = Open 1 = Closed	Parameter Number	38
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	User I/O
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0
<b>OutB Pr FitState</b> This parameter in conjunction with Parameter 40 defines how Output B will respond when a trip. When set to 1, Output B continue to operate as command via the network. When set to 0, Output B will open or close as determined by setting in Parameter 40.	Parameter Number	39
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	User I/O
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0



<b>OutB Pr FitValue</b> This parameter determines the state the Out B assumes when a trip occurs and Parameter 39 is set to 0. 0 = Open 1 = Close	Parameter Number	40
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	User I/O
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0
<b>OutB DN FitState</b> This parameter in conjunction with Parameter 42 defines how Output B will respond when a DeviceNet network fault occurs. When set to 1, Output B will hold state prior to trip occurrence. When set to 0, Output B will open or close as determined by setting in Parameter 42.	Parameter Number	41
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	User I/O
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0
<b>OutB DN FitValue</b> This parameter determines the state that Output B assumes when a DeviceNet network fault occurs and Parameter 41 is set to 0. 0 = Open 1 = Close	Parameter Number	42
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	User I/O
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0
<b>OutB DN IdlState</b> This parameter in conjunction with Parameter 44 defines how Output B will respond when the DeviceNet network is idle. When set to 0, Output B will open or close as determined by the setting in Parameter 44. The DN Fit parameters supersede the Dn Idl parameters.	Parameter Number	43
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	User I/O
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0
<b>OutB DN IdlValue</b> This parameter determines the state that Output B assumes when the network is idle and Parameter 43 is set to 0. 0 = Open 1 = Close	Parameter Number	44
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	User I/O
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0



## Miscellaneous Group

<b>Keypad Mode</b> This parameter selects if the keypad operation is maintained or momentary. 0 = Maintained 1 = Momentary	Parameter Number	45
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	Misc.
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0
<b>Keypad Disable</b> This parameter disables all keypad function except for the OFF and RESET buttons. 0 = Not Disabled 1 = Disabled	Parameter Number	46
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	Misc.
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0
<b>Set to Defaults</b> This parameter if set to 1 will set the device to the factory defaults. 0 = No Operation 1 = Set to Defaults	Parameter Number	47
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	Misc.
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0
<b>Base Enclosure</b>  Indicates the ArmorStart Base unit enclosure rating  0 = IP67 1 = Nema 4X 2-15 = Reserved	Parameter Number	56
	Access Rule	GET
	Data Type	WORD
	Group	Misc.
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	
	Default Value	0
<b>Base Options</b>  Indicates the options for the ArmorStart Base unit  Bit 0 = Output Fuse Bit 1 = Safety Monitor Bit 2 = CP Fuse Detect Bits 3-7 = Reserved Bit 8 = 10A Base Bit 9 = 25A Base Bit 10-15 = Reserved	Parameter Number	57
	Access Rule	GET
	Data Type	WORD
	Group	Misc.
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	
	Default Value	0



<b>Wiring Options</b>  Bit 0 = Conduit Bit 1 = Round Media Bits 2-15 = Reserved	Parameter Number	58
	Access Rule	GET
	Data Type	WORD
	Group	Misc.
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	
	Default Value	0
<b>Starter Enclosure</b>  Bit 0 = IP67 Bit 1 = NEMA 4x Bits 2-15 reserved	Parameter Number	59
	Access Rule	GET
	Data Type	WORD
	Group	Misc.
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	
	Default Value	0
<b>Starter Option</b>  Bit 0 = HOA Keypad Bit 1 = Safety Monitor Bit 2 = Source Brake Bit 3 = Control Brake Bit 4 = Dynamic Brake Bit 5 = Output Contactor Bit 6 = EMI Filter Bit 7 = 0-10V Analog In Bits 8-15 = Reserved	Parameter Number	60
	Access Rule	GET
	Data Type	WORD
	Group	Misc.
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	66535
	Default Value	0



## Drive DeviceNet Group

<b>Drive Control</b> This parameter provides the status of drive parameters.	Parameter Number	48
	Access Rule	GET
	Data Type	WORD
	Group	Drive DeviceNet
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	4095
	Default Value	0

Bit												Function
11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	Accel 1 En
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	Accel 2 En
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	Decel 1 En
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	Decel 3 En
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	Freq Sel 0
—	—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	Freq Sel 1
—	—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	Freq Sel 2
—	—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Reserved
—	—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Drv In 1
—	—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Drv In 2
—	X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Drv In 3
X	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Drv In 4

<b>Drvin PrFitState</b> This parameter, in conjunction with Parameter 50, defines how the Drive Digital Inputs 1...4 will respond when a protection trip occurs. When set to 1, Drive Digital Inputs 1...4 continue to operate as command via the network. When set to 0, Drive Digital Inputs 1...4 will open or close as determined by setting in Parameter 50. 0 = Go to PrFit Value 1 = Ignore PrFit	Parameter Number	49
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	Drive DeviceNet
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0

<b>Drvin PrFitValue</b> This parameter determines the state of Drive Digital Inputs 1...4, assumes when a trip occurs and Parameter 49 is set to 0. 0 = Open 1 = Close	Parameter Number	50
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	Drive DeviceNet
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0



<b>Drvin DNFltState</b> This parameter, in conjunction with Parameter 52, defines how the Drive Digital Inputs 1...4 will respond when a DeviceNet fault occurs. When set to 1, Drive Digital Inputs 1...4 hold to last state occurs. When set to 0, will go to DnFlt Value on DN faults as determined by Parameter 52. 0 = Go to Fault Value 1 = Hold Last State	Parameter Number	51
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	Drive DeviceNet
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0
<b>Drvin DNFlt Value</b> This parameter determines the state of Drive Digital Inputs 1...4 when a DeviceNet Fault occurs and Parameter 51 is set to 0. 0 = OFF 1 = ON	Parameter Number	52
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	Drive DeviceNet
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0
<b>Drvin DNIdlState</b> This parameter, in conjunction with Parameter 54, defines how the Drive Digital Input 1...4 will respond when a DeviceNet network is idle. When set to 1, hold to last state occurs. When set to 0, will go to DnFlt Value on DN faults as determined by Parameter 54. 0 = Go to Fault Value 1 = Hold Last State	Parameter Number	53
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	Drive DeviceNet
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0
<b>StrtrDN IdlValue</b> This parameter determines the state that Drive Digital Inputs 1...4 assume when the network is idle and Parameter 53 is set to 0. 0 = OFF 1 = ON	Parameter Number	54
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	Drive DeviceNet
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0
<b>High Speed En</b> 0 = Disabled 1 = Enabled	Parameter Number	55
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	Drive DeviceNet
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0



## Display Group

<b>Output Freq</b> Output frequency present at T1, T2, T3.	Parameter Number	101
	Related Parameters	102, 110, 134, 135, 138
	Access Rule	GET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Display Group
	Units	0.1 Hz
	Minimum Value	0.0
	Maximum Value	400.0 Hz
	Default Value	Read Only
<b>Commanded Freq</b> Value of the active frequency command. Displays the commanded frequency even if the drive is not running.	Parameter Number	102
	Related Parameters	101, 113, 134, 135, 138
	Access Rule	GET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Display Group
	Units	0.1 Hz
	Minimum Value	0.0
	Maximum Value	400.0 Hz
	Default Value	Read Only
<b>Output Current</b> Output Current present at T1, T2, T3.	Parameter Number	103
	Access Rule	GET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Display Group
	Units	0.01
	Minimum Value	0.00
	Maximum Value	Drive rated amps x 2
	Default Value	Read Only
<b>Output Voltage</b> Output Current present at T1, T2, T3.	Parameter Number	104
	Related Parameters	131, 184, 188
	Access Rule	GET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Display Group
	Units	1V AC
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	230V, 460V, or 600V AC
	Default Value	Read Only
<b>DC Bus Voltage</b> Present DC Bus voltage level.	Parameter Number	105
	Access Rule	GET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Display Group
	Units	1V DC
	Minimum Value	Based on Drive Rating
	Maximum Value	
	Default Value	Read Only



<b>Drive Status</b> Present operating condition of the drive. Bit 0 = running Bit 1 = Forward Bit 2 = Accelerating Bit 3 = Decelerating	Parameter Number	106
	Related Parameter	195
	Access Rule	GET
	Data Type	Byte
	Group	Display Group
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	Read Only
<b>Fault 1 Code</b> A code that represents drive fault. The code will appear in this parameter as the most recent fault that has occurred.	Parameter Number	107
	Access Rule	GET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Display Group
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	F122
	Maximum Value	F2
<b>Fault 2 Code</b> A code that represents a drive fault. The code will appear in this parameter as the second most recent fault that has occurred.	Parameter Number	108
	Access Rule	GET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Display Group
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	F122
	Maximum Value	F2
<b>Fault 3 Code</b> A code that represents a drive fault. The code will appear in this parameter as the third most recent fault that has occurred.	Parameter Number	109
	Access Rule	GET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Display Group
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	F122
	Maximum Value	F2
<b>Process Display</b> The output frequency scaled by the process factor (Parameter 199).	Parameter Number	110
	Related Parameter	101, 199
	Access Rule	GET
	Data Type	LINT
	Group	Display Group
	Units	0.01...1
	Minimum Value	0.00
	Maximum Value	9999
	Default Value	Read Only



<b>Control Source</b> Displays the source of the Start Command and Speed Reference. Valid Start Commands for the Bulletin 284 ArmorStart are the following: 2 = 2-wire 3 = 2-wire Level Sensitive 4 = 2-wire High Speed 5 = RS485 (DSI) Port 9 = Jog Valid Speed Commands for the Bulletin 284 ArmorStart are the following: 1 = Internal Frequency 2 = 0...10V Input/Remote Potentiometer 4 = Preset Freq X 5 = RS485 (DSI) port 6 = Step Logic Control 9 = Jog Freq	<b>Parameter Number</b>	112
	Related Parameters	136, 138, 151...154 (Digital Inx Sel) must be set to 4, 169, 170...177 (Preset Freq X), 240...247 (Step Logic Control)
	Access Rule	GET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Display Group
	Units	1
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	9
	Default Value	5

<b>Contrl In Status</b> Status of the control terminal block control inputs: Bit 0 = Start/Run FWD input Bit 1 = Direction/Run REV Input Bit 2 = Stop Input Bit 3 = Dynamic Brake Transistor On	<b>Parameter Number</b>	113
	Related Parameter	102, 134, 135
	Access Rule	GET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Display Group
	Units	1
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0

<b>Dig In Status</b> Status of the control terminal block digital inputs: Bit 0 = Digital IN 1 Sel Bit 1 = Digital IN 2 Sel Bit 2 = Digital IN 3 Sel Bit 3 = Digital IN 4 Sel	<b>Parameter Number</b>	114
	Related Parameter	151...154
	Access Rule	GET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Display Group
	Units	1
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0

<b>Comm Status</b> Status of communications ports: Bit 0 = Receiving Data Bit 1 = Transmitting Data Bit 2 = RS485 Bit 3 = Communication Error	<b>Parameter Number</b>	115
	Related Parameter	203...207
	Access Rule	GET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Display Group
	Units	1
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0



<b>Control SW Ver</b> Main Control Board software version for AC Drive.	Parameter Number	116
	Access Rule	GET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Display Group
	Units	0.01
	Minimum Value	1.00
	Maximum Value	99.99
	Default Value	Read Only
<b>Drive Type</b> Used by Rockwell Automation field service personnel.	Parameter Number	117
	Access Rule	GET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Display Group
	Units	1
	Minimum Value	1001
	Maximum Value	9999
	Default Value	Read Only
<b>Elapsed Run Time</b> Accumulated time drive is outputting power. Time is displayed in 10 hour increments.	Parameter Number	118
	Access Rule	GET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Display Group
	Units	1 = 10 hrs
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	9999
	Default Value	Read Only
<b>Testpoint Data</b> The present value of the function selected in Parameter 202.	Parameter Number	119
	Related Parameter	202
	Access Rule	GET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Display Group
	Units	1 Hex
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	FFFF
	Default Value	Read Only
<b>Analog In 0...10V</b> The percent value of the voltage at I/O terminal 13 (100% = 10V).	Parameter Number	120
	Related Parameter	210, 211
	Access Rule	GET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Display Group
	Units	0.1%
	Minimum Value	0.0%
	Maximum Value	100.0%
	Default Value	Read Only
<b>Analog In 4...20 mA</b> This parameter is not available for use with the Bulletin 284 ArmorStart Distributed Motor Controller.	Parameter Number	121



<b>Output Power</b> The output power present at T1, T2, and T3.	Parameter Number	122
	Access Rule	GET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Display Group
	Units	
	Minimum Value	0.00
	Maximum Value	Drive rated power X 2
	Default Value	Read Only
<b>Output Power Fctr</b> The angle in electrical degrees between motor voltage and current.	Parameter Number	123
	Access Rule	GET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Display Group
	Units	0.1°
	Minimum Value	0.0°
	Maximum Value	180.0°
	Default Value	Read Only
<b>Drive Temp</b> Present operating temperature of the drive power section.	Parameter Number	124
	Access Rule	GET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Display Group
	Units	1°C
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	120
	Default Value	Read Only
<b>Counter Status</b> The current value of the counter when counter is enabled.	Parameter Number	125
	Access Rule	GET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Display Group
	Units	1
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	9999
	Default Value	Read Only
<b>Timer Status</b> The current value of the timer when timer is enabled.	Parameter Number	126
	Access Rule	GET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Display Group
	Units	0.1 sec
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	9999
	Default Value	Read Only



**Stp Logic Status**

When Parameter 138 (Speed Reference) is set to 6 Stp Logic, this parameter will display the current step of step logic as defined by Parameters 240...247 (Stp Logic X).


Parameter Number	128
Access Rule	GET
Data Type	UINT
Group	Display Group
Units	1
Minimum Value	0
Maximum Value	8
Default Value	Read Only

**Torque Current**

The current value of the motor torque current.

Parameter Number	129
Related Parameters	
Access Rule	GET
Data Type	UINT
Group	Display Group
Units	0.01
Minimum Value	0.00
Maximum Value	Drive Rated Amps x 2
Default Value	Read Only


**Basic Program Group****Motor NP Volts**

 Stop drive before changing this parameter.  
Set to the motor name plate rated volts.

Parameter Number	131
Related Parameters	104, 184, 185...187
Access Rule	GET/SET
Data Type	UINT
Group	Basic Program
Units	1V AC
Minimum Value	20
Maximum Value	240V, 460V, or 600V AC
Default Value	Based on Drive Rating



**Motor NP Hertz**

Set to the motor nameplate rated frequency.

 Stop drive before changing this parameter.

Parameter Number	132
Related Parameters	184, 185...187, and 190
Access Rule	GET/SET
Data Type	UINT
Group	Basic Program
Units	1 Hz
Minimum Value	15
Maximum Value	400
Default Value	60 Hz



<b>Motor OL Current</b> Set to the maximum allowable current. The drive fault on an F7 Motor Over load if the value of this parameter is exceeded by 150% for 60 seconds.	Parameter Number	133
	Related Parameter	155, 158, 161, 189, 190, 198, 214, 218
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Basic Program
	Units	0.1 A
	Minimum Value	0.0
	Maximum Value	Drive rated amps x 2
	Default Value	Based on Drive Rating
<b>Minimum Freq</b> Sets the lowest frequency the drive will output continuously.	Parameter Number	134
	Related Parameter	101, 102, 113, 135, 185, 186, 187, 210, 212
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Basic Program
	Units	0.1 Hz
	Minimum Value	0.0
	Maximum Value	400
	Default Value	0.0
<b>Maximum Freq</b>  Stop drive before changing this parameter. Sets the Highest frequency the drive will output continuously.	Parameter Number	135
	Related Parameter	101, 102, 113, 134, 135, 178, 185, 186, 187, 211, 213
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Basic Program
	Units	0.1 Hz
	Minimum Value	0.0
	Maximum Value	400
	Default Value	60.0
<b>Start Source</b>  Stop drive before changing this parameter. Sets the control scheme used to start the Bulletin 284 ArmorStart. 2 = 2-wire 3 = 2-wire Level Sensitive 4 = 2-wire High Speed 5 = RS485 (DSI) Port	Parameter Number	136
	Related Parameters	112 and 137
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Basic Program
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	5
	Default Value	5



<b>Stop Mode</b> Valid Stop Mode for the Bulletin 284 ArmorStart are the following: 0 = <b>Ramp, CF</b> Ramp to Stop. <b>Stop</b> command clears active fault. 1 = <b>Coast, CF</b> Coast to Stop. <b>Stop</b> command clears active fault. 2 = <b>DC Brake, CF</b> DC Injection Braking Stop. <b>Stop</b> command clears active fault. 3 = <b>DCBrkAuto, CF</b> DC injection Braking with Auto Shutoff. Standard DC Injection Braking for value set in Parameter 180 (DC Brake Time) or Drive shuts off if the drive detects that the motor is stopped. <b>Stop</b> command clears active fault 4 = <b>Ramp</b> Ramp to Stop 5 = <b>Coast</b> Coast to Stop 6 = <b>DC Brake</b> DC Injection Braking Stop 7 = <b>DC BrakeAuto</b> DC Injection Stop with Auto Shutoff. Standard DC Injection Braking for value set in Parameter 180 (DC Brake Time) or Drive shuts off if current limit is exceeded 8 = <b>Ramp + EM B, CF</b> Ramp to Stop with EM Brake Control. <b>Stop</b> command clears active fault. 9 = <b>Ramp + EM Brk</b> Ramp to Stop with EM Brake Control.	Parameter Number	137
	Related Parameters	136, 180, 181, 182, 205, 260, 261
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Basic Program
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	9
	Default Value	9


  

<b>Speed Reference</b> Valid Speed References for the Bulletin 284 ArmorStart are the following: 1 = Internal Freq 2 = 0...10V Input 4 = Preset Freq 5 = Comm port 6 = Stp Logic 9 = Jog Freq  <b>Note:</b> Option 2 must be selected when using 0...10V Analog Input.	Parameter Number	138
	Related Parameters	101, 102, 112, 139, 140, 151, 152, 153, 154, 169, 170...173, 174...177, 210, 211, 213, 232, 240...247, and 250...257
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Basic Program
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	7
	Default Value	5


  

<b>Accel Time 1</b> Sets the rate of acceleration for all speed increases.  $\frac{\text{Maximum Freq}}{\text{Accel Time}} = \text{Accel Rate}$	Parameter Number	139
	Related Parameters	138, 140, 151, 152, 153, 154, 167, 170...173, 174...177, and 240...247
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Basic Program
	Units	0.1 sec
	Minimum Value	0.0 sec
	Maximum Value	600.0 sec
	Default Value	10.0 sec



<b>Decel Time 1</b> Sets the rate of deceleration for all speed decreases. $\frac{\text{Maximum Freq}}{\text{Decel Time}} = \text{Decel Rate}$	Parameter Number	140
	Related Parameters	138, 139, 151, 152, 153, 154, 168, 170...173, 174...177, and 240...247
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Basic Program
	Units	0.1 sec
	Minimum Value	0.1 sec
	Maximum Value	600.0 sec
	Default Value	10.0 sec
<b>Reset To Defaults</b>  Stop drive before changing this parameter. Resets all parameter values to factory defaults. 0 = Ready/Idle (Default) 1 = Factory Rset	Parameter Number	141
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	Basic Program Group
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	1
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0
<b>Motor OL Ret</b> Enables/disables the Motor overload Retention function. When Enabled, the value held in the motor overload counter is saved at power-down and restored at power-up. A change to this parameter setting resets the counter. 0 = Disabled (Default) 1 = Enabled	Parameter Number	143
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	BOOL
	Group	Basic Program Group
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0

## Advanced Program Group

<b>151 (Digital In 1 SEL)</b> <b>152 (Digital In 2 SEL)</b> <b>153 (Digital In 3 SEL)</b> <b>154 (Digital In 4 SEL)</b>   Stop drive before changing this parameter. Selects the function for the digital inputs.	Parameter Number	151, 152, 153, 154
	Related Parameters	112, 114, 138...140, 167, 168, 170...173, 174...177, 178, 179, 240...247
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Advanced Program Group
	Units	See Table 6.2 for details
	Minimum Value	
	Maximum Value	
	Default Value	



**Table 6.2 Digital Inputs Options**

Options	Description	
0	Not Used	Terminal has no function but can be read over network communication via Parameter 114 (Dig In Status).
1	Acc & Dec2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>When active, Parameter 167 (Accel Time 2) and Parameter 168 (Decel Time 2) are used for all ramp rates except Jog.</li> <li>Can only be tied to one input.</li> </ul>
2	Jog	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>When input is present, drive accelerates according to the value set in Parameter 179 (Jog Accel/Decel) and ramps to the value set in Parameter 178 (Jog Frequency).</li> <li>When the input is removed, drive ramps to a stop according to the value set in Parameter 179 (Jog Accel/Decel).</li> <li>A valid <b>Start</b> command will override this input.</li> </ul>
3	Aux Fault	When enable, an F2 <b>Auxiliary Input</b> fault will occur when the input is removed.
4	<b>Preset Freq</b> (Parameters 151 and 152 Default)	Refer to Parameters 170...173 and 174...177.
5	<b>Local</b> (Parameter 153 Default)	Option not valid for Bulletin 284 ArmorStart.
6	Comm Port	This option is the default setting.
7	Clear Fault	When active, clears active fault.
8	RampStop,CF	Causes drive to immediately ramp to stop regardless of how Parameter 137 (Stop Mode) is set.
9	CoastStop,CF	Causes drive to immediately ramp to stop regardless of how Parameter 137 (Stop Mode) is set.
10	DCInjStop,CF	Causes drive to immediately begin a DC Injection stop regardless of how Parameter 137 (Stop Mode) is set.
11	<b>Jog Forward</b> (Parameter 154 Default)	Drive accelerates to Parameter 178 (Jog Frequency) according to Parameter 179 (Jog Accel/Decel) and ramps to stop when input becomes inactive. A valid start will override this command.
12	Jog Reverse	Drive accelerates to Parameter 178 (Jog Frequency) according to Parameter 179 (Jog Accel/Decel) and ramps to stop when input becomes inactive. A valid start will override this command.
13	10V In Ctrl	Option with Factory Installed option — A10 (0...10V Analog Input). Selects 0...10V or +/-10V as the frequency reference. Start source is not changed.
14	20MA In Ctrl	Option not valid for Bulletin 284 ArmorStart.
15	PID Disable	Disabled PID function. Drive uses the next valid non-PID speed reference.
16	MOP Up	Increases the value of Parameter 169 (internal Freq) at a rate 2 Hz per second. Default of Parameter 169 is 60 Hz.
17	MOP Down	Decreases the value of Parameter 169 (internal Freq) at a rate 2 Hz per second. Default of Parameter 169 is 60 Hz.
18	Timer Start	Clears and starts the timer function. May be used to control the relay or opto outputs.
19	Counter In	Starts the counter function. May be used to control the relay or opto outputs.
20	Reset Timer	Clears the active timer.
21	Reset Countr	Clears the active counter.
22	Rset Tim&Cnt	Clear active timer and counter.
23	Logic In1	Logic Function input number 1. May be used to control the relay or opto outputs (see Parameters 155, 158, 161 options 11...14). May be used in conjunction with Step Logic Parameters 240...247 (Stp Logic X).
24	Logic In2	Logic Function input number 1. May be used to control the relay or opto outputs (see Parameters 155, 158, 161 options 11...14). May be used in conjunction with Step Logic Parameters 240...247 (Stp Logic X).
25	Current Lmt2	When active, Parameter 218 (Current Limit 2) determines the drive current limit level.
26	Anlg Invert	Inverts the scaling of analog input levels set in parameter 210 (Anlg In 0...10V LO) and parameter 211 (Anlg In 0...10 HI).



<b>155 (Relay Out Sel)</b> Sets the condition that changes the state of the output relay contacts.	Parameter Number	155
	Related Parameters	133, 156, 192, 240...247, 250...257, 260, 261
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Advanced Program Group
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	22
	Default Value	22

Table 6.3

Options	Description	
0	<b>Ready/Fault</b> (Default)	Relay changes state when power is applied. This indicates the drive is ready for operation. Relay returns drive to shelf state when power is removed or a fault occurs.
1	At Frequency	Drive reached commanded frequency.
2	MotorRunning	Motor is receiving power from drive.
3	Reverse	Drive is commanded to run in reverse direction.
4	Motor Overld	Motor overload condition exists.
5	Ramp Reg	Ramp regulator is modifying the programmed accel/decel times to avoid overcurrent or overvoltage fault from occurring.
6	Above Freq	Drive exceeds the frequency (Hz) value set in Parameter 156 (Relay Out Level) Use Parameter 156 to set threshold.
7	Above Cur	Drive exceeds the current (% Amps) value set in Parameter 156 (Relay Out Level) Use Parameter 156 to set threshold.
8	Above DCVolt	Drive exceeds the DC bus voltage value set in Parameter 156 (Relay Out Level). Use Parameter 156 to set threshold.
9	Retries Exst	Value set in Parameter 192 (Auto Rstrt Tries) is exceeded.
10	Above Anlg V	Option not valid for Bulletin 284 ArmorStart.
11	Logic In 1	An input is programmed as <b>Logic In 1</b> and is active.
12	Logic In 2	An input is programmed as <b>Logic In 2</b> and is active.
13	Logic In 1 & 2	Both Logic inputs are programmed and active.
14	Logic In 1 or 2	One or both Logic inputs are programmed and one or both is active.
15	StpLogic Out	Drive enters Step Logic step with Digit 3 of Command Word (Parameters 240...247).
16	Timer Out	Timer has reached value set in Parameter 156 (Relay Out Level). Use Parameter 156 to set threshold.
17	Counter Out	Counter has reached value set in Parameter 156 (Relay Out Level). Use Parameter 156 to set threshold.
18	Above PF Ang	Power factor angle has exceeded the value set in Parameter 156 (Relay Out Level). Use Parameter 156 to set threshold.
19	Anlg In Loss	Analog input loss has occurred. Program parameter 122 (Analog In Los) for desired action when loss occurs
20	ParamControl	Enables the output to be controlled over the network communications by writing to Parameter 156 (Relay Out Level) (0 = Off, 1 = ON).
21	NonRec Fault	Value set in Parameter 192 (Auto Rstrt Tries) is exceeded.
22	EM Brk Cntrl	EM Brake is energized. Program Parameter 260 (EM Brk Off Delay) and Parameter 262 (EM Brk On Delay) for desired action.




<b>Relay Out Level</b> Sets the trip point for the digital output relay if the value of Parameter 155 (Relay Out Sel) is 6, 7, 8, 10, 16, 17, 18, or 20.		Parameter Number	156
		Related Parameters	155, 158, 161
		Access Rule	GET/SET
		Data Type	UINT
		Group	Advanced Program Group
		Units	0.1
		Minimum Value	0.0
		Maximum Value	9999
		Default Value	0.0
Parameters 155 Setting	Parameter 156 Min./Max.		
6	0/400 Hz		
7	0/180%		
8	0/815V		
10	0/100%		
16	0.1/9999 sec		
17	1/9999 counts		
18	1/180°		
20	0/1		

<b>158 (Opto Out1 Sel)</b> <b>161 (Opto Out2 Sel)</b> Determines the operation of the programmable opto outputs.		Parameter Number	158, 161
		Related Parameters	133, 156, 192, 240...247, 250...257
		Access Rule	GET/SET
		Data Type	UINT
		Group	Advanced Program Group
		Units	See Table 6.4 for details
		Minimum Value	
		Maximum Value	
		Default Value	

Table 6.4 Parameter 158 and 161 Options

Options	Description	
0	<b>Ready/Fault</b> (Default)	Opto outputs are active when power is applied. This indicates the drive is ready for operation. Opto outputs are inactive when power is removed or a fault occurs.
1	<b>At Frequency</b> (Parameter 161 Default)	Drive reached commanded frequency.
2	<b>MotorRunning</b> (Parameter 158 Default)	Motor is receiving power from drive.
3	Reverse	Drive is commanded to run in reverse direction.
4	Motor Overld	Motor overload condition exists.
5	Ramp Reg	Ramp regulator is modifying the programmed accel/decel times to avoid overcurrent or overvoltage fault from occurring.
6	Above Freq	Drive exceeds the frequency (Hz) value set in Parameter 159 (Opto Out 1 Level) or Parameter 162 (Opto Output 2 Level) Use Parameter 159 or 162 to set threshold.
7	Above Cur	Drive exceeds the current (% Amps) value set in Parameter 159 (Opto Out 1 Level) or Parameter 162 (Opto Output 2 Level). Use Parameter 159 or 162 to set threshold. <b>Important:</b> Value for Parameter 159 or 162 must entered in percent of the drive rated output current.
8	Above DCVolt	Drive exceeds the DC bus voltage value set in Parameter 159 (Opto Out 1 Level). Use Parameter 159 or 162 to set threshold.
9	Retries Exst	Value set in Parameter 192 (Auto Rstrt Tries) is exceeded.
10	Above Anlg V	Option not valid for Bulletin 284 ArmorStart.



Options	Description	
11	Logic In 1	An input is programmed as <b>Logic In 1</b> and is active.
12	Logic In 2	An input is programmed as <b>Logic In 2</b> and is active.
13	Logic In 1 & 2	Both Logic inputs are programmed and active.
14	Logic In 1 or 2	One or both Logic inputs are programmed and one or both is active.
15	StpLogic Out	Drive enters Step Logic step with Digit 3 of Command Word (Parameters 240...247).
16	Timer Out	Timer has reached value set in Parameter 159 (Opto Out 1 Level) or Parameter 162 (Opto Output 2 Level). Use Parameter 159 or 162 to set threshold.
17	Counter Out	Counter has reached value set in Parameter 159 (Opto Out 1 Level) or Parameter 162 (Opto Output 2 Level). Use Parameter 159 or 162 to set threshold.
18	Above PF Ang	Power factor angle has exceeded the value set in Parameter 159 (Opto Out 1 Level) or Parameter 162 (Opto Output 2 Level). Use Parameter 159 or 162 to set threshold.
19	Anlg In Loss	Analog input loss has occurred. Program parameter 122 (Analog In Los) for desired action when loss occurs
20	ParamControl	Enables the output to be controlled over the network communications by writing to Parameter 159 (Opto Out 1 Level) or Parameter 162 (Opto Output 2 Level) (0 = Off, 1 = ON).
21	NonRec Fault	<p>Value set in Parameter 192 (Auto Rstrt Tries) is exceeded.</p> <div> <div>ATTENTION</div>  <p>Parameter 192 (Auto Rstrt Tries) is not enabled. A non-resettable fault has occurred.</p> </div>
22	EM Brk Cntrl	EM Brake is energized. Program Parameter 260 (EM Brk Off Delay) and Parameter 262 (EM Brk On Delay) for desired action.

**159 (Opto Out1 Level)****162 (Opto Out2 Level)**

Sets the trip point for the digital output relay if the value of Parameter 158 (Opto Out1 Sel) or Parameter 161 (Opto Out2 Sel) is 6, 7, 8, 10, 16, 17, 18, or 20.

Parameters 158 and 161 Setting	Parameters 159 and 161 Min./Max.	Parameter Number	159 162
6	0/400 Hz	Access Rule	GET/SET
7	0/180%	Data Type	UINT
8	0/815V	Group	Advanced Program Group
10	0/100%	Units	—
16	0.1/9999 sec	Minimum Value	0.0
17	1/9999 counts	Maximum Value	9999
18	1/180°	Default Value	0.0
20	0/1		



<b>Opto Out Logic</b> Determines the logic (Normally Open/N.O. or Normally Closed/N.C.) of the opto outputs.			Parameter Number	164
			Access Rule	GET/SET
			Data Type	UINT
			Group	Advanced Program Group
			Units	1
Option	Opto Out1 Logic	Opto Out2 Logic	Minimum Value	0
0	N.O. (Normally Open)	N.O. (Normally Open)	Maximum Value	3
1	N.C. (Normally Closed)	N.O. (Normally Open)	Default Value	0
2	N.O. (Normally Open)	N.C. (Normally Closed)		
3	N.C. (Normally Closed)	N.C. (Normally Closed)		



<b>Analog Out Sel</b> Sets the analog output signal (0...10V). The output is used to provide a signal that is proportional to several drives	Parameter Number	165
	Related Parameters	135, 166
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Advanced Program Group
	Units	See Table for details
	Minimum Value	
	Maximum Value	
	Default Value	

Table 6.5 Analog Output Options

Options		Output Range	Minimum Output Value	Maximum Output Value A066 (Analog Out High)	DIP Switch Position	Related Parameter
0	OutFreq 0...10	0...10V	0V = 0 Hz	P035 (Maximum Freq)	0...10V	101
1	OutCurr 0...10	0...10V	0V = 0 Amps	200% Drive Rated Output Current	0...10V	103
2	OutVolt 0...10	0...10V	0V = 0 Volts	120% Drive Rated Output Volts	0...10V	104
3	OutPowr 0...10	0...10V	0V = 0 kW	200% Drive Rated Power	0...10V	122
4	TstData 0...10	0...10V	0V = 0000	65535 (Hex FFFF)	0...10V	119
5	OutFreq 0...20	0...20 mA	0 mA = 0 Hz	P035 (Maximum Freq)	0...20 mA	101
6	OutCurr 0...20	0...20 mA	0 mA = 0 Amps	200% Drive Rated Output Current	0...20 mA	103
7	OutVolt 0...20	0...20 mA	0 mA = 0 Volts	120% Drive Rated Output Volts	0...20 mA	104
8	OutPowr 0...20	0...20 mA	0 mA = 0 kW	200% Drive Rated Power	0...20 mA	122
9	TstData 0...20	0...20 mA	0 mA = 0000	65535 (Hex FFFF)	0...20 mA	119
10	OutFreq 4...20	4...20 mA	4 mA = 0 Hz	P035 (Maximum Freq)	0...20 mA	101
11	OutCurr 4...20	4...20 mA	4 mA = 0 Amps	200% Drive Rated Output Current	0...20 mA	103
12	OutVolt 4...20	4...20 mA	4 mA = 0 Volts	120% Drive Rated Output Volts	0...20 mA	104
13	OutPowr 4...20	4...20 mA	4 mA = 0 kW	200% Drive Rated Power	0...20 mA	122
14	TstData 4...20	4...20 mA	4 mA = 0000	65535 (Hex FFFF)	0...20 mA	119
15	OutTorq 0...10	0...10V	0V = 0 Amps	200% Drive Rated FLA	0...10V	129
16	OutTorq 0...20	0...20 mA	0 mA = 0 Amps	200% Drive Rated FLA	0...20 mA	129
17	OutTorq 4...20	4...20 mA	4 mA = 0 Amps	200% Drive Rated FLA	0...20 mA	129
18	Setpnt 0...10	0...10V	0V = 0%	100.0% Setpoint Setting	0...10V	209
19	Setpnt 0...20	0...20 mA	0 mA = 0%	100.0% Setpoint Setting	0...20 mA	209
20	Setpnt 4...20	4...20 mA	4 mA = 0%	100.0% Setpoint Setting	0...20 mA	209

**Note:** Only output range 0...10V applies with the factory installed A10 option.

Options 5...14, 16, 17, 19, and 20 are not valid options.

<b>Analog Out High</b> Scales the maximum output value for parameter 165 source setting	Parameter Number	166
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Advanced Program Group
	Units	%
	Minimum Value	0%
	Maximum Value	800%
	Default Value	100%

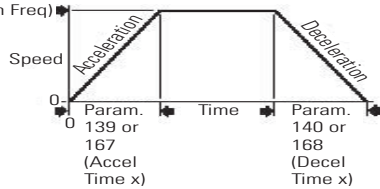


**Accel Time 2**

When active, sets the rate of acceleration for all speed increases except for jog.

$$\frac{\text{Maximum Freq}}{\text{Accel Time}} = \text{Accel Rate}$$

Parameter 135  
(Maximum Freq)



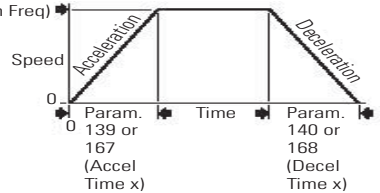
Parameter Number	167
Related Parameters	139, 151, 152, 153, 154, 170...173, 174...177, 240...247
Access Rule	GET/SET
Data Type	UINT
Group	Advanced Program Group
Units	0.1 sec
Minimum Value	0.0
Maximum Value	600.0
Default Value	20.0

**Decel Time 2**

When active, sets the rate of deceleration for all speed decreases except for jog.

$$\frac{\text{Maximum Freq}}{\text{Decel Time}} = \text{Decel Rate}$$

Parameter 135  
(Maximum Freq)



Parameter Number	168
Related Parameters	140, 151, 152, 153, 154, 170...173, 174...177, 240...247
Access Rule	GET/SET
Data Type	UINT
Group	Advanced Program Group
Units	0.1 sec
Minimum Value	0.0
Maximum Value	600.0
Default Value	20.0

**Internal Freq**

Provide the frequency command to drive when Parameter 138 (Speed Reference) is set to 1 **Internal Freq**. When enabled, this parameter will change the frequency command in real time.

Parameter Number	169
Related Parameters	138, 162
Access Rule	GET/SET
Data Type	UINT
Group	Advanced Program Group
Units	0.1 Hz
Minimum Value	0.0
Maximum Value	400.0
Default Value	60.0



<b>170 (Preset Freq 0) ❶</b> <b>171 (Preset Freq 1)</b> <b>172 (Preset Freq 2)</b> <b>173 (Preset Freq 3)</b> <b>174 (Preset Freq 4)</b> <b>175 (Preset Freq 5)</b> <b>176 (Preset Freq 6)</b> <b>177 (Preset Freq 7)</b>	Parameter Number	170...173, 174...177
	Related Parameters	138, 139, 140, 151, 152, 152, 153, 167, 168, 240...247, 250...257
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Advanced Program Group
	Units	0.1 Hz
	Minimum Value	0.0
	Maximum Value	400.0
	Default Value	See Table 6.A

Table 6.A 170...177 Preset Freq Options

<b>Values</b> Provides a fixed frequency command value when 151...153 (Digital Inx Sel) is set to 4 <b>Preset Frequencies</b> .			170 Default ❶	0.0 Hz
			171 Default	5.0 Hz
			172 Default	10.0 Hz
			173 Default	20.0 Hz
			174 Default	30.0 Hz
			175 Default	40.0 Hz
			176 Default	50.0 Hz
			177 Default	60.0 Hz
			Min./Max.	0.0/400.0 Hz
			Display	0.1 Hz
Input State of Digital In 1 (I/O Terminal 05 when Parameter 151 = 4)	Input State of Digital In 2 (I/O Terminal 06 when Parameter 152 = 4)	Input State of Digital In 3 (I/O Terminal 07 when Parameter 153 = 4)	Frequency Source	Accel/Decel Parameter Used ❷
0	0	0	170 (Preset Freq 0)	(Accel Time 1)/(Decel Time 1)
1	0	0	171 (Preset Freq 1)	(Accel Time 1)/(Decel Time 1)
0	1	0	172 (Preset Freq 2)	(Accel Time 2)/(Decel Time 2)
1	1	0	173 (Preset Freq 3)	(Accel Time 2)/(Decel Time 2)
0	0	1	174 (Preset Freq 4)	(Accel Time 3)/(Decel Time 3)
1	0	1	175 (Preset Freq 5)	(Accel Time 3)/(Decel Time 3)
0	1	1	176 (Preset Freq 6)	(Accel Time 4)/(Decel Time 4)
1	1	1	177 (Preset Freq 7)	(Accel Time 4)/(Decel Time 4)

❶ To activate 170 (Preset Freq 0) set 138 (Speed Reference) to option 4 **Preset Freq**.

❷ When a Digital Input is set to **Accel 2 & Decel 2**, and the input is active, that input overrides the settings in this table.

<b>Jog Frequency</b> Sets the output frequency when the jog command is issued.	Parameter Number	178
	Related Parameters	135, 151, 152, 153, 154, 179
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Advanced Program Group
	Units	0.1 Hz
	Minimum Value	0.0
	Maximum Value	400.0
	Default Value	10.0



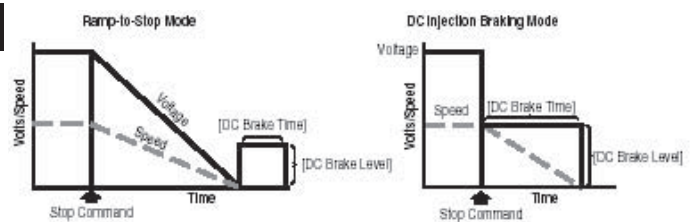
<b>Jog Accel/Decel</b> Sets the acceleration and deceleration time when a jog command is issued.	Parameter Number	179
	Related Parameters	178, 151, 152, 153, 154
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Advanced Program Group
	Units	0.1 sec
	Minimum Value	0.1
	Maximum Value	600.0
	Default Value	10.0

<b>DC Brake Time</b> Sets the length of time that DC brake current is injected into the motor. Refer to Parameter 181 DC Brake Level.	Parameter Number	180
	Related Parameters	137, 181
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Advanced Program Group
	Units	0.1 sec
	Minimum Value	0.0
	Maximum Value	99.9 (Setting of 99.9 = Continuous)
	Default Value	0.0

<b>DC Brake Level</b> Defines the maximum DC brake current, in amps, applied to the motor when Parameter 137 (Stop Mode) is set to either <b>Ramp</b> or <b>DC Brake</b> .	Parameter Number	181
	Related Parameters	137, 180
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Advanced Program Group
	Units	0.1 A
	Minimum Value	0.0
	Maximum Value	Drive rated amps X 1.8
	Default Value	Drive rated amps X 0.05

**ATTENTION**

- If a hazard of injury due to movement of equipment or material exists, an auxiliary mechanical braking device must be used.
- This feature should not be used with synchronous or permanent magnet motors. Motors may be demagnetized during braking.

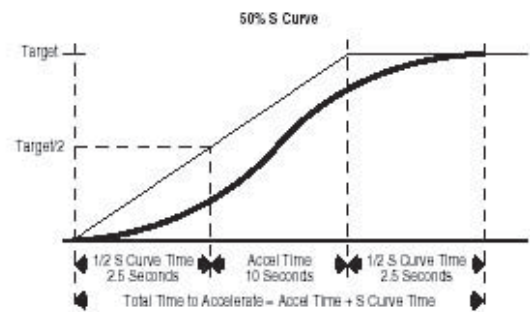


<div><div>DB Resistor Sel</div><div><div><div><div></div></div><div>Stop drive before changing this parameter.</div></div><div>Enables/disables external dynamic braking.</div></div></div>		Parameter Number	182										
		Related Parameters	137										
		Access Rule	GET/SET										
		Data Type	UINT										
		Group	Advanced Program Group										
		Units	1										
		Minimum Value	0										
		Maximum Value	99										
		Default Value	0										
<table><tr><th>Setting</th><th>Min./Max.</th></tr><tr><td>0</td><td>Disabled</td></tr><tr><td>1</td><td>Normal RA Res (5% Duty Cycle)</td></tr><tr><td>2</td><td>No Protection (100% Duty Cycle)</td></tr><tr><td>3...99</td><td>x% Duty Cycle Limited (3...99% of Duty Cycle)</td></tr></table>		Setting	Min./Max.	0	Disabled	1	Normal RA Res (5% Duty Cycle)	2	No Protection (100% Duty Cycle)	3...99	x% Duty Cycle Limited (3...99% of Duty Cycle)		
Setting	Min./Max.												
0	Disabled												
1	Normal RA Res (5% Duty Cycle)												
2	No Protection (100% Duty Cycle)												
3...99	x% Duty Cycle Limited (3...99% of Duty Cycle)												

<div><div>S Curve %</div><div>Sets the percentage of acceleration or deceleration time that is applied to ramp as S Curve. Time is added, half at the beginning and half at the end of the ramp.</div></div>		Parameter Number	183
		Access Rule	GET/SET
		Data Type	UINT
		Group	Advanced Program Group
		Units	1%
		Minimum Value	0
		Maximum Value	100
		Default Value	0% disabled

Figure 6.2

Example:  
 Accel Time = 10 Seconds  
 S Curve Setting = 50%  
 $S \text{ Curve Time} = 10 \times 0.5 = 5 \text{ Seconds}$   
 $\text{Total Time} = 10 + 5 = 15 \text{ Seconds}$

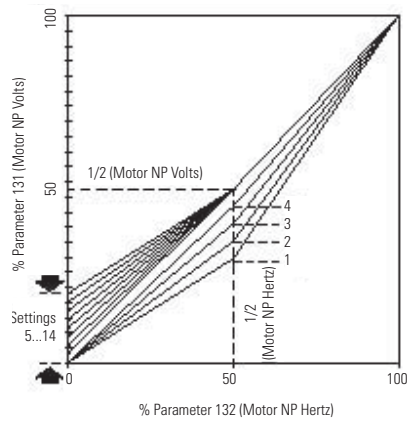


<b>Boost Select</b> Sets the boost voltage (% of Parameter 131 [Motor NP Volts]) and redefines the Volts per Hz curve. Active when Parameter 225 (Torque Perf Mode) = 0V/Hz Drive may add additional voltage unless Option 5 is selected.  See Table 6.6 for details		Parameter Number	184
		Related Parameters	104, 131, 132, 185, 186, 187, 225
		Access Rule	GET/SET
		Data Type	UINT
		Group	Advanced Program Group
		Units	—
		Minimum Value	0
		Maximum Value	14
		Default Value	8



**Table 6.6 Boost Select Options**

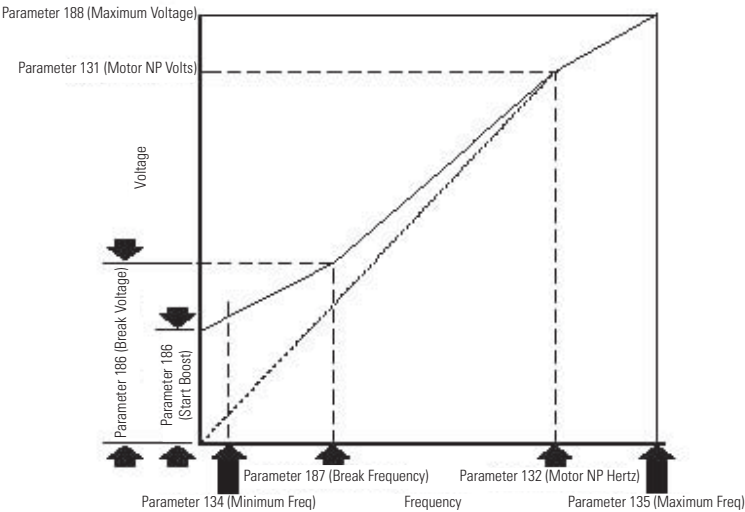
Options	Description	
0	Custom V/Hz	Variable Torque (Typical fan/pump curves)
1	30.0, VT	
2	35.0, VT	
3	40.0, VT	
4	45.0, VT	
5	0.0 no IR	Constant Torque
6	0.0	
7	2.5, CT (Default for 5 Hp/4.0 kW Drive)	
8	5.0, CT Default	
9	7.5,CT	
10	10.0,CT	
11	12.5,CT	
12	15.0,CT	
13	17.5,CT	
14	20.0,CT	

**Figure 6.1**



<b>Start Boost</b> Sets the boost voltage (% of Parameter 131 [Motor NP Volts]) and redefines the Volts per Hz curve when Parameter 184 (Boost Select) = 0 Custom V/Hz and Parameter 225 (Torque Perf Mode) = 0V/Hz.	Parameter Number	185
	Related Parameters	131, 132, 134, 135, 184, 186, 187, 188, 225
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Advanced Program Group
	Units	1.1%
	Minimum Value	0.0%
	Maximum Value	25.0%
	Default Value	2.5%

Figure 6.3



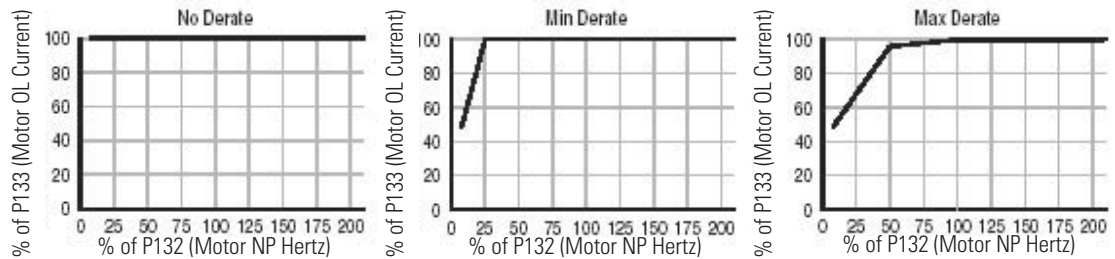


<b>Brake Voltage</b> Sets the frequency where break voltage is applied when Parameter 184 (Boost Select) = 0 Custom V/Hz and Parameter 225 (Torque Perf Mode) = 0V/Hz.	Parameter Number	186
	Related Parameters	131, 132, 134, 135, 184, 185, 187, 188, 225
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Advanced Program Group
	Units	1.1%
	Minimum Value	0.0%
	Maximum Value	100.0%
	Default Value	25.0%
<b>Brake Frequency</b> Sets the frequency where break frequency is applied when Parameter 184 (Boost Select) = 0 Custom V/Hz and Parameter 225 (Torque Perf Mode) = 0V/Hz.	Parameter Number	187
	Related Parameters	131, 132, 134, 135, 184, 185, 186, 188, 225
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Advanced Program Group
	Units	0.1 Hz
	Minimum Value	0.0 Hz
	Maximum Value	400.0 Hz
	Default Value	15.0 Hz
<b>Maximum Voltage</b> Sets the highest voltage the drive will output.	Parameter Number	188
	Related Parameters	104, 185, 186, 187
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Advanced Program Group
	Units	1V AC
	Minimum Value	20V AC
	Maximum Value	Drive Rated Volts
	Default Value	Drive Rated Volts
<b>Current Limit 1</b> Maximum output current allowed before current limiting occurs	Parameter Number	189
	Related Parameters	133, 218
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Advanced Program Group
	Units	0.1 A
	Minimum Value	0.1 A
	Maximum Value	Drive rated amps X 1.8
	Default Value	Drive rated amps X 1.5



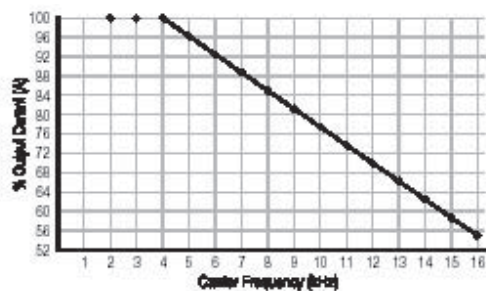
<b>Motor OL Select</b> Drive provides Class 10 motor overload protection. Setting 0...2 select the derating factor for I <sup>2</sup> t overload function. 0 = No Derate 1 = Min. Derate 2 = Max. Derate	Parameter Number	190
	Related Parameters	132, 133
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Advanced Program Group
	Units	1
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	2
	Default Value	0

Figure 6.4 Overload Trip Curves



<b>PWM Frequency</b> Sets the carrier frequency the PWM output waveform. The Figure 6.5 provides derating guidelines based on the PWM frequency setting.	Parameter Number	191
	Related Parameters	224
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Advanced Program Group
	Units	0.1 Hz
	Minimum Value	2.0 Hz
	Maximum Value	16.0 Hz
	Default Value	4.0 Hz

Figure 6.5





<b>Auto Rstrt Tries</b> Set the maximum number of times the drive attempts to reset a fault and restart.	Parameter Number	192
	Related Parameter	155, 158, 161, 193
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Advanced Program Group
	Units	1
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	9
	Default Value	0

### Clear a Type 1 Fault and Restart the Drive

1. Set Parameter 192 (Auto Rstrt Tries) to a value other than 0.
2. Set Parameter 193 (AutoRstrt Delay) to a value other than 0.

### Clear an Overvoltage, Undervoltage, or Heatsink OvrTmp Fault without Restarting the Drive

1. Set Parameter 192 (Auto Rstrt Tries) to a value other than 0.
2. Set Parameter 193 (AutoRstrt Delay) to 0.




#### ATTENTION




Equipment damage and/or personal injury may result if this parameter is used in an inappropriate application. Do not use this function without considering applicable local, national, and international codes, standards, regulations, or industry guidelines.

<b>Auto Rstrt Delay</b> Sets time between restart attempts when Parameter 192 (Auto Rstrt Tries) is set to a value other than zero.	Parameter Number	193
	Related Parameters	192
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Advanced Program Group
	Units	0.1 sec
	Minimum Value	0.0
	Maximum Value	300.0 sec
	Default Value	1.0 sec



<b>Start at PowerUp</b>  Stop drive before changing this parameter.  Enables/disables a feature that allows a Start or Run command to automatically cause the drive to resume running at command speed after the drive input is restored. Requires a digital input configured Run or Start and a valid start contact. This parameter will not function if Parameter 136 (Start Source) is set to 4 <b>2-W High Speed</b> . 0 = Disabled 1 = Enabled	Parameter Number	194
	Related Parameters	192
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Advanced Program Group
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0
<b>ATTENTION</b>  Equipment damage and/or personal injury may result if this parameter is used in an inappropriate application. Do not use this function without considering applicable local, national, and international codes, standards, regulations, or industry guidelines.		
<b>Reverse Disable</b>  Stop drive before changing this parameter.  Enables/disables the function that allows the direction of the motor rotation to be changed. The reverse command may come from a digital command or serial command. All reverse inputs including two-wire Run Reverse will be ignored with reverse disabled. 0 = Disabled 1 = Enabled	Parameter Number	195
	Related Parameters	106
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Advanced Program Group
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0
<b>Flying Start En</b> Sets the condition that allows the drive to reconnect to a spinning motor at actual RPM. 0 = Disabled 1 = Enabled	Parameter Number	196
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Advanced Program Group
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0
<b>Compensation</b> Enables/disables correction options that may improve problems with motor instability 0 = Disabled 1 = Electrical (Default) Some drive/motor combinations have inherent instabilities which are exhibited as non-sinusoidal motor currents. This setting attempts to correct this condition 2 = Mechanical Some motor/load combinations have mechanical resonances which can be excited by the drive current regulator. This setting slows down the current regulator response and attempts to correct this condition. 3 = Both	Parameter Number	197
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Advanced Program Group
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	3
	Default Value	1



<b>SW Current Trip</b> Enables/disables a software instantaneous (within 100 ms) current trip.	Parameter Number	198
	Related Parameters	133
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Advanced Program Group
	Units	0.1 A
	Minimum Value	0.0
	Maximum Value	Drive rated amps x 2
	Default Value	0.0 (Disabled)
<b>Process Factor</b> Scales the output frequency value displayed by Parameter 110 (Process Display). Output Freq x Process Factor = Process Display	Parameter Number	199
	Related Parameters	110
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Advanced Program Group
	Units	0.1
	Minimum Value	0.1
	Maximum Value	999.9
	Default Value	30.0
<b>Fault Clear</b>  Stop drive before changing this parameter.  Resets a fault and clears the fault queue. Used primarily to clear a fault over network communications. 0 = Ready/Idle (Default) 1 = Reset Fault 2 = Clear Buffer (Parameters 107...109 [Fault x Code])	Parameter Number	200
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Advanced Program Group
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	2
	Default Value	0
<b>Program Lock</b> Protects parameters against change by unauthorized personnel. 0 = Unlocked 1 = Locked	Parameter Number	201
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Advanced Program Group
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0
<b>Testpoint Sel</b> Used by Rockwell Automation field service personnel.	Parameter Number	202
	Related Parameters	119
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Advanced Program Group
	Units	1 Hex
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	FFFF
	Default Value	400



<b>Comm Data Rate</b> <b>This parameter is not available for use with the ArmorStart Distributed Motor Controller.</b>	Parameter Number	203
<b>CommNode Addr</b> <b>This parameter is not available for use with the ArmorStart Distributed Motor Controller.</b>	Parameter Number	204
<b>Comm Loss Action</b> Selects the drive's response to a loss of the communication connection or excessive communication errors. 0 = Fault (Default) Drive will fault on an F81 Comm Loss and coast to stop 1 = Coast Stop Stops drive via coast to stop 2 = Stop Stops via Parameter 137 (Stop Mode) setting 3 = Continu Last Drive continues operating at communication commanded speed saved in RAM	Parameter Number	205
	Related Parameters	115, 137, 206
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Advanced Program Group
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	3
	Default Value	0
<b>Comm Loss Time</b> Sets the time that the drive remain in communication loss before implanting the option selected in Parameter 205 (Comm Loss Action).	Parameter Number	206
	Related Parameters	115, 205
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Advanced Program Group
	Units	0.1 sec
	Minimum Value	0.1 sec
	Maximum Value	60.0 sec
	Default Value	15.0 sec
<b>Comm Format</b> <b>This parameter is not available for use with the ArmorStart Distributed Motor Controller.</b>	Parameter Number	207
<b>Language</b> <b>This parameter is not available for use with the ArmorStart Distributed Motor Controller.</b>	Parameter Number	208
<b>Anlg Out Setpnt</b> When parameter 165 (Analog Out Sel) is set to option 18, this sets the percentage of the analog output desired	Parameter Number	209
	Related Parameter	165
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Advanced Program Group
	Units	0.1%
	Minimum Value	0.0%
	Maximum Value	100.0%
	Default Value	0.0%




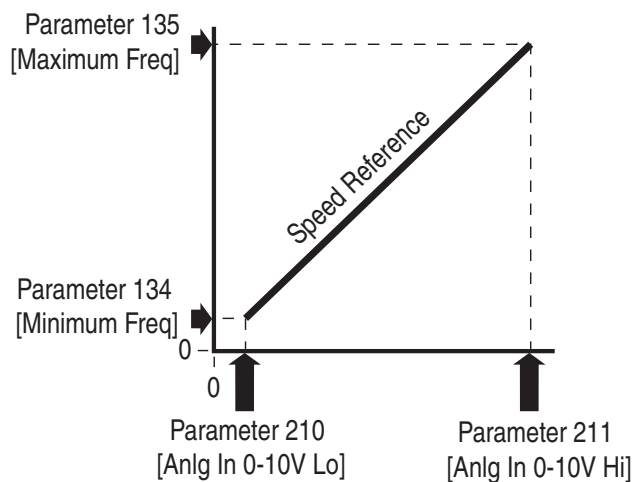

<b>Anlg In 0...10V Lo</b>   Stop drive before changing this parameter.  Sets the analog input level that corresponds to parameter 134 (Minimum Freq) if a 0...10V input is used by parameter 138 (Speed Reference)	Parameter Number	210
	Related Parameter	121, 134, 138, 222
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Advanced Program Group
	Units	0.1%
	Minimum Value	0.0%
	Maximum Value	100.0%
	Default Value	0.0%

Figure 6.6



<b>Anlg In 0...10V HI</b>   Stop drive before changing this parameter.  Sets the analog input level that corresponds to parameter 135 (Maximum Freq) if a 0...10V input is used by parameter 138 (Speed Reference). Analog inversion can be accomplished by setting this value smaller than parameter 210 (Anlg In 0...10V Lo).	Parameter Number	211
	Related Parameter	121, 135, 138, 222, 223
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Advanced Program Group
	Units	0.1%
	Minimum Value	0.0%
	Maximum Value	100.0%
	Default Value	0.0%

<b>Anlg In4...20mA LO</b> This parameter is not available for use with the ArmorStart Distributed Motor Controller.	Parameter Number	212
<b>Anlg In4...20 mA HI</b> This parameter is not available for use with the ArmorStart Distributed Motor Controller.	Parameter Number	213



<b>Slip Hertz @ FLA</b> Compensates for the inherent slip in an induction motor. This frequency is added to the commanded output frequency based on motor current.	Parameter Number	214
	Related Parameter	133
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Advanced Program Group
	Units	0.1 Hz
	Minimum Value	0.0 Hz
	Maximum Value	10.0 Hz
	Default Value	2.0 Hz
<b>Process Time Lo</b> Scales the time value when the drive is running at Parameter 134 (Minimum Freq). When set to a value other than zero, Parameter 110 (Process Display) indicates the duration of the process.	Parameter Number	215
	Related Parameters	110, 134
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UNIT
	Group	Advanced Setup
	Units	Hz
	Minimum Value	0.00
	Maximum Value	99.99
	Default Value	0.00
<b>Process Time Hi</b> Scales the time value when the drive is running at Parameter 135 (Maximum Freq). When set to a value other than zero, Parameter 110 (Process Display) indicates the duration of the process.	Parameter Number	216
	Related Parameters	110, 135
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UNIT
	Group	Advanced Setup
	Units	Hz
	Minimum Value	0.00
	Maximum Value	99.99
	Default Value	0.00
<b>Bus Reg Mode</b> Enables the bus regulator. 0 = Disable 1 = Enabled	Parameter Number	217
	Related Parameters	
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UNIT
	Group	Advanced Setup
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	1



<b>Current Limit 2</b> Maximum output current allowed before current limiting occurs. This parameter is only active if Parameters 151, 152, 153, and 154 (Digital Inx Sel) is set to 25 <b>Current Lmt2</b> and is active.	Parameter Number	218
	Related Parameters	133, 151, 152, 153, 154, 189
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Advanced Program Group
	Units	0.1 A
	Minimum Value	0.1 A
	Maximum Value	Drive rated amps x 1.8
	Default Value	Drive rated amps x 1.5

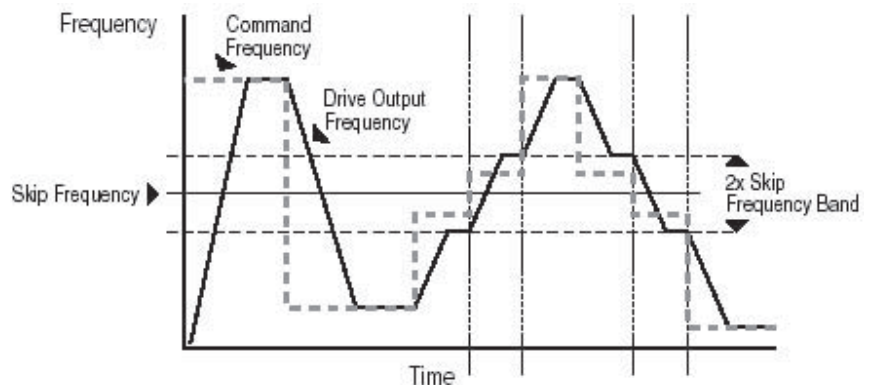
  

<b>Skip Frequency</b> Sets the frequency at which the drive will not operate.	Parameter Number	219
	Related Parameters	220
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Advanced Program Group
	Units	0.1 hz
	Minimum Value	0.0
	Maximum Value	400.0 Hz
	Default Value	0.0 Hz

<b>Skip Frq Band</b> Determines the brand width around Parameter 219 (Skip Frequency). Parameter 220 (Skip Frequency) is split applying 1/2 above and 1/2 below the actual skip frequency. A setting of 0.0 disables this parameter.	Parameter Number	220
	Related Parameters	219
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Advanced Program Group
	Units	0.1 Hz
	Minimum Value	0.0 Hz
	Maximum Value	30.0 Hz
	Default Value	0.0 Hz

Figure 6.7







<b>Stall Fault Time</b> Sets for the fault time that the drive will remain in stall mode before a fault is issued. 0 = 60 sec (Default) 1 = 120 sec 2 = 240 sec 3 = 360 sec 4 = 480 sec 5 = <b>Flt Disabled</b>	Parameter Number	221
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Advanced Program Group
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	5
	Default Value	0
<b>Analog In Loss</b> Selects drive action when an input signal loss is detected. Signal loss is defined as an analog signal less than 1V. The signal loss event ends and normal operation resumes when the input signal level is greater than or equal to 1.5V. If using a 0...10V analog input, set parameter 210 (Anlg In 0...10V Lo) to a minimum of 20% (i.e., 2 volts).	Parameter Number	222
	Related Parameters	210, 211, 232
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Advanced Program Group
	Units	See Table 6.7 for details
	Minimum Value	
	Maximum Value	
	Default Value	

Table 6.7


Options	Description	
0	Disabled (Default)	
1	Fault (F29)	F29 Analog Input Loss
2	Stop	Uses P037 (Stop Mode)
3	Zero Ref	Drive runs at zero speed reference
4	Min Freq Ref	Drive runs at minimum frequency
5	Max Freq Ref	Drive runs at maximum frequency
6	Int Freq Ref	Drive runs at internal frequency

<b>10V Bipolar Enbl</b> Enables/disables bipolar control. In bipolar mode, direction is commanded by the sign of the reference. Options 0 = Unipolar In (Default) 0...10V only 1 = Bipolar In +/- 10V	Parameter Number	223
	Related Parameters	138, 211
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Advanced Program Group
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0



<b>Var PWM Disable</b>   Stop drive before changing this parameter.  Enables/disables a feature that varies the carrier frequency for the PWM output waveform defined by Parameter 191 (PWM Frequency). 0 = Enabled 1 = Disabled Disabling this feature when low frequency condition exists may result in IGBT stress and nuisance tripping.	Parameter Number	224
	Related Parameters	191
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Advanced Program Group
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0
<b>Torque Perf Mode</b>   Stop drive before changing this parameter.  Enables/disables sensorless vector control operation. 0 = V/Hz 1 = Sensrls Vect	Parameter Number	225
	Related Parameters	184, 185, 186, 187, 227
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Advanced Program Group
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	1
<b>Motor NP FLA</b> Set to the motor nameplate full load amps.	Parameter Number	226
	Related Parameters	227
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Advanced Program Group
	Units	0.1 A
	Minimum Value	0.1
	Maximum Value	Drive rated amps x 2
	Default Value	Drive rated amps



<b>Autotune</b>   Stop drive before changing this parameter.  Provides an automatic method for setting Parameter 228 (IR Voltage Drop) and Parameter 229 (Flux Current Ref), which affect sensorless vector performance. Parameter 226 (Motor NP FLA) must be set to the motor nameplate full load amps before running the Autotune procedure. Provides an automatic method for setting A128 (IR Voltage Drop) and A129 (Flux Current Ref), which affect sensorless vector performance. Parameter A126 (Motor NP FLA) must be set to the motor nameplate full load amps before running the Autotune procedure. 0 = Ready/Idle (Default) 1 = Static Tune 2 = Rotate Tune <b>Ready (0)</b> — Parameter returns to this setting following a Static Tune or Rotate Tune. <b>Static Tune (1)</b> — A temporary command that initiates a non-rotational motor stator resistance test for the best possible automatic setting of A128 (IR Voltage Drop). A start command is required following initiation of this setting. The parameter returns to Ready (0) following the test, at which time another start transition is required to operate the drive in normal mode. Used when motor cannot be uncoupled from the load. <b>Rotate Tune (2)</b> — A temporary command that initiates a Static Tune followed by a rotational test for the best possible automatic setting of A129 (Flux Current Ref). A start command is required following initiation of this setting. The parameter returns to Ready (0) following the test, at which time another start transition is required to operate the drive in normal mode.	Parameter Number	227
	Related Parameters	225, 226, 228, 229
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Advanced Program Group
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	3
	Default Value	0

**Important:** Used when motor is uncoupled from the load. Results may not be valid if a load is coupled to the motor during this procedure.


#### ATTENTION



Rotation of the motor in an undesired direction can occur during this procedure. To guard against possible injury and/or equipment damage, it is recommended that the motor be disconnected from the load before proceeding.

If the Autotune routine fails, an F80 SVC Autotune fault is displayed.




<b>IR Voltage Drop</b> Value of volts dropped across the resistance of the motor stator.	Parameter Number	228		
	Related Parameters	227		
	Access Rule	GET/SET		
	Data Type	UINT		
	Group	Advanced Program Group		
	Units	0.1V AC		
	Minimum Value	0.0		
	Maximum Value	230		
		Default Value	Based on Drive Rating	
<b>Flux Current Ref</b> Value of amps for full motor flux.	Parameter Number	229		
	Related Parameter	227		
	Access Rule	GET/SET		
	Data Type	UINT		
	Group	Advanced Program Group		
	Units	0.01 A		
	Minimum Value	0.00		
	Maximum Value	Motor NP Volts		
		Default Value	Based on Drive Rating	
<b>PID Trim Hi</b> Sets the maximum positive value that is added to a PID reference when PID trim is used.	Parameter Number	230		
	Access Rule	GET/SET		
	Data Type	UINT		
	Group	Advanced Program Group		
	Units	0.1		
	Minimum Value	0.0		
	Maximum Value	400.0		
			Default Value	60.0
<b>PID Trim Lo</b> Sets the minimum positive value that is added to a PID reference when PID trim is used.	Parameter Number	231		
	Access Rule	GET/SET		
	Data Type	UINT		
	Group	Advanced Program Group		
	Units	0.1		
	Minimum Value	0.0		
	Maximum Value	400.0		
			Default Value	0.1
<b>PID Ref Select</b> <div> Stop drive before changing this parameter.</div> Enables/disables PID mode and selects the source of the PID reference. Valid PID Ref Select for the Bulletin 284 ArmorStart are the following: 0 = PID Disable 1 = PID Setpoint 4 = Comm Port 5 = Setpnt Trim 8 = Comm, Trim	Parameter Number	232		
	Related Parameters	138, 222		
	Access Rule	GET/SET		
	Data Type	UINT		
	Group	Advanced Program Group		
	Units	—		
	Minimum Value	0		
	Maximum Value	9		
			Default Value	0



<b>PID Feedback Sel</b> Valid PID Feedback Sel command for the Bulletin 284 ArmorStart is the following; 2 = Comm Port	Parameter Number	233
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Advanced Program Group
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	2
	Default Value	0
<b>PID Prop Gain</b> Sets the value for the PID proportional component when the PID mode is enabled by Parameter 232 (PID Ref Sel).	Parameter Number	234
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Advanced Program Group
	Units	0.01
	Minimum Value	0.00
	Maximum Value	99.99
	Default Value	0.01
<b>PID Integ Time</b> Sets the value for the PID integral component when the PID mode is enabled by Parameter 232 (PID Ref Sel).	Parameter Number	235
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Advanced Program Group
	Units	0.1 sec
	Minimum Value	0.0 sec
	Maximum Value	999.9 sec
	Default Value	0.1 sec
<b>PID Diff Rate</b> Sets the value for the PID differential component when the PID mode is enabled by Parameter 232 (PID Ref Sel).	Parameter Number	236
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Advanced Program Group
	Units	0.01 (1/sec)
	Minimum Value	0.00 (1/sec)
	Maximum Value	99.99 (1/sec)
	Default Value	0.01 (1/sec)
<b>PID Setpoint</b> Provides an internal fixed value for process setpoint when the PID mode is enabled by Parameter 232 (PID Ref Sel).	Parameter Number	237
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Advanced Program Group
	Units	0.1%
	Minimum Value	0.0%
	Maximum Value	10.0%
	Default Value	0.0%



<b>PID Deadband</b> Sets the lower limit of the PID output.	Parameter Number	238
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Advanced Program Group
	Units	0.1%
	Minimum Value	0.0%
	Maximum Value	10.0%
	Default Value	0.0%
<b>PID Preload</b> Sets the value used to preload the integral component on start or enable.	Parameter Number	239
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Advanced Program Group
	Units	0.0 Hz
	Minimum Value	0.0 Hz
	Maximum Value	400.0 Hz
	Default Value	0.0 Hz
<b>A240 (Stp Logic 0)</b> <b>A241 (Stp Logic 1)</b> <b>A242 (Stp Logic 2)</b> <b>A243 (Stp Logic 3)</b> <b>A244 (Stp Logic 4)</b> <b>A245 (Stp Logic 5)</b> <b>A246 (Stp Logic 6)</b> <b>A247 (Stp Logic 7)</b>	Parameter Number	240...247
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Advanced Program Group
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0001
	Maximum Value	baFF
	Default Value	00F1
 Stop drive before changing this parameter.		

Parameters 240...247 are only active if 138 (Speed Reference) is set to 6 **Stp Logic**.

These parameters can be used to create a custom profile of frequency commands. Each step can be based on time, status of a Logic input, or a combination of time and the status of a Logic input.

Digits 0...3 for each (Stp Logic x) parameter must be programmed according to the desired profile.

A Logic input is established by setting a digital input, Parameters 151...154 (Digital Inx Sel), to 23 **Logic In1** and/or 24 **Logic In2**.

A time interval between steps can be programmed using Parameters 250...257 (Stp Logic Time x). See Table 6.8 for related parameters.

The speed for any step is programmed using Parameters 170...177 (Preset Freq x).



Table 6.8

Step Logic Parameter (Active when 138 = 6 Stp Logic)	Related Preset Frequency Parameter (Can be activated independent of Step Logic Parameters)	Related Step Logic Time Parameter (Active when 240...247 Digit 0 or 1 are set to 1, b, C, d, or E)
240 (Stp Logic 0)	170 (Preset Freq 0)	250 (Stp Logic Time 0)
241 (Stp Logic 1)	171 (Preset Freq 1)	251 (Stp Logic Time 1)
242 (Stp Logic 2)	172 (Preset Freq 2)	252 (Stp Logic Time 2)
243 (Stp Logic 3)	173 (Preset Freq 3)	253 (Stp Logic Time 3)
244 (Stp Logic 4)	174 (Preset Freq 4)	254 (Stp Logic Time 4)
245 (Stp Logic 5)	175 (Preset Freq 5)	255 (Stp Logic Time 5)
246 (Stp Logic 6)	176 (Preset Freq 6)	256 (Stp Logic Time 6)
247 (Stp Logic 7)	177 (Preset Freq 7)	257 (Stp Logic Time 7)

### How Step Logic Works

The step logic sequence begins with a valid start command. A normal sequence always begins with 240 (Stp Logic 0).

**Digit 0: Logic For Next Step** — This digit defines the logic for the next step. When the condition is met the program advances to the next step. Step 0 follows Step 7. Example: Digit 0 is set 3. When **Logic In2** becomes active, the program advances to the next step.

**Digit 1: Logic to Jump to a Different Step** — For all settings other than F, when the condition is met, the program overrides Digit 0 and jumps to the step defined by Digit 2.

**Digit 2: Different Step to Jump** — When the condition for Digit 1 is met, the Digit 2 setting determines the next step or to end the program.

**Digit 3: Step Settings** — This digit defines what accel/decel profile the speed command will follow and the direction of the command for the current step. In addition, if a relay or opto output (Parameters 155, 158, and 161) is set to 15 **StpLogic Out**, this parameter can control the status of that output.

Any Step Logic parameter can be programmed to control a relay or opto output, but you cannot control different outputs based on the condition of different Step Logic commands.

### Step Logic Settings

The logic for each function is determined by the four digits for each step logic parameter. The following is a listing of the available settings for each digit. Refer to *Appendix J* for details.



**Table 6.9 Digit 3 Settings**

Required Setting	Accel/Decel Parameter Used	Step Logic Output State	Commanded Direction
0	Accel/Decel 1	Off	FWD
1	Accel/Decel 1	Off	REV
2	Accel/Decel 1	Off	No Output
3	Accel/Decel 1	On	FWD
4	Accel/Decel 1	On	REV
5	Accel/Decel 1	On	No Output
6	Accel/Decel 2	Off	FWD
7	Accel/Decel 2	Off	REV
8	Accel/Decel 2	Off	No Output
9	Accel/Decel 2	On	FWD
A	Accel/Decel 2	On	REV
b	Accel/Decel 2	On	No Output

**Table 6.10 Digit 2 Settings**

0	Jump to Step 0
1	Jump to Step 1
2	Jump to Step 2
3	Jump to Step 3
4	Jump to Step 4
5	Jump to Step 5
6	Jump to Step 6
7	Jump to Step 7
8	End Program (Normal Stop)
9	End Program (Coast to Stop)
A	End Program and Fault (F2)

**Table 6.11 Digit 1 and Digit 0 Settings**

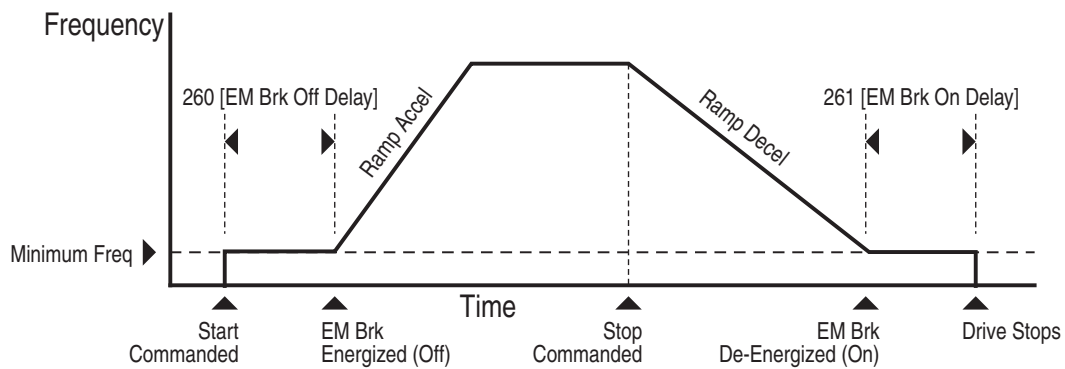
0	Skip Step (Jump Immediately)
1	Step Based on (Stp Logic Time x)
2	Step if Logic In1 is Active
3	Step if Logic In2 is Active
4	Step if Logic In1 is Not Active
5	Step if Logic In2 is Not Active
6	Stop if either Logic In1 and Logic In2 is Active
7	Stop if both Logic In1 and Logic In2 is Active
8	Stop if neither Logic In1 and Logic In2 is Active
9	Step if Logic In1 is Active and Logic In2 is Not Active
A	Step if Logic In2 is Active and Logic In1 is Not Active
b	Step after (Stp Logic Time x) and Logic In1 is Active
C	Step after (Stp Logic Time x) and Logic In2 is Active
d	Step after (Stp Logic Time x) and Logic In1 is Not Active
E	Step after (Stp Logic Time x) and Logic In2 is Not Active
F	Do Not Stop/Ignore Digit 2 Settings



<b>A250 (Stp Logic Time 0)</b> <b>A251 (Stp Logic Time 1)</b> <b>A252 (Stp Logic Time 2)</b> <b>A253 (Stp Logic Time 3)</b> <b>A254 (Stp Logic Time 4)</b> <b>A255 (Stp Logic Time 5)</b> <b>A256 (Stp Logic Time 6)</b> <b>A257 (Stp Logic Time 7)</b> Sets the time to remain in each step if the corresponding StpLogic command is set to Step after Time.	Parameter Number	250...257
	Related Parameters	138, 155, 158, 161, 171...177, 240...247
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Advanced Program Group
	Units	0.1 sec
	Minimum Value	0.0 sec
	Maximum Value	999.9 sec
	Default Value	30.0 sec



<b>EM Brk Off Delay</b> Sets the time the drive will remain at minimum frequency before ramping to the commanded frequency and energizing the brake coil relay when Parameter 137 (Stop Mode) is set to option 8 or 9.	Parameter Number	260
	Related Parameters	137
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UNIT
	Group	Advanced Setup
	Units	0.01 sec
	Minimum Value	0.01 sec
	Maximum Value	10 sec
	Default Value	0.0 sec



<b>EM Brk On Delay</b> Sets the time the drive will remain at minimum frequency before stopping and de-energizing the brake coil relay when Parameter 137 (Stop Mode) is set to option 8 or 9.	Parameter Number	261
	Related Parameters	137
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UNIT
	Group	Advanced Setup
	Units	0.01 sec
	Minimum Value	0.01 sec
	Maximum Value	10.00 sec
	Default Value	0.0 sec

<b>MOP Reset Sel</b> Sets the drive to save the current MOP Reference command. 0 = Zero MOP Ref This option clamps Parameter 169 (Internal Freq) at 0.0 Hz when drive is not running. 1 = Save MOP Ref (Default) Reference is saved in Parameter 169 (Internal Freq).	Parameter Number	262
	Related Parameters	169
	Access Rule	Get/Set
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Advanced Program Group
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0
	Maximum Value	1
	Default Value	0



<b>DB Threshold</b> Sets the DC bus Voltage Threshold for Dynamic Brake operation. If the DC bus voltage falls below the value set in this parameter, the Dynamic Brake will not turn on. Lower values will make the Dynamic Braking function more responsive, but may result in nuisance Dynamic Brake activation.	Parameter Number	263
	Access Rule	GET/SET
	Data Type	UINT
	Group	Advanced Program Group
	Units	—
	Minimum Value	0.0%
	Maximum Value	110.0%
	Default Value	100%



# HOA Keypad Operation

## Introduction

This chapter provides a basic understanding of the programming of the factory-installed optional built-in Hand/Off/Auto (HOA) keypad. The HOA keypad can be programmed for maintained or momentary operation.

Figure 7.1 Optional HOA Keypads



## Keypad Description

The keys found on the optional HOA keypads are described below:




Table 7.1 HOA Keypad — Key Description

	<b>HAND</b>	The Hand key will initiate starter operation
	<b>AUTO</b>	The Auto key allows for Start/Stop control via the communications network
	<b>OFF</b>	If the starter is running, pressing the OFF key will cause the starter to stop.
	<b>REV</b>	The REV key selects reverse direction of the motor
	<b>FWD</b>	The FWD key selects forward direction of the motor
	<b>DIR Arrow</b>	The Dir arrow selects the direction of the motor, either forward or reverse.
	<b>JOG</b>	When pressed, JOG will be initiated if no other control devices are sending a stop command. Releasing the key will cause the drive to stop, using selected stop mode.






**Figure 7.2 Bulletin 280/281 or Bulletin 283 Hand -Off-Auto Selector Keypad**

The following state transition matrix summarizes the HOA Keypad when parameter 45 “Keypad Mode” is set to 1=momentary.

	HAND STOP	HAND FWD	AUTO
	Command motor off and Transition to “AUTO”	Ignore	Ignore
	Command motor ON and Transition to “HAND FWD”	Ignore	Ignore
	Ignore	Command motor OFF and transition to “HAND STOP”	Command motor off and transition to “HAND STOP”






The following state transition matrix summarizes the HOA Keypad when parameter 45 “Keypad Mode” is set to 0=maintained.

	HAND STOP	HAND FWD	AUTO
NO KEY PRESSED	Ignore	Command motor off and transition to “HAND STOP”	Ignore
	Command motor off and Transition to “AUTO”	Ignore	Ignore
	Command motor ON and transition to “HAND FWD”	Ignore	Ignore
	Ignore	Command motor off and transition to “HAND STOP”	Command motor off and Transition to “HAND STOP”








**Figure 7.3 Bulletin 281 Hand-Off-Auto Selector Keypad with Forward/Reverse Function**

The following state transition matrix summarizes the HOA behavior when parameter 45 “Keypad Mode” is set to 1=momentary

	HAND STOP	HAND FWD	HAND REV	AUTO
	Set FWD LED	Ignore	Ignore	Set FWD LED
	Set REV LED	Ignore	Ignore	Set REV LED
	Command motor off and Transition to “AUTO”	Ignore	Ignore	Ignore
	If (FWD LED) transition to “HAND FWD” If (REV LED) Transition to “HAND REV”	Ignore	Ignore	Ignore
	Ignore	Command motor off and transition to “HAND STOP”	Command motor off and transition to “HAND STOP”	Command motor off and Transition to “HAND STOP”

The following state transition matrix summarizes the HOA behavior when parameter 45 “Keypad Mode” is set to 0=maintained

	HAND STOP	HAND FWD	HAND REV	AUTO
NO KEY PRESSED	Ignore	Command motor off and transition to “HAND STOP”	Command motor off and transition to “HAND STOP”	Ignore
	Set FWD LED	Ignore	Ignore	Set FWD LED
	Set REV LED	Ignore	Ignore	Set REV LED
	Command motor off and Transition to “AUTO”	Ignore	Ignore	Ignore
	If (FWD LED) transition to “HAND FWD” If (REV LED) Transition to “HAND REV”	Ignore	Ignore	Ignore
	Ignore	Command motor off and transition to “HAND STOP”	Command motor off and transition to “HAND STOP”	Command motor off and transition to “HAND STOP”



**Figure 7.4 Bulletin 284 Hand-Off-Auto Selector Keypad with JOG and Direction Arrow Functions**

The following state transition matrix summarizes the Jog/HOA behavior when Parameter 45, Keypad Mode, is set to 1 = momentary.

	HAND STOP	HAND FWD	HAND REV	JOG FWD	JOG REV	AUTO
	If (FWD LED) Set REV LED Else If (REV LED) Set FWD LED	If (FWD LED) Set REV LED Else If (REV LED) Set FWD LED	If (FWD LED) Set REV LED Else If (REV LED) Set FWD LED	Ignore	Ignore	Ignore
	If (FWD LED) transition to JOG FWD If (REV LED) Transition to JOG REV	Ignore	Ignore	Ignore	Ignore	Ignore
	Command motor off and Transition to AUTO	Ignore	Ignore	Ignore	Ignore	Ignore
	If (FWD LED) transition to HAND FWD Else If (REV LED) Transition to HAND REV	Ignore	Ignore	Ignore	Ignore	Ignore
No Key Pressed	Ignore	Ignore	Ignore	Command motor off and transition to HAND STOP	Command motor off and transition to HAND STOP	Ignore
	Ignore	Command motor off and transition to HAND STOP	Command motor off and transition to HAND STOP	Command motor off and transition to HAND STOP	Command motor off and transition to HAND STOP	Command motor off and Transition to HAND STOP

The following state transition matrix summarizes the Jog/HOA behavior when Parameter 45 Keypad Mode is set to 0 = maintained.

	HAND STOP	HAND FWD	HAND REV	JOG FWD	JOG REV	AUTO
No Key Pressed	Ignore	Command motor off and transition to HAND STOP	Command motor off and transition to HAND STOP	Command motor off and transition to HAND STOP	Command motor off and transition to HAND STOP	Ignore
	If (FWD LED) Set REV LED Else If (REV LED) Set FWD LED	Ignore	Ignore	Ignore	Ignore	Ignore
	If (FWD LED) transition to JOG FWD If (REV LED) Transition to JOG REV	Ignore	Ignore	Ignore	Ignore	Ignore
	Command motor off and Transition to AUTO	Ignore	Ignore	Ignore	Ignore	Ignore
	If (FWD LED) transition to HAND FWD If (REV LED) Transition to HAND REV	Ignore	Ignore	Ignore	Ignore	Ignore
	Ignore	Command motor off and transition to HAND STOP	Command motor off and transition to HAND STOP	Command motor off and transition to HAND STOP	Command motor off and transition to HAND STOP	Command motor off and transition to HAND STOP



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## Keypad Disable and HOA

Parameter 46 “Keypad Disable”, disables the “HAND”, “FWD” and “REV” buttons on the HOA keypad. The “OFF” and “AUTO” buttons are always enabled, even if parameter 46 is set to “1=disable”.

**Note:** In nearly all instances, if the processor detects multiple buttons are pressed at the same time, the software interprets this as a “no button pressed” condition. The only exception to this rule is if multiple buttons are pressed and one of them is the “OFF” button. If the “OFF” button is pressed in combination with any combination of other buttons, the processor will interpret this the same as if the “OFF” button were pressed by itself.



**Notes:**



## DeviceNet™ Commissioning

This chapter refers to Bulletin 280D/281D, 283D, and 284D products. Refer to *Chapter 11, ArmorStart® to ArmorPoint® Connectivity* for commissioning the Bulletin 280A/281A, 283A, and 284A products.

### Establishing a DeviceNet Node Address

The ArmorStart® is shipped with a default node address of 63 and Autobaud enabled. Each device on a DeviceNet network must have a unique node address or MAC ID which can be set to a value from 0 to 63. Keep in mind that most DeviceNet systems use address 0 for the master device (Scanner) and node address 63 should be left vacant for introduction of new slave devices. The ArmorStart offers two methods for node commissioning as shown below.

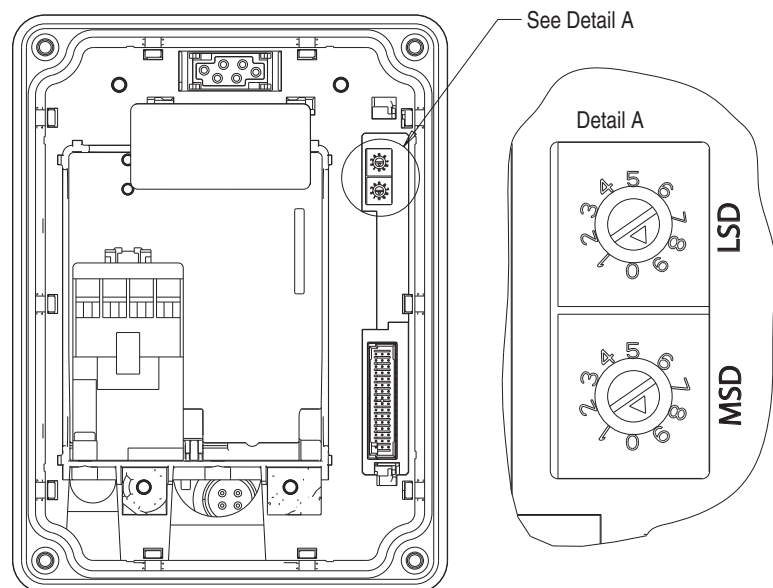
The node address for a device can be changed using software or by setting hardware switches that reside on the back of the control module. While both methods yield the same result, it is good practice to choose one method and deploy it throughout the system.

### Node Commissioning using Hardware

The ArmorStart is shipped with the hardware rotary switches set to a value of (99). If the switches are set to a value (64) or above, the device will automatically configure itself to the software node address. If the switches are set to a value of (63) or less, the device will be at the node address designated by the switch configuration.

To set an address using the hardware rotary switches, simply set the switches to the desired node address and cycle power to the unit. The Device will re-start at the new address.

**Figure 8.1 Rotary Node Address Configuration**





## Node Commissioning using Software

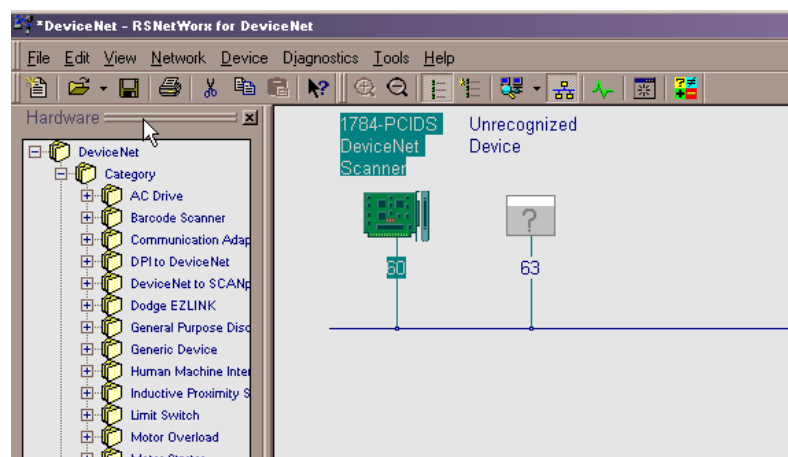
To set the node address of the ArmorStart using software or other handheld tools, leave the hardware switches in their default position (99) or insure that they are set to something greater than (63). With the hardware switches set, use the software or handheld tool to change the address.

To begin the configuration of ArmorStart using software, execute the RSNetWorx™ software and complete the following procedure. You must use RSNetWorx Revision 3.21 Service Pack 2 or later.

1. Go on-line using RSNetWorx for DeviceNet. This can be accomplished by selecting the **Network** menu, and then choosing **Online**.
2. Choose the appropriate DeviceNet PC interface. In this example, a **1784-PCIDS** module is chosen. Other common DeviceNet interfaces are the 1770-KFD, and 1784-PCD.

**Note:** DeviceNet drivers must be configured using RSLinx prior to being available to RSNetWorx.

3. Click **OK**.
4. RSNetWorx will notify the user to upload or download devices before viewing configuration. Click **OK**.
5. RSNetWorx will now browse the network and display all of the nodes it has detected on the network. For some versions of RSNetWorx software the ArmorStart EDS files and icon may not be included and will show up as an “Unregistered Device”. If the screen appears like the example below, continue with **Building and Registering an EDS file**.



6. If RSNetWorx recognizes the device as an ArmorStart, skip ahead to the following section Changing the Node address (MAC ID)



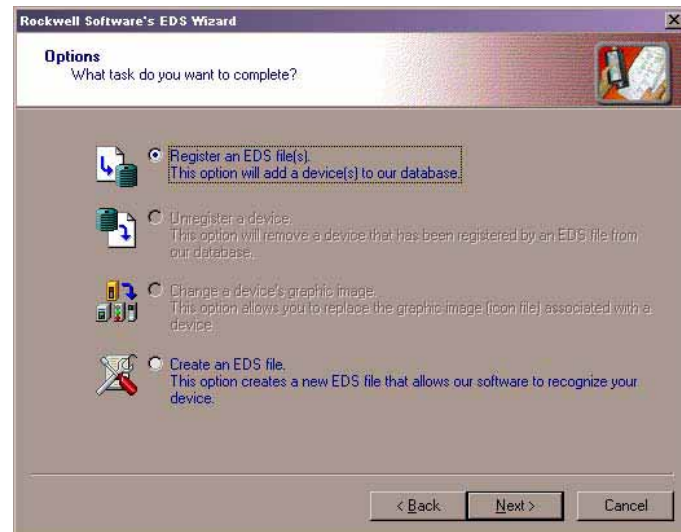
## Building and Registering an EDS File

The EDS file defines how RSNetWorx for DeviceNet will communicate to the ArmorStart. Follow the steps below to build and register the EDS file.

To register a device you must first obtain the EDS file from the following web page: <http://www.ab.com/networks/eds>

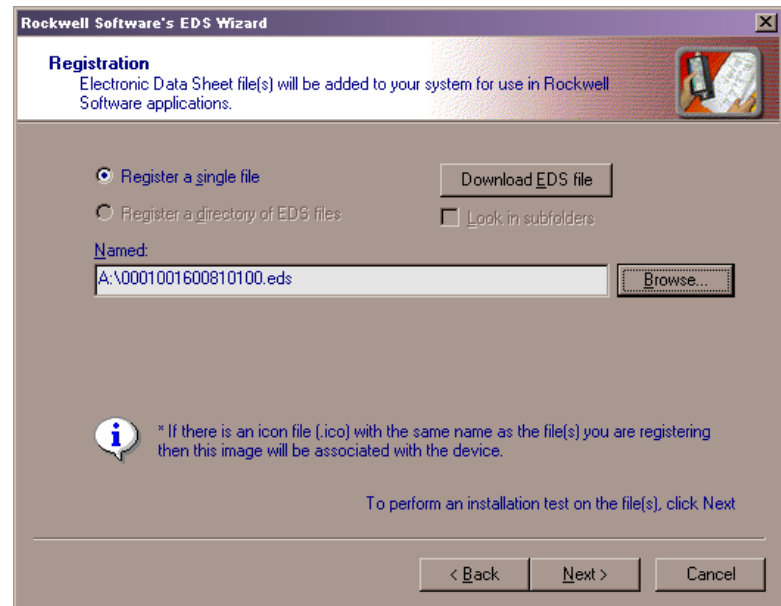
After obtaining the files do the following:

1. Right mouse click on the “Unrecognized Device” icon and choose **Register Device** from the menu.
2. Click **Next**. The following screen appears:

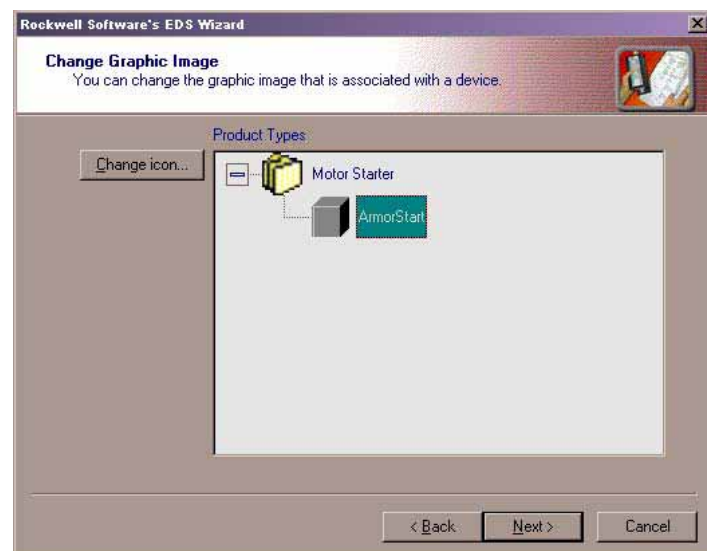


3. Choose “Register an EDS file(s)” as shown above and then click the **Next** button.
4. Choose to “Register a single file” and specify the file name or use the **Browse** button to locate the EDS file on your computer. If connected to the Internet you may use the **Download EDS file** button to automatically search for the correct EDS file.





5. Click the *Next* button.
6. The following screen will display any warning or errors if a problem occurs while registering the file. If a problem occurs insure that you have the correct file and try again. Click the *Next* button when no errors occur.
7. Select an alternative icon by highlighting the new device and clicking *Change Icon*. Once you have selected an icon, choose *OK* and then click the *Next* button

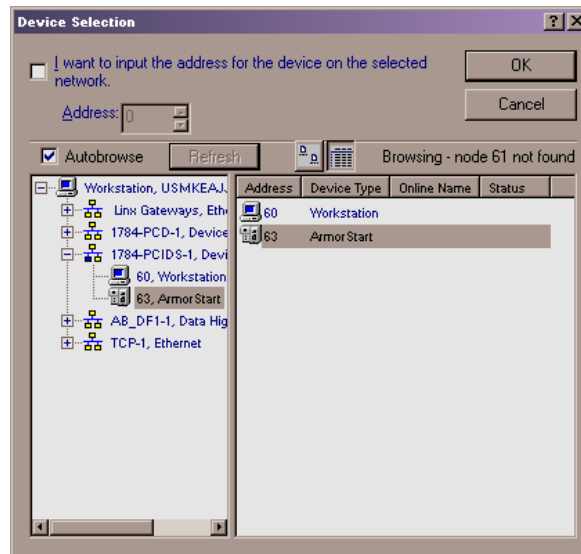


8. When asked if you would like to register this device, click the *Next* button.



## Using the Node Commissioning Tool Inside RSNetWorx for DeviceNet

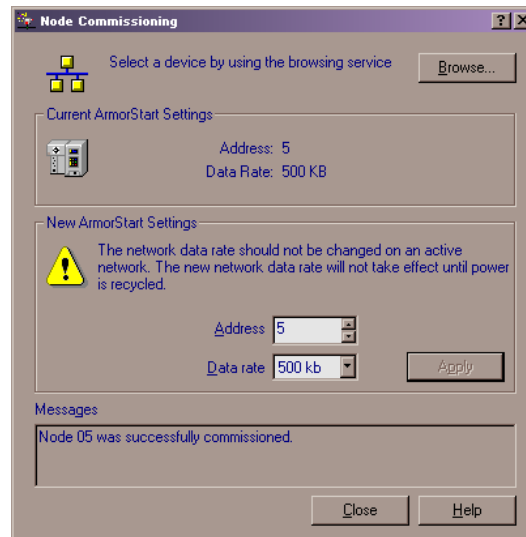
9. Click the **Finish** button. After a short while RSNetWorx will update your online screen by replacing the unrecognized device with the name and icon given by the EDS file you have just registered.
1. Choose “**Node Commissioning**” from the “**Tools**” menu at the top of the screen.
2. Clicking on **Browse...** will prompt a screen similar to the one below to appear.



3. Select the ArmorStart located at node 63, and then click **OK**. The node commissioning screen will have the “Current Device Settings” entries completed. It will also provide the current network baud rate in the “New ArmorStart Settings” area. Do not change the baud rate unless you absolutely sure that this value needs to be changed.
4. Enter the desired node address in the “New Device Settings” section. In this example, the new node address is **5**. Click **Apply** to apply the new node address.



5. When the new node address has been successfully applied, the “Current Device Settings” section of the window is updated as follows. If an error occurs, check to make sure the device is properly powered up and connected to the network.



6. Click **Close** to exit the node commissioning tool.
7. Choose “**Single Pass Browse**” from the “**Network**” menu to update RSNetWorx and verify that the node address is set correctly.

## System Configuration

Selection of produced and consumed I/O assemblies (sometimes referred to as input and output assemblies) define the format of I/O message data that is exchanged between the ArmorStart and other devices on the network. The consumed information is generally used to command the state of its outputs, and produced information typically contains the state of the inputs and the current fault status of the device.

The default consumed and produced assemblies are shown below; for additional formats refer to Appendix B, page B-1. The ArmorStart default configuration varies depending on the type of starter.

Choosing the size and format of the I/O data that is exchanged by the ArmorStart is done by choosing a consumed assembly instance number. This instance number is written to the *Consumed IO Assy* parameter. The different instances/formats allow user programming flexibility and network optimization.

**Important:** The *Consumed and Produced IO Assy* parameter values can not be changed while the ArmorStart is online with a scanner. Any attempts to change the value of this parameter while online with a scanner will result in the error message “Object State Conflict”.



## Using Automap feature with default Input and Output (I/O) Assemblies

The Automap feature available in all Rockwell Automation scanners will automatically map the information as shown below. If manual mapping is not required, the information below can be used to map a device based on the default configuration.

**Table 8.1 Default Input and Output (I/O) Assemblies**

	Default
Message type	Polled
Consumed data size	1 byte (Rx)
Produced data size	2 bytes (Tx)

## Default Input and Output (I/O) Assembly Formats

The I/O assembly format for the ArmorStart is identified by the value in parameter 11 (Consumed IO Assy.) and parameter 12 (Produced IO Assy.). These values determine the amount and arrangement of the information communicated to the master scanner. The tables below identify the default information produced and consumed by the standard starter. For additional formats and advance configurations please reference Table B.11 on page B-5.

**Table 8.2 Instance 160 — Default Consumed Data for Standard Distributed Motor Controller (1 byte)**

Byte	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
0	User Out B	User Out A	Not Used	Not Used	Not Used	Fault Reset	Run Rev	Run Fwd

**Table 8.3 Instance 161 — Default Produced Data for Standard Distributed Motor Controller (2 bytes)**

Byte	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
0	Not Used	Not Used	Not Used	Ready	Running Rev	Running Fwd	Warning	Tripped
1	Not Used	Not Used	140M On	HOA Status	User In 3	User In 2	User In 1	User In 0



## Setting the Motor FLA and Overload Trip Class (Bulletin 280/281)

The product should now be configured and communicating on the network. The last step is to program the motor FLA setting (parameter# 106) and overload trip class (parameter# 107). This can be accomplished by using software such as RSNetWorx for DeviceNet or another handheld DeviceNet tool.

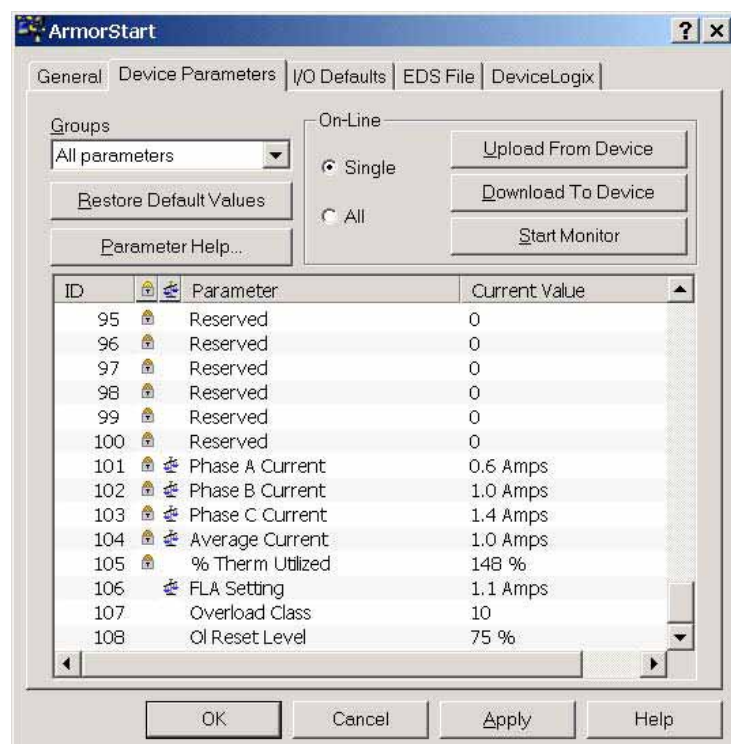
Using the software, access the device parameters screen as shown below. Notice that by default the motor FLA is set to the minimum FLA setting for the device and the overload trip class is set to 10.

Select **FLA setting** (parameter #106) and enter a value that corresponds to the FLA of the motor connected to the ArmorStart. Make sure the *single* radio button is selected and then select **Download to Device**.

Select **Overload Class** (parameter #107) and choose the overload trip class to be used with the motor connected to the ArmorStart. The ArmorStart can be set up for trip class 10, 15, or 20. Make sure the *Single* radio button is selected and then select **Download to Device**.

The proper motor protection is now in place.

**Figure 8.2 RSNetWorx Parameter Screen**





## Setting the Motor FLA(Bulletin 283)

The product should now be configured and communicating on the network. The last step is to program the proper motor FLA setting (parameter #106). This can be accomplished by using software such as RSNetWorx for DeviceNet or a handheld DeviceNet tool.

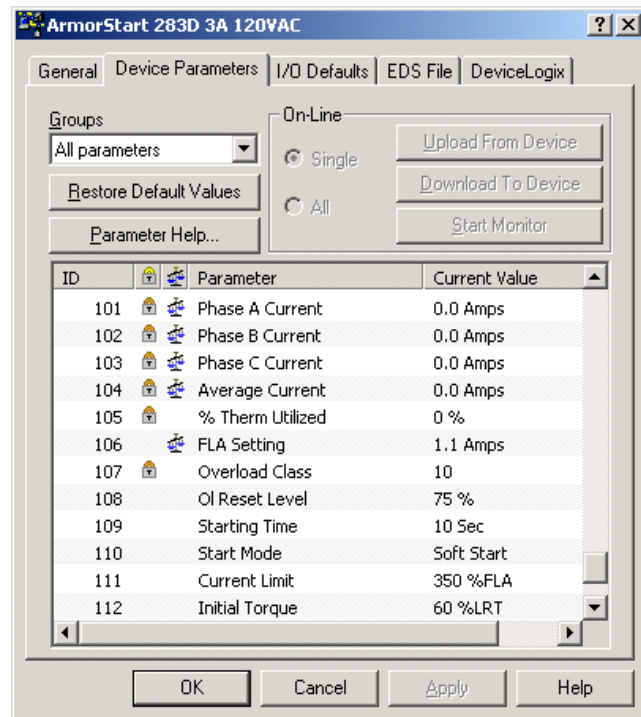
Use the software to access the device parameters screen. By default the motor FLA is set to the minimum FLA setting for the device and the overload trip class is set to 10. Set these parameters to the desired values and download to the device.

Select **FLA setting** (parameter #106) and enter a value that corresponds to the FLA of the motor connected to the ArmorStart. Make sure the **Single** radio button is selected and then select **Download to Device**.

The Overload Trip class for the Bulletin 283 Distributed Motor Controller is class 10.

The proper motor protection is now in place.

**Figure 8.3 RSNetWorx Parameter Screen**





## Setting the Motor FLA (Bulletin 284)

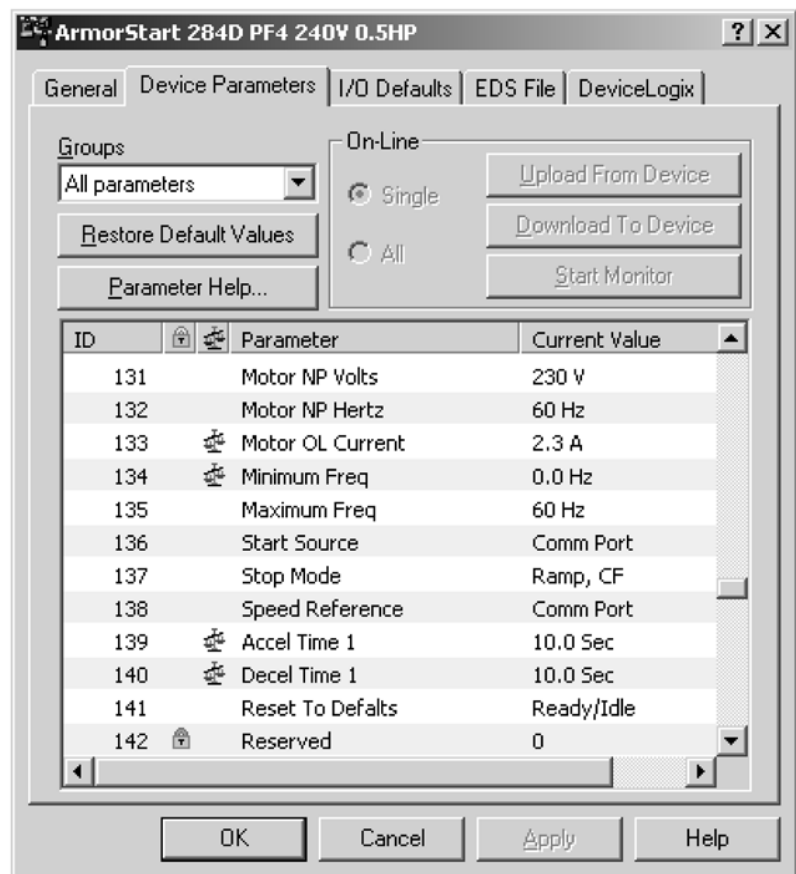
The product should now be configured and communicating on the network. The last step is to program the proper motor OL current setting (Parameter 133). This can be accomplished by using software such as RSNetWorx for DeviceNet or a handheld DeviceNet tool.

Use the software to access the device parameters screen. By default the motor OL current is set to the minimum motor OL current setting for the device. Set this parameter to the desired value and download to the device.

Select **Motor OL Current** (Parameter 133) and enter a value that corresponds to the FLA of the motor connected to the ArmorStart. Make sure the **Single** radio button is selected and then select **Download to Device**.

The proper motor protection is now in place.

Figure 9 RSNetWorx Parameter Screen





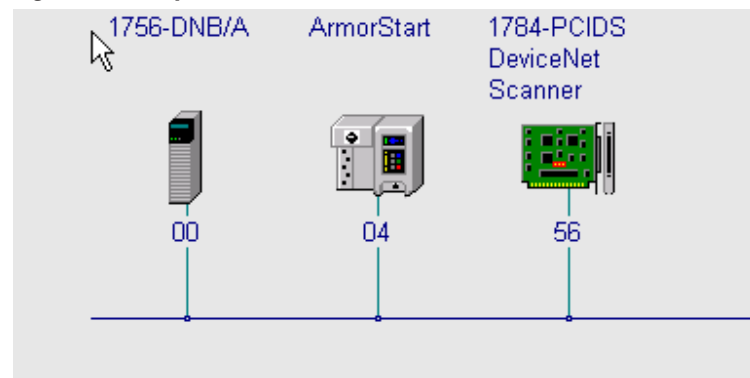
## Logic Controller Application Example with Explicit Messaging

## Explicit Messaging on DeviceNet™

This chapter is designed to demonstrate programming and explicit message examples for both the SLC™ family of programmable controllers and ControlLogix® family of programmable controllers. The examples will show how to develop a program for simple control and use a simple explicit message to retrieve data that is not automatically acquired based on the input and output assembly of the device. The user of the device can use this example as a guide in developing, their own programs.

Below is the RSNetWorx™ view of the simple network used in this example.

**Figure 9.1 Simple Network**



To assist in the development of the example the network will consist only of the ArmorStart® and scanner. Therefore the only mapped information in the scanner will be the ArmorStart. Refer to *Chapter 8, DeviceNet™ Commissioning* for assistance in mapping.

## Programming the 1747-SLC

### I/O Mapping

The following example will utilize the Standard Distributed Motor Controller and the factory default input and output assembly of 160 and 161. Refer to *Appendix B, Bulletin 280/281 CIP Information* for additional assembly formats. The default input and output assemblies are shown in the table below with the corresponding data size.

**Table 9.1 Message Type (I/O Assembly)**

	Data Size (bytes)
Instance 160 – Consumed (output)	1 (Rx)
Instance 161 – Produced (input)	2 (Tx)



If a different I/O assembly is selected, the data size may change. It is important to understand that the I/O assembly selected here will directly affect the input and output mapping in the scanner's scanlist and the amount of Programmable Logic Controller (PLC) memory reserved for this information.

**Table 9.2 Example SLC Input Addressing (Produced Assembly)**

Instance 161 Default Produced Standard Distributed Motor Controller								
Byte 0	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
Address	I:1.23	I:1.22	I:1.21	I:1.20	I:1.19	I:1.18	I:1.17	I:1.16
Data	reserved	Reserved	reserved	Ready	Running Rev	Running Fwd	Warning	Tripped
Byte 1	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8
Address	I:1.31	I:1.30	I:1.29	I:1.28	I:1.27	I:1.26	I:1.25	I:1.24
Data	reserved	Reserved	140M On	HOA	User In 3	User In 2	User In 1	User In 0

**Table 9.3 Example SLC Output Addressing (Consumed Assembly)**

Instance 160 Default Consumed Standard Distributed Motor Controller								
Byte	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
Address	O:1.23	O:1.22	O:1.21	O:1.20	O:1.19	O:1.18	O:1.17	O:1.16
Data	User Out B	User Out A	reserved	reserved	reserved	Fault Reset	Run Rev	Run Fwd

The example PLC program for the SLC will use the “Tripped” and the “140M On” bit from the produced assembly and the “Fault Reset”, “User Out A”, and “Run Fwd” bit from the consumed assembly.

## Explicit Messaging with SLC

The 1747-SDN module uses the M0 and M1 file areas for data transfer. Only words 224 through 256 are used to execute the Explicit Message Request and Response function. The minimum data size for the explicit message request is 6 words and the maximum is 32 words. The following tables illustrate the standard format of the explicit message request and response.

**Table 9.4 Explicit Message Request (Get\_Attribute\_Single)**

Bit location within Word		
15 ... 8	7 ... 0	
TXID	COMMAND	Word - 0
PORT	SIZE	Word - 1
SERVICE	MAC ID	Word - 2
CLASS		Word - 3
INSTANCE		Word - 4
ATTRIBUTE		Word - 5



**Table 9.5 Explicit Message Response (Get\_Attribute\_Single)**

Bit location within Word		
15 ... 8	7 ... 0	
TXID	STATUS	Word - 0
PORT	SIZE	Word - 1
SERVICE	MAC ID	Word - 2
DATA		Word - 3

- Transmission ID (TXID):**  
 The scanner uses this value to track the transaction to completion, and returns the value with the response that matches the request downloaded by the SLC-500 processor. The TXID data size is one byte.
- Command:**  
 This code instructs the scanner how to administer the request. A listing of these codes can be found in the 1747-SDN User Manual, Publication 1747-5.8. The Command data size is one byte.
- Status:**  
 The Status code provides the communication module's status and its response.
- Port:**  
 The physical channel of the scanner where the transaction is to be routed. The port setting can be zero (channel A) or one (channel B). The Port data size is one byte. Please note that the 1747-SDN has only one channel, and so this value is always set to zero.
- Size:**  
 This identifies the size of the transaction body in bytes. The transaction body begins at word 3. The maximum size is 58 bytes. The Size data size is one byte.
- Service:**  
 This code specifies the type of request being delivered. The Service data size is one byte.
- MAC ID:**  
 The DeviceNet™ network node address of the device for which the transaction is intended is identified here. The slave device must be listed in the scanner module's scan list and be on-line for the explicit message transaction to be completed.
- Class:**  
 The desired DeviceNet class is specified here.



- **Instance:**  
This code identifies the specific instance within the object class towards which the transaction is directed. The value zero is reserved to denote that the transaction is directed towards the class itself versus a specific instance within the class.
- **Attribute:**  
This code identifies the specific characteristic of the object towards which the transaction is directed. The attribute data size is one word.

## Setting up the Data File

The following table lists the most common transaction types (get information and set information), and the appropriate service, class, instance, and attribute that corresponds to the type.

**Table 9.6 Common Configuration Examples for ArmorStart**

Transaction Type	Service ①	Class ①	Instance ①	Attribute ①
Get_Attribute_Single	0x0E	0x0F	Par. # ②	1 ③
Set_Attribute_Single	0x10	0x0F	Par. # ②	1 ③

① The numeric values are in a hexadecimal format.

② This is the actual parameter number.

③ The code “1” specifies the value of the instance (parameter).

## Sequence of Events

Use the following sequence of events as a guide for establishing explicit messages in your SLC ladder logic.

1. Put the explicit message request data into an integer (N) file of the SLC-500 processor.
2. Use the file copy instruction (COP) to copy the explicit message request data entered in step 1 to the M0 File, words 224 through 256.
3. Use the examine-if-closed instruction (XIC) to monitor bit 15 of the scanner’s module status register for an indication that it has received a response from the ArmorStart.
4. Copy the data from the M1 file, words 224 through 256, into a file in the SLC-500 processor using the file copy instruction (COP).

The following example shows the exact data format to perform a “Get Attribute Single” request. This message will specifically access parameter 104, *Average Current*. The first three words are shown segmented into two bytes, corresponding to the upper and lower bytes shown in the explicit message request table (Table 9.4).

**Note:** The data in the table is shown in a hexadecimal format. Therefore *parameter 104 decimal* is equal to *68 hexadecimal* (0x68).



Table 9.7    **Get\_Attribute\_Single Request**

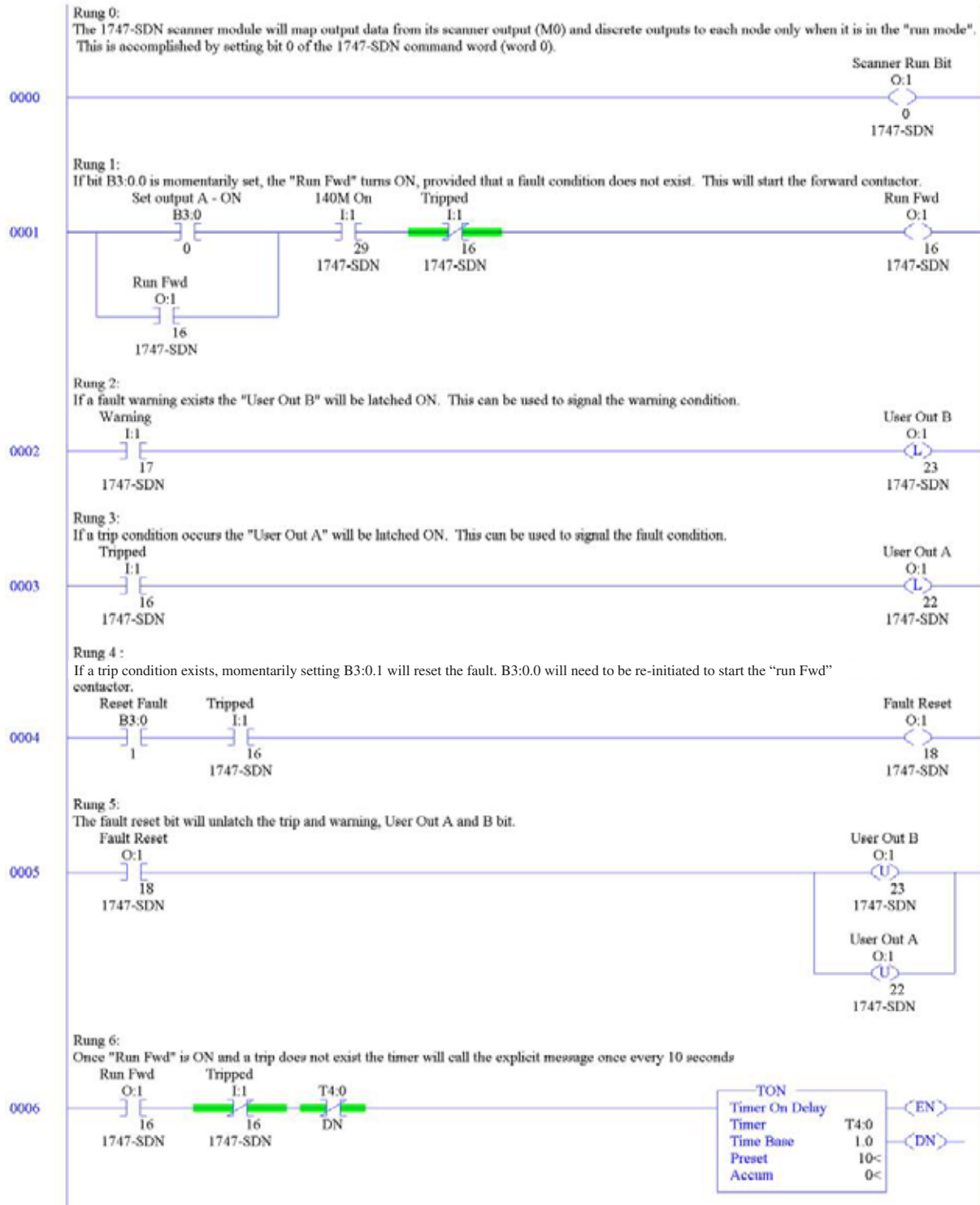
	TXID	Command	Port	Size	Service	MAC ID	Class	Instance	Attribute		
Word	0		1		2		3	4	5	6	7
N7:x	01	01	00	06	0E	04	000F	0068	0001	—	—

Table 9.8    **Get\_Attribute\_Single Response**

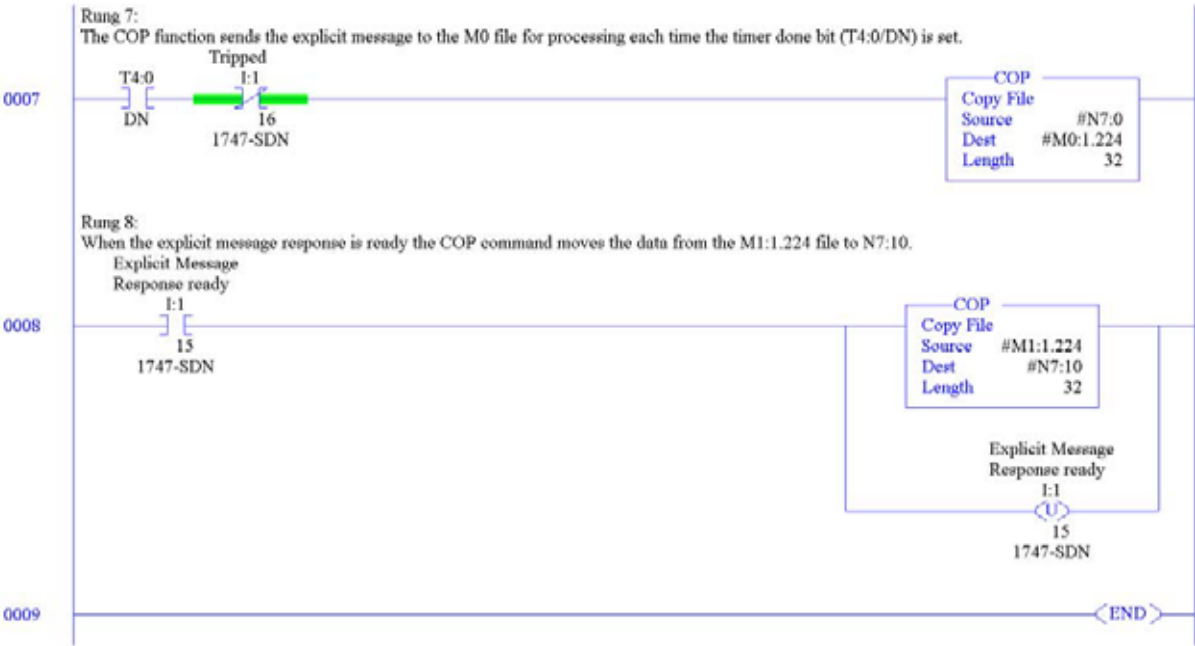
	TXID	Status	Port	Size	Service	MAC ID	Data				
Word	10		11		12		13	14	15	16	17
N7:x	01	xx	00	06	0E	04	x	—	—	—	—



Figure 9.2 SLC Example of Ladder Logic Program







Programming the  
1756-ControlLogix

I/O Mapping

The following example will use the standard distributed motor controller and the factory default input and output assembly of 160 and 161. Refer to Appendix B for additional assembly formats. The default input and output assembly will again be used in the following example.

**Note:** The addressing is different between the SLC 1747 and ControlLogix 1756 program. It is important that the user understand how to create and use “tags” in order to properly follow the example. Please see the RSLogix™ 5000 programming manual for additional help with defining tags.

The tables below list the data configuration for the ControlLogix platform and include the tag name as used in the example program.



**Table 9.9 Example ControlLogix Input Addressing (Produced Assembly)**

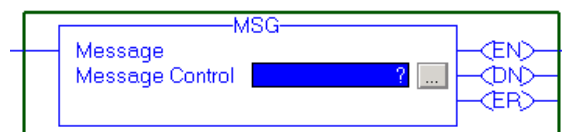
Instance 161 Default Produced Standard Distributed Motor Controller								
Byte 0	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
Address	Local:1:I. Data[1].7	Local:1:I. Data[1].6	Local:1:I. Data[1].5	Local:1:I. Data[1].4	Local:1:I. Data[1].3	Local:1:I. Data[1].2	Local:1:I. Data[1].1	Local:1:I. Data[1].0
Tag Name	—	—	—	—	—	—	Status_ warning	Status_ tripped
Data	reserved	reserved	reserved	Ready	Running Rev	Running Fwd	Warning	Tripped
Byte 1	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8
Address	Local:1:I. Data[1].15	Local:1:I. Data[1].14	Local:1:I. Data[1].13	Local:1:I. Data[1].12	Local:1:I. Data[1].11	Local:1:I. Data[1].10	Local:1:I. Data[1].9	Local:1:I. Data[1].8
Tag Name	—	—	Status_140M	—	—	—	—	—
Data	reserved	reserved	140M On	HOA	User In 3	User In 2	User In 1	User In 0

**Table 9.10 Example ControlLogix Output Address (Consumed Assembly)**


Instance 160 Default Consumed Standard Distributed Motor Controller								
Byte 0	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
Address	Local:1:O. Data[1].7	Local:1:O. Data[1].6	Local:1:O. Data[1].5	Local:1:O. Data[1].4	Local:1:O. Data[1].3	Local:1:O. Data[1].2	Local:1:O. Data[1].1	Local:1:O. Data[1].0
Tag Name	Control_Out B	Control_Out A	—	—	—	Control_fault Reset	—	—
Data	User Out B	User Out A	reserved	reserved	reserved	Fault Reset	Run Rev	Run Fwd

## Explicit Messaging with ControlLogix

The ControlLogix platform requires significantly less structure to initiate an explicit message. The explicit message Request and Response is configured within the **MSG** function. The **MSG** function can be found in the Input/Output tab of RSLogix 5000. Notice that in the ControlLogix program example, rung 6 is the only required logic to complete the explicit message request.



## Setting Up the MSG Instruction

A tag name must be given to the MSG function before the rest of the information can be defined. In this example a tag was created with the name *explicit\_mess*. After the instruction has been named, click on the gray box  to define the rest of the instruction.

The following example shows the exact data format to perform a Get Attribute Single request. This message will specifically access parameter 104, *Average Current*. See Table 9.6 on page 9-4 for additional configurations.



**Figure 9.3 Message Configuration**

Message Configuration - explicit\_mess

Configuration | Communication | Tag

Message Type: CIP Generic

Service Type: Get Attribute Single

Source Element:

Source Length: 0 (Bytes)

Service Code: e (Hex) Class: f (Hex)

Destination Element: explicit\_data

Instance: 104 Attribute: 1 (Hex)

New Tag...

☐ Enable
 ☐ Enable Waiting
 ☐ Start
 ☐ Done
 Done Length: 0

☐ Error Code:
 Extended Error Code:
 ☐ Timed Out

Error Path:

Error Text:

OK Cancel Apply Help

- **Message Type**  
Select CIP Generic from pull down menu to configure an explicit message.
- **Destination Element**  
This is the tag name of the location you are going to place the response information. In this example a tag was created with the name explicit\_data.
- **Service Type**  
The pull down menu has several options, however only the Get Attribute Single is used for this example.

The Class, Instance, and Attribute define the actual information being requested. Additional configurations of these parameters can be found in Appendix B.

- **Class**  
In this example the value is “F”
- **Instance**  
In this example the value is “104”
- **Attribute**  
In this example the value is “1”

After the above information has been entered, click on the communication tab.

- **Path**  
The path will define the route the message will take to get to the device it is intended for. In this example the path is Scanner,2,4; where scanner is the name of the 1756-DNB in the rack, 2 represents the DeviceNet port, and 4 represents the physical node address of the ArmorStart.



**Figure 9.4 Scanner Path**

The screenshot shows the 'Message Configuration - explicit\_mess' dialog box with the 'Communication' tab selected. The 'Path' field contains 'Scanner, 2, 4' and has a 'Browse...' button next to it. Below the path field, the text 'Scanner, 2, 4' is displayed. The 'Communication Method' section has two radio buttons: 'CIP' (selected) and 'DH+'. To the right of these are two dropdown menus for 'Channel' and 'Destination Link'. Below these are two more dropdown menus for 'Source Link' and 'Destination Node' (labeled '(Octal)'). At the bottom of this section are two checkboxes: 'Connected' (unchecked) and 'Cache Connections' (checked). The bottom of the dialog box contains four radio buttons: 'Enable' (selected), 'Enable Waiting', 'Start', and 'Done'. To the right of these is a 'Done Length' field with the value '0'. Below the radio buttons are three labels: 'Error Code:', 'Extended Error Code:', and 'Timed Out' (with a checkbox). At the bottom right are four buttons: 'OK', 'Cancel', 'Apply', and 'Help'.

Message Configuration - explicit\_mess

Configuration Communication Tag

Path: Scanner, 2, 4 Browse...

Scanner, 2, 4

Communication Method

☒ CIP ☐ DH+ Channel: Destination Link:

☐ CIP With Source ID Source Link: Destination Node: (Octal)

☐ Connected ☒ Cache Connections

☒ Enable ☐ Enable Waiting ☐ Start ☐ Done Done Length: 0

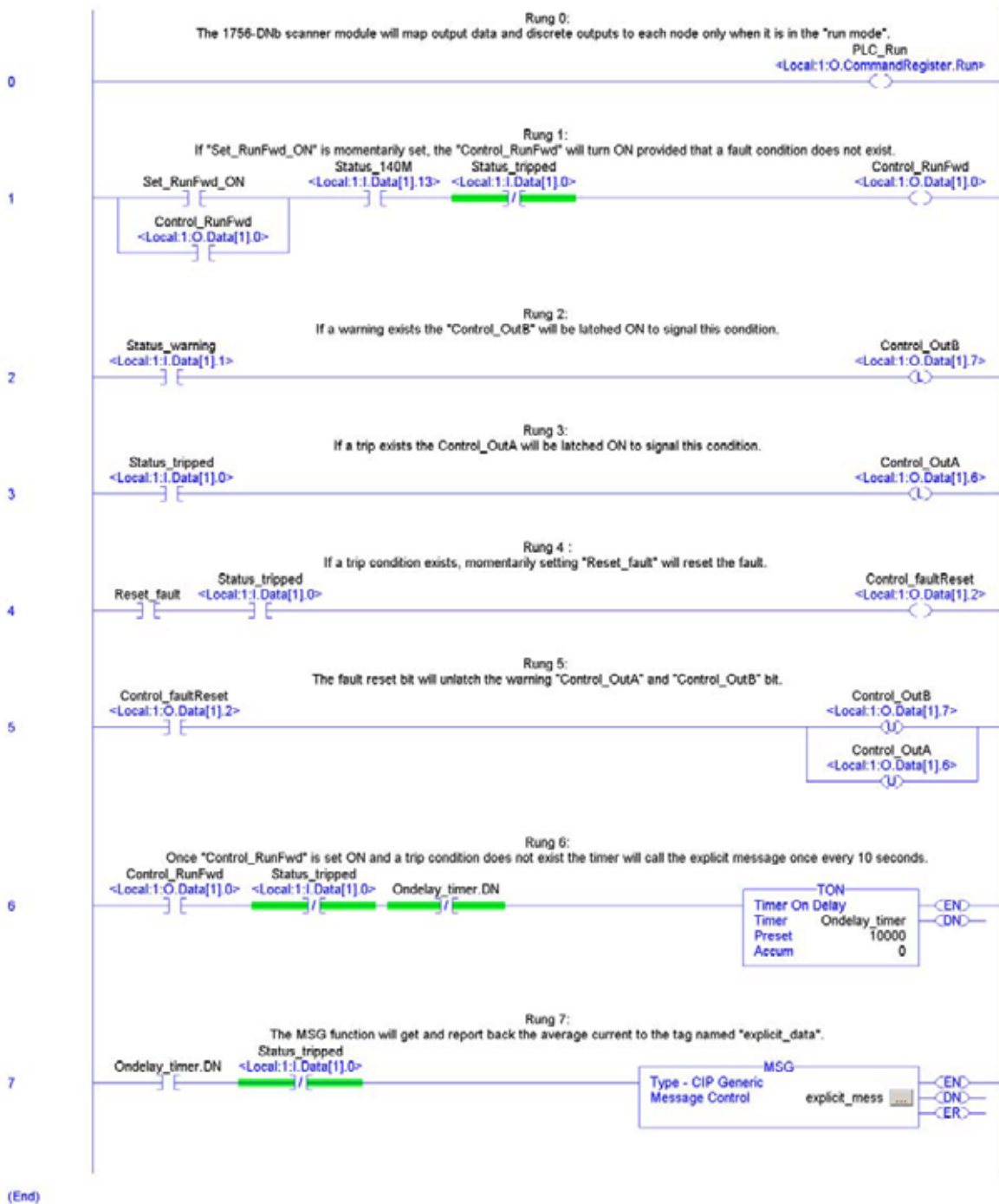
Error Code: Extended Error Code: ☐ Timed Out

Error Path:  
Error Text:

OK Cancel Apply Help



Figure 9.5 ControlLogix Example of Ladder Logic Program





**Notes**



## Using DeviceLogix™

DeviceLogix is a stand-alone Boolean program that resides within the ArmorStart®. The program is embedded in the product software so that there is no additional module required to use this technology; RSNetWorx™ for DeviceNet™ is required to program the device.

In addition to the actual programming, DeviceLogix can be configured to operate under specific situations. It is important to note that the DeviceLogix program will only run if the logic has been enabled. This can be done within the “Logic Editor” of RSNetWorx. The operation configuration is accomplished by setting the “Network Override” and “Communication Override” parameter. The following information describes the varying levels of operation:

- If both overrides are disabled and the logic is enabled, the ONLY time DeviceLogix will run is if there is an active I/O connection with a master, i.e. the master is in Run mode. At all other times DeviceLogix will be running the logic, but will NOT control the state of the outputs.
- If the Network Override is enabled and the logic is enabled then DeviceLogix controls the state of the outputs when the PLC is in Run mode and if a network fault such as Duplicate MAC ID or Module Bus off condition occurs.
- If the Communications Override is enabled and the logic is enabled, the device does not need any I/O connection to run the logic. As long as there is control power and a DeviceNet power source connected to the device, the logic will control the state of the outputs.

## DeviceLogix Programming

DeviceLogix has many applications and the implementation is typically only limited to the imagination of the programmer. Keep in mind that the application of DeviceLogix is only designed to handle simple logic routines.

DeviceLogix is programmed using simple Boolean math operators such as AND, OR, NOT, timers, counters, and latches. Decision making is done by combining these Boolean operations with any of the available I/O. The inputs and outputs used to interface with the logic can come from the network or from the device hardware. Hardware I/O is the physical Inputs and Outputs located on the device such as push buttons and pilot lights that are connected to the ArmorStart.



# DeviceLogix Programming Example

There are many reasons to use the DeviceLogix functionality, but some of the most common are listed below:

- Increased system reliability
- Fast update times (1 - 2 ms possible)
- Improved diagnostics and reduced troubleshooting
- Operation independent of PLC or Network status
- Continue to run process in the event of network interruptions
- Critical operations can be safely shutdown through local logic

The following example will show how to program a simple logic routine to interface the ArmorStart with a remote hard-wired start-stop station. In this case the I/O is wired as shown in the table.

**Table 10.1 Hardware Bit Assignments and Description for the ArmorStart**

Input Table		Output Table	
Bit	Description	Bit	Description
Input 0	Start Button	Run Fwd	Contacteur Coil
Input 1	Stop Button	N/A	N/A
Input 2	N/A	—	—
Input 3	N/A	—	—

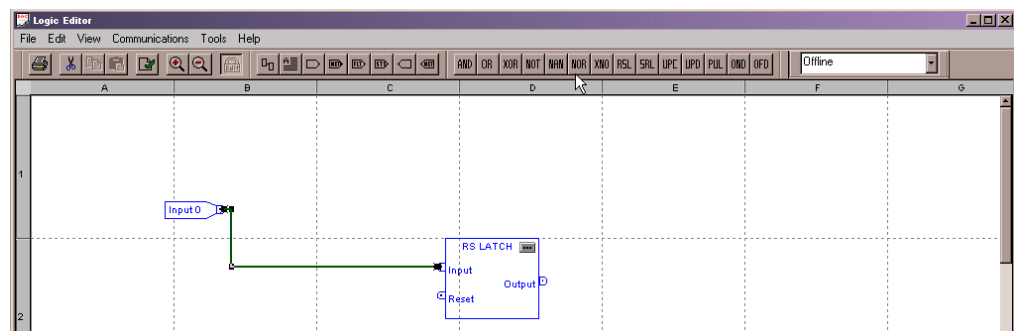
**Important:** Before programming logic, it is important to decide on the conditions under which the logic will run. As defined earlier, the conditions can be defined by setting parameter 8 (Network Override) and parameter 9 (Comm. Override) to the desired value.

1. While in RSNetWorx for DeviceNet, Double click on the ArmorStart.
2. Click on the “**DeviceLogix**” tab. If you are on-line with a device a dialog box will appear asking you to upload or download. Click on “**Upload.**”
3. Click the Start Logic Editor button.
4. If programming off-line continue to step 5, otherwise click on the “**Edit**” button. Click “**Yes**” when asked if you want to Enter Edit Mode. Once in edit mode the entire list of Function Blocks will be displayed in the toolbar.
5. Left Click on the “**RSL**” function block. This is a reset dominate latch.
6. Move the cursor into the grid, and left click to drop the function onto the grid.

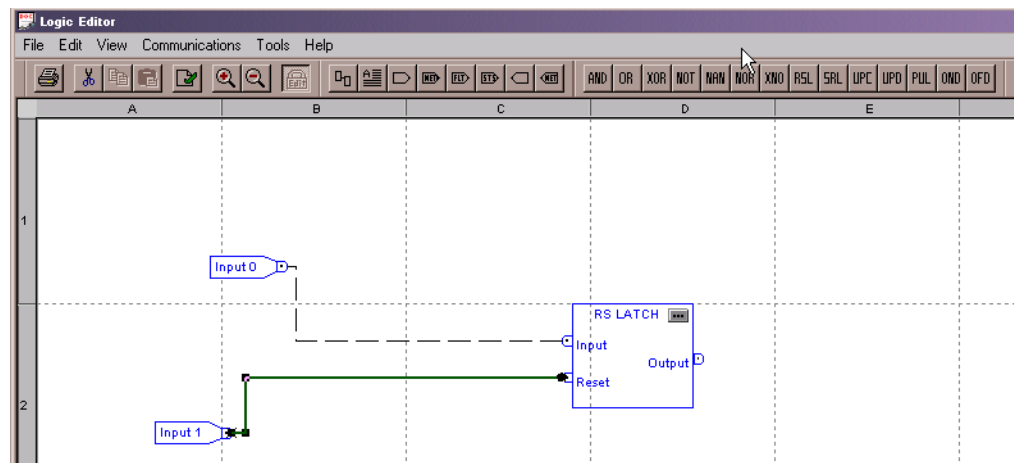


7. From the toolbar, Click on the “**Discrete Input**” button and select **Input 0** from the pull-down menu. This is the remote start button based on the example I/O table.
8. Place the input to the left of the RSL function. To drop the input on the page, left click on the desired position.
9. Place the mouse cursor over the tip of Input 0. The tip will turn green. Click on the tip when it turns green.
10. Move the mouse cursor toward the input of the RSL function. A line will follow the cursor. When a connection can be made, the tip of the RSL function will also turn green. Click the on Input and the line will be drawn from Input 0 to the Set Input of the RSL function.

**Note:** If this was not a valid connection, one of the pin tips would have turned red rather than green. Left double clicking on the unused portion of the grid or pressing the “**Esc**” key at any time will cancel the connection process.

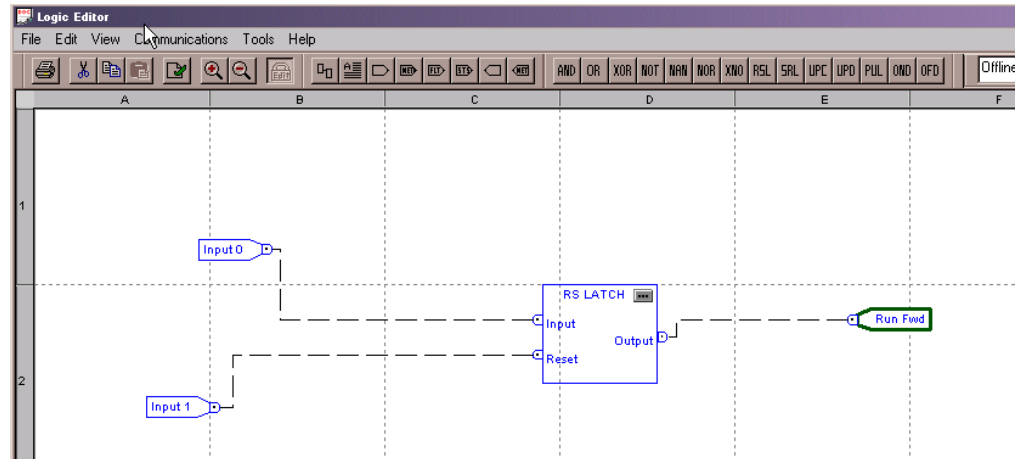


11. From the toolbar, Click on the “**Discrete Input**” button and select **Input 1** from the pull-down menu. This is the remote stop button based on the example I/O table.
12. Place the input to the left of the RSL function.
13. Connect the input to the reset input of the RSL latch.





14. From the toolbar, Click on the “**Discrete Output**” button and select “**Run Fwd**” from the pull-down menu. Run Fwd is the relay controlling the coil of the contactor. Click OK.
15. Move the cursor into the grid and place the Output to the right of the RSL function block.
16. Connect the output of the “**RSL**” function block to **Run Fwd**.



17. Click on the “**Verify**” button located in the toolbar or select “Logic Verify” from the “Tools” pull-down menu.
18. Click on the “**Edit**” button to toggle out of edit mode if online with a device.
19. Go to the pull-down menu in the right corner of the toolbar and select “**Download**”.
20. Note: Ensure that the PLC key switch is in the Program position. If in any other position, the download will not occur and an error will be generated.
21. Press “**OK**” when told the download was successful.
22. Now from the same pull-down menu select “**Logic Enable On.**”
23. The ArmorStart is now programmed and the logic is Active.



## ArmorStart® to ArmorPoint® Connectivity

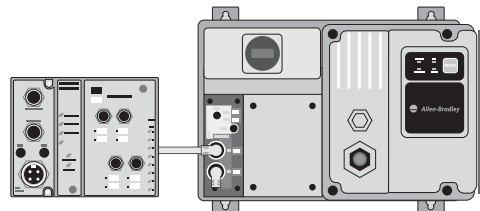
### ArmorStart with ArmorPoint

#### ArmorStart for the ArmorPoint Backplane

The Bulletin 280A/281A, 283A, and 284A ArmorStart Distributed Motor Controller allows connectivity to the ArmorPoint backplane. The ArmorPoint I/O system can communicate using DeviceNet™, ControlNet™, or EtherNet communication protocols. In addition to the other network communication protocols; the ArmorPoint Distributed I/O products allow the I/O capability to be expanded beyond the standard two outputs. Two dual-key output connectors are provided standard. The outputs are sourced from control voltage power (A1, A2). LED status indication is also provided, as standard with the ArmorPoint. When using ArmorPoint, a maximum of two ArmorStart Distributed Motor Controllers can be connected to the ArmorPoint Distributed I/O products.

#### ArmorStart to ArmorPoint Connectivity

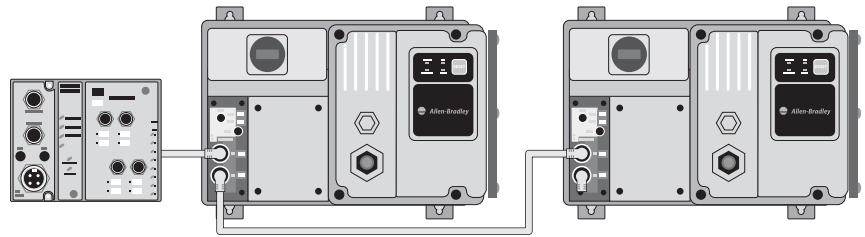
**Figure 11.1 Connectivity Diagram for One ArmorStart Distributed Motor Controller**



When connecting to the Bulletin 1738 ArmorPoint Distributed I/O product, a network adapter and at least one ArmorPoint Digital Output, Digital Input, Analog, AC and Relay product, or Specialty product must be selected. The ArmorPoint Distributed I/O can accommodate up to 63 modules per network node. The cable that connects the ArmorPoint Distributed I/O product to the ArmorStart Distributed Motor Controller is the Bulletin 280A-EXT1. The 280A-EXT1 includes an ArmorPoint bus extension cable and a network terminating resistor. The network terminating resistor must be connected to the “ArmorPoint Interface Out” connector.



**Figure 11.2 Connectivity Diagram for Two ArmorStart Distributed Motor Controllers**



If an additional ArmorStart Distributed Motor Controller is to be connected, the Bulletin 280A-EXTCABLE will be required. A maximum of two ArmorStart Distributed Motor Controllers can be connected to the Bulletin 1738 Distributed I/O. The Bulletin 280A-EXTCABLE is connected from the “ArmorPoint Interface Out” on the first unit, to the “ArmorPoint Interface In” on the second unit. The network terminating resistor is connected to the “ArmorPoint Interface Out” on the second unit.



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## ArmorPoint Backplane Commissioning

### Establishing a Backplane Node Address

Backplane node addresses are established automatically by the ArmorPoint system on power up. Node addresses for the backplane modules are allocated from left to right, starting at address 1.

**Note:** The rotary address switches are ignored on the starter module when using the ArmorPoint backplane.

**Note:** When using RSNetWorx for DeviceNet with the 280A/281A, 283A and 284A ArmorStart Distributed Motor Controllers, DO NOT use the node commissioning outlined in *Chapter 8, DeviceNet™ Commissioning*.

### Details on Using the “ArmorStart Ladder Logic Configurator”

The ArmorStart Ladder Logic Configurator is a ladder logic routine (File Name: *ArmorStart\_Configurator.ACD*) designed so that under program control, the entire product family of the ArmorStart Distributed Motor Controllers can be configured easily from a Logix based controller. The family of ArmorStart Distributed Motor Controllers includes the following Bulletin Numbers: 280A, 281A, 283A and 284A. The ArmorStart Distributed Motor Controllers can be networked over ControlNet or EtherNetIP, when on the appropriate ArmorPoint backplane. The ladder logic file is designed to be merged into an existing ladder logic file or it can be used as the basic program and other logic can be added to it. This document assumes that the reader has an average knowledge of the use of RSLogix5000 and Logix based controllers. Device configuration is done inside the Controller tag editor under the *Monitor Tags* tab.

**Note:** The ArmorStart Ladder Logic Configurator (File Name: *ArmorStart\_Configurator.ACD*) is provided on the CD shipped with every ArmorStart product with the ArmorPoint Communications protocol.

### Theory of Operation

It is possible to connect an ArmorStart product to the Point I/O based subnet of the ArmorPoint I/O system. This allows the ArmorStart to be connected to EtherNetIP and ControlNet, along with the original DeviceNet. **The easiest way to program these ArmorStarts is to use RSNetWorx for DeviceNet software, bridging through the appropriate network.** This ladder logic has been developed as an alternate method of configuration.



Once the appropriate device configuration is done to a User Defined Structure in the ladder logic file, a bit will need to be turned on in the logic to trigger a system wide read of the system. This system wide read, goes out and reads certain attributes of every parameter of every ArmorStart in the system and stores the information into a large data array. The first attribute is a flag word that tells the ladder logic if the parameter is read only. If the read only bit is set, then the ladder logic will skip the additional attribute reads and will go to the next parameter. If the parameter is writable, then the logic will read the size, min. allowed value, max. allowed value, the parameter name, help string and the raw data of each parameter. These attributes are stored in the data array for use later when the configuration is written to each ArmorStart. The logic requires that a system wide read function be completed prior to a system wide write function being requested.

**Note:** A system wide read function should be done anytime that a new ArmorStart is added to the system or an ArmorStart is updated with a more recent version. This assures that the data array in the logic matches the total system.

Once a system wide read is done, the raw data of the individual parameters in the data array can be modified and a system wide write function activated from a bit in the ladder logic. Only parameters that changed will be written to the ArmorStart devices, and after a write is done the parameter is read back and stored in the data array for comparison. If the write and reread value do not match, an Error Report is generated.

If an error occurs for any reason, during a system wide read or write, an error report will be logged, containing the device and parameter it occurred on. Also the status and extended status of the message block is logged in case the error originated there.

### I/O Tree Overview

In order to transfer I/O information, the ArmorStart needs to be added to the I/O tree of the Logix processor. The details of doing this are outside of the scope of these instructions, but screen captures of the completed configuration are included below for reference. The configuration below shows the EtherNetIP card in the Logix chassis slot 1. The 1738-AENT module is always located at slot zero in the subnet and the ArmorStart device is located in slot 2 on the subnet. These slots are circled below for you reference.

**Figure 11.3 Logix Processor I/O Tree**

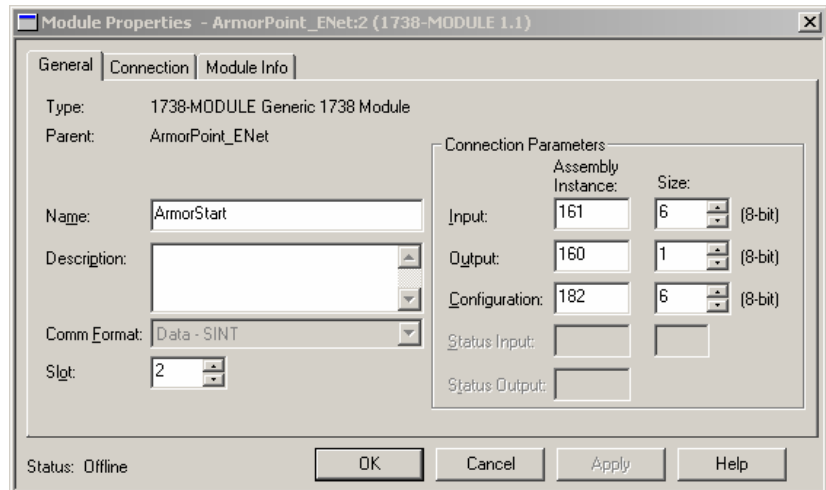




The only configuration that the user needs to be concerned with for the ArmorPoint communication adapter is either the EtherNet IP address or the ControlNet node address.

Since there currently is no profile for an ArmorStart device in the I/O Tree, the 1738-MODULE profile needs to be used as a generic profile. The standard configuration for an ArmorStart 280A/281A, using this profile is shown below.

**Figure 11.4 ArmorStart Configuration using 1738-Module Profile**



### Logic Configuration Details

Inside the Configurator file is a large User Defined structure called *Armor\_Start\_System*, which contains all of the data for both the configuration of the routine, and also storage space for all of the ArmorStart parameters. With 20 devices, the total memory needed to hold this structure in the Logix controller is **195K bytes**. The diagram below shows the upper part of the structure and 3 important elements.

**Figure 11.5 Configurator File — *Armor\_Start\_System***

Scope:	Main_Brain(controller)	Shgw:	Show All	Sort:	Alias For
	Tag Name	Value	Force	Style	Type
▶	[-] Armor_start_System	{...}	{...}		System_Array
	[-] Armor_start_System.Max_Devices	20		Decimal	INT
	[-] Armor_start_System.Max_Parameters	262		Decimal	INT
	[-] Armor_start_System.Num_Devices	1		Decimal	INT
	[-] Armor_start_System.Device	{...}	{...}		Device_dat...

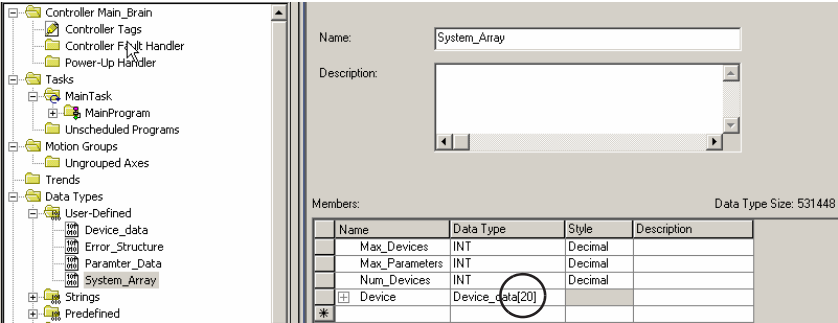
*Armor\_Start\_System.Max\_Devices* defaults to 20; because the total number of devices that the structure is designed to hold initially, is 20. **This amount can be easily changed, but doing so will also necessitate a change to the size of the System Array structure to match exactly.**

**Note:** The Logix memory that contains the structure will also change size proportionally.



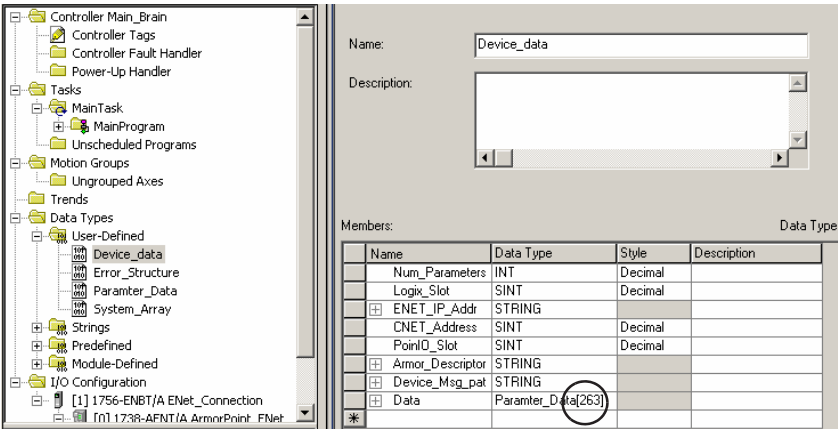
Shown below is the array size that will also need to be changed to match the *Armor\_Start\_System.Max\_Devices* value.

Figure 11.6 System Array Size



*Armor\_Start\_System.Max\_Parameters* defaults to 262, because the maximum number of parameters in any existing ArmorStart product is 262 or less. This amount can be easily be changed, and doing so will also proportionally change the size of the System Array structure and the Logix memory that holds it. **Shown below is the array size that will also need to be changed to be 1 greater than the *Armor\_Start\_System.Max\_Parameters* value.** This is because the parameters are stored by parameter number, and since there is no parameter 0, that storage location is unused.

Figure 11.7 Array Size Parameter



*Armor\_Start\_System.Num\_Devices* defaults to zero and is defined as the total number of ArmorStart products connected to the control system that need to be configured. **It is important that this value be set before the configuration routine is executed.**

It is to the users best advantage to trim the structures down to the minimum values that match their system because this will save a considerable amount of Logix processor memory. However, some room should be left in the structures to handle any future additions of ArmorStart devices to the system.



## Adding Devices to the Configuration Structure

Once the three major System level parameters are entered, it is up to the user to enter in, each of the ArmorStart devices configuration information. These parameters are defined by the slot in the Logix chassis where the EtherNet/IP or ControlNet communication card resides. The next parameter is the EtherNet/IP IP or ControlNet node address of the 1738 communication adapter containing the ArmorStart. Lastly, the slot number on the ArmorPoint subnet where the ArmorStart is connected also needs to be entered. An optional parameter is a string that can be entered with a description of the function of the ArmorStart device. Each device will be configured by entering its data into a different block of the *Armor\_Start\_System.Device[]* array.

The Following shows the configuration for a communication card in the Logix chassis 2, AENT IP address 192.168.1.10 and Point I/O slot 3. The logic determines whether the network is EtherNet/IP or ControlNet depending on whether the *ENET\_IP\_Addr* field is blank or the *CNET\_Address* is zero. **One of these two fields must be filled out for the logic to work correctly.** The *Armor\_Descriptor* field is optional and is used to more easily identify the ArmorStart as to its function in the system.

**Figure 11.8 Communication Card Configuration**

Scope:	Main_Brain(controlle	Show:	Show All	Sort:	Alias For	
	Tag Name	Value	Force	Style		
	[-] Armor_start_System	{...}	{...}			
	[+] Armor_start_System.Max_Devices	20		Decimal		
	[+] Armor_start_System.Max_Parameters	262		Decimal		
	[+] Armor_start_System.Num_Devices	1		Decimal		
	[-] Armor_start_System.Device	{...}	{...}			
	[-] Armor_start_System.Device[0]	{...}	{...}			
	[+] Armor_start_System.Device[0].Num_Parameters	108		Decimal		
	[+] Armor_start_System.Device[0].Logix_Slot	1		Decimal		
	[+] Armor_start_System.Device[0].ENET_IP_Addr	'192.168.1...	{...}			
	[+] Armor_start_System.Device[0].CNET_Address	0		Decimal		
	[+] Armor_start_System.Device[0].PointIO_Slot	2		Decimal		
	[+] Armor_start_System.Device[0].Armor_Descriptor	'First Arm...	{...}			
	[+] Armor_start_System.Device[0].Device_Msg_path	' '	{...}			
	[+] Armor_start_System.Device[0].Data	{...}	{...}			

**Note:** To easily edit an ASCII string, click on the string value field and a small icon with three dots appears.

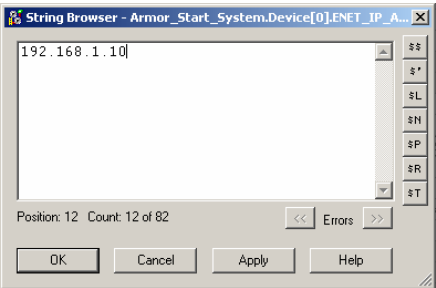
**Figure 11.9 String Browser Box**

[-] Armor_start_System.Device[0].ENET_IP_Addr	{...}	'192.168.1.10'
---	-------	----------------



Click on the three dots icon and a String Browser box appears. Modify the text to what is desired and click on **Apply**, then click on **OK**. This works for ALL strings throughout the entire data array.

Figure 11.10String Browser Box



### Modifying Parameter Data for an ArmorStart

The last configuration that will need to be done eventually, is the writing of a parameter configuration change for an ArmorStart. This is done by first equating a particular ArmorStart to a device number in the data array. Again, this device number is determined by the Logix slot of the communication card, ETHERnetIP or CNet address of the communication adapter and subnet slot of ArmorStart. The optional, *Armor\_Descriptor* field is extremely handy for doing a functional lookup of the device number. Once the device number is determined, the parameter number to be modified, must be obtained. The best way to do this, is to go to the ArmorStart user manual and get the parameter number of the value to be modified. The parameter numbers all start with 1 and are numbered sequentially to the last parameter number. The user manual is important because it will thoroughly describe each parameter, for example, whether or not a parameter is writable and what the parameter limits/interpretation are. Once the device and parameter number is obtained, the next step is to modify the configuration data for that parameter. The following screen capture shows the data array and particularly, the parameter 8 for Device 0.

Figure 11.11Data Array

	Armor_start_System.Device[0]	(...)	(...)		Device_data
	Armor_start_System.Device[0].Num_Parameters	108		Decimal	INT
	Armor_start_System.Device[0].Logix_Slot	1		Decimal	SINT
	Armor_start_System.Device[0].ENET_IP_Addr	'192.168.1...	(...)		STRING
	Armor_start_System.Device[0].CNET_Address	0		Decimal	SINT
	Armor_start_System.Device[0].Point0_Slot	2		Decimal	SINT
	Armor_start_System.Device[0].Armor_Descriptor	'First Arm...	(...)		STRING
	Armor_start_System.Device[0].Device_Msg_path	'	(...)		STRING
	Armor_start_System.Device[0].Data	(...)	(...)		Parameter_D...
	Armor_start_System.Device[0].Data[0]	(...)	(...)		Parameter_D...
	Armor_start_System.Device[0].Data[1]	(...)	(...)		Parameter_D...
	Armor_start_System.Device[0].Data[2]	(...)	(...)		Parameter_D...
	Armor_start_System.Device[0].Data[3]	(...)	(...)		Parameter_D...
	Armor_start_System.Device[0].Data[4]	(...)	(...)		Parameter_D...
	Armor_start_System.Device[0].Data[5]	(...)	(...)		Parameter_D...
	Armor_start_System.Device[0].Data[6]	(...)	(...)		Parameter_D...
	Armor_start_System.Device[0].Data[7]	(...)	(...)		Parameter_D...
	Armor_start_System.Device[0].Data[8]	(...)	(...)		Parameter_D...
	Armor_start_System.Device[0].Data[8].Size	1		Decimal	INT
	Armor_start_System.Device[0].Data[8].Flags	16#0002		Hex	INT
	Armor_start_System.Device[0].Data[8].Parameter_Name	'Network 0...	(...)		STRING
	Armor_start_System.Device[0].Data[8].Min_value	0		Decimal	INT
	Armor_start_System.Device[0].Data[8].Max_value	1		Decimal	INT
	Armor_start_System.Device[0].Data[8].Data	0		Decimal	INT
	Armor_start_System.Device[0].Data[8].Last_Read_Data	0		Decimal	INT
	Armor_start_System.Device[0].Data[9]	(...)	(...)		Parameter_D...



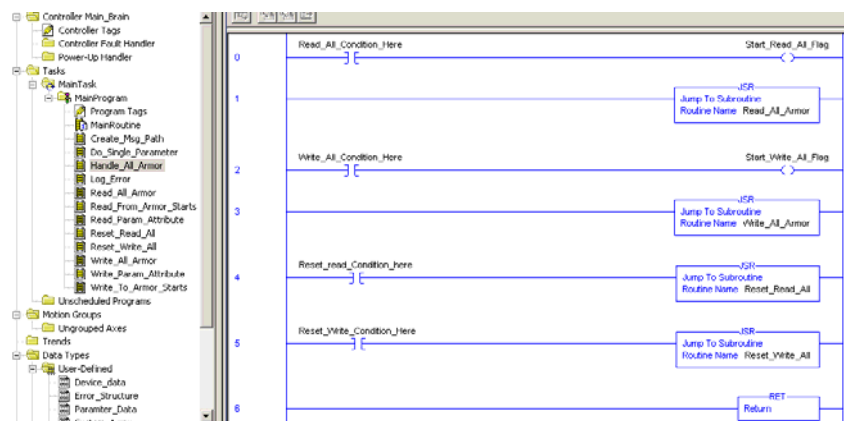
The value to be modified is the **.data** element of the structure. For reference, the **Min\_value**, **Max\_value**, and **Name\_String** for the parameter is also in the structure, so that the user knows what the minimum and maximum allowable values are for the data. It is important to realize that the data is in a raw format. In other words, this data could be considered a Boolean, a bit mask, an ASCII string, an integer, a byte, etc., depending on the definition of the parameter in the ArmorStart. Also, there could be an implied decimal point, scaling, and different units involved. **It is important that the user fully understand and verify the raw data value being modified with the user manual, so that it is correctly interpreted by the ArmorStart or undesired operation in the ArmorStart may occur.**

Once the data is written, during a System Wide Write function, the ladder logic will read it back and put into the **.Last\_Read\_Value** of the structure. This will be a handy visual verification that the data was written correctly.

### Triggering a System Wide Read

Once the system configuration has been done, a System Wide Read must be initiated. The logic to trigger both a System Wide Read and Write is contained in a subroutine called **Handle\_All\_Armor**. The rungs are shown below for reference.

Figure 11.12 *Handle\_All\_Armor* Rungs



To trigger the system wide read, the contact **Read\_All\_Condition\_Here** needs to be energized in the ladder logic. This can be done through additional logic or simply by energizing the bit, on-line, in the RSLogix5000 software, Controller Tag monitor screen. The **Read\_All\_Condition\_Here** is handled as a one shot inside the logic, but should be de-energized at a later time. This is so a system wide read is not triggered after every Logix power cycle or for each transition from Program to RUN mode. When the read finishes successfully, the **Read\_All\_System\_Done\_Flag** bit energizes in the logic. However, if an error occurs during the read, the **Read\_All\_System\_Error\_Flag** bit energizes and the error will be logged into the structure called **Error\_Report**.



## Triggering a System Wide Write

Once a successful System Wide Read has been initiated and the **Read\_All\_System\_Done\_Flag** bit is energized, a System Wide Write can be triggered. To trigger the system wide write, the contact **Write\_All\_Condition\_Here** needs to be energized in the ladder logic. This can be done through additional logic or simply by energizing the bit on-line, in the RSLogix5000 software, Controller Tag monitor screen. The **Write\_All\_Condition\_Here** is handled as a one shot inside the logic, but should be de-energized at a later time. This is so a System Wide Write is not triggered after every Logix power cycle or for each transition from *Program* to *RUN* mode. When the write finishes successfully, the **Write\_All\_System\_Done\_Flag** bit energizes in the logic. If an error occurs during the write, the **Write\_All\_System\_Error\_Flag** bit energizes and the error will be logged into the structure called **Error\_Report**.

## Interpreting the Error Report

If an error occurs during the operation of the ladder logic, either the **Write\_All\_System\_Error\_Flag** or **Read\_All\_System\_Error\_Flag** bits will energize depending on which function was being triggered. Information will be logged inside the data structure **Error\_Report**, that will aid in troubleshooting the problem. The format of this structure is shown below.

Figure 11.13 Error Report

▶ Error_Report	{...}	{...}	
⊕ Error_Report.Local_Error	0		Decimal
⊕ Error_Report.Msg_Error	16#0000		Hex
⊕ Error_Report.Msg_Ext_Error	16#0000_0000		Hex
⊕ Error_Report.Device_Index	0		Decimal
⊕ Error_Report.Parameter_Index	1		Decimal

The first element of this structure is **.Local\_Error** and will contain a number corresponding to an error interpretation. The error numbers are described below.

Table 11.1 Error Definitions

Error No.	Error Description
0	Success. Function completed successfully.
1	Read Number Parameter Error. <b>Num_Devices</b> element in the configuration is either 0 or greater than the <b>Max_Devices</b> element.
2	Read Message Block Error. The Message block doing the data reads returned back an error. Look at the <b>Msg_Error</b> and <b>Msg_Ext_Error</b> fields for the errors reported by the message.
3	Write Data out of Limits. The value of the data to be written is either less than the <b>Min_value</b> or greater than the <b>Max_value</b> .
4	Write Message Block Error. The Message block doing the data writes returned back an error. Look at the <b>Msg_Error</b> and <b>Msg_Ext_Error</b> fields for the errors reported by the message.
5	Write Disallowed. The System Wide Write attempted without a successful System Wide Read done first.
6	Data Write Error. The data read back after a parameter write, does not match.
7	Number of Parameters Error. The number of parameters read from an ArmorStart is greater than the <b>Max_Devices</b> element in the structure.



## ArmorStart® ZIP Configuration

### Overview

This chapter describes the steps necessary to configure the Zone Interlocking Parameters (ZIP) to configure peer-to-peer communication between an ArmorStart and another ZIP enabled device such as another ArmorStart or a 1977-ZCIO module. First, an overview of the ZIP parameter set is presented. Then the steps necessary to enable peer-to-peer data production are described. Next, the steps necessary to enable peer-to-peer data consumption are described. Finally, the steps necessary to map the consumed peer-to-peer data to the DeviceLogix™ data table for use in local logic are described.

### ZIP Parameter Overview

Each ArmorStart can consume ZIP data from up to 4 other devices. The 4 devices are referred to as “zones” of data and these zones are numbered from 1 to 4. The following parameters are used to configure a device for ZIP peer-to-peer communication:



Param #	Parameter Name	Parameter Description
67	AutoRun ZIP	Enables ZIP data production on power up 0=Disable; 1=Enable
68	Zone ProducedEPR	The Expected Packet Rate in msec. Defines the rate of at which ZIP data is produced. Defaults to 75 msec.
69	Zone ProducedPIT	The Production Inhibit Time in msec. Defines the minimum time between Change of State data production
70	Zone #1 MacId	The node address of the device whose data is to be consumed for zone 1
71	Zone #2 MacId	The node address of the device whose data is to be consumed for zone 2
72	Zone #3 MacId	The node address of the device whose data is to be consumed for zone 3
73	Zone #4 MacId	The node address of the device whose data is to be consumed for zone 4
74	Zone #1 Health	Read Only consumed connection status for zone 1 0=Healthy; 1=Not Healthy
75	Zone #2 Health	Read Only consumed connection status for zone 2 0=Healthy; 1=Not Healthy
76	Zone #3 Health	Read Only consumed connection status for zone 3 0=Healthy; 1=Not Healthy
77	Zone #4 Health	Read Only consumed connection status for zone 4 0=Healthy; 1=Not Healthy
78	Zone #1 Mask	Bit enumerated consumed data mask for zone 1. Each bit represents a byte in consumed data up to 8 bytes in length. If a mask bit is set, the corresponding consumed data byte is placed in the DeviceLogix data table
79	Zone #2 Mask	Bit enumerated consumed data mask for zone 2. Each bit represents a byte in consumed data up to 8 bytes in length. If a mask bit is set, the corresponding consumed data byte is placed in the DeviceLogix data table
80	Zone #3 Mask	Bit enumerated consumed data mask for zone 3. Each bit represents a byte in consumed data up to 8 bytes in length. If a mask bit is set, the corresponding consumed data byte is placed in the DeviceLogix data table
81	Zone #4 Mask	Bit enumerated consumed data mask for zone 4. Each bit represents a byte in consumed data up to 8 bytes in length. If a mask bit is set, the corresponding consumed data byte is placed in the DeviceLogix data table
82	Zone #1 Offset	The byte offset into the ZIP data portion of the DeviceLogix data table to place the chosen consumed data bytes for zone 1.
83	Zone #2 Offset	The byte offset into the ZIP data portion of the DeviceLogix data table to place the chosen consumed data bytes for zone 2.
84	Zone #3 Offset	The byte offset into the ZIP data portion of the DeviceLogix data table to place the chosen consumed data bytes for zone 3.
85	Zone #4 Offset	The byte offset into the ZIP data portion of the DeviceLogix data table to place the chosen consumed data bytes for zone 4.
86	Zone #1 EPR	The Expected Packet Rate in msec. for the zone 1 consuming connection. If consumed data is not received in 4 times this value, the zone connection will time out and "Zone #1 Health" will report 1 = Not Healthy.
87	Zone #2 EPR	The Expected Packet Rate in msec. for the zone 2 consuming connection. If consumed data is not received in 4 times this value, the zone connection will time out and "Zone #2 Health" will report 1 = Not Healthy
88	Zone #3 EPR	The Expected Packet Rate in msec. for the zone 3 consuming connection. If consumed data is not received in 4 times this value, the zone connection will time out and "Zone #3 Health" will report 1 = Not Healthy
89	Zone #4 EPR	The Expected Packet Rate in msec. for the zone 4 consuming connection. If consumed data is not received in 4 times this value, the zone connection will time out and "Zone #4 Health" will report 1 = Not Healthy
90	Zone #1 Control	Zone 1 Control Word. Default Bit 1 set, all other bits clear. Bit0=Security Enable 1=Enable data security Bit1=COS Cnrxn 1=Consume DNet Group 2 COS messages Bit2=Poll Cnrxn 1=Consume DNet Group 2 Poll Response msgs. Bit3=Strobe Cnrxn 1=Consume DNet Group 2 Strobe Response msgs. Bit4=Multicast Poll 1=Consume Multicast Poll Response messages.
91	Zone #2 Control	Zone 2 Control Word. Default Bit 1 set, all other bits clear. Bit0=Security Enable 1=Enable data security Bit1=COS Cnrxn 1=Consume DNet Group 2 COS messages Bit2=Poll Cnrxn 1=Consume DNet Group 2 Poll Response msgs. Bit3=Strobe Cnrxn 1=Consume DNet Group 2 Strobe Response msgs. Bit4=Multicast Poll 1=Consume Multicast Poll Response messages.
92	Zone #3 Control	Zone 3 Control Word. Default Bit 1 set, all other bits clear. Bit0=Security Enable 1=Enable data security Bit1=COS Cnrxn 1=Consume DNet Group 2 COS messages Bit2=Poll Cnrxn 1=Consume DNet Group 2 Poll Response msgs. Bit3=Strobe Cnrxn 1=Consume DNet Group 2 Strobe Response msgs. Bit4=Multicast Poll 1=Consume Multicast Poll Response messages.
93	Zone #4 Control	Zone 4 Control Word. Default Bit 1 set, all other bits clear. Bit0=Security Enable 1=Enable data security Bit1=COS Cnrxn 1=Consume DNet Group 2 COS messages Bit2=Poll Cnrxn 1=Consume DNet Group 2 Poll Response msgs. Bit3=Strobe Cnrxn 1=Consume DNet Group 2 Strobe Response msgs. Bit4=Multicast Poll 1=Consume Multicast Poll Response messages.
94	Zone #1 Key	When the "Security Enable" bit for zone 1 is enabled, this value must match the value of the Device Value Key parameter in the device whose data is being consumed for zone 1.
95	Zone #2 Key	When the "Security Enable" bit for zone 1 is enabled, this value must match the value of the Device Value Key parameter in the device whose data is being consumed for zone 2.
96	Zone #3 Key	When the "Security Enable" bit for zone 1 is enabled, this value must match the value of the Device Value Key parameter in the device whose data is being consumed for zone 3.
97	Zone #4 Key	When the "Security Enable" bit for zone 1 is enabled, this value must match the value of the Device Value Key parameter in the device whose data is being consumed for zone 4.
98	Device Value Key	This value is produced in the last 2 bytes of data when one of the ZIP assemblies is chosen for data production.
99	Zone Ctrl Enable	Global enable for ZIP peer-to-peer messaging. This parameter must be disabled before any changes to the ZIP configuration for the device can be made. 0=Disable; 1=Enable



## Data Production

In a typical ZIP system, each device on the network automatically produces IO data using “Change of State” (COS) triggering. The automatic production of this COS data by an ArmorStart is enabled by setting Parameter 67 (AutoRun ZIP) to a value of 1 = Enable. Then COS data will be produced automatically when the global ZIP enable parameter (Zone Ctrl Enable, Parameter 99) is set to the value of 1 = Enable. Data production will take place at a rate specified by Parameter 68 (Zone ProducedEPR). The minimum period between Change of State productions is determined by the value of Parameter 69 (Zone ProducedPIT)

## Data Consumption

In the ArmorStart data from up to 4 other devices can be consumed for use in the local logic. The 4 devices whose data is to be consumed are logically referred to by zone number, i.e. zones 1 – 4. To configure an ArmorStart to consume data from another node on the network, the node address or “MacId” is placed in the proper “Zone MacId” parameter (parameters 70-73). For example to configure an ArmorStart to consume data for zone 1 from node number 11 on the network, the value 11 is placed in Parameter 70 (Zone #1 MacId).

Not all zones need to be configured to consume data. If the user wishes to turn off data consumption for a zone, the value 64 is placed in the Zone MacId parameter for that zone.

The ArmorStart monitors the frequency at which all consumed data is received in order to determine the health of each zone’s data connection. The Zone EPR parameters (parameters 86-89) define the “Expected Packet Rate” for each of the 4 zone connections.

If no consumed data for a zone is received in 4 times the EPR, then the zone connection times out, and the value of the corresponding “Zone Health” parameter (parameters 74-77) is set to the value 1 = Not Healthy. The “Zone Health” status of each zone is also available for use in DeviceLogix programs.

## Mapping Consumed Data to the DeviceLogix Data Table.

Consumed data for the 4 zones is placed in an 8 byte section of the DeviceLogix Data Table. Individual bits in this section of the DeviceLogix Data Table can be used in DeviceLogix programs. The table below shows the organization of the 8 bytes of the data table

Byte #	Bit Number and Name							
0	ZIP 7	ZIP 6	ZIP 5	ZIP 4	ZIP 3	ZIP 2	ZIP 1	ZIP 0
1	ZIP 15	ZIP 14	ZIP 13	ZIP 12	ZIP 11	ZIP 10	ZIP 9	ZIP 8
2	ZIP 23	ZIP 22	ZIP 21	ZIP 20	ZIP 19	ZIP 18	ZIP 17	ZIP 16
3	ZIP 31	ZIP 30	ZIP 29	ZIP 28	ZIP 27	ZIP 26	ZIP 25	ZIP 24
4	ZIP 39	ZIP 38	ZIP 37	ZIP 36	ZIP 35	ZIP 34	ZIP 33	ZIP 32
5	ZIP 47	ZIP 46	ZIP 45	ZIP 44	ZIP 43	ZIP 42	ZIP 41	ZIP 40
6	ZIP 55	ZIP 54	ZIP 53	ZIP 52	ZIP 51	ZIP 50	ZIP 49	ZIP 48
7	ZIP 63	ZIP 62	ZIP 61	ZIP 60	ZIP 59	ZIP 58	ZIP 57	ZIP 56



The “Zone Mask” parameters (parameters 78-81) select individual bytes within a consumed message for placement in the DeviceLogix Data Table. Each single bit in the mask represents a corresponding byte in the consumed message packet. For example, consider an ArmorStart that has zone 1 configured to consume data from another ArmorStart that is producing data of the following format:

Instance 163 Standard Produced Starter with Network Outputs and ZIP CCV								
Byte	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
1				Ready	Running Rev	Running Fwd	Warning	Tripped
2			140M On	HOA	User In 4	User In 3	User In 2	User In 1
3	Net Out 8	Net Out 7	Net Out 6	Net Out 5	Net Out 4	Net Out 3	Net Out 2	Net Out 1
4		Net Out 15	Net Out 14	Net Out 13	Net Out 12	Net Out 11	Net Out 10	Net Out 9
5	Device Value Key (low)							
6	Device Value Key (high)							

The user can choose to place only bytes 1 and 2 of the above consumed data in the DeviceLogix Data Table by selecting a Zone Mask value of 00000011 binary as shown in the following RSNetWorx for DeviceNet screen:

**Zone #1 Mask**

- ☒ Zone #1 Byte 1
- ☒ Zone #1 Byte 2
- ☐ Zone #1 Byte 3
- ☐ Zone #1 Byte 4
- ☐ Zone #1 Byte 5
- ☐ Zone #1 Byte 6
- ☐ Zone #1 Byte 7
- ☐ Zone #1 Byte 8

OK Cancel

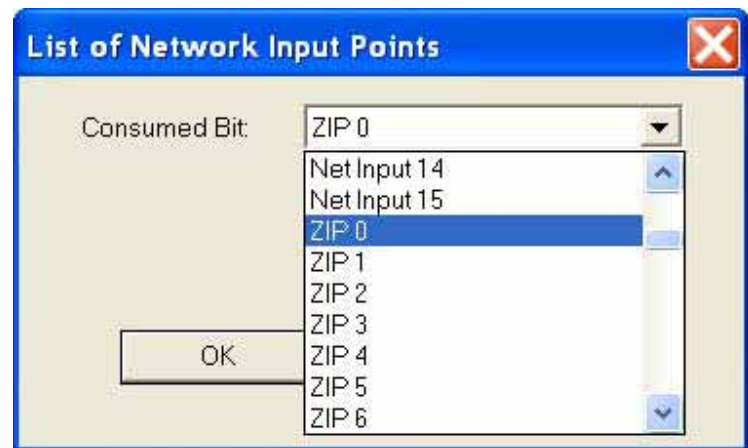
The “Zone Offset” parameters (parameters 82-85) determine where in the DeviceLogix Data Table to place the consumed data bytes chosen for mapping. The “Zone Offset” value corresponds to a byte in the DeviceLogix Data Table where the data should be placed. Continuing our example from above, a value of 2 in the “Zone #1 Offset” parameter would result in the masked consumed data bytes being placed starting at byte 2 in the data table. This would result in the following ZIP bit assignments:

ZIP 16 = Zone 1: Tripped  
ZIP 17 = Zone 1: Warning

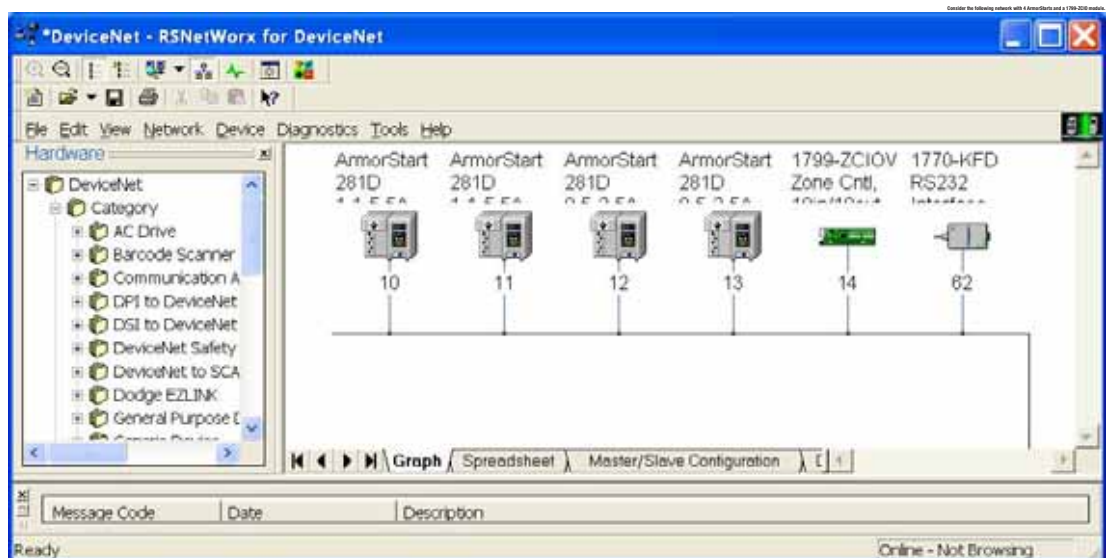


ZIP 18 = Zone 1: Running Fwd  
 ZIP 19 = Zone 1: Running Rev  
 ZIP 20 = Zone 1: Ready  
 ZIP 21 = Zone 1: reserved  
 ZIP 22 = Zone 1: reserved  
 ZIP 23 = Zone 1: reserved  
 ZIP 24 = Zone 1: User In 1  
 ZIP 25 = Zone 1: User In 2  
 ZIP 26 = Zone 1: User In 3  
 ZIP 27 = Zone 1: User In 4  
 ZIP 28 = Zone 1: HOA  
 ZIP 29 = Zone 1: 140M Stat  
 ZIP 30 = Zone 1: reserved  
 ZIP 31 = Zone 1: reserved

ZIP bits appear in the list of Network Input Points that are available for use in the DeviceLogix Editor in RSNetWorx for DeviceNet as shown below:



### ZIP Example

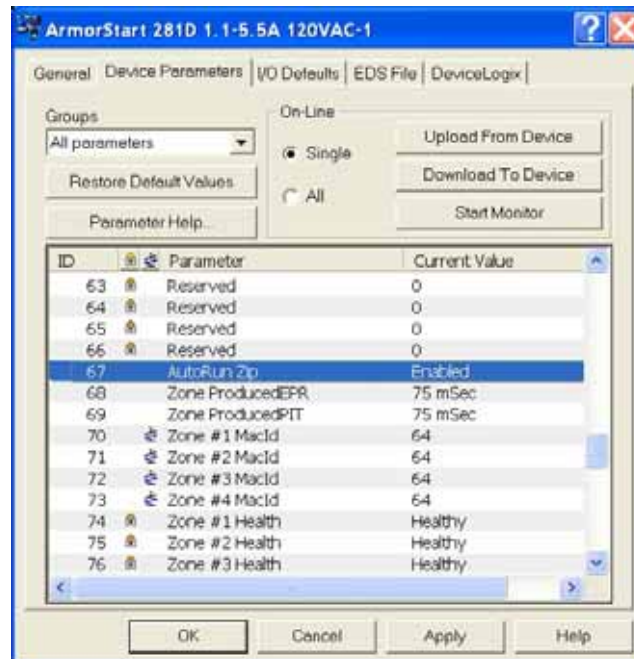




We will configure node 10 to consume data as follows:

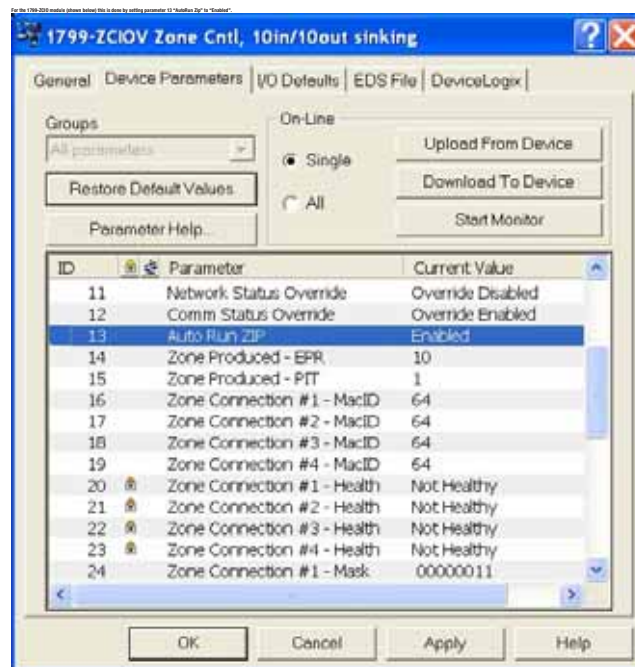
Zone 1 data will come from node 11  
Zone 2 data will come from node 12  
Zone 3 data will come from node 13  
Zone 4 data will come from node 14.

First we must set up nodes 11-14 to “Auto Produce” data when ZIP is enabled.



For the ArmorStarts at node 11-13 (shown above) this is done by setting parameter 67 “AutoRun Zip” to “Enabled”. Note that we will leave parameters 68 and 69 at their default values so that data will be produced every 75 msec.





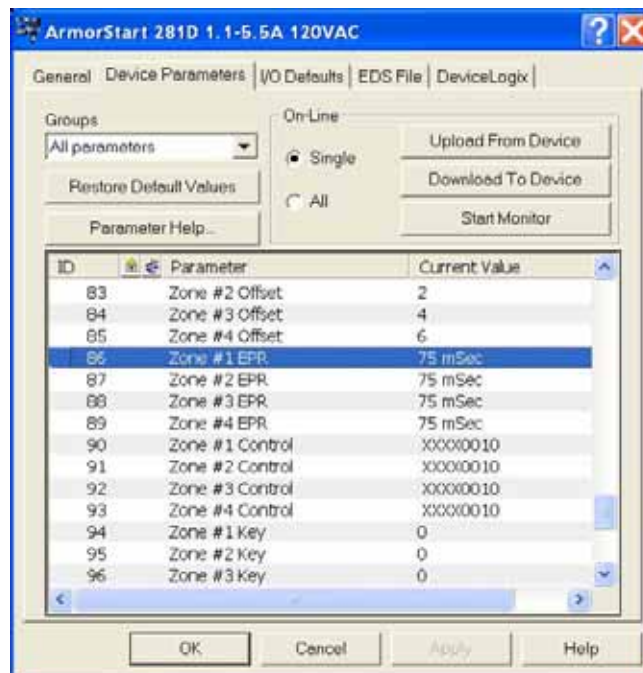
Next we must configure data consumption for the 4 zones in the ArmorStart at node 10.

First set the “Zone MacId” parameters as shown below:



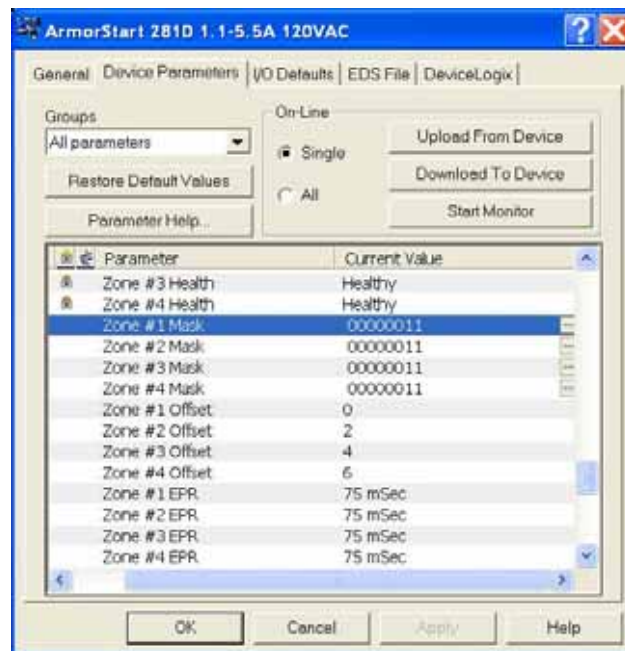


We will leave the “Zone EPR” parameters at their default value of 75 msec. This tells our ArmorStart that if no data for a zone is consumed for a period of 300 msec (4 times the EPR), the zone connection should time out and the health status should be set to “Not Healthy”. We will also leave the “Zone Control” parameters at their default telling the ArmorStart to consume Change of State Data for each zone, and to disable data security checking. Since data security checking is disabled, we can also leave parameters 94-98 at their default values of 0.

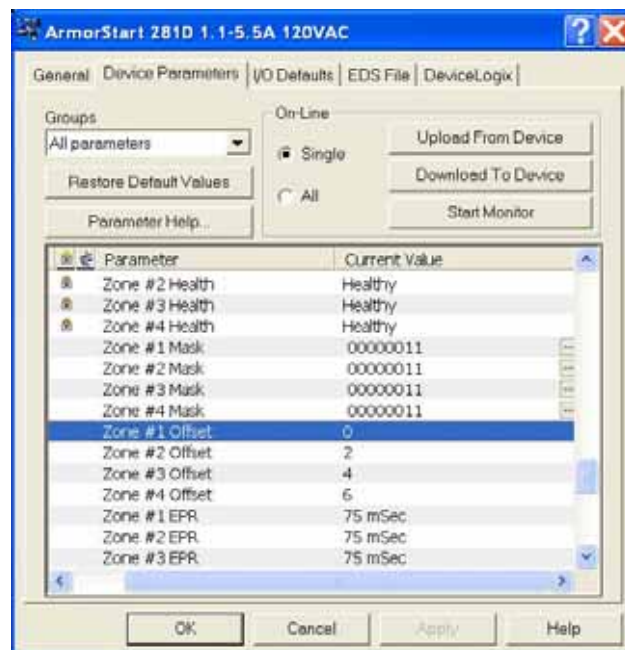


We will set the “Zone Masks” to the value of 00000011 binary. This tells each zone to map bytes 1 and 2 to the DeviceLogix Data Table.





We will set the “Zone Offsets as shown below. This maps zone 1 data to byte 0 of the DeviceLogix Data Table, zone 2 data to byte 2 of the DeviceLogix Data Table, zone 3 data to byte 4 of the DeviceLogix Data Table and zone 4 data to byte 6 of the DeviceLogix Data Table.



Assuming the ArmorStarts mapped to zones 1 to 3 are producing the following data:



Instance 163 Standard Produced Starter with Network Outputs and ZIP CCV								
Byte	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
1				Ready	Running Rev	Running Fwd	Warning	Tripped
2			140M On	HOA	User In 4	User In 3	User In 2	User In 1
3	Net Out 8	Net Out 7	Net Out 6	Net Out 5	Net Out 4	Net Out 3	Net Out 2	Net Out 1
4		Net Out 15	Net Out 14	Net Out 13	Net Out 12	Net Out 11	Net Out 10	Net Out 9
5	Device Value Key (low)							
6	Device Value Key (high)							

And assuming that the 1799-ZCIO module is producing the following data:

1799-ZCIO Produced Assembly								
Byte	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
1	Input 7	Input 6	Input 5	Input 4	Input 3	Input 2	Input 1	Input 0
2		Logic Ena					Input 9	Input 8
3	Output 7	Output 6	Output 5	Output 4	Output 3	Output 2	Output 1	Output 0
4							Output 9	Output 8
5	Net Out 7	Net Out 6	Net Out 5	Net Out 4	Net Out 3	Net Out 2	Net Out 1	Net Out 0
6	ZIP CCV (Low)							
7	ZIP CCV (High)							

The above configuration results in the following DeviceLogix ZIP Data Table mapping



ZIP 0 = Zone 1: Tripped  
ZIP 1 = Zone 1: Warning  
ZIP 2 = Zone 1: Running Fwd  
ZIP 3 = Zone 1: Running Rev  
ZIP 4 = Zone 1: Ready  
ZIP 5 = Zone 1: reserved  
ZIP 6 = Zone 1: reserved  
ZIP 7 = Zone 1: reserved  
ZIP 8 = Zone 1: User In 1  
ZIP 9 = Zone 1: User In 2  
ZIP 10 = Zone 1: User In 3  
ZIP 11 = Zone 1: User In 4  
ZIP 12 = Zone 1: HOA  
ZIP 13 = Zone 1: 140M Stat  
ZIP 14 = Zone 1: reserved  
ZIP 15 = Zone 1: reserved

ZIP 16 = Zone 2: Tripped  
ZIP 17 = Zone 2: Warning  
ZIP 18 = Zone 2: Running Fwd  
ZIP 19 = Zone 2: Running Rev  
ZIP 20 = Zone 2: Ready  
ZIP 21 = Zone 2: reserved  
ZIP 22 = Zone 2: reserved  
ZIP 23 = Zone 2: reserved  
ZIP 24 = Zone 2: User In 1  
ZIP 25 = Zone 2: User In 2  
ZIP 26 = Zone 2: User In 3  
ZIP 27 = Zone 2: User In 4  
ZIP 28 = Zone 2: HOA  
ZIP 29 = Zone 2: 140M Stat  
ZIP 30 = Zone 2: reserved  
ZIP 31 = Zone 2: reserved

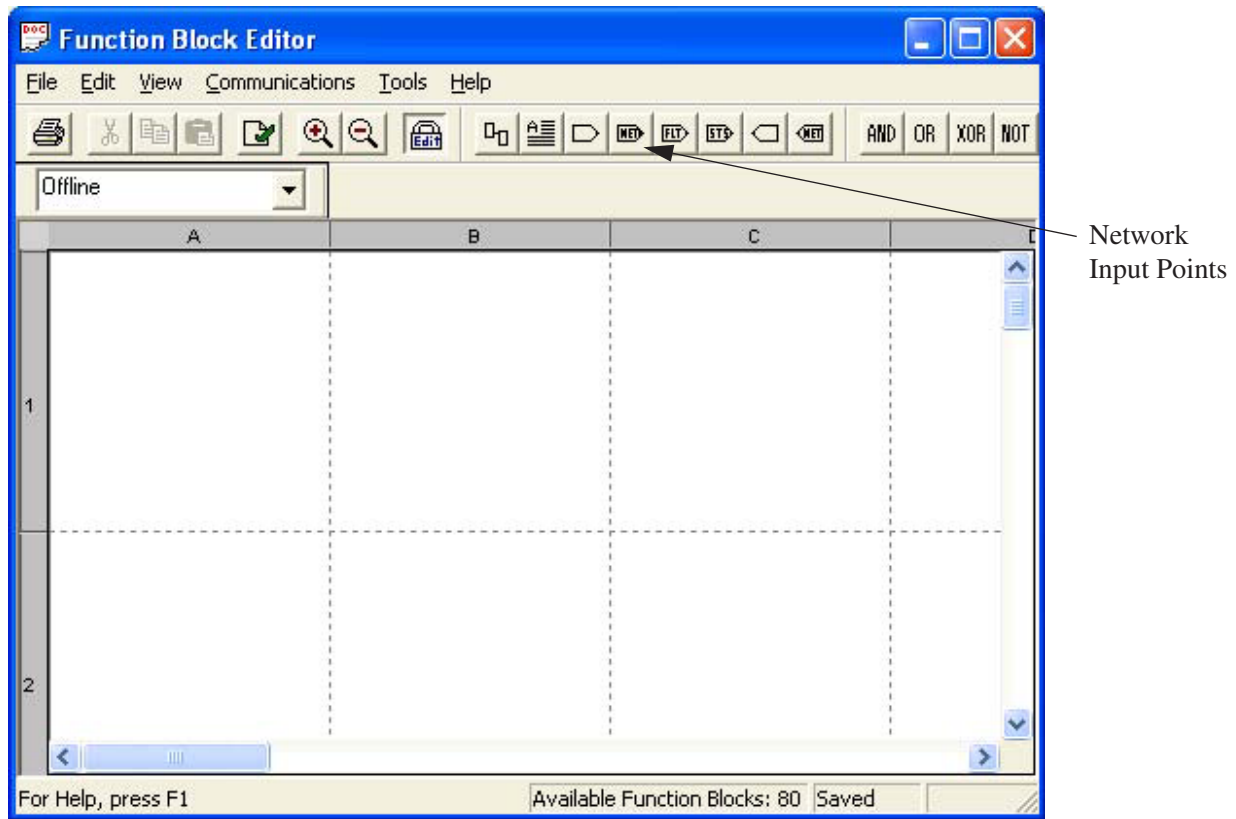
ZIP 32 = Zone 3: Tripped  
ZIP 33 = Zone 3: Warning  
ZIP 34 = Zone 3: Running Fwd  
ZIP 35 = Zone 3: Running Rev  
ZIP 36 = Zone 3: Ready  
ZIP 37 = Zone 3: reserved  
ZIP 38 = Zone 3: reserved  
ZIP 39 = Zone 3: reserved  
ZIP 40 = Zone 3: User In 1  
ZIP 41 = Zone 3: User In 2  
ZIP 42 = Zone 3: User In 3  
ZIP 43 = Zone 3: User In 4  
ZIP 44 = Zone 3: HOA  
ZIP 45 = Zone 3: 140M Stat  
ZIP 46 = Zone 3: reserved  
ZIP 47 = Zone 3: reserved

ZIP 48 = Zone 4: Input 0  
ZIP 49 = Zone 4: Input 1  
ZIP 50 = Zone 4: Input 2  
ZIP 51 = Zone 4: Input 3  
ZIP 52 = Zone 4: Input 4  
ZIP 53 = Zone 4: Input 5  
ZIP 54 = Zone 4: Input 6  
ZIP 55 = Zone 4: Input 7  
ZIP 56 = Zone 4: Input 8  
ZIP 57 = Zone 4: Input 9  
ZIP 58 = Zone 4: reserved  
ZIP 59 = Zone 4: reserved  
ZIP 60 = Zone 4: reserved  
ZIP 61 = Zone 4: reserved  
ZIP 62 = Zone 4: Logic Ena  
ZIP 63 = Zone 4: reserved

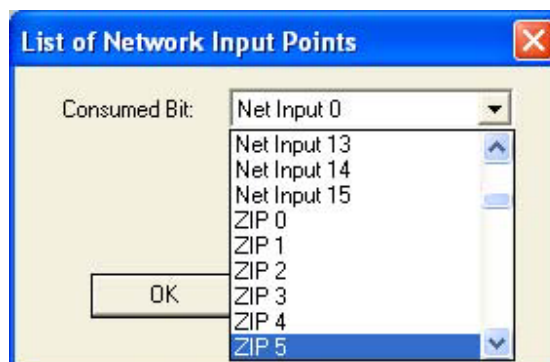


## Finding ZIP bits in the DeviceLogix Editor

The 64 ZIP bits are available for use in DeviceLogix programs in the list of “Network Input Points”.



Select “Network Input Points” in the DeviceLogix editor toolbar, and scroll down past the first 16 Network Inputs. The 64 ZIP bits are available for use in the list as shown below:





## Diagnostics

### Overview

This chapter describes the fault diagnostics of the ArmorStart® Distributed Motor Controller and the conditions that cause various faults to occur.

### Protection Programming

Many of the protective features available with the ArmorStart Distributed Motor Controller can be enabled and adjusted through the programming parameters provided. For further details on programming, refer to Chapter 3, 4, 5, or 6, Program and Status Parameters.

### Fault Display

The ArmorStart Distributed Motor Controller comes equipped with a built-in LED status indication which provides four status LEDs and a Reset button. The LEDs provide status indication for the following:

- **Power LED**  
The LED is illuminated solid green when control power is present and with the proper polarity
- **RUN LED**  
This LED is illuminated solid green when a start command and control power are present
- **Network LED**  
This bi-color (red/green) LED indicates the status of the communication link
- **FAULT LED**  
Indicates Controller Fault (Trip) condition

The Reset Button provides local fault trip reset.

**Figure 13.1 LED Status Indication and Reset**



**Important:** Resetting the fault will not correct the cause of the fault condition. Corrective action must be taken before resetting the fault.



## Clear Fault

You may clear a fault using the following methods:

- Remotely via network communications
- A remote reset will be attempted upon detection of a rising edge (0 to 1 transition) of the “Fault Reset” bit in the various I/O assemblies. A remote reset will also be attempted upon detection of the rising edge of the “Fault Reset” parameter.
- Locally via the “Reset” button on the LED Status indication keypad.

## Fault Codes

Table 13.1 provides a complete reference of the Fault LED indications for Bulletin 280 and 281 ArmorStart Distributed Motor Controllers.

**Table 13.1 Fault Indication**

Blink Pattern	Fault Types		
	Bulletin 280/281	Bulletin 283	Bulletin 284
1	Short Circuit	Short Circuit	Short Circuit
2	Overload Trip	Overload Trip	Overload Trip
3	Phase Loss	Phase Loss	Phase Short
4	Reserved	Shorted SCR	Ground Fault
5	Reserved	Phase Rotation	Stall
6	Control Power	Control Power	Control Power
7	I/O Fault	I/O Fault	I/O Fault
8	Over Temperature	Over Temperature	Over Temperature
9	Phase Imbalance	Phase Imbalance	Over Current
10	DeviceNet™ Power Loss ❶	DeviceNet™ Power Loss ❶	DeviceNet™ Power Loss ❶
11	Reserved	Internal Communications	Internal Communications
12	Reserved	Heatsink Over Temperature	DC Bus Fault
13	EEPROM Fault	EEPROM Fault	EEPROM Fault
14	Hardware Fault	Hardware Fault	Hardware Fault
15	Reserved	Reserved	Restart Retries
16	Reserved	Misc. Fault	Misc. Fault



Not available on the Bulletin 280A/281A., 283A, or 284A



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## Fault Definitions

### Short Circuit

Short Circuit indicates that the Bulletin 140M motor protector has tripped, or that the internal wiring protection algorithm has detected an unsafe current surge. This fault cannot be disabled. The Fault LED will flash a 1-blink pattern.

### Overload Trip

The load has drawn excessive current and based on the overload trip class selected, the device has tripped. This fault cannot be disabled. The Fault LED will flash a 2-blink pattern.

### Phase Loss

Indicates a missing supply phase. This fault can be disabled and *is* disabled by default. The Fault LED will flash a 3-blink pattern.

### Phase Short

Indicates the drive has detected a phase short. This fault cannot be disabled. The Fault LED will flash a 3-blink pattern.

### Shorted SCR

This fault is generated when the SMC-3 detects a short circuit condition in the SMC-3 SCRs. This fault cannot be disabled. The Fault LED will flash a 4-blink pattern.

### Ground Fault

Indicates the drive has detected a ground fault. This fault cannot be disabled. The Fault LED will flash a 4-blink pattern.

### Stall

Indicates the drive has detected a stall condition, indicating the motor has not reached full speed. This fault cannot be disabled. The Fault LED will flash a 5-blink pattern.

### Control Power

Indicates a loss of control power voltage or a blown control power fuse. This fault can be disabled and *is* disabled by default. The Fault LED will flash a 6-blink pattern.

### I/O Fault

This error can indicate a shorted sensor, shorted input device, or input wiring mistakes. It can also indicate a blown output fuse. This fault can be disabled and *is* disabled by default. The Fault LED will flash a 7-blink pattern.



**Over Temperature**

Indicates that the operating temperature has been exceeded. This fault cannot be disabled. The Fault LED will flash a 8-blink pattern.

**Phase Imbalance**

Indicates an imbalance supply voltage. This fault can be disabled and *is* disabled by default. The Fault LED will flash a 9-blink pattern.

**Over Current**

Indicates the drive has detected an over current fault. This fault cannot be disabled. The Fault LED will flash a 9-blink pattern.

**DeviceNet™ Power Loss**

DeviceNet power has been lost or has dropped below the 12V threshold. This fault can be disabled and *is* disabled by default. The Fault LED will flash a 10-blink pattern.

**Internal Communication Fault**

Indicates an internal communication fault has been detected. This fault cannot be disabled. The Fault LED will flash 11-blink pattern.

**DC Bus Fault**

Indicates the drive has detected a DC Bus Fault. This fault cannot be disabled. The Fault LED will flash a 12-blink pattern.

**EEPROM Fault**

This is a major fault, which renders the ArmorStart inoperable. This fault cannot be disabled. The Fault LED will flash a 13-blink pattern.

**Hardware Fault**

Indicates incorrect base/starter assembly. This fault cannot be disabled. The Fault LED will flash a 14-blink pattern.

**Restart Retries**

This fault is generated when the drive detects that the auto retries count has been exceeded. This fault cannot be disabled. The Fault LED will flash a 15-blink pattern.

**Miscellaneous Faults**

For Bulletin 283 units, this fault condition refers to the overload test for the SMC-3.

For Bulletin 284 units, this fault is actually the logical OR of the drive's Auxiliary Input fault (fault code F2), Heatsink Over Temperature (fault code F8), Params Defaulted fault (fault code F48) and SVC Autotune fault (fault code F80).

This fault cannot be disabled. The Fault LED will flash a 16-blink pattern.



## Troubleshooting

### Introduction

The purpose of this chapter is to assist in troubleshooting the ArmorStart® Distributed Motor Controller using the LED Status Display and diagnostic parameters.

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**ATTENTION**

Servicing energized industrial control equipment can be hazardous. Electrical shock, burns or unintentional actuation of controlled industrial equipment may cause death or serious injury. For safety of maintenance personnel as well as others who might be exposed to electrical hazards associated with maintenance activities, follow the local safety related work practices (for example, the NFPA70E, Part II in the United States). Maintenance personnel must be trained in the safety practices, procedures, and requirements that pertain to their respective job assignments.

**ATTENTION**

Do not attempt to defeat or override fault circuits. The cause of the fault indication must be determined and corrected before attempting operation. Failure to correct a control system of mechanical malfunction may result in personal injury and /or equipment damage due to uncontrolled machine system operation.

**ATTENTION**

The drive contains high voltage capacitors that take time to discharge after removal of mains supply. Before working on drive, ensure isolation of mains supply from line inputs (R, S, T, [L1, L2, L3]). Wait three minutes for capacitors to discharge to safe voltage levels. Failure to do so may result in personal injury or death. Darkened display LEDs is not an indication that capacitors have discharged to safe voltage levels.

**ATTENTION**

Only qualified personnel familiar with adjustable frequency AC drives and associated machinery should plan or implement the installation, startup, and subsequent maintenance of the system. Failure to comply may result in personal injury and/or equipment damage.

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**ATTENTION**



This drive contains electrostatic discharge- (ESD) sensitive parts and assemblies. Static control precautions are required when installing, testing, servicing, or repairing this assembly. Component damage may result if ESD control procedures are not followed. If you are not familiar with static control procedures, refer to Allen-Bradley Publication 8000-4.5.2, *Guarding against Electrostatic Damage*, or any other applicable ESD protection handbook.

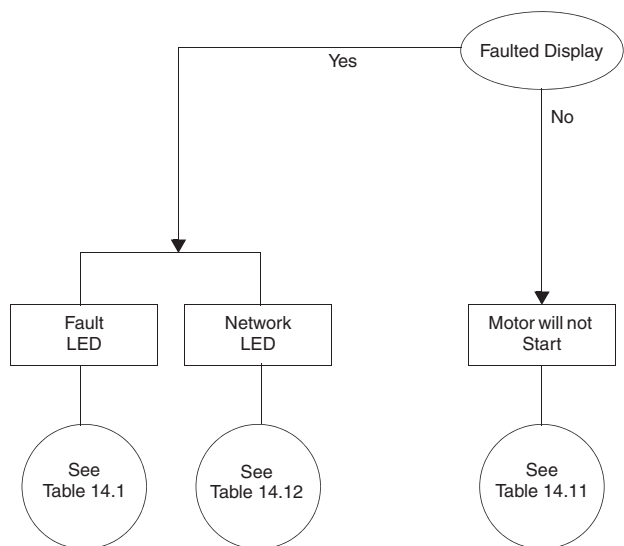
**ATTENTION**



An incorrectly applied or installed drive can result in component damage or a reduction in product life. Wiring or application errors, such as undersizing the motor, incorrect or inadequate AC supply, or excessive ambient temperatures may result in malfunction of the system.

**Bulletin 280/281 Troubleshooting**

The following flowchart for Bulletin 280/281 units, is provided to aid in quick troubleshooting.





**Table 14.1 Fault LED Indications for Bulletin 280 and 281 ArmorStart Distributed Motor Controllers**

Blink Pattern	Definitions	Possible Causes or Remedies
1	Short Circuit	The motor circuit protector has tripped, or the internal wiring protection algorithm has detected an unsafe current range. Try to reset the protector if tripped. If the condition continues, check the power wiring. This fault cannot be disabled.
2	Overload Trip	The load has drawn excessive current and based on the trip class selected, the device has tripped. Verify that the load is operating correctly and the ArmorStart is properly set-up. This fault cannot be disabled.
3	Phase Loss	The ArmorStart has detected a missing phase. Verify that three-phase voltage is present at the line side connections. This fault can be disabled and is disabled by default.
4	Reserved	Not Used
5	Reserved	Not Used
6	Control Power	The ArmorStart has detected a loss of the control power voltage or blown control power fuse. Check control voltage, wiring, and proper polarity. Replace control voltage fuse if necessary. This fault can be disabled and is disabled by default.
7	I/O Fault	This error indicates a shorted sensor, shorted input device, or input wiring mistakes or a blown output fuse. If this fault occurs, the offending problem should be isolated or removed prior to restarting the system. This fault can be disabled and is disabled by default.
8	Over Temperature	Indicates that the operating temperature has been exceeded. This fault cannot be disabled.
9	Phase Imbalance	The ArmorStart has detected a voltage imbalance. Check the power system and correct if necessary. This fault can be disabled and is disabled by default.
10 ❶	DNet Power Loss	DeviceNet™ power has been lost or has dropped below the 12 volt threshold. Check the state of the network power supply and look for DeviceNet media problems. This fault can be disabled and is disabled by default.
11	Reserved	Not Used
12	Reserved	Not Used
13	EEPROM Fault	This is a major fault, which renders the ArmorStart inoperable. Possible causes of this fault are transients induced during EEprom storage routines. If the fault was initiated by a transient, power cycling should clear the problem; otherwise, replacement of the ArmorStart may be required. This fault cannot be disabled.
14	Hardware Fault	This fault indicates that a serious hardware problem exists. Check for a base/starter module mismatch. If no mismatch exists, the ArmorStart may need to be replaced. (Hdw Flt is the factory-enabled default setting.) This fault cannot be disabled.

❶ Not available on the Bulletin 280A/281A.

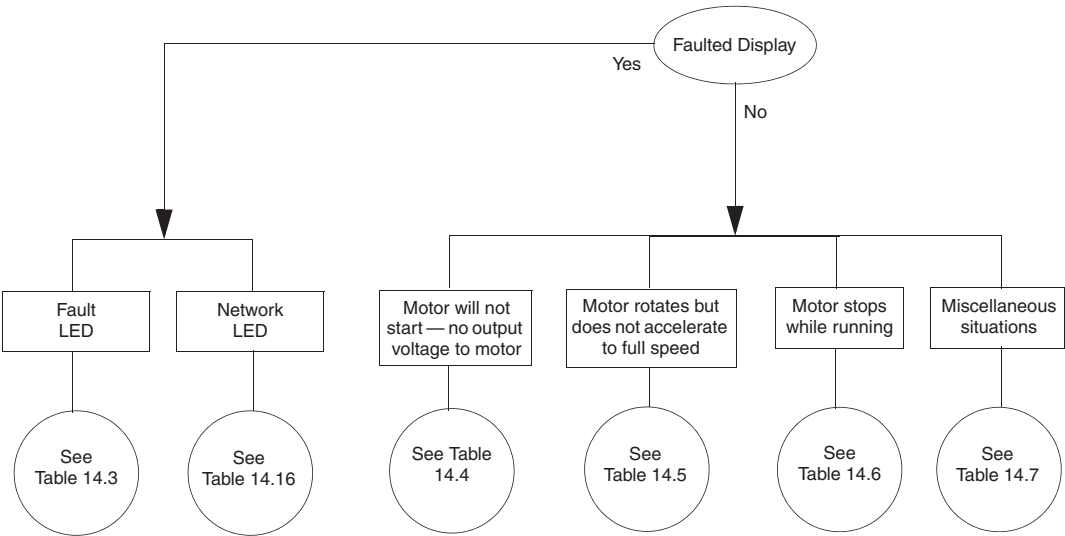


Table 14.2 Motor Will Not Start – No Output Voltage to the Motor

LED Status Indication	Possible Cause	Possible Solutions
Fault or Network Status Led indicates a fault condition	See Fault Description	See Table 14.1 and/or Table 14.16 addressing fault conditions
No Fault condition indicated	Three Phase is absent	Check power system. Check three-phase power wiring and correct if necessary
Display is blank	Control voltage is absent	Check control wiring and polarity. Correct if necessary.

Bulletin 283 Troubleshooting

The following flowchart for Bulletin 283 units, is provided to aid in quick troubleshooting.





**Table 14.3 Fault LED indications for Bulletin 283 ArmorStart Distributed Motor Controllers**

Blink Pattern	Definitions	Possible Causes or Remedies
1	Short Circuit	The motor circuit protector has tripped, or the internal wiring protection algorithm has detected an unsafe current range. Try to reset the protector if tripped. If the condition continues, check the power wiring. This fault cannot be disabled.
2	Overload trip	The load has drawn excessive current and based on the trip class selected, the device has tripped. Verify that the load is operating correctly and the ArmorStart is properly set-up. This fault cannot be disabled.
3	Phase Loss	The ArmorStart has detected a missing phase. Verify that three phase voltage is present at the line side connections. This fault can be disabled and <i>is</i> disabled by default.
4	Shorted SCR	Prior to every start, the unit will check all SCRs for shorts and unit load connections to the motor. If there is a shorted SCR in the SMC-3 and/or open load, the start will be aborted and a shorted SCR/open load fault will be indicated. This prevents damage from phase imbalance. This fault cannot be disabled.
5	Phase Rotation	When enabled, 3-phase input power will be verified before starting. If input power phasing is detected to be incorrect, the start will be aborted and a fault indicated. This fault can be disabled and <i>is</i> disabled by default.
6	Control Power	The ArmorStart has detected a loss of the control power voltage or blown control power fuse. Check control voltage, wiring, and proper polarity. Replace control voltage fuse if necessary. This fault can be disabled and <i>is</i> disabled by default.
7	I/O Fault	This error indicates a shorted sensor, shorted input device, wiring input mistakes, or a blown output fuse. If this fault occurs, the offending problem should be isolated or removed prior to restarting the system. This fault can be disabled and <i>is</i> disabled by default.
8	Over Temperature	Indicates an over temperature condition. This fault cannot be disabled.
9	Phase Imbalance	The ArmorStart has detected a voltage imbalance. Check the power system and correct if necessary. This fault cannot be disabled.
10 ❶	DNet Power Loss	DeviceNet™ power has been lost or has dropped below the 12V threshold. Check the state of the network power supply and look for DeviceNet media problems. This fault can be disabled and <i>is</i> disabled by default.
11	Internal Communication	This fault occurs when communication between the main board and the SMC-3 is lost. This fault cannot be disabled.
12	Heatsink Over temperature/JAM	This fault indicates either an over temperature fault or a JAM fault. The heatsink is monitored by thermistors and the SCR temperature is tracked by an algorithm. When a maximum temperature is reached by either, the microcomputer switches off the SMC and indicates a fault code of 12. A fault code of 12 could also indicate a JAM fault. This fault cannot be disabled.
13	EEPROM Fault	This is a major fault, which renders the ArmorStart inoperable. Possible causes of this fault are transients induced during EEprom storage routines. If the fault was, initiated by a transient, power cycling should clear the problem otherwise replacement of the ArmorStart may be required. This fault cannot be disabled.
14	Hardware Fault	This fault indicates that a serious hardware problem exists. Check for a base/stator module mismatch or a blown source brake fuse. If no mismatch exists or the source brake fuse is OK, the ArmorStart may need to be replaced. (Hdw Flt is the factory-enabled default setting.) This fault cannot be disabled.
16	Miscellaneous Fault	This fault cannot be disabled.

❶ Not available on the Bulletin 283A.



**Table 14.4 Motor Will Not Start – No Output Voltage to the Motor**

Display	Possible Cause	Possible Solutions
Fault displayed	See fault description	See Table 14.3 addressing fault conditions
Display is blank	Control voltage is absent	Check control wiring and proper polarity. Correct if necessary
Starting	Two or three power phases are missing	Check power system

**Table 14.5 Motor Rotates (but does not accelerate to full speed)**

Display	Possible Cause	Possible Solutions
Fault displayed	See fault description	See Table 14.3 addressing fault conditions
Starting	Mechanical problems Inadequate Current Limit setting Failed control module	Check for binding or external loading and correct Check motor Adjust the Current Limit level to a higher setting Replace control module

**Table 14.6 Motor Stops While Running**

Display	Possible Cause	Possible Solutions
Fault displayed	See fault description	See Table 14.3 addressing fault conditions
RUN LED is blank	Control voltage is absent Failed control module	Check control wiring and correct if necessary Replace control module
Starting	Two or three power phases are missing Failed control module	Check power system Replace control module

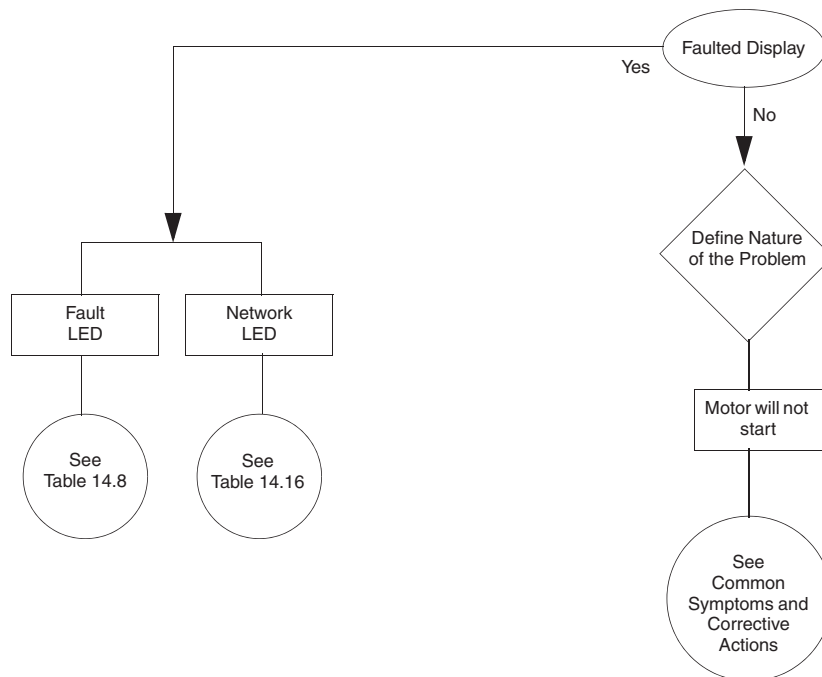
**Table 14.7 Miscellaneous Situations**

Display	Possible Cause	Possible Solutions
Motor current and voltage fluctuates with steady load	Motor Erratic load	Verify type of motor as a standard squirrel cage induction motor Check load conditions
Erratic operation	Loose connections	Shut off <b>all</b> power to controller and check for loose connections
Accelerates too fast	Starting time Initial torque Current limit setting Kickstart	Increase starting time Lower initial torque setting Decrease current limit setting Lower kickstart time or turn off
Accelerates too slow	Starting time Initial torque Current limit setting Kickstart	Decrease starting time Increase initial torque setting Increase current limit setting Increase kickstart time or turn off
Motor stops too quickly with Soft Stop	Time setting	Verify the programmed stopping time and correct it or increase
Motor stops too slowly with Soft Stop	Stopping time setting Misapplication	Verify the programmed stopping time and correct if necessary The Soft Stop is intended to extend the stopping time for loads that stop suddenly when power is removed from the motor



**Bulletin 284 Troubleshooting****Fault Definitions**

Some of the Bulletin 284 ArmorStart Distributed Motor Controller faults are detected by the internal hardware of the ArmorStart, while others are detected by the internal drive. For internal drive faults, the internal hardware of the ArmorStart simply polls the drive for the existence of faults and reports the fault state. No fault latching is done by the internal hardware of the ArmorStart for these faults. The Pr FltReset Mode parameter (Parameter 23) determines the Auto Resetability of only the faults that are detected on the main control board. These faults are listed as “param 23” autoresettable in 14.8. The Auto Resetability of the faults that are detected in the internal drive is controlled by internal drive parameters. These faults are listed as drive controlled in 14.8. The following flowchart for Bulletin 284 units, is provided to aid in quick troubleshooting.





**Table 14.8 Fault LED indications for Bulletin 284 ArmorStart Distributed Motor Controllers**

Blink Pattern	Fault Definitions		Possible Causes or Remedies
	ArmorStart	Drive Controlled	
1	Short (140M)	—	The circuit breaker has tripped. Try to reset the breaker. If the condition continues check the power wiring. This fault cannot be disabled.
2	—	Overload Fault (Drive Error Codes 7 and 64)	An excessive motor load exists. Reduce load so drive output current does not exceed the current set by Parameter 133 (Motor OL Current) and verify Parameter 184 (Boost Select) setting. Reduce load or extend Accel Time. This fault cannot be disabled.
3	—	Phase Short (Drive Error Codes 41...43)	The ArmorStart has detected a phase short. Excessive current has been detected between two of the output terminals. Check the motor for a shorted condition. Replace starter module if fault cannot be cleared. This fault cannot be disabled.
4	—	Ground Fault (Drive Error Codes 13, 38...40)	A current path to earth has been detected at or more of the drive output terminals or a phase to ground fault has been detected between the drive and motor in this phase. Check the motor for a grounded condition. Replace starter module if fault cannot be cleared. This fault cannot be disabled.
5	—	Motor Stalled (Drive Error Code 6)	Drive is unable to accelerate motor. Increase Parameter 139 and/or 167 (Accel Time x) or reduce load so drive output current does not exceed the current by Parameter 189. This fault cannot be disabled.
6	Control Power	—	The ArmorStart has detected a loss of the control power voltage. Check control voltage, wiring and proper polarity. Replace control voltage fuse if necessary. This fault can be disabled and <i>is</i> disabled by default.
7	IO Fault	—	Depending on the types of modules in the configuration this error could be generated by a shorted sensor, shorted input device, wiring mistakes, or a blown output fuse. If this fault occurs, the offending problem should be isolated or removed prior to restarting the system. This fault can be disabled and <i>is</i> disabled by default.
8	—	Heatsink Over temperature (Drive Error Code 8)	Heatsink temperature exceeds a predefined value. Check for blocked or dirty heatsink fins. Verify that ambient temperature has not exceeded. Replace internal fan. This fault cannot be disabled.
9	—	Over-Current (Drive Error Codes 12 and 63)	The ArmorStart has detected a voltage imbalance. Check the power system and correct if necessary. This fault cannot be disabled.
10 ❶	DNet Power Loss	—	DeviceNet™ power has been lost or has dropped below the 12V threshold. Check the state of the network power supply and look for DeviceNet media problems. This fault can be disabled and <i>is</i> disabled by default.
11	Internal Comm	—	This fault occurs when communications between the main board the drive is lost. This fault cannot be disabled. This fault cannot be disabled. Verify that the disconnect is in the “on” position and three phase power is present.
12	—	DC Bus Fault (Drive Error Codes 3, 4, and 5)	DC bus voltage remained below 85% of nominal. DC bus voltage fell below the minimum value. DC bus voltage exceeded maximum value. Monitor the incoming AC line for low voltage or line power interruption. Check input fuses. Monitor the AC line for high line voltage or transient conditions. Bus overvoltage can also be caused by motor regeneration. Extend the decel time or install a starter module with the dynamic brake option. This fault cannot be disabled.
13	—	EEPROM Fault/Internal Comm Flt (Drive Error Codes 81 and 100)	This is a major fault, which renders the ArmorStart inoperable. Possible causes of this fault are transients induced during EEprom storage routines. If the fault was initiated by a transient, power cycling should clear the problem. Otherwise replacement of the starter module may be required. This fault cannot be disabled.
14	—	Hardware Fault (Drive Error Codes 2, 70, and 122)	Indicates incorrect base/starter assembly. Auxiliary input interlock is open. Failure has been detected in the drive power section. Failure has been detected in the Drive control and I/O section. Cycle power and replace drive if fault cannot be cleared. This fault cannot be disabled.
15	—	Auto Restart Tries (Drive Error Code 33)	Drive unsuccessfully attempted to reset a fault and resume running for the programmed number of Parameter 192 (Auto RstrTries). Correct the cause of the fault. This fault cannot be disabled.
16	—	Miscellaneous Fault	This fault is actually the logical OR of the drive's Auxiliary Input fault (Fault Code 2), Heatsink Overtemperature fault (Fault Code 8), Parameter Defaulted fault (Fault Code 48), and SVC Autotune fault (Fault Code 80), Fan RPM Fault. This fault cannot be disabled.

❶ Not available on the Bulletin 284A.



## Internal Drive Faults

A fault is a condition that stops the drive. There are two fault types.

Type	Description
1	Auto-Reset/Run When this type of fault occurs, and Parameter 192 (Auto Rstrt Tries) Related Parameter(s): 155, 158, 161, 193 is set to a value greater than 0, a user-configurable timer, Parameter 193 (AutoRstrt Delay) Related Parameter(s): 192, begins. When the timer reaches zero, the drive attempts to automatically reset the fault. If the condition that caused the fault is no longer present, the fault will be reset and the drive will be restarted
2	Non-Resettable This type of fault may require drive or motor repair, or is caused by wiring or programing errors. The cause of the fault must be corrected before the fault can be cleared.

### Automatically Clearing Faults (Option/Step)

Clear a Type 1 Fault and Restart the Drive

1. Set Parameter 192 (Auto Rstrt Tries) to a value other than **0**.
2. Set Parameter 193 (Auto Rstrt Delay) to a value other than **0**.

Clear an Overvoltage, Undervoltage or Heatsink OvrTmp Fault without Restarting the Drive

1. Set 192 (Auto Rstrt Tries) to a value other than **0**.
2. Set 193 (Auto Rstrt Delay) to **0**.

Auto Restart (Reset/Run)



The Auto Restart feature provides the ability for the drive to automatically perform a fault reset followed by a start attempt without user or application intervention. This allows remote or unattended operation. Only certain faults are allowed to be reset. Certain faults (Type 2) that indicate possible drive component malfunction are not resettable. Caution should be used when enabling this feature, since the drive will attempt to issue its own start command based on user selected programming.

**Table 14.9 Fault Types, Descriptions, and Actions**

No.	Fault	Type ①	Description	Action
F2	Auxiliary Input	1	Auxiliary input interlock is open.	1. Check remote wiring. 2. Verify communications.
F3	Power Loss	2	DC bus voltage remained below 85% of nominal.	3. Monitor the incoming AC line for low voltage or line power interruption. 4. Check input fuses.
F4	UnderVoltage	1	DC bus voltage fell below the minimum value.	5. Monitor the incoming AC line for low voltage or line power interruption.
F5	OverVoltage	1	DC bus voltage exceeded maximum value.	6. Monitor the AC line for high line voltage or transient conditions. Bus overvoltage can also be caused by motor regeneration. Extend the decel time or install dynamic brake option.
F6	Motor Stalled	1	Drive is unable to accelerate motor.	7. Increase Parameter 139...167 (Accel Time x) or reduce load so drive output current does not exceed the current set by Parameter 189 (Current Limit 1).
F7	Motor Overload	1	Internal electronic overload trip	8. An excessive motor load exists. Reduce load so drive output current does not exceed the current set by Parameter 133 (Motor OL Current). 9. Verify Parameter 184 (Boost Select) setting
F8	Heatsink OvrTmp	1	Heatsink temperature exceeds a predefined value.	10. Check for blocked or dirty heat sink fins. Verify that ambient temperature has not exceeded 40°C. 11. Replace internal fan.
F12	HW OverCurrent	2	The drive output current has exceeded the hardware current limit.	12. Check programming. Check for excess load, improper programming of Parameter 184 (Boost Select), DC brake volts set too high, or other causes of excess current.
F13	Ground Fault	2	A current path to earth ground has been detected at one or more of the drive output terminals.	13. Check the motor and external wiring to the drive output terminals for a grounded condition.
F33	Auto Rstrt Tries		Drive unsuccessfully attempted to reset a fault and resume running for the programmed number of Parameter 192 (Auto Rstrt Tries).	14. Correct the cause of the fault and manually clear.
F38 F39 F40	Phase U to Gnd Phase V to Gnd Phase W to Gnd	2	A phase to ground fault has been detected between the drive and motor in this phase.	15. Check the wiring between the drive and motor. 16. Check motor for grounded phase. 17. Replace starter module if fault cannot be cleared.
F41 F42 F43	Phase UV Short Phase UW Short Phase VW Short	2	Excessive current has been detected between these two output terminals.	18. Check the motor and drive output terminal wiring for a shorted condition. 19. Replace starter module if fault cannot be cleared.
F48	Params Defaulted	2	The drive was commanded to write default values to EEPROM.	20. Clear the fault or cycle power to the drive. 21. Program the drive parameters as needed.
F63	SW OverCurrent	2	Programmed Parameter 198 (SW Current Trip) has been exceeded.	22. Check load requirements and Parameter 198 (SW Current Trip) setting.
F64	Drive Overload	2	Drive rating of 150% for 1 min. or 200% for 3 sec. has been exceeded.	23. Reduce load or extend Accel Time.
F70	Power Unit	2	Failure has been detected in the drive power section.	24. Cycle power. 25. Replace starter module if fault cannot be cleared.
F80	SVC Autotune		The autotune function was either cancelled by the user or failed.	26. Restart procedure.



No.	Fault	Type ❶	Description	Action
F81	Comm Loss	2	RS485 (DSI) port stopped communicating.	27. Turn off using Parameter 205 (Comm Loss Action). 28. Replace starter module if fault cannot be cleared.
F100	Parameter Checksum	2	The checksum read from the board does not match the checksum calculated.	29. Set Parameter 141 (Reset To Defaults) to option 1 <b>Reset Defaults</b> .
F122	I/O Board Fail	2	Failure has been detected in the drive control and I/O section.	30. Cycle power. 31. Replace starter module if fault cannot be cleared.

❶ See Table 14.8 for internal drive fault types. Common Symptoms and Corrective Actions

**Table 14.10 Motor Does Not Start**

Cause(s)	Indication	Corrective Action
No output voltage to the motor.	None	Check the power circuit. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Check the supply voltage.</li> <li>• Check all fuses and disconnects</li> </ul> Check the motor. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Verify that the motor is connected properly.</li> <li>• Verify that I/O Terminal 01 is active.</li> <li>• Verify that Parameter 136 (Start Source) matches your configuration.</li> <li>• Verify that Parameter 195 (Reverse Disable) is not prohibiting movement.</li> </ul>
Drive is Faulted	Flashing red status light	Clear fault. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Press Stop</li> <li>• Cycle power</li> <li>• Set Parameter 200 (Fault Clear) to option 1 <b>Clear Faults</b>.</li> <li>• Cycle digital input is Parameter 151...154 (Digital Inx Sel) is set to option 7 <b>Clear Fault</b>.</li> </ul>

**Table 14.11 Drive Does Not Respond to Changes in Speed Command**

Cause(s)	Indication	Corrective Action
No value is coming from the source of the command.	The drive <b>Run</b> indicator is lit and output is 0 Hz.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Check Parameter 112 (Control Source) for correct source.</li> <li>• If the source is an analog input, check wiring and use a meter to check for presence of signal.</li> <li>• Check Parameter 102 (Commanded Freq) to verify correct command.</li> </ul>
Incorrect reference source is being selected via remote device or digital inputs.	None	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Check Parameter 112 (Control Source) for correct source.</li> <li>• Check Parameter 114 (Dig In Status) to see if inputs are selecting an alternate source. Verify settings for Parameters 151...154 (Digital Inx Sel).</li> <li>• Check Parameter 138 (Speed Reference) for the source of the speed reference. Reprogram as necessary.</li> </ul>



**Table 14.12 Motor and/or Drive Will Not Accelerate to Commanded Speed**

Cause(s)	Indication	Corrective Action
Acceleration time is excessive.	None	Reprogram Parameter 139 (Accel Time 1) or Parameter 167 (Accel Time 2).
Excess load or short acceleration times force the drive into current limit, slowing, or stopping acceleration.	None	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Compare Parameter 103 (Output Current) with Parameter 189 (Current Limit1).</li> <li>Remove excess load or reprogram Parameter 139 (Accel Time 1) or Parameter 167 (Accel Time 2).</li> <li>Check for improper setting of Parameter 184 (Boost Select).</li> </ul>
Speed command source or value is not as expected.	None	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Verify Parameter 102 (Commanded Freq).</li> <li>Check Parameter 112 (Control Source) for the proper Speed Command.</li> </ul>
Programming is preventing the drive output from exceeding limiting values.	None	Check Parameter 135 (Maximum Freq) to insure that speed is not limited by programming.
Torque performance does not match motor characteristics.	None	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Set motor nameplate full load amps in Parameter 226 (Motor NP FLA).</li> <li>Use Parameter 227 (Autotune) to perform <b>Static Tune</b> or <b>Rotate Tune</b> procedure.</li> <li>Set Parameter 225 (Torque Perf Mode) to option 0V/Hz.</li> </ul>

**Table 14.13 Motor Operation is Unstable**

Cause(s)	Indication	Corrective Action
Motor data was incorrectly entered.	None	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Correctly enter motor nameplate data into Parameters 131, 132, and 133.</li> <li>Enable Parameter 197 (Compensation).</li> <li>Use Parameter 184 (Boost Select) to reduce boost level.</li> </ol>

**Table 14.14 Drive Will Not Reverse Motor Direction**

Cause(s)	Indication	Corrective Action
Digital input is not selected for reversing control.	None	Check (Digital Inx Sel). Choose correct input and program for reversing mode.
Motor wiring is improperly phased for reverse.	None	Switch two motor leads.
Reverse is disabled.	None	Check Parameter 195 (Reverse Disable).

**Table 14.15 Drive Does Not Power Up**

Cause(s)	Indication	Corrective Action
No input power to drive.	None	Check the power circuit. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Check the supply voltage.</li> <li>Check all fuses and disconnects.</li> </ul>
Jumper between I/O Terminals P2 and P1 not installed and/or DC Bus Inductor not connected.	None	Install jumper or connect DC Bus Inductor.



## DeviceNet Troubleshooting Procedures

The following table identifies possible causes and corrective actions when troubleshooting DeviceNet related failures using the *NETWORK STATUS LED*.

**Table 14.16 DeviceNet Troubleshooting Procedures**

Network Status LED	Definition	Possible Causes
Off	The device has not completed the initialization, is not on an active network, or may not be powered up.	Check to make sure the product is properly wired and configured on the network.
Flashes green-red-off	While waiting to detect the network baud rate, the LED will flash this pattern about every 3 seconds.	If the product stays in this state, it means that there is no set baud rate. Ensure that at least one device on the network has a set baud rate.
Solid Green	The device is operating in a normal condition, and is communicating to another device on the network.	No action Required
Flashing Green	The device is operating in a normal condition, and is on-line, but has no connection to another device. This is the typical state for new devices.	The device may need to be mapped to a master scanner, placed in a scanlist, or have another device communicate to it.
Flashing Red	Recoverable fault has occurred.	Check to make sure the PLC™ and scanner are operating correctly and that there are no media/cabling issues. Check to see if other networked devices are in a similar state.
Solid Red	The device has detected a major error that has rendered it incapable of communicating on the network (Duplicate MAC ID, Bus-off, media issue).	Troubleshooting should be done to ensure that the network is correct (terminators, lengths, etc.) and there is not a duplicate node problem. If other devices on the network appear to be operating fine and power cycling the device does not work, contact Technical Support.
Flashing Red and Green	The device has detected a network access error and is in a communication faulted state. The device has subsequently received and accepted an Identify Communication Faulted Request Long Protocol message.	This is not a common state for DeviceNet products. Power cycling the device may resolve the problem; however, if the problem continues, it may be necessary to contact technical support.



### ArmorPoint Backplane Troubleshooting Procedures

The following table identifies possible causes and corrective actions when troubleshooting ArmorPoint® Backplane failures using the *NETWORK STATUS LED*.

**Table 14.17 ArmorPoint Backplane Troubleshooting Procedures**

Network Status LED	Definition	Possible Causes
Off	The device has not completed the initialization, is not on an active network, or may not be powered up.	Check to make sure the product is properly wired and configured on the network.
Flashes green-red-off	While waiting to detect the network baud rate, the LED will flash this pattern about every 3 seconds.	If the product stays in this state, it means that there is no set baud rate. Ensure that at least one device on the network has a set baud rate.
Solid Green	The device is operating in a normal condition, and is on-line, but has no connection to another device.	No action Required
Flashing Green	The ArmorPoint module cannot successfully establish a connection on the backplane.	The wrong connection parameter for the ArmorStart was entered in the "Module Properties" page in RSLogix™ 5000 or the I/O Tree was not properly configured.
Flashing Red	The ArmorPoint module has stopped communicating over the backplane with ArmorStart.	Check control power connections to the ArmorPoint Module and ArmorStart.
Solid Red	Backplane media issue.	Check backplane media and ArmorStart backplane cable connections.
Flashing Red and Green	The device is in a communication faulted state.	Power cycling the device may resolve the problem; however, if the problem continues, it may be necessary to contact Technical Support.



## Control Module Replacement (Bulletin 280/281)

### Removal of Starter Module

#### ATTENTION



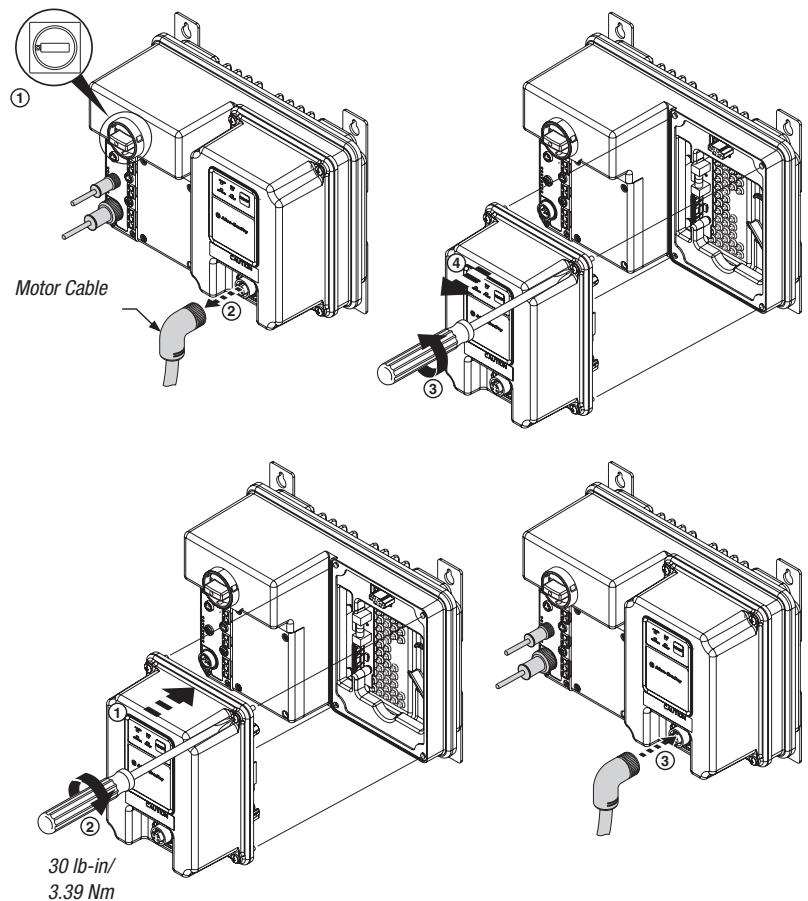
To avoid shock hazard, disconnect main power before working on the controller, motor, or control devices

- 1) Disconnect from power source
- 2) Remove motor cable.
- 3) Loosen the four mounting screws.
- 4) Unplug the Control module from the base by pulling forward.

### Installation of Control Module

- 5) Install control module.
- 6) Tighten four mounting screws.
- 7) Install motor cable.

**Figure 14.1 Bulletin 280/281 Control Module Replacement**



**Note:** DeviceNet base module is shown



## Control Module Replacement (Bulletin 283)

### Removal of Starter Module

#### ATTENTION



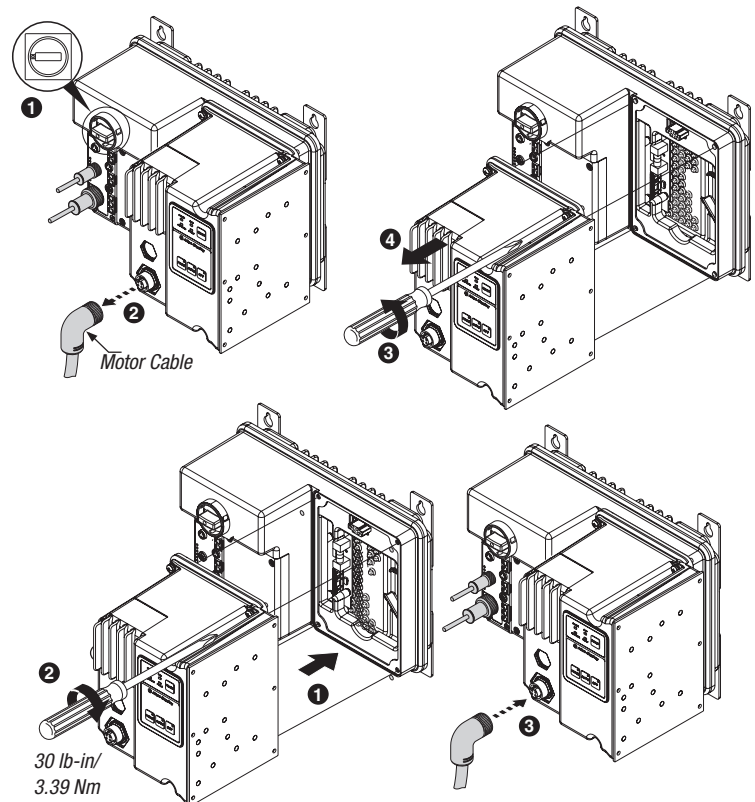
To avoid shock hazard, disconnect main power before working on the controller, motor, or control devices

- 1) Disconnect from power source
- 2) Remove motor cable.
- 3) Loosen the four mounting screws.
- 4) Unplug the Control module from the base by pulling forward.

### Installation of Control Module

- 5) Install control module.
- 6) Tighten four mounting screws.
- 7) Install motor cable.

**Figure 14.2 Bulletin 283 Control Module Replacement**



**Note:** DeviceNet base module is shown



## Control Module Replacement (Bulletin 284)

**ATTENTION**

To avoid shock hazard, disconnect main power before working on the controller, motor, or control devices

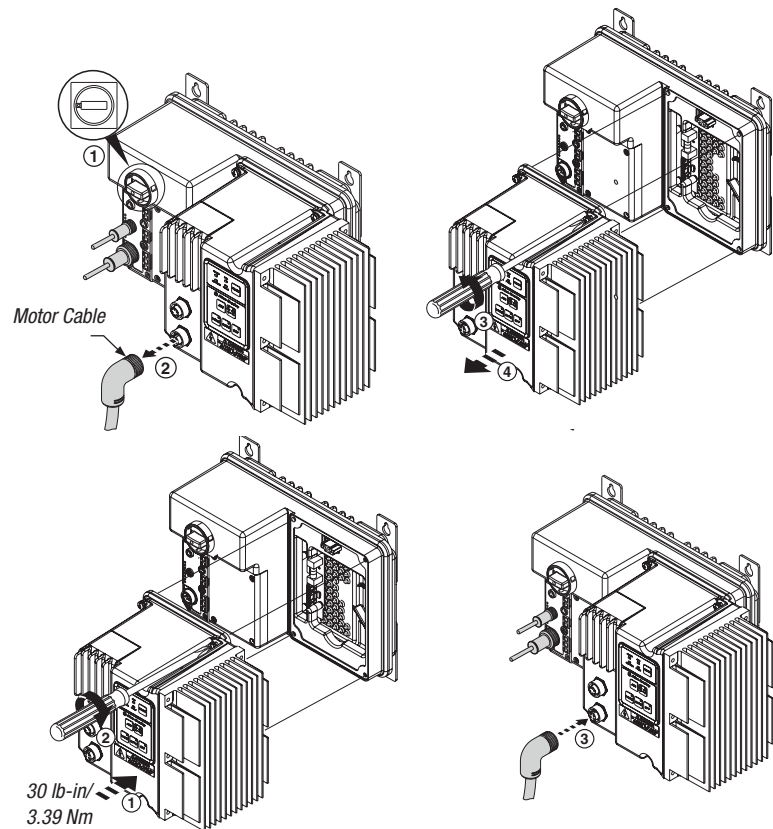
**Removal of Control Module**

- 1) Disconnect from power source
- 2) Remove motor cable.
- 3) Loosen the four mounting screws.
- 4) Unplug the Control module from the base by pulling forward.

**Installation of Control Module**

- 5) Install control module.
- 6) Tighten four mounting screws.
- 7) Install all cables to starter module.

**Figure 14.3 Bulletin 284 Control Module Replacement**



**Note:** DeviceNet base module is shown



## Base Module Replacement (Bulletin 280/281)

### Removal of Base Module

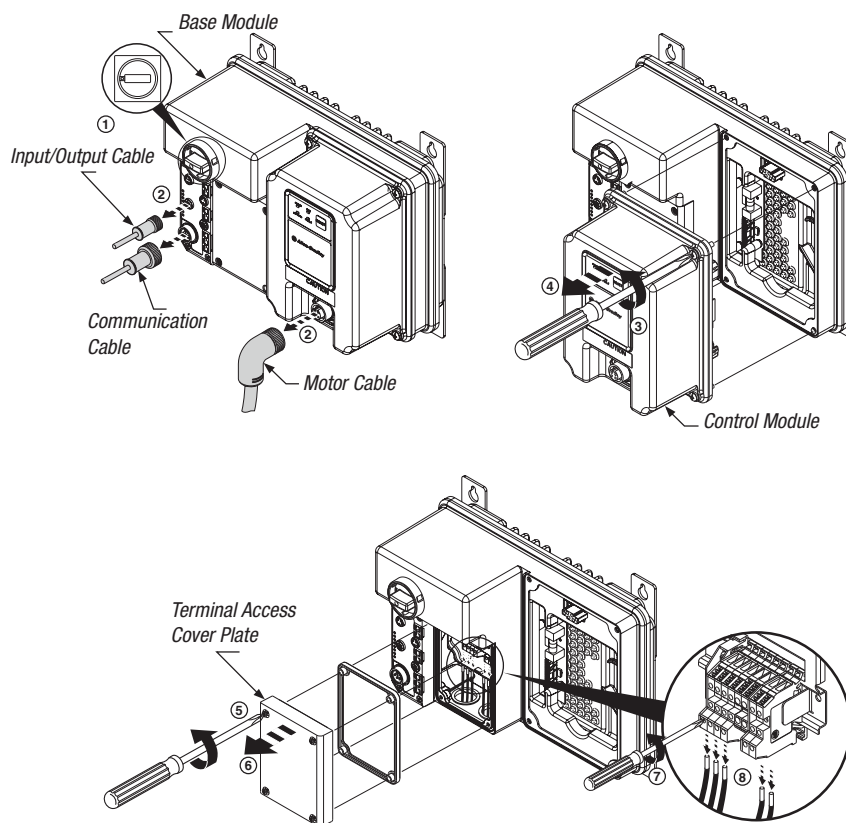
#### ATTENTION

To avoid shock hazard, disconnect main power before working on the controller, motor, or control devices



- 1) Disconnect from power source.
- 2) Remove motor cable, communication cables and all others connected to the inputs and outputs.
- 3) Loosen four mounting screws on the Starter Module.
- 4) Unplug the Control Module from the base by pulling forward.
- 5) Loosen four mounting screws on the Terminal Access Cover Plate.
- 6) Remove cover plate.
- 7) Loosen terminal screws.
- 8) Remove all wires from terminal block.

**Figure 14.4 Bulletin 280/281 Base Module Removal**



**Note:** DeviceNet base module is shown



## Base Module Replacement (Bulletin 280/281)

### Installation of Base Module

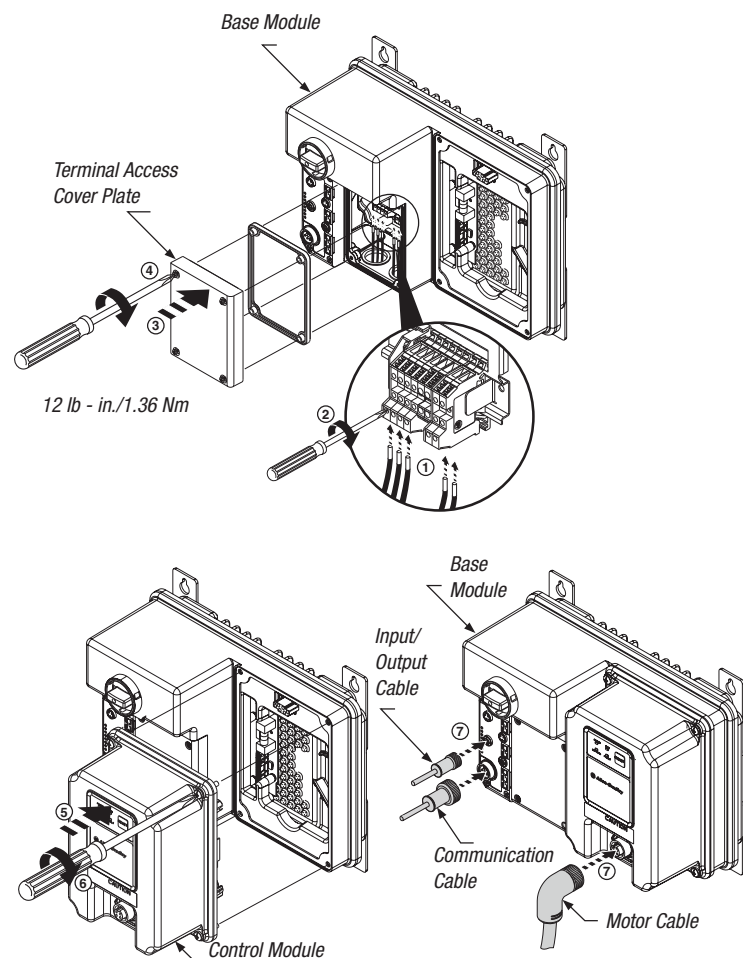
#### ATTENTION



To avoid shock hazard, disconnect main power before working on the controller, motor, or control devices

- 1) Mount Base Module with four mounting screws.
- 2) Re-install conduit fittings and wires onto terminal block.
- 3) Tighten the terminal screws.
- 4) Install terminal cover plate.
- 5) Tighten four mounting screws on the terminal access cover plate.
- 6) Install Control Module.
- 7) Tighten the four mounting screws.
- 8) Install motor cable, communication cables and all others connected to the inputs and outputs.

**Figure 14.5 Bulletin 280/281 Base Module Installation**





## Base Module Replacement (Bulletin 283)

### Removal of Base Module

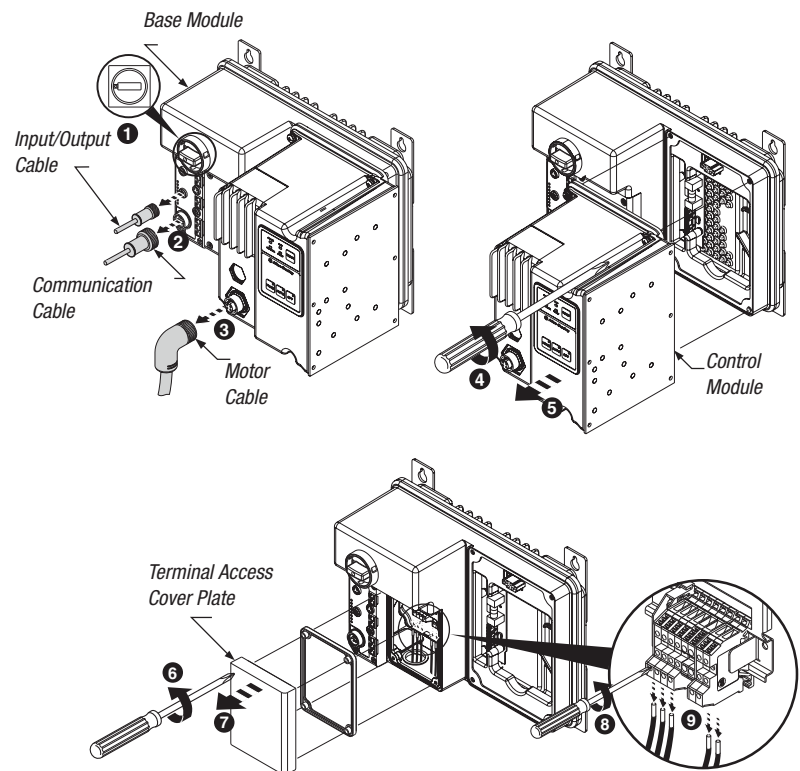
#### ATTENTION



To avoid shock hazard, disconnect main power before working on the controller, motor, or control devices

- 1) Disconnect from power source.
- 2) Remove all cables from Starter Module, communication cables and all others connected to the inputs and outputs.
- 3) Loosen four mounting screws on the Control Module.
- 4) Unplug the Control Module from the base by pulling forward.
- 5) Loosen four mounting screws on the Terminal Access Cover Plate.
- 6) Remove cover plate.
- 7) Loosen terminal screws.
- 8) Remove all wires from terminal block.
- 9) Remove conduit fittings.
- 10) Loosen mounting screws and remove.

**Figure 14.6 Bulletin 283 Base Module Removal**





## Base Module Replacement (Bulletin 283)

### Installation of Base Module

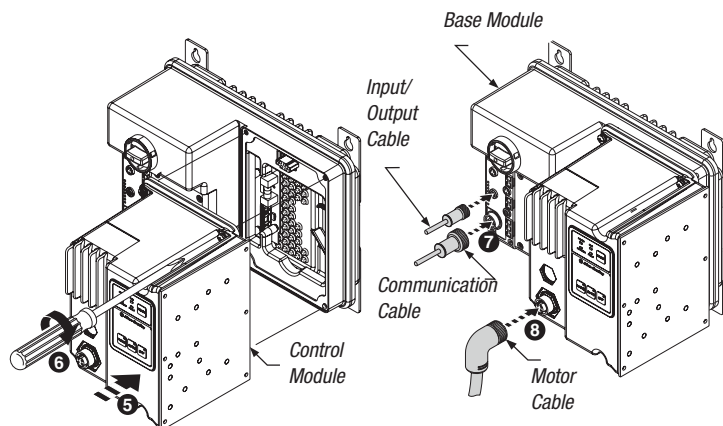
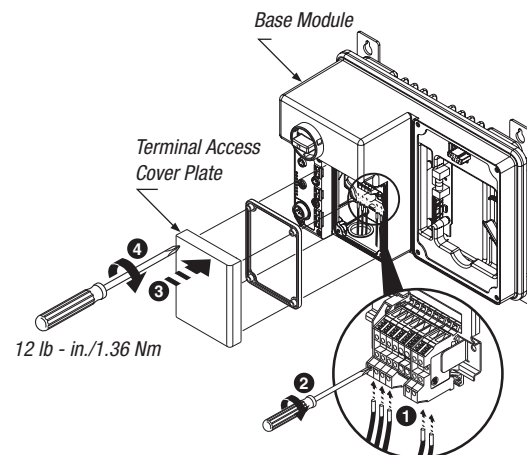
#### ATTENTION



To avoid shock hazard, disconnect main power before working on the controller, motor, or control devices

- 1) Mount Base Module with four mounting screws.
- 2) Re-install conduit fittings and wires onto terminal block.
- 3) Tighten terminal screws.
- 4) Install terminal cover plate.
- 5) Tighten four mounting screws on the terminal access cover plate.
- 6) Install Control Module.
- 7) Tighten four mounting screws.
- 8) Install all cables to Control Module, communication cables and all others connected to the inputs and outputs.

**Figure 14.7 Bulletin 283 Base Module Installation**





## Base Module Replacement (Bulletin 284)

### Removal of Base Module

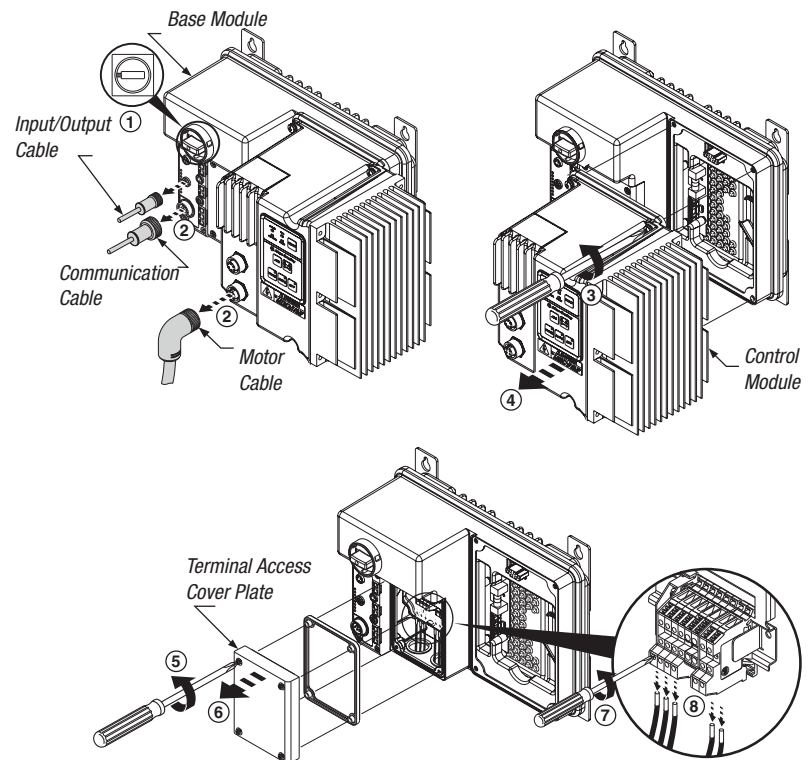
#### ATTENTION



To avoid shock hazard, disconnect main power before working on the controller, motor, or control devices

- 1) Disconnect from power source.
- 2) Remove all cables from Starter Module, communication cables and all others connected to the inputs and outputs.
- 3) Loosen four mounting screws on the Control Module.
- 4) Unplug Control Module from the base by pulling forward.
- 5) Loosen four mounting screws on the Terminal Access Cover Plate.
- 6) Remove cover plate.
- 7) Loosen terminal screws.
- 8) Remove all wires from terminal block.
- 9) Remove conduit fittings.
- 10) Loosen mounting screws and remove.

**Figure 14.8 Bulletin 284 Base Module Removal**





## Base Module Replacement (Bulletin 284)

### ATTENTION



To avoid shock hazard, disconnect main power before working on the controller, motor, or control devices

### Installation of Base Module

- 1) Mount Base Module with four mounting screws.
- 2) Re-install conduit fittings and wires onto terminal block.
- 3) Tighten terminal screws.
- 4) Install terminal cover plate.
- 5) Tighten four mounting screws on the terminal access cover plate.
- 6) Install Control Module.
- 7) Tighten four mounting screws.
- 8) Install all cables to Control Module, communication cables and all others connected to the inputs and outputs.

**Figure 14.9 Bulletin 284 Base Module Installation**

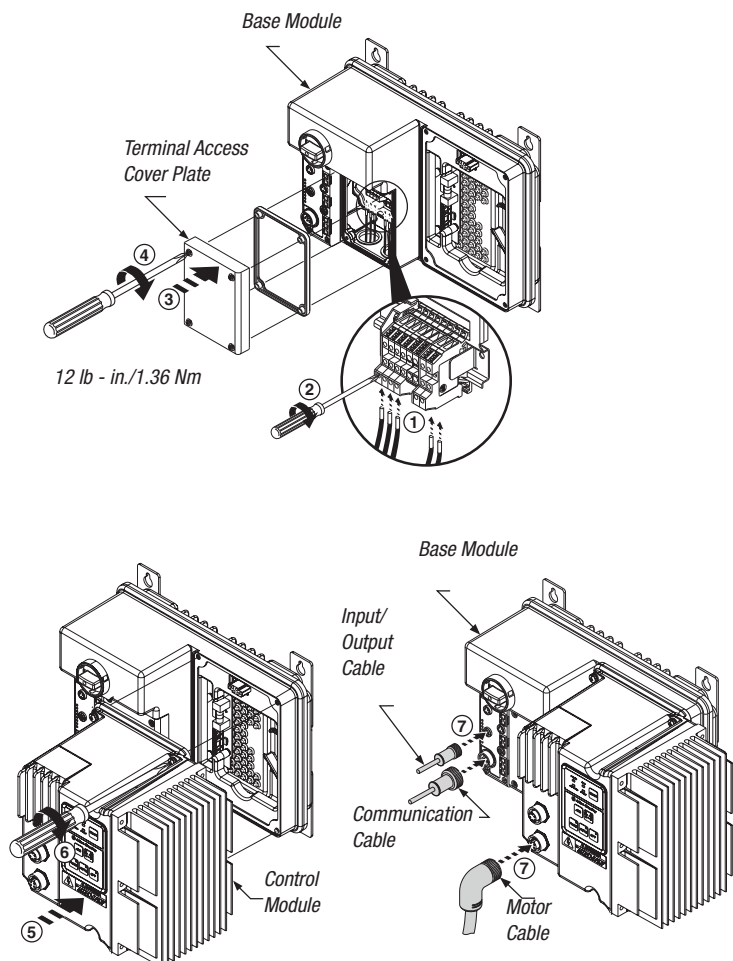
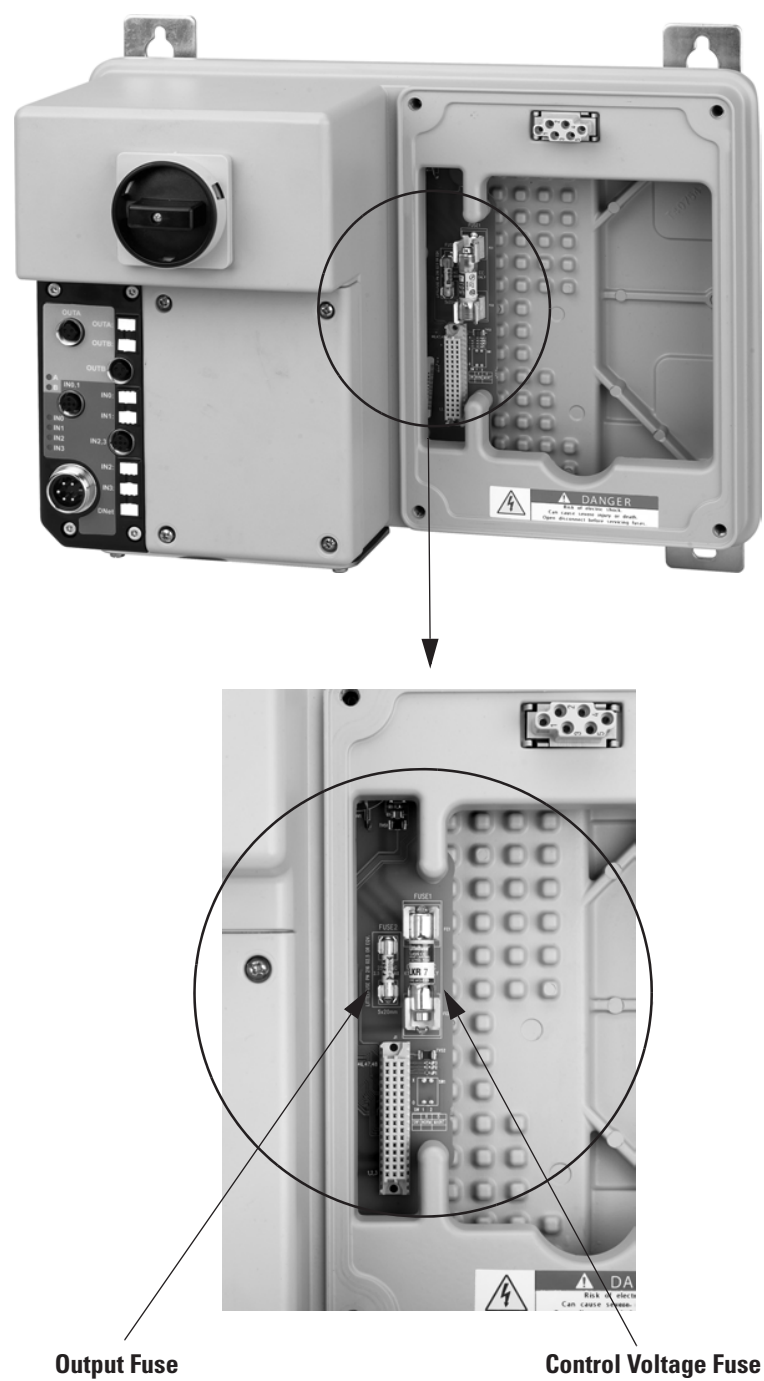




Figure 14.10 Control Voltage and Output Fuse Replacement





**Figure 14.11 Source Brake Fuse Replacement (Bulletin 283 only)****Source Brake Fuses****Figure 14.12 Source Brake Fuse Replacement (Bulletin 284 only)****Source/ Control Brake Fuses**







## Specifications

### Bulletin 280/281

Electrical Ratings		UL/NEMA		IEC			
Power Circuit	Rated Operation Voltage	200V...575V		200...575V			
	Rate Insulation Voltage	600V		600 V			
	Rated Impulsed Voltage	6 kV		6 kV			
	Dielectric Withstand	2200V AC		2500V AC			
	Operating Frequency	50/60 Hz		50/60 Hz			
	Utilization Category	N/A		AC-3			
	Protection Against Shock	N/A		IP2X			
Rated Operating Current Max.			1.2 A				
			2.5 A				
			5.5 A				
			16 A				
Control Circuit	Rated Operation Voltage	24V DC (+10%, -15%) A2 (should be grounded at voltage source)					
		120V AC (+10%, -15%) A2 (should be grounded at voltage source)					
		240V AC (+10%, -15%) A2 (should be grounded at voltage source)					
	Rate Insulation Voltage	250V		250V			
	Rated Impulsed Voltage	—		4 kV			
	Dielectric Withstand	1500V AC		2000V AC			
	Overvoltage Category	—		III			
Operating Frequency	50/60 Hz		50/60 Hz				
Short Circuit Protection	SCPD Performance Type 1	Current Rating	Voltage	480Y/277V	480 V	600Y/347 V	600 V
		0.24...1.2 A	Sym. Amps RMS	65kA	65kA	30kA	30kA
		0.5...2.5 A					
		1.1...5.5 A					
	3.2...16 A	30kA	30kA	30kA	30kA		
SCPD List		Size per NEC Group Motor			—		

Power Requirements							
	Units	W/O HOA			W/ HOA		
Control Voltage	Volts	24V DC	120V AC	240V AC	24V DC	120V AC	240V AC
Contactor (Pick Up)	Amps	0.71	0.583	0.292	0.71	0.583	0.292
Contactor (Hold In)	Amps	0.63	0.075	0.038	0.063	0.075	0.038
Total Control Power (Pick Up)	VA (W)	(17.0 W)	70	70	(21.0 W)	83	84
Total Control Power (Hold In)	VA (W)	(1.5 W)	9	9	(5.6 W)	22	23

External Devices powered by Control Voltage							
Outputs (2) 1 A max. each)	Amps	2	2	2	2	2	2
Total Control (Pick Up) with max. outputs	VA (W)	(65.0 W)	310	550	(73.0 W)	336	579
Total Control (Hold In) with max. outputs	VA (W)	(50.0 W)	249	489	(58.0 W)	275	518

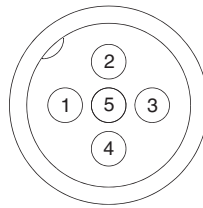
Input Ratings	Rated Operation Voltage		24V DC				
	Input On-State Voltage Range		10...26V DC				
	Input On-state Current		3.0 mA @ 10V DC				
			7.2 mA @ 24V DC				
	Input Off-state Voltage Range		0...5V DC				
	Input Off-state Current		<1.5 mA				
	Input Filter — Software Selectable						
	Off to On		Settable from 0...64 ms in 1 ms increments				
	On to Off		Settable from 0...64 ms in 1 ms increments				
	Input Compatibility		N/A			IEC 1+	
	Number of inputs		4				
	Sensor Source						
	Voltage Status Only		11...25V DC from DeviceNet™				
	Current Available		50 mA MAX per Input, 200 mA Total				
Output Ratings (Sourced from Control Circuit)	Rated Operation Voltage		240V AC / 30V DC			240V AC / 30V DC	
	Rate Insulation Voltage		250V			250V	
	Backplane Current Load		400 mA				
			50/60 Hz			50/60 Hz	
	Type of control circuit		Electromechanical Relay				
	Kind of Current		AC/DC				
	Conventional Thermal Current <i>I</i> <sub>th</sub>		Total of both outputs ≤ 2 A				
	Type of Contacts		Normally Open (N.O.)				
Number of Contacts		2					
ArmorPoint® Ratings	Backplane Current Load		400 mA				



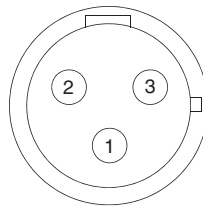
## Bulletin 280/281, Continued

Electrical Ratings		UL/NEMA	IEC
Environmental	Operating Temperature Range	-20...40°C (-4...104°F)	
	Storage and Transportation temperature range	-25....85°C (-13...185°F)	
	Altitude	2000 m	
	Humidity	5...95% (non-condensing)	
	Pollution Degree	3	
	Enclosure Ratings	NEMA 4/12/13 or NEMA 4X	IP67 or IP69K
	Approximate Shipping Weight	6.8 kg (15 lbs.)	
	Mechanical Resistance to Shock		
	Operational	15 G	
	Non-Operational	30 G	
	Resistance to Vibration		
	Operational	1 G, 0.15 mm (0.006 in.) displacement	
	Non-Operational	2.5 G, 0.38 mm (0.015 in.) displacement	
	Power and Ground Terminals		
	WireSize	Primary/Secondary Terminal: #16 AWG...#10 AWG	Primary/Secondary Terminal: 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> ...4.0 mm <sup>2</sup>
	Tightening Torque	Primary Terminal: 10.8 in-lb Secondary Terminal: 4.5 in-lb	Primary Terminal: 1.2 N-m Secondary Terminal: 0.5 N-m
	Wire Strip Length	0.35 in. (9 mm)	
	Control and Safety Monitor Inputs		
	WireSize	#18 AWG...#10 AWG	1.0 mm <sup>2</sup> ...4.0 mm <sup>2</sup>
	Tightening Torque	6.2 in-lb	0.7 N-m
	Wire Strip Length	0.35 in. (9 mm)	
Other Rating	EMC Emission levels		
	Conducted Radio Frequency Emissions	Class A	
	Radiated Emissions	Class A	
	EMC immunity levels		
	Electrostatic Discharge	4 kV contact and 8 kV Air	
	Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Field	10 V/m	
	Fast Transient	2 kV	
	Surge Transient	1 kV L-L, 2 kV L-N (Earth)	
	Overload Characteristics		
	Overload Current Range	0.5...2.5 A	
		1.1...5.5 A	
		3.2...16 A	
	Trip Classes	10, 15, 20	
	Trip Rating	120% of FLC setting	
	Number of poles	3	
	DeviceNet Specifications		
	DeviceNet Supply Voltage Rating	Range 11...25V DC, 24V DC Nominal	
	DeviceNet Input Current	167 mA @ 24V DC - 4.0 W	
		364 mA @ 11V DC - 4.0 W	
	External Devices powered by DeviceNet	Sensors Inputs 4 * 50 mA - total 200 mA	
	Total w/max. Sensor Inputs (4)	367 mA @ 24V DC - 8.8 W	
	DeviceNet Input Current Surge	15 A for 250 μs	
	DeviceNet Communications		
	Baud Rates	125, 250, 500 kbps	
	Distance Maximum	500 m (1630 ft) @ 125 kbps	
		200 m (656 ft) @ 250 kbps	
		100 m (328 ft) @ 500 kbps	
	Certifications	cULus (File No. E3125) UL 508 EN/IEC 60947-4-1 CE Marked per Low Voltage Directive 73/23/EEC and EMC Directive 89/336/EEC	

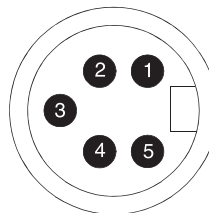


**Bulletin 280/281, Continued****Figure A.1 External Connections for Input Connector**

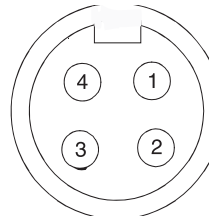
Pin 1: +V Out  
 Pin 2: Input  
 Pin 3: Comm  
 Pin 4: Input  
 Pin 5: NC (No Connection)

**Figure A.2 External Connections for Output Connector**

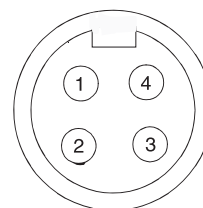
Pin 1: PE  
 Pin 2: Return  
 Pin 3: Relay Out

**Figure A.3 External Connections for DeviceNet™ Connector**

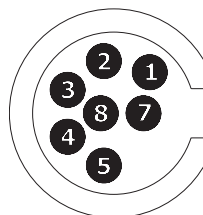
Pin 1: Drain (Not Connected)  
 Pin 2: + VDNET  
 Pin 3: -VDNET  
 Pin 4: CAN\_H  
 Pin 5: CAN\_L

**Figure A.4 External Connections for Motor Connector ( $\leq 3$  Hp @ 460V AC)**

Pin 1: T1 - Black  
 Pin 2: T2 - White  
 Pin 3: T3 - Red  
 Pin 4: Ground - Green/Yellow

**Figure A.5 External Connections for Motor Connector ( $> 3$  Hp @ 460V AC)**

Pin 1: T1 - Black  
 Pin 2: Ground - Green/Yellow  
 Pin 3: T3 - Red  
 Pin 4: T2 - White

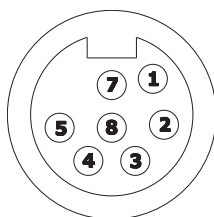
**Figure A.6 External Connections for ArmorPoint Interface (IN)**

Pin 1: CAN High  
 Pin 2: Common  
 Pin 3: +5V  
 Pin 4: CAN Low  
 Pin 5: Enable In  
 Pin 7: Common  
 Pin 8: PE



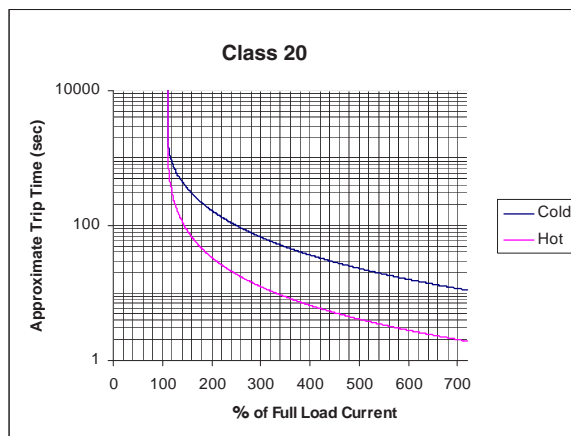
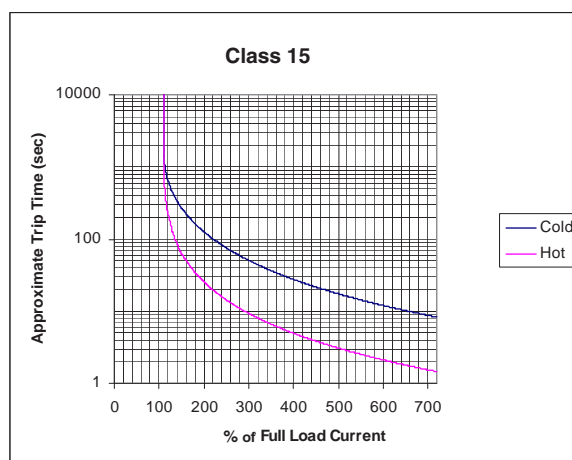
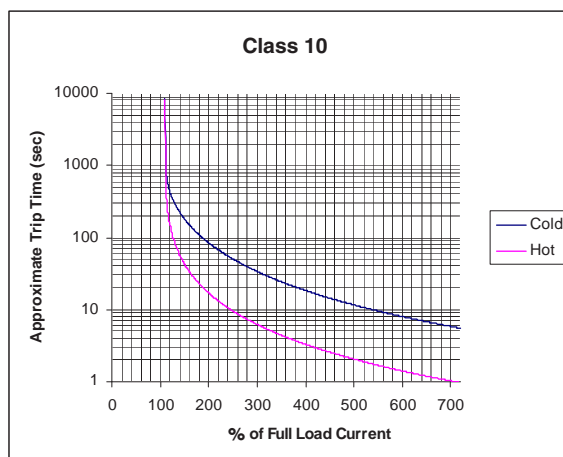
## Bulletin 280/281, Continued

Figure A.7 External Connections for ArmorPoint Interface (OUT)



Pin 1: CAN High  
 Pin 2: Common  
 Pin 3: +5V  
 Pin 4: CAN Low  
 Pin 5: Enable Out  
 Pin 7: Common  
 Pin 8: NC (No Connection)

Figure A.8 Overload Trip Curves





## Bulletin 283

Electrical Ratings		UL/NEMA			IEC		
Power Circuit	Rated Operation Voltage	200V...575V			200...600V		
	Rate Insulation Voltage	600V			500V		
	Rated Impulsed Voltage	6 kV			6 kV		
	Dielectric Withstand	2200V AC			2500V AC		
	Operating Frequency	50/60 Hz			50/60 Hz		
	Utilization Category	N/A			AC-3		
	Protection Against Shock	N/A			IP2X		
	Rated Operating Current Max.	3.0 A / 5.5 A / 7.6 A / 16 A					
Short Circuit Protection	SCPD performance Type 1	Current Rating	Voltage	480Y/277V	480/480V	600Y/347V	600V
		1.1...3.0 A	Sym. Amps RMS	65 kA	65 kA	30 kA	30 kA
		3.0...5.5 A					
		5.3...7.6 A		30 kA	30 kA	30 kA	30 kA
	6.3...16 A						
SCPD List		Size per NEC Group Motor			—		
Control Circuit	Rated Operation Voltage	24V DC (+10%, -15%) A2 (should be grounded at voltage source)					
		120V AC (+10%, -15%) A2 (should be grounded at voltage source)					
		240V AC (+10%, -15%) A2 (should be grounded at voltage source)					
	Rate Insulation Voltage	250V			250V		
	Rated Impulsed Voltage	—			4 kV		
	Dielectric Withstand	1500V AC			2000V AC		
	Overvoltage Category	—			III		
Operating Frequency	50/60 Hz			50/60 Hz			

## Power Requirements

	Units			
Control Voltage (Nom)	Volts	24V DC	120V AC	240V AC
Power Supply (Nom)	Amps	0.170	0.110	0.060
Total Control Power (Starting/Stopping)	VA (W)	(90.0 W)	35	35
Total Control Power (Running)	VA (W)	(8.0 W)	28	28

## External Devices powered by Control Voltage

Outputs (2) 1 A max. each	Amps	2	2	2
Total Control (Starting/Stopping) with max. outputs	VA (W)	(138.0 W)	275	515
Total Control (Running) with max. outputs	VA (W)	(56.0 W)	268	508

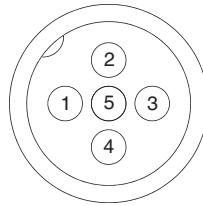
Input Ratings	Rated Operation Voltage	24V DC	
	Input On-State Voltage Range	10...26V DC	
	Input On-state Current	3.0 mA @ 10V DC	
		7.2 mA @ 24V DC	
	Input Off-state Voltage Range	0...5V DC	
	Input Off-state Current	<1.5 mA	
	Input Filter — Software Selectable		
	Off to On	Settable from 0...64 ms in 1 ms increments	
	On to Off	Settable from 0...64 ms in 1 ms increments	
	Input Compatibility	N/A	IEC 1+
	Number of inputs	4	
	Sensor Source		
	Voltage Status Only	11...25V DC from DeviceNet™	
	Current Available	50 mA MAX per Input, 200 mA Total	
Output Ratings (Sourced from Control Circuit)	Rated Operation Voltage	240V AC / 30V DC	240V AC / 30V DC
	Rate Insulation Voltage	250V	250V
	Dielectric Withstand	1500V AC	2000V AC
	Operating Frequency	50/60 Hz	50/60 Hz
	Type of control circuit	Electromechanical Relay	
	Kind of Current	AC/DC	
	Conventional Thermal Current $I_{th}$	Total of both outputs ≤ 2 A	
	Type of Contacts	Normally Open (N.O.)	
	Number of Contacts	2	
ArmorPoint® Ratings	Backplane Current Load	400 mA	



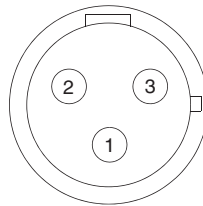
## Bulletin 283, Continued

Electrical Ratings		UL/NEMA		IEC
Environmental	Operating Temperature Range	-20...40°C (-4...104°F)		
	Storage and Transportation temperature range	-25....85°C (-13...185°F)		
	Altitude	2000 m		
	Humidity	5...95% (non-condensing)		
	Pollution Degree	3		
	Mechanical Resistance to Shock			
	Operational	15 G		
	Non-Operational	30 G		
	Resistance to Vibration			
	Operational	1 G, 0.15 mm (0.006 in.) displacement		
	Non-Operational	2.5 G, 0.38 mm (0.015 in.) displacement		
	Control Power and Safety Monitor Terminal Cable Size	Primary/ Secondary Terminal: #18...#10 AWG	Primary/ Secondary Terminal: 1.0 ...4.0 mm <sup>2</sup>	
	Tightening Torque	6.2 in-lb	0.7 N-m	
	Line Power Terminal cable size	#16...#10 AWG	1.5...4.0 mm <sup>2</sup>	
	Tightening Torque	4.5 in-lb	0.5 N-m	
	Ground Terminal cable size	#18...#10 AWG	1.0...4.0 mm <sup>2</sup>	
	Tightening Torque	4.5 in-lb	0.5 N-m	
	Enclosure Ratings	NEMA Type 4/12/13 or NEMA Type 4X	IP67 or IP69K	
	Approximate Shipping Weight	16.8 kg (37 lbs.)		
Other Rating	EMC Emission levels			
	Conducted Radio Frequency Emissions	Class A		
	Radiated Emissions	Class A		
	EMC immunity levels			
	Electrostatic Discharge	4 kV contact and 8 kV Air		
	Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Field	10 V/m		
	Fast Transient	2 kV		
	Surge Transient	1 kV L-L, 2 kV L-N (Earth)		
	Overload Characteristics			
	Overload Current Range	1.1...3.0 A		
		3.0...5.5 A		
		5.3...7.6 A		
		6.3...16 A		
	Trip Class	10		
	Trip Rating	120% of FLC setting		
	Number of poles	3		
	DeviceNet Specifications			
	DeviceNet Supply Voltage Rating	Range 11...25V DC, 24V DC Nominal		
	DeviceNet Input Current	167 mA @ 24V DC - 4.0 W		
		364 mA @ 11V DC - 4.0 W		
	External Devices powered by DeviceNet	Sensors Inputs 4 * 50 mA - total 200 mA		
	Total w/max. Sensor Inputs (4)	367 mA @ 24V DC - 8.8 W		
	DeviceNet Input Current Surge	15 A for 250 µs		
	DeviceNet Communications			
	Baud Rates	125, 250, 500 kbps		
	Distance Maximum	500 m (1630 ft) @ 125 kbps		
		200 m (656 ft) @ 250 kbps		
		100 m (328 ft) @ 500 kbps		
	Certifications	cULus (File No. E96956)		
		UL 508		
		EN/IEC 60947-4-2		
	CE Marked per Low Voltage Directive 73/23/EEC and EMC Directive 89/336/EEC			

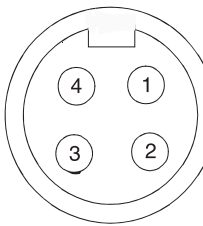


**Bulletin 283, Continued****Figure A.9 External Connections for Input Connector**

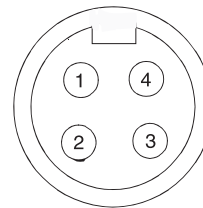
Pin 1: +V Out  
 Pin 2: Input  
 Pin 3: Comm  
 Pin 4: Input  
 Pin 5: NC (No Connection)

**Figure A.10 External Connections for Output Connector**

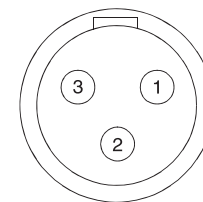
Pin 1: PE  
 Pin 2: Return  
 Pin 3: Relay Out

**Figure A.11 External Connections for Motor Connector ( $\leq 5$  Hp @ 460V AC)**

Pin 1: T1 - Black  
 Pin 2: T2 - White  
 Pin 3: T3 - Red  
 Pin 4: Ground - Green/Yellow

**Figure A.12 External Connections for Motor Connector ( $> 5$  Hp @ 460V AC)**

Pin 1: T1 - Black  
 Pin 2: Ground - Green/Yellow  
 Pin 3: T3 - Red  
 Pin 4: T2 - White

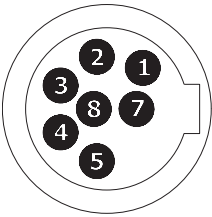
**Figure A.13 External Connections for Source Brake Connector**

Pin 1: L1 - Black  
 Pin 2: Ground - Green/Yellow  
 Pin 3: L2 - White



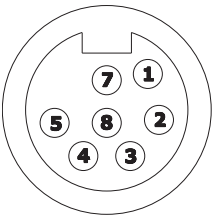
**Bulletin 283, Continued**

**Figure A.14 External Connections for ArmorPoint™ Interface (IN)**



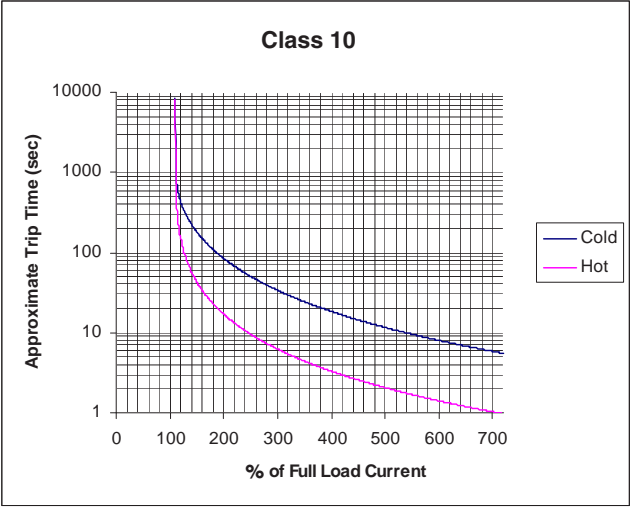
- Pin 1: CAN High
- Pin 2: Common
- Pin 3: +5V
- Pin 4: CAN Low
- Pin 5: Enable In
- Pin 7: Common
- Pin 8: PE

**Figure A.15 External Connections for ArmorPoint™ Interface (OUT)**



- Pin 1: CAN High
- Pin 2: Common
- Pin 3: +5V
- Pin 4: CAN Low
- Pin 5: Enable Out
- Pin 7: Common
- Pin 8: NC (No Connection)

**Overload Trip Curves**





## Bulletin 284

	Electrical Ratings	UL/NEMA			IEC		
Power Circuit	Rated Operation Voltage	200V...575V			200...575V		
	Rate Insulation Voltage	600V			600 V		
	Rated Impulsed Voltage	6 kV			6 kV		
	Dielectric Withstand	2200V AC			2500V AC		
	Operating Frequency	50/60 Hz			50/60 Hz		
	Utilization Category	N/A			AC-3		
	Protection Against Shock	N/A			IP2X		
	Rated Operating Current Max.	2.5 A					
		5.5 A					
16 A							
Short Circuit Protection	SCPD Performance	Current Rating	Voltage	480Y/277V	480/480V	600Y/347V	600V
		10 A	Sym. Amps RMS	65 kA	65 kA	30 kA	30 kA
		25 A		30 kA	30 kA	30 kA	30 kA
		SCPD List	Size per NEC Group Motor			—	
Control Circuit	Rated Operation Voltage	24V DC (+10%, -15%) A2 (should be grounded at voltage source)					
		120V AC (+10%, -15%) A2 (should be grounded at voltage source)					
		240V AC (+10%, -15%) A2 (should be grounded at voltage source)					
	Rate Insulation Voltage	250V			250V		
	Rated Impulsed Voltage	—			4 kV		
	Dielectric Withstand	1500V AC			2000V AC		
	Overvoltage Category	—			III		
	Operating Frequency	50/60 Hz			50/60 Hz		

## Power Requirements

	Units	No Options			Brake or Output Contactor			With Brake and Output Contactor		
Control Voltage	Volts	24V DC	120V AC	240V AC	24V DC	120V AC	240V AC	24V DC	120V AC	240V AC
Total Control (Pick Up)	VA (W)	(11.0 W)	16	24	(13.0 W)	38	46	(16.0 W)	60	68
Total Control (Hold In)	VA (W)	(11.0 W)	16	24	(13.0 W)	20	28	(16.0 W)	24	32
External Devices powered by Control Voltage										
Outputs (2) 1 A max. each	Amps	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Total Control VA (Pick Up) with max. outputs	VA (W)	(59.0 W)	267	504	(61.0 W)	278	548	(64.0 W)	300	548
Total Control VA (Hold In) with max. outputs	VA (W)	(59.0 W)	267	504	(61.0 W)	278	512	(64.0 W)	264	512

Input Ratings	Rated Operation Voltage	24V DC	
	Input On-State Voltage Range	10...26V DC	
	Input On-state Current	3.0 mA @ 10V DC	
		7.2 mA @ 24V DC	
	Input Off-state Voltage Range	0...5V DC	
	Input Off-state Current	<1.5 mA	
	Input Filter — Software Selectable		
	Off to On	Settable from 0...64 ms in 1 ms increments	
	On to Off	Settable from 0...64 ms in 1 ms increments	
	Input Compatibility	N/A	IEC 1+
	Number of inputs	4	
	Sensor Source		
	Voltage Status Only	11...25V DC from DeviceNet™	
	Current Available	50 mA MAX per Input, 200 mA Total	
Output Ratings (Sourced from Control Circuit)	Rated Operation Voltage	240V AC / 30V DC	240V AC / 30V DC
	Rate Insulation Voltage	250V	250V
	Dielectric Withstand	1500V AC	2000V AC
	Operating Frequency	50/60 Hz	50/60 Hz
	Type of control circuit	Electromechanical Relay	
	Kind of Current	AC/DC	
	Conventional Thermal Current $I_{th}$	Total of both outputs ≤ 2 A	
	Type of Contacts	Normally Open (N.O.)	
	Number of Contacts	2	
ArmorPoint® Ratings	Backplane Current Load	400 mA	



**Bulletin 284, Continued**

Electrical Ratings		UL/NEMA	IEC
Environmental	Operating Temperature Range	-20...40°C (-4...104°F)	
	Storage and Transportation temperature range	-25....85°C (-13...185°F)	
	Altitude	2000 m	
	Humidity	5...95% (non-condensing)	
	Pollution Degree	3	
	Enclosure Ratings	NEMA 4/12/13 or NEMA 4X	IP67 or IP69K
	Approximate Shipping Weight	18.1 kg (40 lbs.)	
	Mechanical Resistance to Shock		
	Operational	15 G	
	Non-Operational	30 G	
	Resistance to Vibration		
	Operational	1 G, 0.15 mm (0.006 in.) displacement	
	Non-Operational	2.5 G, 0.38 mm (0.015 in.) displacement	
	Power and Ground Terminals		
	WireSize	Primary/Secondary Terminal: #16 AWG...#10 AWG	Primary/Secondary Terminal: 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> ...4.0 mm <sup>2</sup>
	Tightening Torque	Primary Terminal: 10.8 in-lb Secondary Terminal: 4.5 in-lb	Primary Terminal: 1.2 N-m Secondary Terminal: 0.5 N-m
	Wire Strip Length	0.35 in. (9 mm)	
	Control and Safety Monitor Inputs		
	WireSize	#18 AWG...#10 AWG	1.0 mm <sup>2</sup> ...4.0 mm <sup>2</sup>
	Tightening Torque	6.2 in-lb	0.7 N-m
	Wire Strip Length	0.35 in. (9 mm)	
Other Rating	EMC Emission levels		
	Conducted Radio Frequency Emissions	Class A	
	Radiated Emissions	Class A	
	EMC immunity levels		
	Electrostatic Discharge	4 kV contact and 8 kV Air	
	Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Field	10 V/m	
	Fast Transient	2 kV	
	Surge Transient	1 kV L-L, 2 kV L-N (Earth)	
	Overload Characteristics		
	Trip Class	10	
	Overload Protection	I <sup>2</sup> t overload protection - 150% for 60 seconds, 200% for 30 seconds	
	Number of poles	3	
	DeviceNet Specifications		
	DeviceNet Supply Voltage Rating	Range 11...25V DC, 24V DC Nominal	
	DeviceNet Input Current	167 mA @ 24V DC - 4.0 W	
		364 mA @ 11V DC - 4.0 W	
	External Devices powered by DeviceNet	Sensors Inputs 4 * 50 mA - total 200 mA	
	Total w/max. Sensor Inputs (4)	367 mA @ 24V DC - 8.0 W	
	DeviceNet Input Current Surge	15 A for 250 µs	
	DeviceNet Communications		
	Baud Rates	125, 250, 500 kbps	
	Distance Maximum	500 m (1630 ft) @ 125 kbps	
		200 m (656 ft) @ 250 kbps	
		100 m (328 ft) @ 500 kbps	
	Certifications	cULus (File No. E207834) UL 508C EN 50178, EN 61800-3, EN 60947-1 CE Marked per Low Voltage Directive 73/23/EEC and EMC Directive 89/336/EEC	



## Bulletin 284, Continued

	Line Voltage	Frequency	3-Phase kW Rating	3-Phase Hp Rating	Output Current (A)	Input Current (A)
Drive Ratings	200	50	0.4	—	2.3	3.65
			0.75	—	4.5	6.40
			1.5	—	7.6	10.65
	230	60	—	0.5	2.3	3.10
			—	1	4.5	5.70
			—	2	7.6	9.45
	380	50	0.4	—	1.4	2.15
			0.75	—	2.3	3.80
			1.5	—	4.0	6.40
			2.2	—	6.0	9.00
	460	60	3.0	—	7.6	12.40
			—	0.5	1.4	1.85
			—	1	2.3	3.45
			—	2	4.0	5.57
			—	3	6.0	8.20
	575	60	—	5	7.6	12.5
			—	1	1.7	2.78
			—	2	3.0	4.73
			—	3	4.2	6.64
			—	5	6.6	10.75

## IP Dynamic Brake Resistor Ratings

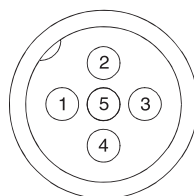
Table A.1 IP67 Dynamic Brake Resistor

Drive and Motor Size kW	Part Number	Resistance Ohms ± 5%	Continuous Power kW	Max Energy kJ	Max Braking Torque % of Motor	Application Type 1		Application Type 2	
						Braking Torque % of Motor	Duty Cycle %	Braking Torque % of Motor	Duty Cycle %
200-240 Volt AC Input Drives									
0.37 (0.5)	284R-091P500	91	0.086	17	293%	100%	46%	150%	31%
0.75 (1)	284R-091P500	91	0.086	17	218%	100%	23%	150%	15%
1.5 (2)	284R-091P500	91	0.086	17	109%	100%	11%	109%	11%
400-480 Volt AC Input Drives									
0.37 (0.5)	284R-360P500	360	0.086	17	305%	100%	47%	150%	31%
0.75 (1)	284R-360P500	360	0.086	17	220%	100%	23%	150%	15%
1.5 (2)	284R-360P500	360	0.086	17	110%	100%	12%	110%	11%
2.2 (3)	284R-120P1K2	120	0.26	52	197%	100%	24%	150%	16%
4 (5)	284R-120P1K2	120	0.26	52	124%	100%	13%	124%	10%
600 Volt AC Input Drives									
0.37 (0.5)	284R-360P500	360	0.086	17	274%	100%	46%	150%	31%
0.75 (1)	284R-360P500	360	0.086	17	251%	100%	23%	150%	15%
1.5 (2)	284R-360P500	360	0.086	17	172%	100%	11%	150%	8%
2.2 (3)	284R-120P1K2	120	0.26	52	193%	100%	24%	150%	16%
4 (5)	284R-120P1K2	120	0.26	52	185%	100%	13%	150%	9%

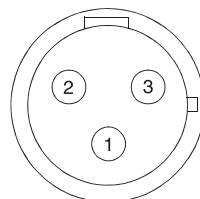
Note: Always check the resistor ohms against minimum resistance for drive being used.

Note: Duty Cycle listed is based on full speed to zero speed deceleration. For conformance regen at full speed, duty cycle capability is half of what is listed. Application Type 1 represents maximum capability up to 100% braking torque where possible. Application Type 2 represents more than 100% braking torque where possible, up to a maximum of 150%.

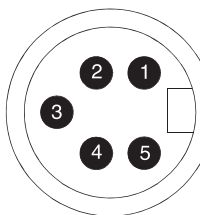


**Bulletin 284, Continued****Figure A.16 External Connections for Input Connector**

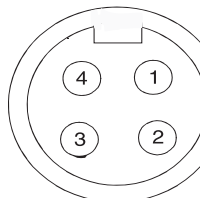
Pin 1: +V Out  
 Pin 2: Input 1 or 3  
 Pin 3: Comm  
 Pin 4: Input 0 or 2  
 Pin 5: NC (No Connection)

**Figure A.17 External Connections for Output Connector**

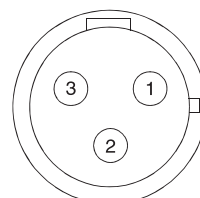
Pin 1: PE  
 Pin 2: Return  
 Pin 3: Relay Out

**Figure A.18 External Connections for DeviceNet™ Connector**

Pin 1: Drain (Not Connected)  
 Pin 2: + VDNET  
 Pin 3: -VDNET  
 Pin 4: CAN\_H  
 Pin 5: CAN\_L

**Figure A.19 External Connections for Motor Connector**

Pin 1: T1 - Black  
 Pin 2: T2 - White  
 Pin 3: T3 - Red  
 Pin 4: Ground - Green

**Figure A.20 External Connections for Control/Source Brake Connector**

Pin 1: L1 - Black  
 Pin 2: GND - Green/Yellow  
 Pin 3: L2 - White



## Bulletin 284, Continued

Figure A.21 External Connections for Dynamic Brake Connector

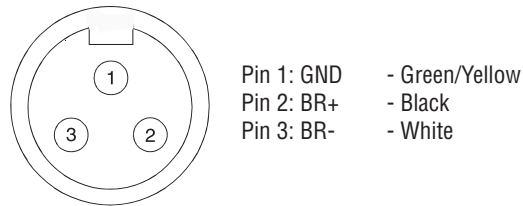


Figure A.22 External Connections for ArmorPoint® Interface (IN)

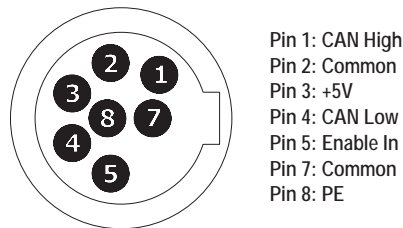


Figure A.23 External Connections for ArmorPoint Interface (OUT)

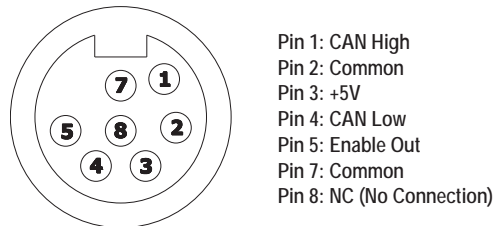
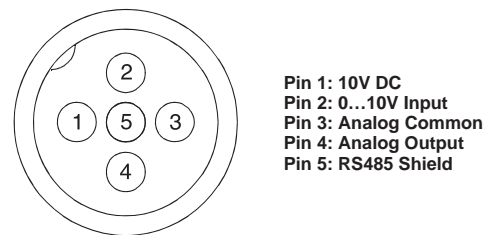
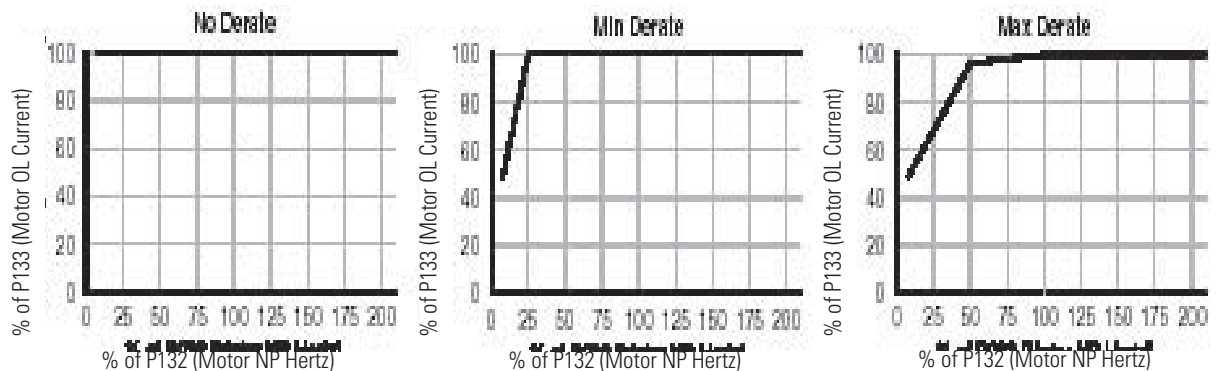


Figure A.24 External Connections for 0...10V Analog Input



## Overload Curves





ArmorConnect™ Three-Phase  
Power Media



Trunk Cables

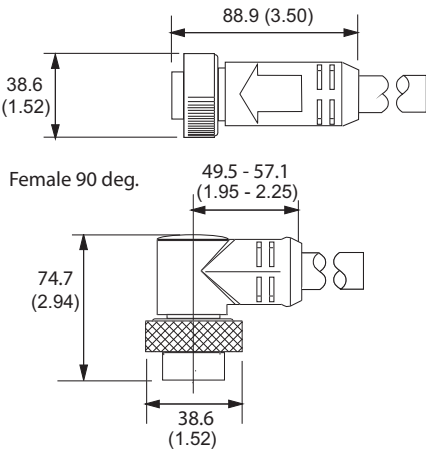
Specifications

Certifications	
Standards Compliance	UL 2237
Mechanical	
Coupling Nut	Black Anodized Aluminum or 316 Stainless Steel
Housing	Black PVC
Insert	Black PVC
Cable Diameter	0.775 in. +/- 0.12 in. (19.68 mm +/- 0.5 mm)
Electrical	
Contacts	Copper Alloy with Gold over Nickel Plating
Cable	Black PVC, dual rated UL TC/Open Wiring and ST00W
Cable Rating	600V AC/DC
Assembly Rating	600V @ 25 A, Symmetrical Amps RMS Fault: 65 kA when used with Class CC, T, or J type fuses
Environmental	
Enclosure Type Rating	IP67, NEMA 4; IP69K 1200 psi washdown
Operating Temperature	UL Type TC 600V 90 °C Dry 75 °C Wet, Exposed Run (ER) or MTW 600V 90 °C or ST00W 105 °C 600V - CSA ST00W 600V FT2

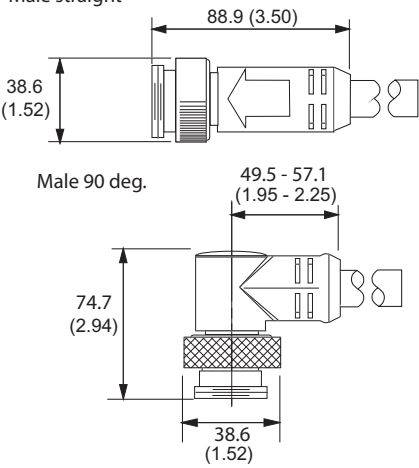
Dimensions

Dimensions are approximate. Illustrations are not drawn to scale.

Female straight

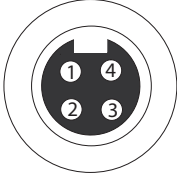
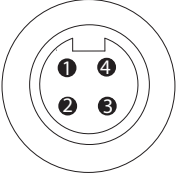


Male straight





Pinout and Color Code

	Face View Pinout	
	4-pin	
		
Color Code	1 Black 2 Green/Yellow Extended PIN	3 Red 4 White

Drop Cables

Specifications

Certifications	UL
Standards Compliance	UL 2237
Mechanical	
Coupling Nut	Black Anodized Aluminum or 316 Stainless Steel
Housing	Black PVC
Insert	Black PVC
Cable Diameter	0.43 in. +/- 0.12 in. (10.9 mm +/- 0.5 mm)
Electrical	
Contacts	Brass with Gold over Nickel Plating
Cable	Black PVC, dual rated UL TC/Open Wiring and ST00W
Cable Rating	600V AC/DC
Assembly Rating	600V @ 10 or 15 A, Symmetrical Amps RMS Fault: 65 kA when used with Class CC, T, or J type fuses
Environmental	
Enclosure Type Rating	IP67, NEMA 4; IP69K 1200 psi washdown
Operating Temperature	UL Type TC 600V 90 °C Dry 75 °C Wet, Exposed Run (ER) or MTW 600V 90 °C or ST00W 105 °C 600V - CSA ST00W 600V FT2

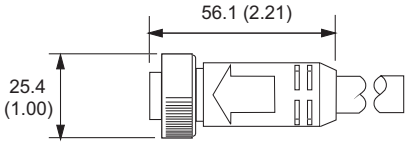




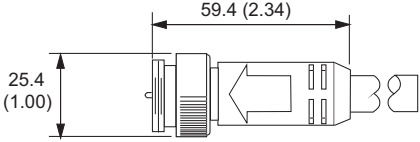
Dimensions

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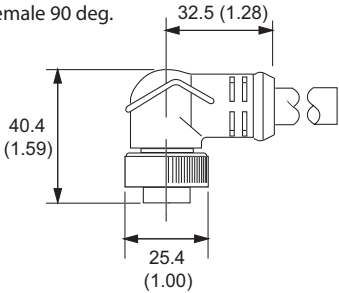
Female straight



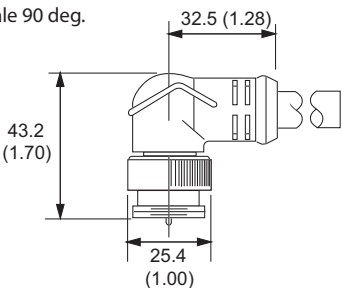
Male straight





Female 90 deg.



Male 90 deg.



Pinout and Color Code

	Face View Pinout	
	4-pin	
	 Female	 Male
Color Code	1 Black 2 White	3 Red 4 Green/Yellow Extended PIN

Power Tees & Reducer

Specifications



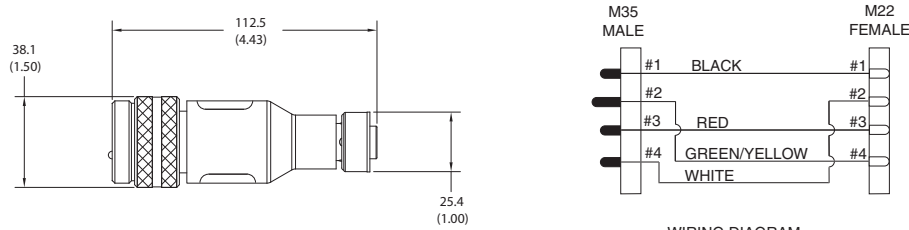
Certifications	UL
Standards Compliance	UL 2237
Mechanical	
Coupling Nut	Black Anodized Aluminum (Trunk) or 316 Stainless Steel, Black Zinc Diecast (Drop) or 316 Stainless Steel
Housing	Black PVC
Insert	Black PVC
Electrical	
Contacts	Copper Alloy with Gold over Nickel Plating
Voltage	600V AC/DC
Assembly Rating	trunk Tee: 25 A Reducing Tee: Trunk 25 A/ Drop 15 A Reducer: 15 A Symmetrical Amps RMS Fault: 65 kA when used with Class CC, T, or J type fuses
Environmental	
Enclosure Type Rating	IP67, NEMA 4; IP69K 1200 psi washdown



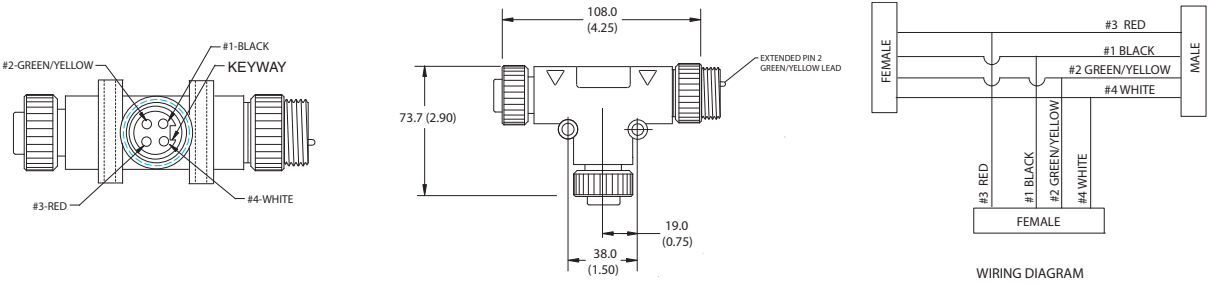
Dimensions

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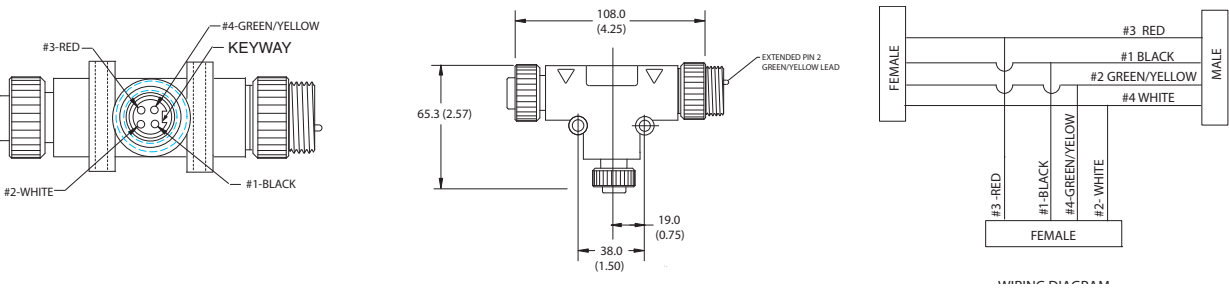
Reducer



Power Tee



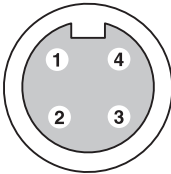
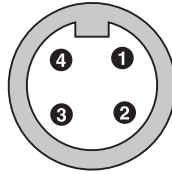
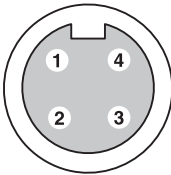
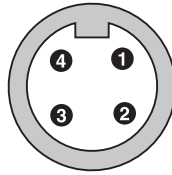

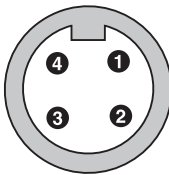

Power Tee - reducing drop



Pinout and Color Code

Assembly Rating	Color Code	Face View Pinout	
		4-pin	
		Quick Change Connector	Mini Connector



Trunk Tee: 25 A	A			
		Female	Male	
		1 Black 2 Green/Yellow Extended PIN	3 Red 4 White	
Reducing Tees Trunk: 25 A Drop: 15 A	B			
		Female	Male	Female
		1 Black 2 Green/Yellow Extended PIN	3 Red 4 White	1 Black 2 Green/Yellow Extended PIN 3 Red 4 White
Reducer Trunk: 25 A Drop: 15 A	C			
		Male		Female
		1 Black 2 Green/Yellow Extended PIN	3 Red 4 White	1 Black 2 Green/Yellow Extended PIN 3 Red 4 White

Power Receptacles

Specifications

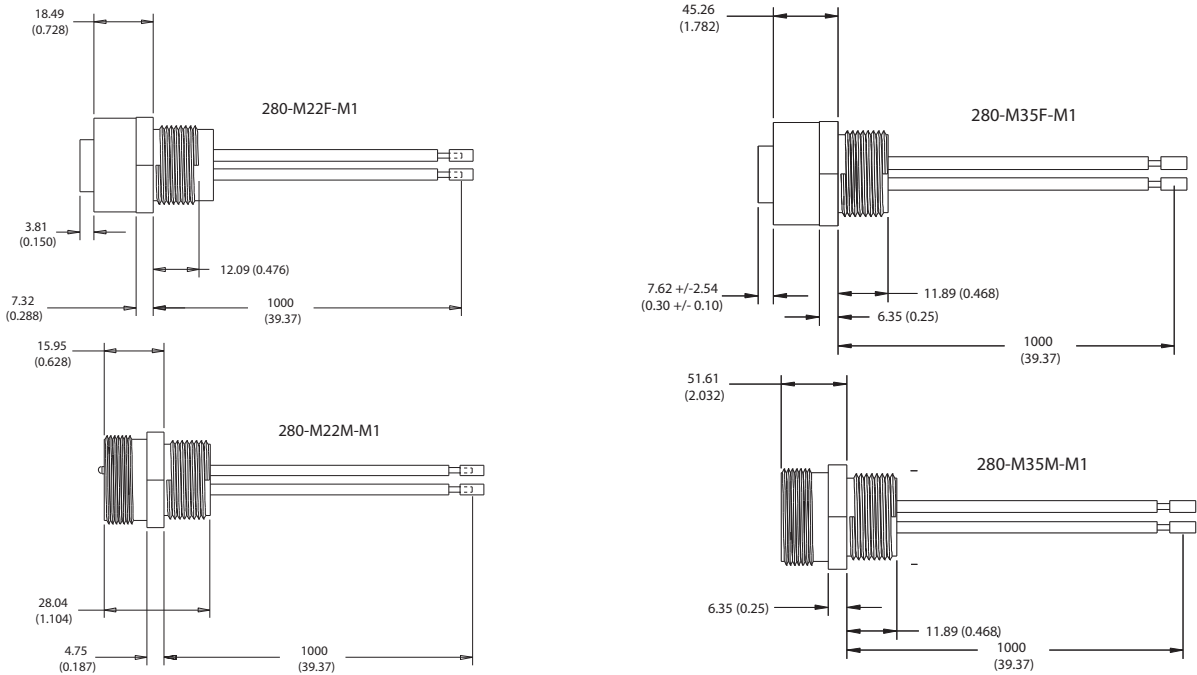


Certifications	UL
Standards Compliance	UL 2237
Mechanical	
Insert	Black PVC
Receptacle Shell Material	Black Anodized Aluminum (female) and Zinc DieCast, Black E-Coat (male), or 316 Stainless Steel
Electrical	
Contacts	Copper Alloy with Gold over Nickel Plating (Trunk), Brass with Gold over Nickel Plating (Drop)
Cable Rating	600V AC/DC
Assembly Rating	4 pin - 16 AWG, 600V @ 10 A 4 pin - 14 AWG, 600V @ 15 A 4 pin - 10 AWG, 600V @ 25 A Symmetrical Amps RMS Fault: 65 kA when used with Class CC, T, or J type fuses
Environmental	
Enclosure Type Rating	IP67, NEMA 4; IP69K 1200 psi washdown

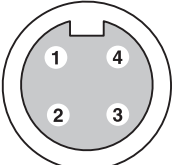
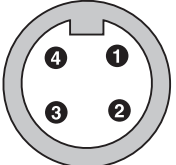




Dimensions

Dimensions are approximate. Illustrations are not drawn to scale.



Pinout and Color Code

Assembly Rating	Color Code	Face View Pinout			
		4-pin			
		Quick Change Connector		Mini Connector	Mini Connector
					
16 AWG 600V, 10 A 14 AWG 600V, 15 A	A			1 Black 2 White	3 Red 4 Green/Yellow Extended PIN
10 AWG 600V, 25 A	B	1 Black 2 Green/Yellow Extended PIN	3 Red 4 White		



ArmorConnect Control Power Media



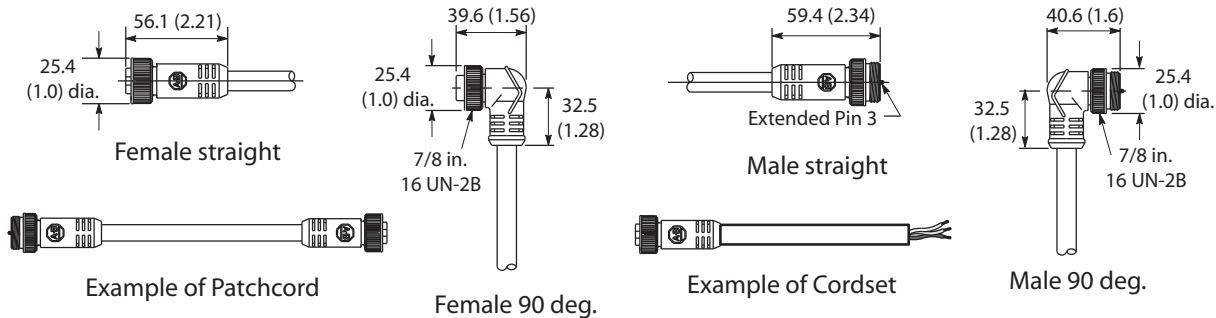
Trunk & Drop Cables

Specifications

Mechanical	
Coupling Nut	Black epoxy-coated zinc or 316 Stainless Steel
Overmold	Red Riteflex TPE
Insert	Yellow Riteflex TPE
Contacts	Brass / gold over palladium Nickel
Cable	Grey PVC, 16 AWG, dual rated UL TC/Open Wiring and STOOW
Cable Diameter	0.44 in. +/- 0.12 in. (11.18 mm +/- 0.5 mm)
Electrical	
Cable Rating	UL Type TC 600V 90 °C Dry 75 °C Wet, Open Wiring or MTW 600V 90 °C or STOOW 105 °C 600V - CSA STOOW 600V FT2
Assembly Rating	600V, 10 A
Environmental	
Enclosure Type Rating	IP67, IP69K 1200 psi washdown
Operating Temperature	-20...90°C (-4...194°F)

Dimensions

Dimensions are approximate. Illustrations are not drawn to scale.



Pinout and Color Code

	Face View Pinout	
	6-pin/5 used	
	Female	Male
Color Code	1 Red/Not used 2 Black (-) 3 Green (GND)	4 Blank/Not used 5 Blue (+) 6 White (S2)



T-Ports

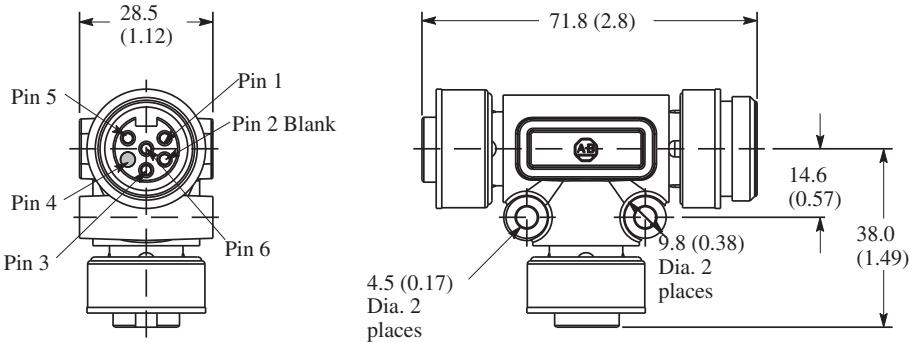
Specifications





Mechanical	
Coupling Nut	Black epoxy-coated zinc or 316 Stainless Steel
Housing	Riteflex TPE
Insert	Yellow Riteflex TPE
Contacts	Brass / gold over palladium Nickel
Electrical	
Assembly Rating	600V, 10 A
Environmental	
Enclosure Type Rating	IP67, IP69K 1200 psi washdown
Operating Temperature	-20...90°C (-4...194°F)

Dimensions

Dimensions are approximate. Illustrations are not drawn to scale.



Pinout and Color Code

	Face View Pinout	
	6-pin/5 used	
	 Female	 Male
Color Code	1 Red/Not used 2 Black (-) 3 Green (GND)	4 Blank/Not used 5 Blue (+) 6 White (S2)





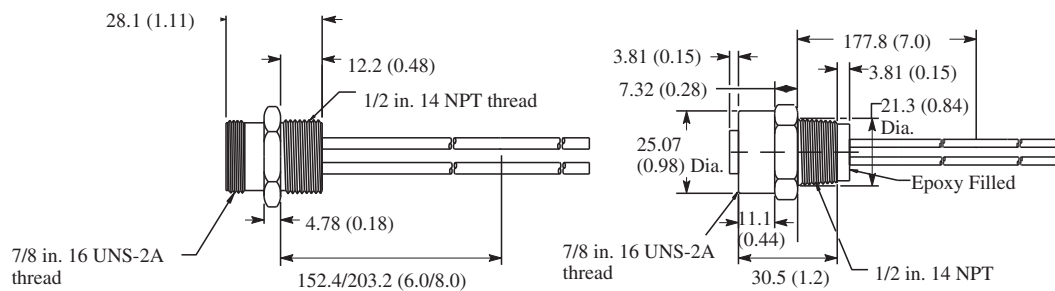
## Receptacles

## Specifications



<b>Mechanical</b>	
<b>Receptacle Shell</b>	Male: Black epoxy coated zinc diecast or 316 Stainless Steel Female: Black anodized Aluminum or 316 Stainless Steel
<b>Insert</b>	Yellow PVC
<b>Contacts</b>	Brass / gold over palladium Nickel
<b>Electrical</b>	
<b>Assembly Rating</b>	600V, 10 A
<b>Environmental</b>	
<b>Enclosure Type Rating</b>	IP67, IP69K 1200 psi washdown
<b>Operating Temperature</b>	-20...90°C (-4...194°F)

## Dimensions

Dimensions are approximate. Illustrations are not drawn to scale.



### Pinout and Color Code

	<p align="center"><b>Face View Pinout</b></p> <p align="center"><b>6-pin/5 used</b></p>	
	 <p align="center">Female</p>	 <p align="center">Male</p>
Color Code	<p>1 Red/Not used</p> <p>2 Black (-)</p> <p>3 Green (GND)</p>	<p>4 Blank/Not used</p> <p>5 Blue (+)</p> <p>6 White (S2)</p>



Shorting Plugs

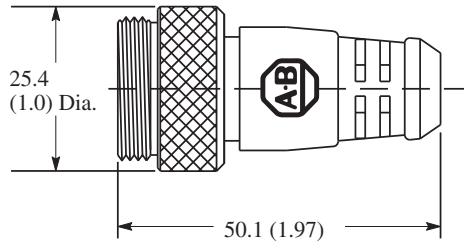
Specifications



Mechanical	
Coupling Nut	Black epoxy-coated zinc or 316 Stainless Steel
Housing	Riteflex TPE
Insert	Yellow Riteflex TPE
Contacts	Brass / gold over palladium Nickel
Electrical	
Assembly Rating	600V, 10 A
Environmental	
Enclosure Type Rating	IP67, IP69K 1200 psi washdown
Operating Temperature	-20...90°C (-4...194°F)

Dimensions

Dimensions are approximate. Illustrations are not drawn to scale.



Pinout and Color Code

	Face View Pinout	
	6-pin/5 used	
	 Female	 Male
Color Code	1 Red (+) 2 Black (-) 3 Green (GND)	4 Blank/Not used 5 Blue (S1) 6 White (S2)



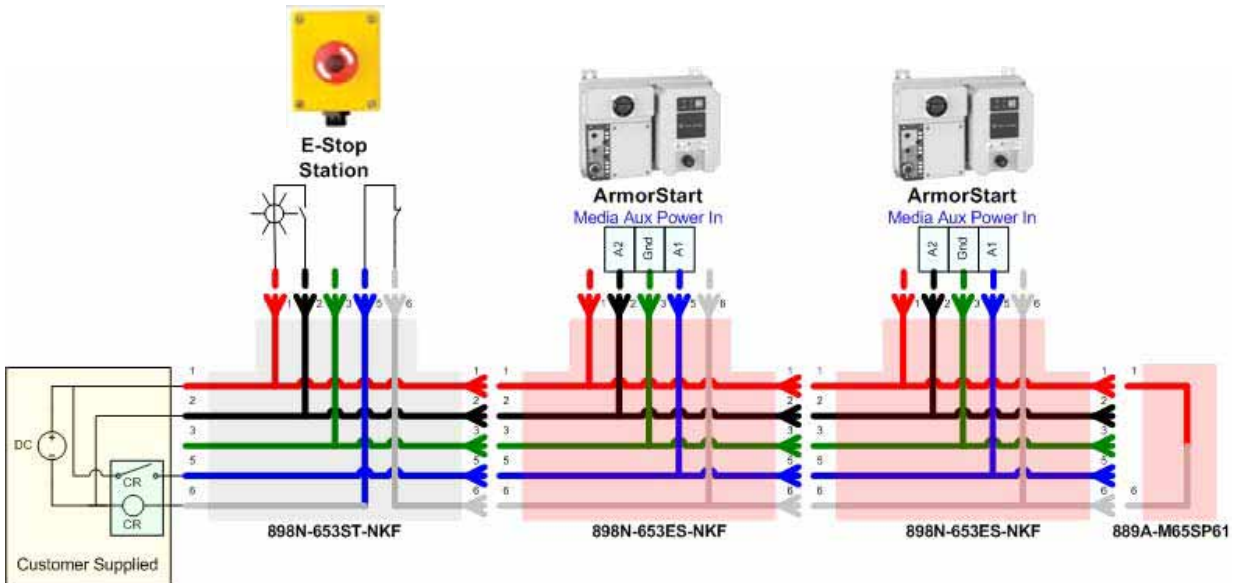
On-Machine E-Stop Stations

1 Hole Yellow Enclosure E-Stop Station						
Enclosure Type	Quick Connect	Knockout Type	Operator	Illumination Voltage	Contact Configuration	Cat. No.
Plastic	Mini Receptacle	Metric	Twist to Release	24V AC/DC	1 NC/1 NO	800F-1YMQ4
				120V AC		800F-1YMQ5
				240V AC		800F-1YMQ6
Metal				24V AC/DC		800F-1MYMQ4
				120V AC		800F-1MYMQ5
				240V AC		800F-1MYMQ6



E-Stop Circuit

ArmorConnect Cordset/Receptacle	
Pin Out:	ArmorStart Terminations
Pin 1 - RED	RED – No connection
Pin 2 - Black	Black – A2(-)
Pin 3 - Green	Green - PE
Pin 4 - Blank/ Not used	Blank/Not Used
Pin 5 - Blue	Blue – A1(+)
Pin 6 - White	White - No connection





## Bulletin 280/281 CIP Information

### Electronic Data Sheets

Electronic Data Sheets (EDS) files are specially formatted ASCII files that provide all of the information necessary for a configuration tool (e.g. RSNetWorx™ for DeviceNet™) to access and alter the parameters of the device. The EDS file contains all of the device information: number of parameters, groupings, parameter name, minimum, maximum, and default values, units, data format and scaling.

EDS files for all the ArmorStart® Distributed Motor Controller units are available from the Internet at <http://www.ab.com/networks/eds>.

They may also be built automatically by some configuration tools since all of the information necessary for a basic EDS file may be extracted from the ArmorStart Distributed Motor Controller.

### DOL Type Product Codes and Name Strings

Product codes for DOL starters (and DOL Reversing starters) are based on the Overload relay current rating and the control power rating of the starter. The following table lists the product codes for the Bulletin 280 Distributed Motor Controllers:

**Table B.1 Bul. 280 Distributed Motor Controller Product Codes and Name Strings**

280A Device Type ①	280D Device Type ②	Product Code	Contact Size Code	Overload Current Rating	Control Power Voltage
133	22	0x8A	100C-12	0.24...1.2 A	24V DC
133	22	0x81	100C-12	0.5...2.5 A	24V DC
133	22	0x82	100C-12	1.1...5.5 A	24V DC
133	22	0x83	100C-23	3.2...16 A	24V DC
133	22	0x8B	100C-12	0.24...1.2 A	120V AC
133	22	0x84	100C-12	0.5...2.5 A	120V AC
133	22	0x85	100C-12	1.1...5.5 A	120V AC
133	22	0x86	100C-23	3.2...16 A	120V AC
133	22	0x8C	100C-12	0.24...1.2 A	240V AC
133	22	0x87	100C-12	0.5...2.5 A	240V AC
133	22	0x88	100C-12	1.1...5.5 A	240V AC
133	22	0x89	100C-23	3.2...16 A	240V AC
—	—	0x8D	—	—	—

① 133= PointBus Motor Starter

② 22= Motor Starter



## DOL Reversing Type Product Codes and Name String

The following table lists the product codes for the Bulletin 281 Distributed Motor Controllers:

**Table B.2 Bul. 281 Distributed Motor Controller Product Codes and Name Strings**

281A Device Type ❶	281D Device Type ❷	Product Code	Contactor Size Code	Overload Current Rating	Control Power Voltage
133	22	0xCA	100C-12	0.24...1.2 A	24V DC
133	22	0xC1	100C-12	0.5...2.5 A	24V DC
133	22	0xC2	100C-12	1.1...5.5 A	24V DC
133	22	0xC3	100C-23	3.2...16 A	24V DC
133	22	0xCB	100C-12	0.24...1.2 A	120V AC
133	22	0xC4	100C-12	0.5...2.5 A	120V AC
133	22	0xC5	100C-12	1.1...5.5 A	120V AC
133	22	0xC6	100C-23	3.2...16 A	120V AC
133	22	0xCC	100C-12	0.24...1.2 A	240V AC
133	22	0xC7	100C-12	0.5...2.5 A	240V AC
133	22	0xC8	100C-12	1.1...5.5 A	240V AC
133	22	0xC9	100C-23	3.2...16 A	240V AC
—	—	0xCD-0xFF	—	—	—

❶ 133= PointBus Motor Starter

❷ 22= Motor Starter

## DeviceNet Objects

The ArmorStart Distributed Motor Controller supports the following DeviceNet object classes:

**Table B.3 DeviceNet Object Classes**

Class	Object
0x0001	Identity
0x0002	Message Router
0x0003	DeviceNet
0x0004	Assembly
0x0005	Connection
0x0008	Discrete Input Point ❸
0x0009	Discrete Output Point
0x000F	Parameter Object
0x0010	Parameter Group Object
0x001D	Discrete Input Group ❸
0x001E	Discrete Output Group
0x0029	Control Supervisor
0x002B	Acknowledge Handler
0x002C	Overload Object
0x00B4	DN Interface Object

❸ Not available on the Bulletin 280A/281A.



## Identity Object — CLASS CODE 0x0001

The following class attributes are supported for the Identity Object:

**Table B.4 Identity Object Class Attributes**

Attribute ID	Access Rule	Name	Data Type	Value
1	Get	Revision	UINT	1

## Identity Objects

A single instance of the Identity Object is supported. The following instance attributes are supported.

**Table B.5 Identity Object Instance Attributes**

Attribute ID	Access Rule	Name	Data Type	Value
1	Get	Vendor	UINT	1
2	Get	Device Type	UINT	22 or 133
3	Get	Product Code	UINT	See Table B.1 and Table B.2
4	Get	Revision Major Revision Minor Revision	Structure of: USINT USINT	Indicates Software Firmware Revision Number
5	Get	Status	WORD	Bit 0 — 0=not owned; 1=owned by master Bit 2 — 0=Factory Defaulted; 1=Configured Bit 8 — Minor Recoverable fault Bit 9 — Minor Unrecoverable fault Bit 10 — Major Recoverable fault Bit 11 — Major Unrecoverable fault
6	Get	Serial Number	UDINT	Unique Number for Each Device
7	Get	Product Name String Length ASCII String	Structure of: USINT STRING	Product code specific See Table B.1 and Table B.2
8	Get	State	USINT	Returns the value "3=Operational"
9	Get	Configuration Consistency Value	UINT	Unique value depending on output of the parameter checksum algorithm.
10	Get/Set	Heartbeat Interval	USINT	In seconds. Default = 0

The following common services are implemented for the Identity Object:

**Table B.6 Identity Object Common Services**

Service Code	Implemented for:		Service Name
	Class	Instance	
0x0E	Yes	Yes	Get_Attribute_Single
0x05	No	Yes	Reset
0x10	No	Yes	Set_Attribute_Single

## Message Router — CLASS CODE 0x0002

No class or instance attributes are supported. The message router object exists only to rout explicit messages to other objects.



**DeviceNet Object — CLASS CODE  
0x0003**

The following class attributes are supported for the DeviceNet Object:

**Table B.7 DeviceNet Object Class Attributes**

Attribute ID	Access Rule	Name	Data Type	Value
1	Get	Revision	UINT	2

A single instance (instance 1) of the DeviceNet Object is supported. The following instance attributes are supported.

**Table B.8 DeviceNet Object Instance Attributes**

Attribute ID	Access Rule	Name	Data Type	Value
1	Get/Set	Node Address	USINT	0 - 63
2	Get/Set	Baud Rate	USINT	0=125K 1=250K 2=500K 3 = 1M ❶
5	Get	Allocation Info Allocation Choice Master Node Addr	Structure of: BYTE USINT	Allocation_byte* 0...63 = address 255 = unallocated
8	Get	MAC ID Switch Value	BOOL	0-63

❶ 1M baud is only available on the Bulletin 280A/281A.

*Allocation_byte	Bit 0	Explicit messaging
	Bit 1	Polled I/O
	Bit 4	COS I/O
	Bit 5	Cyclic I/O
	Bit 6	Acknowledge Suppression

The following services are implemented for the DeviceNet Object:

**Table B.9 DeviceNet Object Common Services**

Service Code	Implemented for:		Service Name
	Class	Instance	
0x0E	Yes	Yes	Get_Attribute_Single
0x10	No	Yes	Set_Attribute_Single
0x4B	No	Yes	Allocate_Master/Slave _Connection_Set
0x4C	No	Yes	Release_Master/Slave _Connection_Set



The following class attributes are supported for the Assembly Object:

Attribute ID	Access Rule	Name	Data Type	Value
2	Get	Max Instance	UINT	190

### Table B.11 DeviceNet Assembly Object Instance Attributes

Attribute ID	Type	Description
3	Consumed	Required ODVA Consumed Instance
52	Produced	Required ODVA Produced Instance
120	Produced	Custom Parameter Based Word Wise Assembly
160	Consumed	Default Consumed Instance for DOL and SoftStart units
161	Produced	Default Produced Instance for DOL and SoftStart units
162	Consumed	Standard Consumed Instance for DOL and SoftStart with Network Inputs
163	Produced	Standard Produced Instance for DOL and SoftStart with Network Outputs
181	Produced	User Inputs ①
182	Consumed	Consumed Network Bits (a.k.a Network Inputs)
183	Produced	Produced Network Bits (a.k.a. Network Outputs)
184	Produced	Trip Status Bits
185	Produced	Starter Status Bits
186	Produced	DeviceNet Status Bits
187	Consumed	Starter Control Bits
189	Produced	Warning Status Bits
190	Produced	1779-ZCIO Bits

## Custom Parameter Based “Word-wise” I/O Assemblies

Instance 120									
Word	Byte	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
0	0	Value of the parameter pointed to by “Prod Assy Word 0” Param (low byte)							
	1	Value of the parameter pointed to by “Prod Assy Word 0” Param (high byte)							
1	2	Value of the parameter pointed to by “Prod Assy Word 1” Param (low byte)							
	3	Value of the parameter pointed to by “Prod Assy Word 1” Param (high byte)							
2	4	Value of the parameter pointed to by “Prod Assy Word 2” Param (low byte)							
	5	Value of the parameter pointed to by “Prod Assy Word 2” Param (high byte)							
3	6	Value of the parameter pointed to by “Prod Assy Word 3” Param (low byte)							
	7	Value of the parameter pointed to by “Prod Assy Word 3” Param (high byte)							



## “Word-wise” Bit-Packed Assemblies

Assemblies whose instance numbers are 180...189 are all one word (16 bits) long. They can be used “stand alone”, but their main use is to assemble information for EDS file parameters. These “word-wise” assemblies become the building blocks for the custom parameter-based “word-wise” assemblies described above. Note that these “word-wise” assemblies are designed for use with DeviceLogix™, so their contents reflect the various words in the DeviceLogix data table.

**Table B.13 Instance 181 — This is a “Read Only” Status Assembly ❶**

Instance 181 — Hardware Inputs 1...16								
Byte	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
0	—	—	—	—	Input 3	Input 2	Input 1	Input 0
1	Reserved							

❶ **Note:** This assembly does not exist on Bulletin 280A/281A.

**Table B.14 Instance 182 — This is a “Read/Write” Control Assembly**

Instance 182 — Consumed Network Inputs 1...16								
Byte	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
0	Net Input 8	Net Input 7	Net Input 6	Net Input 5	Net Input 4	Net Input 3	Net Input 2	Net Input 1
1	Net Input 16	Net Input 15	Net Input 14	Net Input 13	Net Input 12	Net Input 11	Net Input 10	Net Input 9

**Table B.15 Instance 183 This is a “Read Only” Status Assembly**

Instance 183 — Produced Network Outputs 1...15								
Byte	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
0	Net Out 8	Net Out 7	Net Out 6	Net Out 5	Net Out 4	Net Out 3	Net Out 2	Net Out 1
1	Reserved	Net Out 15	Net Out 14	Net Out 13	Net Out 12	Net Out 11	Net Out 10	Net Out 9

**Table B.16 Instance 184 This is a “Read Only” Status Assembly**

Instance 184 — Trip Status								
Byte	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
0	—	In SS Flt	Control Power	—	—	Phase Loss	OL Trip	Short Circuit
		Reserved ❷						
1	—	—	Hw Flt	EEPROM	—	—	DNet Power	Phase Imbal

❷ Available on the Bulletin 280A/281A.



Instance 185 — Starter Status								
Byte	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
0	At Ref	—	Net Ctl Status	Ready	Running Rev	Running Fwd	Warning	Tripped
1	—	—	140M On	HOA Stat.	Keypad Hand	—	—	—

Instance 186 — DeviceNet Status								
Byte	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
0	—	—	—	I/O Idle	I/O Flt	Exp Flt	I/O Cnxn	Exp Cnxn
1	ZIP FLT	ZIP4 CNX	ZIP3 FLT	ZIP2 CNX	ZIP2 FLT	ZIP2 CNX	ZIP1 FLT	ZIP1 CNX

Instance 187 — Starter Control Bits								
Byte	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
0	User Out B	User Out A	—	—	—	Fault Reset	Run Rev	Run Fwd
1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

Instance 189 — Warning Status Bits								
Byte	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
0	—	IO Warning	Control Power Warning	—	—	PL Warning	—	—
1	—	—	HW Warn	—	—	—	DN Warn	PI Warn

## Standard Distributed Motor Controller I/O Assemblies

### Standard Distributed Motor Controller Output (Consumed) Assemblies

[illegible]



**Table B.22 Instance 160 is the default output (consumed) assembly for Standard Distributed Motor Controllers**

Instance 160 — Default Consumed Standard Distributed Motor Controller								
Byte	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
0	User Out B	User Out A	—	—	—	Fault Reset	Run Rev	Run Fwd

**Table B.23 Instance 162 is the standard output (consumed) assembly with Network Inputs**

Instance 162 — Standard Consumed Starter with Network Inputs								
Byte	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
0	User Out B	User Out A	—	—	—	Fault Reset	Run Rev	Run Fwd
1	Net In 8	Net In 7	Net In 6	Net In 5	Net In 4	Net In 3	Net In 2	Net In 1
2	Net In 16	Net In 15	Net In 14	Net In 13	Net In 12	Net In 11	Net In 10	Net In 9

### Standard Distributed Motor Controller Input (Produced) Assemblies

**Table B.24 Instance 52 is the required input (produced) assembly defined in the DeviceNet Motor Starter Profile**

Instance 52 — ODVA Starter								
Byte	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
—	—	—	—	—	—	Running	—	Fault

**Table B.25 Instance 161 is the default input (produced) assembly for Standard Distributed Motor Controllers**

Instance 161 — Default Producted Standard Distributed Motor Controller								
Byte	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
0	—	—	—	Ready	Running Rev	Running Fwd	Warning	Tripped
1	—	—	140M On	HOA Stat.	User In 3 Reserved ❶	User In 2 Reserved ❶	User In 1 Reserved ❶	User In 0 Reserved ❶

❶ Available on the Bulletin 280A/281A.



**Table B.26 Instance 163 is the standard input (produced) assembly with Network Outputs**

Instance 163 — Standard Produced Starter with Network Outputs								
Byte	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
0	—	—	—	Ready	Running Rev	Running Fwd	Warning	Tripped
1	—	—	140M On	HOA Stat.	User In 4	User In 3	User In 2	User In 1
					Reserved ①	Reserved ①	Reserved ①	Reserved ①
2	Net Out 8	Net Out 7	Net Out 6	Net Out 5	Net Out 4	Net Out 3	Net Out 2	Net Out 1
3	Logic Enabled	Net Out 15	Net Out 14	Net Out 13	Net Out 12	Net Out 11	Net Out 10	Net Out 9
4	ZIP CCV (Low)							
5	ZIP CCV (High)							

① Available on the Bulletin 280A/281A.

**Table B.27 Instance 190 is the 1999-ZC10 Native Format Produced Assembly**

[illegible]



## Connection Object — CLASS CODE 0x0005

No class attributes are supported for the Connection Object

Multiple instances of the Connection Object are supported, instances 1, 2, and 4 from the group 2 predefined master/slave connection set, instances 5 and 6 are available through explicit UCMM connections.

Instance 1 is the Predefined Group 2 Connection Set Explicit Message Connection. The following instance 1 attributes is supported:

**Table B.28 Connection Object Instance 1 Attributes**

Attribute ID	Access Rule	Name	Data Type	Value
1	Get	State	USINT	0=nonexistent 1=configuring 3=established 4=timed out
2	Get	Instance Type	USINT	0=Explicit Message
3	Get	Transport Class Trigger	USINT	0x83 — Server, Transport Class 3
4	Get	Produced Connection ID	UINT	10xxxxxx011 xxxxxx = node address
5	Get	Consumed Connection ID	UINT	10xxxxxx100 xxxxxx = node address
6	Get	Initial Comm Characteristics	USINT	0x22
7	Get	Produced Connection Size	UINT	0x61
8	Get	Consumed Connection Size	UINT	0x61
9	Get/Set	Expected Packet Rate	UINT	in ms
12	Get	Watchdog Action	USINT	01 = auto delete 03 = deferred delete
13	Get	Produced Connection Path Length	UINT	0
14	Get	Produced Connection Path		Empty
15	Get	Consumed Connection Path Length	UINT	0
16	Get	Consumed Connection Path		Empty



Instance 2 is the Predefined Group 2 Connection Set Polled I/O Message Connection. The following instance 2 attributes are supported:

**Table B.29 Connection Object Instance 2 Attributes**

Attribute ID	Access Rule	Name	Data Type	Value
1	Get	State	USINT	0=nonexistent 1=configuring 3=established 4=timed out
2	Get	Instance Type	USINT	1= I/O Connection
3	Get	Transport Class Trigger	USINT	0x82 — Server, Transport Class 2 (If alloc_choice != polled and ack suppression is enabled then value = 0x80)
4	Get	Produced Connection ID	UINT	01111xxxxx xxxxxx=node address
5	Get	Consumed Connection ID	UINT	10xxxxxx101 xxxxxx=node address
6	Get	Initial Comm Characteristics	USINT	0x21
7	Get	Produced Connection Size	UINT	0 to 8
8	Get	Consumed Connection Size	UINT	0 to 8
9	Get/Set	Expected Packet Rate	UINT	in ms
12	Get/Set	Watchdog Action	USINT	0=transition to timed out 1=auto delete 2=auto reset
13	Get	Produced Connection Path Length	UINT	8
14	Get/Set	Produced Connection Path		21 04 00 25 (assy inst) 00 30 03
15	Get	Consumed Connection Path Length	UINT	8
16	Get/Set	Consumed Connection Path		21 04 00 25 (assy inst) 00 30 03



Instance 4 is the Predefined Group 2 Connection Set Change of State/ Cyclic I/O Message Connection. The following instance 4 attributes are supported:

**Table B.30 Connection Object Instance 4 Attributes**

Attribute ID	Access Rule	Name	Data Type	Value
1	Get	State	USINT	0=nonexistent 1=configuring 3=established 4=timed out
2	Get	Instance Type	USINT	1=I/O Connection
3	Get	Transport Class Trigger	USINT	0x00 (Cyclic, unacknowledged) 0x03 (Cyclic, acknowledged) 0x10 (COS, unacknowledged) 0x13 (COS, acknowledged)
4	Get	Produced Connection ID	UINT	01101xxxxxx xxxxxx=node address
5	Get	Consumed Connection ID	UINT	10xxxxxx101 xxxxxx=node address
6	Get	Initial Comm Characteristics	USINT	0x02 (acknowledged) 0x0F (unacknowledged)
7	Get	Produced Connection Size	UINT	0 to 8
8	Get	Consumed Connection Size	UINT	0 to 8
9	Get/Set	Expected Packet Rate	UINT	in ms
12	Get	Watchdog Action	USINT	0=transition to timed out 1=auto delete 2=auto reset
13	Get	Produced Connection Path Length	UINT	8
14	Get	Produced Connection Path		21 04 00 25 (assy inst) 00 30 03
15	Get	Consumed Connection Path Length	UINT	8
16	Get/Set	Consumed Connection Path		21 04 00 25 (assy inst) 00 30 03



Instances 5 through 7 are available group 3 explicit message connections that are allocated through the UCMM. The following attributes are supported:

**Table B.31 Connection Object Instance 5-7 Attributes**

Attribute ID	Access Rule	Name	Data Type	Value
1	Get	State	USINT	0=nonexistent 1=configuring 3=established 4=timed out
2	Get	Instance Type	USINT	0=Explicit Message
3	Get	Transport Class Trigger	USINT	0x83 — Server, Transport Class 3
4	Get	Produced Connection ID	UINT	Depends on message group and Message ID
5	Get	Consumed Connection ID	UINT	Depends on message group and Message ID
6	Get	Initial Comm Characteristics	USINT	0x33 (Group 3)
7	Get	Produced Connection Size	UINT	0
8	Get	Consumed Connection Size	UINT	0xFFFF
9	Get/Set	Expected Packet Rate	UINT	in ms
12	Get	Watchdog Action	USINT	01 = auto delete 03 = deferred delete
13	Get	Produced Connection Path Length	UINT	0
14	Get	Produced Connection Path		Empty
15	Get	Consumed Connection Path Length	UINT	0
16	Get	Consumed Connection Path		Empty

Instances 8-11 are ZIP Consumers. The following instance attributes will be supported:

**Table B.32 Connection Object Instances 8-11 Attributes**

Attribute ID	Access Rule	Name	Data Type	Value
1	Get	State	USINT	0=nonexistent 1=configuring 3=established
2	Get	Instance Type	USINT	1=I/O Connection
3	Get	Transport Class Trigger	USINT	0x20 (COS, unacknowledged)
4	Get	Produced Connection ID	UINT	FFFF (not producing data)
5	Get	Consumed Connection ID	UINT	01101xxxxx xxxxxx=node address
6	Get	Initial Comm Characteristics	USINT	0xF0 (unacknowledged)
7	Get	Produced Connection Size	UINT	0
8	Get	Consumed Connection Size	UINT	8
9	Get/Set	Expected Packet Rate	UINT	in milliseconds
12	Get	Watchdog Action	USINT	2=auto reset
13	Get	Produced Connection Path Length	UINT	0
14	Get	Produced Connection Path		0
15	Get	Consumed Connection Path Length	UINT	8
16	Get	Consumed Connection Path		21 0E 03 25 01 00 30 02



The following services are implemented for the Connection Object:

**Table B.33 Connection Objects Common Services**

Service Code	Implemented for:		Service Name
	Class	Instance	
0x05	No	Yes	Reset
0x0E	No	Yes	Get_Attribute_Single
0x10	No	Yes	Set_Attribute_Single

## Discrete Input Point Object — CLASS CODE 0x0008 ❶

The following class attributes are supported for the Discrete Input Point Object:

**Table B.34 Discrete Input Point Object Class Attributes**

Attribute ID	Access Rule	Name	Data Type	Value
1	Get	Revision	UINT	2
2	Get	Max Instance	UINT	4

Four instances of the Discrete Input Point Object are supported. All instances contain the following attributes:

**Table B.35 Discrete Input Point Object Instance Attributes**

Attribute ID	Access Rule	Name	Data Type	Value
3	Get	Value	BOOL	0=OFF, 1=ON
115	Get/Set	Force Enable	BOOL	0=Disable, 1=Enable
116	Get/Set	Force Value	BOOL	0=OFF, 1=ON

The following common services are implemented for the Discrete Input Point Object:

**Table B.36 Discrete Input Point Object Instance Common Services**

Service Code	Implemented for:		Service Name
	Class	Instance	
0x0E	Yes	Yes	Get_Attribute_Single
0x10	No	Yes	Set_Attribute_Single

❶ This assembly does not exist on the Bulletin 280A/281A.



## Discrete Output Point Object — CLASS CODE 0x0009 ❶

The following class attributes are supported for the Discrete Output Point Object:

**Table B.37 Discrete Output Point Object Class Attributes**

Attribute ID	Access Rule	Name	Data Type	Value
1	Get	Revision	UINT	1
2	Get	Max Instance	UINT	4

Four instances of the Discrete Output Point Object are supported. The following table summarizes the DOP instances:

**Table B.38 Discrete Output Point Object Instance Attributes**

Instance ID	Name	Alternate Mapping	Description
1	Run Fwd Output	0029 – 01 – 03	Run Forward output. For all starter types, this output is hard wired from the ArmorStart CPU to the actuator
2	Run Rev Output	0029 – 01 – 04	Run Reverse output. For all starter types, this output is hard wired from the ArmorStart CPU to the actuator
3	User Output A	none	These are the 2 ArmorStart user outputs.
4	User Output B	none	

All instances contain the following attributes.

Attribute ID	Access Rule	Name	Data Type	Value
3	Get	Value	BOOL	0=OFF, 1=ON
5	Get/Set	Fault Action	BOOL	0=Fault Value attribute, 1=Hold Last State
6	Get/Set	Fault Value	BOOL	0=OFF, 1=ON
7	Get/Set	Idle Action	BOOL	0=Fault Value attribute, 1=Hold Last State
8	Get/Set	Idle Value	BOOL	0=OFF, 1=ON
113	Get/Set ❶	Pr Fault Action	BOOL	0=Pr Fault Value attribute, 1=Ignore
114	Get/Set ❶	Pr Fault Value	BOOL	0=OFF, 1=ON
115	Get/Set	Force Enable	BOOL	0=Disable, 1=Enable
116	Get/Set	Force Value	BOOL	0=OFF, 1=ON

❶ For DOP instances 1 and 2, attributes 113 and 114 have “Get” only access, and their values are always 0.

The following common services are implemented for the Discrete Output Point Object:

**Table B.39 Discrete Output Object Common Services**

Service Code	Implemented for:		Service Name
	Class	Instance	
0x0E	Yes	Yes	Get_Attribute_Single
0x10	No	Yes	Set_Attribute_Single



**Discrete Output Point Object  
Special Requirements**

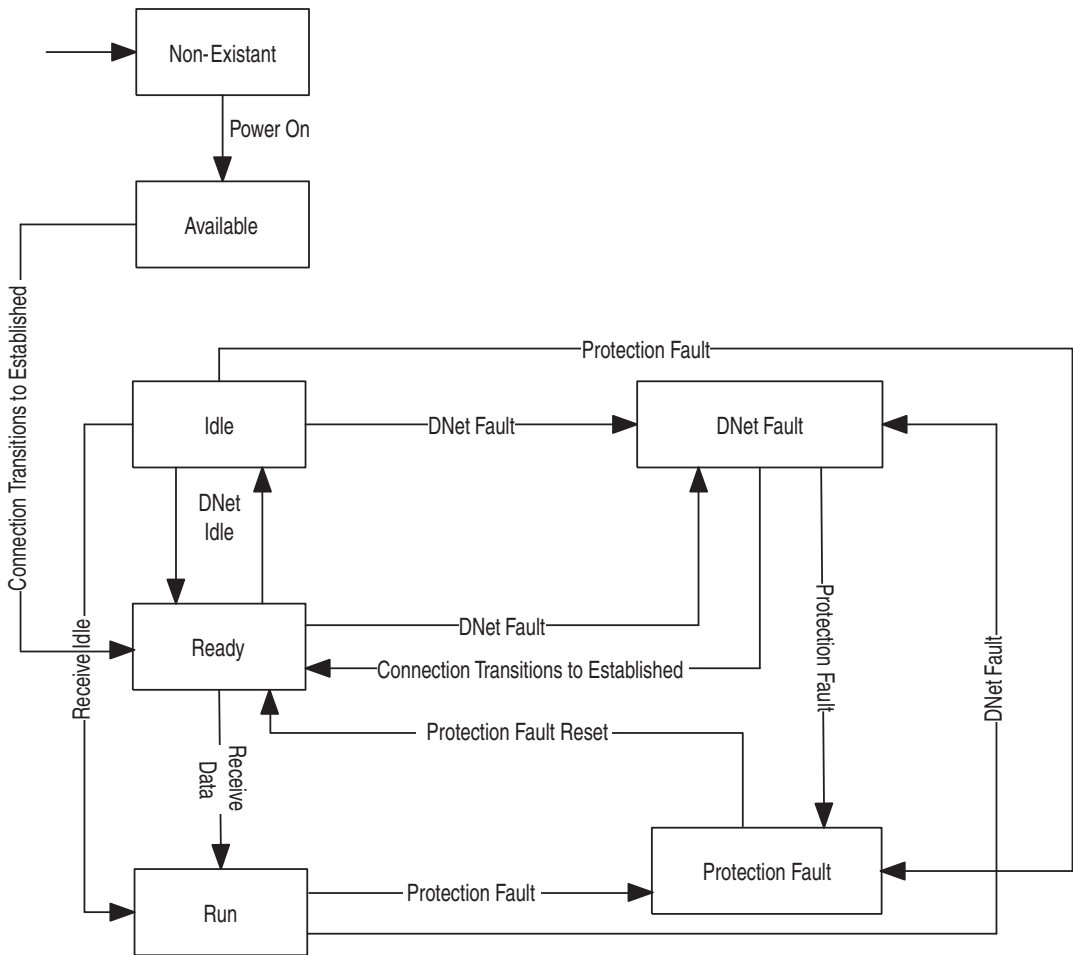
**DOP Instances 3 and 4 Special Behavior**

There are many sources that can affect an output point’s value: an I/O message, an explicit message, local logic, network fault and idle conditions, and protection fault conditions. An output point must know how to select which source of data to use to drive its value attribute.

An output that is not used in a DeviceLogix program behaves much the same as in the DeviceNet Specification. One notable addition to DOP behavior for the ArmorStart implementation is that Protection Fault Action and Protection Fault Value attributes determine the behavior of the DOP when the ArmorStart faults on a protection fault.

The following State Transition Diagram is used for **DOP Instances 3 and 4** when they are not in use in a DeviceLogix Program.

**Figure B.1 State Transition Diagram — Unbound DOP Instances 3 and 4**



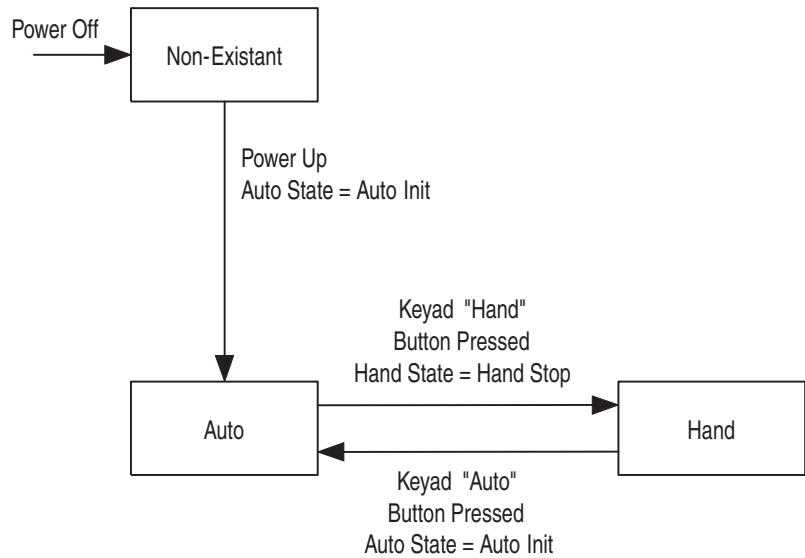


### DOP Instances 1 and 2 Special Behavior

Besides the sources that can affect output points 3 and 4, DOPs 1 and 2 can be affected by keypad inputs since they double as the Run Forward and Run Reverse outputs. This adds complexity to their behavior, so their behavior is defined in this section separately.

The following State Transition Diagram is used for **DOP Instances 1 and 2**

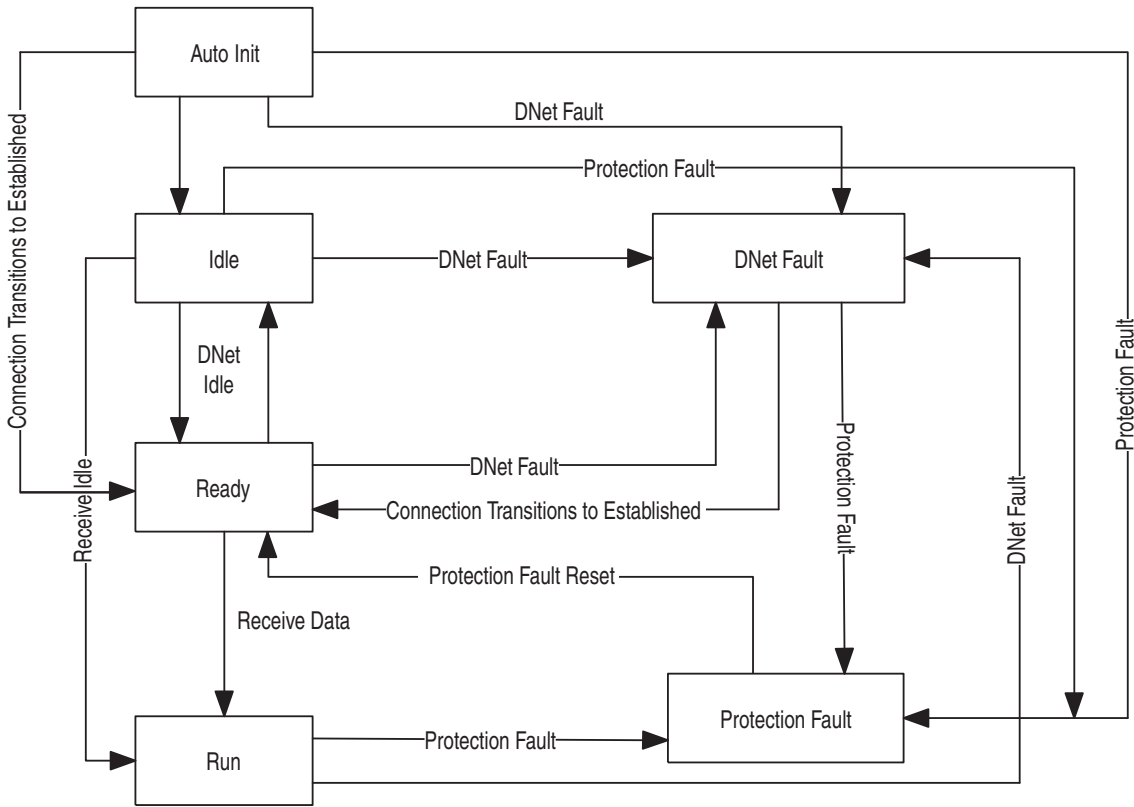
**Figure B.2 DOP Instances 1 and 2**





The following State Transition Diagram is used in **Auto State for Unbound DOP Instances 1 and 2**

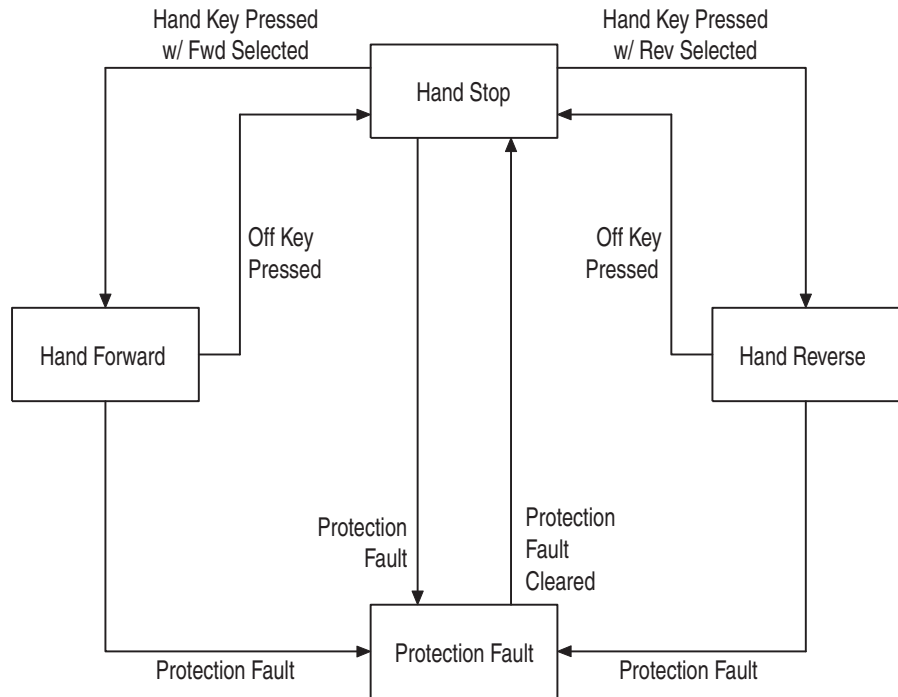
**Figure B.3 Auto State for Unbound DOP Instances 1 and 2**





The following State Transition Diagram is used in **Hand State for DOPs 1 and 2** with parameter 45 Keypad Mode set to 1 = momentary.

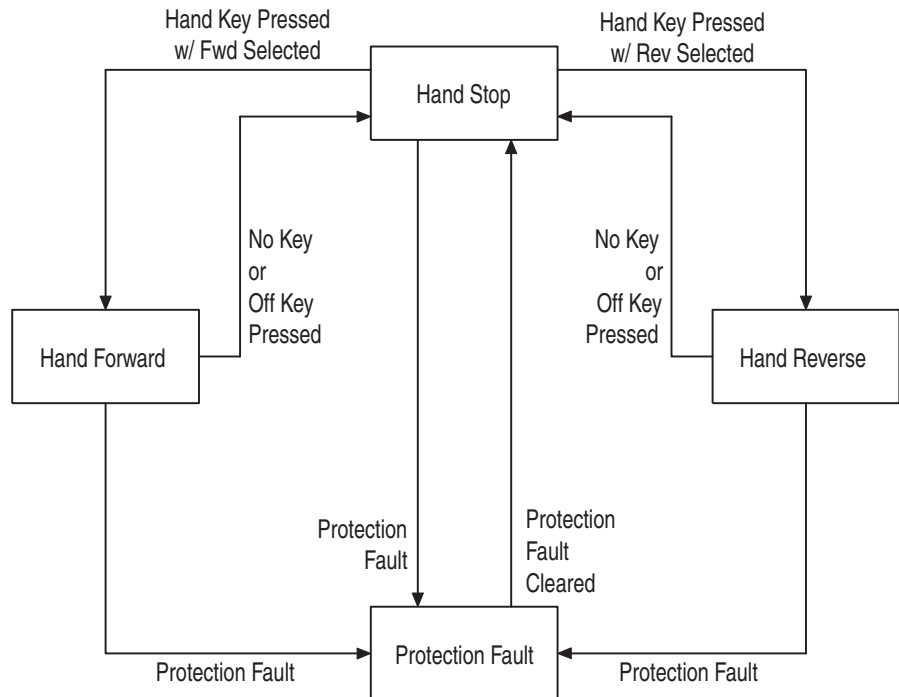
**Figure B.4 Hand State for DOPs 1 and 2 (Momentary)**





The following State Transition Diagram is used in **Hand State for DOPs 1 and 2** with parameter 45 Keypad Mode set to 1 = maintained.

**Figure B.5 Hand State for DOPs 1 and 2 (Maintained)**





## Parameter Object — CLASS CODE 0x000F

The following class attributes are supported for the Parameter Object:

**Table B.40 Parameter Object Class Attributes**

Attribute ID	Access Rule	Name	Data Type
1	Get	Revision	UINT
2	Get	Max Instance	UINT
8	Get	Parameter Class Descriptor	WORD
9	Get	Configuration Assembly Instance	UINT

The number of instances of the parameter object will depend upon the type of Distributed Motor Controller. There is a standard set of instances reserved (1-99) for all starters. These instances are followed by a unique set of instances for each starter type (Across the Line, Soft start, or Inverter type).

The following instance attributes are implemented for all parameter attributes:

**Table B.41 Parameter Object Instance Attributes**

Attribute ID	Access Rule	Name	Data Type
1	Get/Set	Value	Specified in Descriptor
2	Get	Link Path Size	USINT
3	Get	Link Path	Array of: BYTE EPATH
4	Get	Descriptor	WORD
5	Get	Data Type	EPATH
6	Get	Data Size	USINT
7	Get	Parameter Name String	SHORT_STRING
8	Get	Units String	SHORT_STRING
9	Get	Help String	SHORT_STRING
10	Get	Minimum Value	Specified in Descriptor
11	Get	Maximum Value	Specified in Descriptor
12	Get	Default Value	Specified in Descriptor
13	Get	Scaling Multiplier	UINT
14	Get	Scaling Divisor	UINT
15	Get	Scaling Base	UINT
16	Get	Scaling Offset	INT
17	Get	Multiplier Link	UINT
18	Get	Divisor Link	UINT
19	Get	Base Link	UINT
20	Get	Offset Link	UINT
21	Get	Decimal Precision	USINT



The following common services are implemented for the Parameter Object:

**Table B.42 Parameter Object Common Services**

Service Code	Implemented for:		Service Name
	Class	Instance	
0x0E	Yes	Yes	Get_Attribute_Single
0x10	No	Yes	Set_Attribute_Single
0x01	No	Yes	Get_Attributes_All

## Parameter Group Object — CLASS CODE 0x0010

The following class attributes are supported for the Parameter Object:

**Table B.43 Parameter Group Object Class Attributes**

Attribute ID	Access Rule	Name	Data Type
1	Get	Revision	UINT
2	Get	Max Instance	UINT

All Bulletin 280/281 Motor Starters have the following instances of the parameter group object:

- Instance 1 = DeviceLogix Parameters
- Instance 2 = DeviceNet Parameters
- Instance 3 = Starter Protection Parameters
- Instance 4 = User I/O Parameters
- Instance 5 = Miscellaneous Setup Parameters
- Instance 6 = ZIP Parameters
- Instance 7 = Starter Display
- Instance 8 = Starter Setup

The following instance attributes are supported for all parameter group instances:

**Table B.44 Parameter Group Object Instance Attributes**

Attribute ID	Access Rule	Name	Data Type
1	Get	Group Name String	SHORT_STRING
2	Get	Number of Members	UINT
3	Get	1 <sup>st</sup> Parameter	UINT
4	Get	2 <sup>nd</sup> Parameter	UINT
n	Get	Nth Parameter	UINT



The following common services are implemented for the Parameter Group Object:

**Table B.45 Parameter Group Object Service Common Services**

Service Code	Implemented for:		Service Name
	Class	Instance	
0x0E	Yes	Yes	Get_Attribute_Single

## Discrete Input Group Object — Class CODE 0x001D ❶

No class attributes are supported for the Discrete Input Group Object.

A single instance of the Discrete Input Group Object is supported. It contains the following attributes:

**Table B.46 Discrete Input Instance Attributes**

Attribute ID	Access Rule	Name	Data Type	Value
3	Get	Number of Instances	USINT	4
4	Get	Binding	Array of UINT	List of DIP instances
6	Get/Set	Off_On_Delay	UINT	in µsec
7	Get/Set	On_Off_Delay	UINT	in µsec

The following common services are implemented for the Discrete Input Group Object:

**Table B.47 Discrete Input Group Object Common Services**

Service Code	Implemented for:		Service Name
	Class	Instance	
0x0E	No	Yes	Get_Attribute_Single
0x10	No	Yes	Set_Attribute_Single

❶ This assembly does not exist on the Bulletin 280A/281A.



**Discrete Output Group Object —  
CLASS CODE 0x001E**

No class attributes are supported for the Discrete Output Group Object.

A single instance of the Discrete Output Group Object is supported. It contains the following attributes:

**Table B.48 Discrete Output Instance Attributes**

Attribute ID	Access Rule	Name	Data Type	Value
3	Get	Number of Instances	USINT	4 for DOL
4	Get	Binding	Array of UINT	List of DOP instances; 1, 2, 3, 4
6	Get/Set	Command	BOOL	0=idle; 1=run
104	Get/Set	Network Status Override	BOOL	0=No Override (go to safe state) 1=Override (run local logic)
105	Get/Set	Comm Status Override	BOOL	0=No override (go to safe state) 1=Override (run local logic)

The following common services are implemented for the Discrete Output Group Object:

**Table B.49 Discrete Output Group Common Services**

Service Code	Implemented for:		Service Name
	Class	Instance	
0x0E	No	Yes	Get_Attribute_Single
0x10	No	Yes	Set_Attribute_Single



## Control Supervisor Object -CLASS CODE 0x0029

No class attributes are supported.

The following instance attributes are supported:

A single instance (instance 1) of the Control Supervisor Object will be supported.

**Table B.50 Control Supervisor Instance Attributes**

Attribute ID	Access Rule	Name	Data Type	Value
3	Get/Set	Run 1	BOOL	These Run outputs also map to DOP instances 1 and 2.
*4	Get/Set	Run 2	BOOL	
7	Get	Running 1	BOOL	Status of RUN FWD contact
*8	Get	Running 2	BOOL	Status of RUN REV contact
9	Get	Ready	BOOL	Device not faulted
10	Get	Tripped	BOOL	Device faulted
12	Get/Set	Fault Reset	BOOL	0->1 = Trip Reset
100	Get/Set	Keypad Mode	BOOL	0=Maintained; 1=Momentary
101	Get/Set	Keypad Disable	BOOL	0=Not Disabled; 1=Disabled
115	Get	Warning Status	WORD	Bits 0-4 = reserved Bit 5 = CP Warning Bit 6 = IO Warning Bit 7 = reserved Bit 8 = reserved Bit 9 = DN Warning Bits 10-12 = reserved Bit 13 = HW Warning Bits 14-15 = reserved
124	Get/Set	Trip Enable	WORD	Bit enumerated trip enable word
130	Get/Set	Trip Reset Mode	BOOL	0>manual; 1=auto
131	Get/Set	Trip Reset Level	USINT	0 – 100%; default = 75
151	Get	Base Enclosure	WORD	Bit 0 = IP67 Bit 1 = NEMA 4x Bits 2-15 reserved
152	Get	Base Options	WORD	Bit 0 = Output Fuse Bit 1 = Safety Monitor Bit 2 = CP Fuse Detect Bits 3-7 = Reserved Bit 8 = 10A Base Bit 9 = 25A Base Bit 10-15 = Reserved
153	Get	Wiring Options	WORD	Bit 0 = Conduit Bit 1 = Round Media Bits 2-15 = Reserved
154	Get	Starter Enclosure	WORD	Bit 0 = IP67 Bit 1 = NEMA 4x Bits 2-15 reserved
155	Get	Starter Options	WORD	Bit 0 = Full Keypad Bit 1 = Safety Monitor Bits 2-15 reserved
156	Get	Last Pr Trip	UINT	See Parameter 61



The following common services are implemented for the Control Supervisor Object:

**Table B.51 Control Supervisor Object Common Services**

Service Code	Implemented for:		Service Name
	Class	Instance	
0x0E	No	Yes	Get_Attribute_Single
0x10	No	Yes	Set_Attribute_Single

## Acknowledge Handler Object — CLASS CODE 0x002b

No class attributes are supported for the Acknowledge Handler Object.

A single instance (instance 1) of the Acknowledge Handler Object is supported. The following instance attributes are supported:

**Table B.52 Acknowledge Handler Instance Attributes**

Attribute ID	Access Rule	Name	Data Type	Value
1	Get/Set	Acknowledge Timer	UINT	milliseconds
2	Get	Retry Limit	USINT	1
3	Get	COS Producing Connection Instance	UINT	4

The following common services are implemented for the Acknowledge Handler Object:

**Table B.53 Acknowledge Handler Common Services**

Service Code	Implemented for:		Service Name
	Class	Instance	
0x0E	No	Yes	Get_Attribute_Single
0x10	No	Yes	Set_Attribute_Single



## Overload Object — CLASS CODE 0x002c

No class attributes are supported for the Overload Object.

A single instance (instance 1) of the Overload Object is supported for Bulletin 280/281:

**Table B.54 Overload Object Instance Attributes**

Attribute ID	Access Rule	Name	Data Type	Value
3	Get/Set	FLA Setting	BOOL	xxx.x Amps
4	Get/Set	Trip Class	USINT	1=10 2=15 3=20
5	Get	Average Current	UINT	xxx.x Amps
7	Get	% Thermal Utilized	USINT	xxx% FLA
8	Get	Current L1	UINT	xxx.x Amps
9	Get	Current L2	UINT	xxx.x Amps
10	Get	Current L3	UINT	xxx.x Amps
190	Get/Set	FLA Setting Times 10	BOOL	xxx.x Amps
192	Get	Avg. Current Times 10	UINT	xxx.x Amps
193	Get	Current L1 Times 10	UINT	xxx.x Amps
194	Get	Current L2 Times 10	UINT	
195	Get	Current L3 Times 10	UINT	

The following common services are implemented for the Overload Object:

**Table B.55 Acknowledge Handler Object Common Services**

Service Code	Implemented for:		Service Name
	Class	Instance	
0x0E	No	Yes	Get_Attribute_Single
0x10	No	Yes	Set_Attribute_Single



## DeviceNet Interface Object -CLASS CODE 0x00B4

This “vendor specific” object has no class attributes.

A single instance (instance 1) of the DeviceNet Interface Object is supported:

**Table B.56 DeviceNet Interface Object Instance Attribute**

Attribute ID	Access Rule	Name	Data Type	Min/Max	Default	Description
7	Get/Set	Prod Assy Word 0	USINT	0...108	1	Defines Word 0 of Assy 120
8	Get/Set	Prod Assy Word 1	USINT	0...108	5	Defines Word 1 of Assy 120
9	Get/Set	Prod Assy Word 2	USINT	0...108	6	Defines Word 2 of Assy 120
10	Get/Set	Prod Assy Word 3	USINT	0...108	7	Defines Word 3 of Assy 120
13	Get/Set	Starter COS Mask	WORD	0...0xFFFF	0xFFFF	Change of state mask for starter bits
15	Get/Set	Autobaud Enable	BOOL	0...1	1	1= enabled; 0 = disabled
16	Get/Set	Consumed Assy	USINT	0...185	160	3, 121, 160, 162, 182, 187
17	Get/Set	Produced Assy	USINT	100...187	161	52, 121, 161, 163, 181-187, 189, 190
19	Get/Set	Set To Defaults	BOOL	0...1	0	0=No action; 1=Reset
23	Get	I/O Produced Size	USINT	0...8	—	Size of I/O Produced Data in Bytes
24	Get	I/O Consumed Size	USINT	0...3	—	Size of I/O Consumed Data in Bytes
30	Get	DNet Voltage	UINT	xx.xx	—	DeviceNet Voltage xx.xx Volts
50	Get/Set	PNB COS Mask	WORD	0 to 0x00FF	0	Change of state mask for PNBs

The following common services are implemented for the DeviceNet Interface Object:

**Table B.57 DeviceNet Interface Object Common Services**

Service Code	Implemented for:		Service Name
	Class	Instance	
0x0E	No	Yes	Get_Attribute_Single
0x10	No	Yes	Set_Attribute_Single



### Bulletin 283 CIP Information

#### Electronic Data Sheets

Electronic Data Sheets (EDS) files are specially formatted ASCII files that provide all of the information necessary for a configuration tool (e.g. RSNetWorx™ for DeviceNet™) to access and alter the parameters of the device. The EDS file contains all of the device information: number of parameters, groupings, parameter name, minimum, maximum, and default values, units, data format and scaling.

EDS files for all the ArmorStart® Distributed Motor Controller units are available from the Internet at <http://www.ab.com/networks/eds>.

They may also be built automatically by some configuration tools since all of the information necessary for a basic EDS file may be extracted from the ArmorStart Distributed Motor Controller.

#### Soft Starter Type Product Codes and Name Strings

Product codes for the Bulletin 283 Distributed Motor Controllers are based on the Overload relay current rating and the control power rating of the starter. The following table lists the product codes for the Bulletin 283 Distributed Motor Controllers:



**Table C.1 Bul. 283 Distributed Motor Controller Product Codes and Name Strings**

283A Device Type❶	283D Device Type❷	Product Code	Current Rating	Control Power	Name String
133	22	0x11	3 A	24V DC	ArmorStart 283D 3A 24V DC
133	22	0x12	9 A	24V DC	ArmorStart 283D 9A 24V DC
133	22	0x13	16 A	24V DC	ArmorStart 283D 16A 24V DC
133	22	0x14	19 A	24V DC	ArmorStart 283D 19A 24V DC
133	22	0x15	3 A	120V AC	ArmorStart 283D 3A 120V AC
133	22	0x16	9 A	120V AC	ArmorStart 283D 9A 120V AC
133	22	0x17	16 A	120V AC	ArmorStart 283D 16A 120V AC
133	22	0x18	19 A	120V AC	ArmorStart 283D 19A 120V AC
133	22	0x19	3 A	240V AC	ArmorStart 283D 3A 240V AC
133	22	0x1A	9 A	240V AC	ArmorStart 283D 9A 240V AC
133	22	0x1B	16 A	240V AC	ArmorStart 283D 16A 240V AC
133	22	0x1C	19 A	240V AC	ArmorStart 283D 19A 240V AC
133	22	0x21	3 A	24V DC	ArmorStart 283D 600V 3A 24V DC
133	22	0x22	9 A	24V DC	ArmorStart 283D 600V 9A 24VDC
133	22	0x23	16 A	24V DC	ArmorStart 283D 600V 16A 24VDC
133	22	0x24	19 A	24V DC	ArmorStart 283D 600V 19A 24VDC
133	22	0x25	3 A	120V AC	ArmorStart 283D 600V 3A 120VAC
133	22	0x26	9 A	120V AC	ArmorStart 283D 600V 9A 120VAC
133	22	0x27	16 A	120V AC	ArmorStart 283D 600V 16A 120V AC
133	22	0x28	19 A	120V AC	ArmorStart 283D 600V 19A 120V AC
133	22	0x29	3 A	240V AC	ArmorStart 283D 600V 3A 240V AC
133	22	0x2A	9 A	240V AC	ArmorStart 283D 600V 9A 240V AC
133	22	0x2B	16 A	240V AC	ArmorStart 283D 600V 16A 240V AC
133	22	0x2C	19 A	240V AC	ArmorStart 283D 600V 19A 240V AC

❶ 133= PointBus Motor Starter

❷ 22= Motor Starter



DeviceNet Objects

The ArmorStart Distributed Motor Controller supports the following DeviceNet object classes:

Table C.2 DeviceNet Object Classes

Class	Object
0x0001	Identity
0x0002	Message Router
0x0003	DeviceNet
0x0004	Assembly
0x0005	Connection
0x0008	Discrete Input Point ❶
0x0009	Discrete Output Point
0x000F	Parameter Object
0x0010	Parameter Group Object
0x001D	Discrete Input Group ❶
0x001E	Discrete Output Group
0x0029	Control Supervisor
0x002B	Acknowledge Handler
0x002C	Overload Object
0x00B4	DN Interface Object

❶ Not available on the Bulletin 283A.

Identity Object — CLASS CODE 0x0001

The following class attributes are supported for the Identity Object:

Table C.3 Identity Object Class Attributes

Attribute ID	Access Rule	Name	Data Type	Value
1	Get	Revision	UINT	1



## Identity Objects

A single instance of the Identity Object is supported. The following instance attributes are supported.

**Table C.4 Identity Object Instance Attributes**

Attribute ID	Access Rule	Name	Data Type	Value
1	Get	Vendor	UINT	1
2	Get	Device Type	UINT	22 or 133
3	Get	Product Code	UINT	See Table C.1
4	Get	Revision Major Revision Minor Revision	Structure of: USINT USINT	Indicates Software Firmware Revision Number
5	Get	Status	WORD	Bit 0 — 0=not owned; 1=owned by master Bit 2 — 0=Factory Defaulted; 1=Configured Bit 8 — Minor Recoverable fault Bit 9 — Minor Unrecoverable fault Bit 10 — Major Recoverable fault Bit 11 — Major Unrecoverable fault
6	Get	Serial Number	UDINT	Unique Number for Each Device
7	Get	Product Name String Length ASCII String	Structure of: USINT STRING	Product code specific See Table C.1 and Table C.2
8	Get	State	USINT	Returns the value "3=Operational"
9	Get	Configuration Consistency Value	UINT	Unique value depending on output of the parameter checksum algorithm.
10	Get/Set	Heartbeat Interval	USINT	In seconds. Default = 0

The following common services are implemented for the Identity Object:

**Table C.5 Identity Object Common Services**

Service Code	Implemented for:		Service Name
	Class	Instance	
0x0E	Yes	Yes	Get_Attribute_Single
0x05	No	Yes	Reset
0x10	No	Yes	Set_Attribute_Single

## Message Router — CLASS CODE 0x0002

No class or instance attributes are supported. The message router object exists only to rout explicit messages to other objects.

## DeviceNet Object — CLASS CODE 0x0003

The following class attributes are supported for the DeviceNet Object:

**Table C.6 DeviceNet Object Class Attributes**

Attribute ID	Access Rule	Name	Data Type	Value
1	Get	Revision	UINT	2

A single instance (instance 1) of the DeviceNet Object is supported. The following instance attributes are supported.



**Table C.7 DeviceNet Object Instance Attributes**

Attribute ID	Access Rule	Name	Data Type	Value
1	Get/Set	Node Address	USINT	0 - 63
2	Get/Set	Baud Rate	USINT	0=125K 1=250K 2=500K 3 = 1M ❶
5	Get	Allocation Info Allocation Choice Master Node Addr	Structure of: BYTE USINT	Allocation_byte* 0...63 = address 255 = unallocated
8	Get	MAC ID Switch Value	BOOL	0-63

❶ 1M baud is only available on the Bulletin 283A.

*Allocation_byte	Bit 0	Explicit messaging
	Bit 1	Polled I/O
	Bit 4	COS I/O
	Bit 5	Cyclic I/O
	Bit 6	Acknowledge Suppression

The following services are implemented for the DeviceNet Object:

**Table C.8 DeviceNet Object Common Services**

Service Code	Implemented for:		Service Name
	Class	Instance	
0x0E	Yes	Yes	Get_Attribute_Single
0x10	No	Yes	Set_Attribute_Single
0x4B	No	Yes	Allocate_Master/Slave _Connection_Set
0x4C	No	Yes	Release_Master/Slave _Connection_Set

## Assembly Object — CLASS CODE 0x0004

The following class attributes are supported for the Assembly Object:

**Table C.9 Assembly Object Class Attributes**

Attribute ID	Access Rule	Name	Data Type	Value
2	Get	Max Instance	UINT	190

All of the various instances of the assembly object will support attribute 3. The following table summarizes the various instances that are supported:



**Table C.10 DeviceNet Assembly Object Instance Attributes**

Attribute ID	Type	Description
3	Consumed	Required ODVA Consumed Instance
52	Produced	Required ODVA Produced Instance
120	Produced	Custom Parameter Based Word Wise Assembly
160	Consumed	Default Consumed Instance for DOL and SoftStart units
161	Produced	Default Produced Instance for DOL and SoftStart units
162	Consumed	Standard Consumed Instance for DOL and SoftStart with Network Inputs
163	Produced	Standard Produced Instance for DOL and SoftStart with Network Outputs
172	Consumed	SMC Dialog Native Consumed
173	Produced	SMC Dialog Native Produced
181	Produced	User Inputs ❶
182	Consumed	Consumed Network Bits (a.k.a Network Inputs)
183	Produced	Produced Network Bits (a.k.a. Network Outputs)
184	Produced	Trip Status Bits
185	Produced	Starter Status Bits
186	Produced	DeviceNet Status Bits
187	Consumed	Starter Control Bits
189	Produced	Warning Status Bits
190	Produced	1799-ZCIO Bits

❶ Not available on the Bulletin 283A.

## Custom Parameter Based “Word-wise” I/O Assemblies

**Table C.11 Custom Parameter Based “Word-Wise” (Produced) Assembly Instance 120**

Instance 120									
Word	Byte	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
0	0	Value of the parameter pointed to by “Prod Assy Word 0” Param (low byte)							
	1	Value of the parameter pointed to by “Prod Assy Word 0” Param (high byte)							
1	2	Value of the parameter pointed to by “Prod Assy Word 1” Param (low byte)							
	3	Value of the parameter pointed to by “Prod Assy Word 1” Param (high byte)							
2	4	Value of the parameter pointed to by “Prod Assy Word 2” Param (low byte)							
	5	Value of the parameter pointed to by “Prod Assy Word 2” Param (high byte)							
3	6	Value of the parameter pointed to by “Prod Assy Word 3” Param (low byte)							
	7	Value of the parameter pointed to by “Prod Assy Word 3” Param (high byte)							

## “Word-wise” Bit-Packed Assemblies

Assemblies whose instance numbers are 180...189 are all one word (16 bits) long. They can be used “stand alone”, but their main use is to assemble information for EDS file parameters. These “word-wise” assemblies become the building blocks for the custom parameter-based “word-wise” assemblies described above. Note that these “word-wise” assemblies are designed for use with DeviceLogix™, so their contents reflect the various words in the DeviceLogix data table.



**Table C.12 Instance 181 — This is a “Read Only” Status Assembly ❶**

Instance 181 — Hardware Inputs 1...16								
Byte	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
0	—	—	—	—	Input 3	Input 2	Input 1	Input 0
1	Reserved							

❶ **Note:** This assembly does not exist on the Bulletin 283A.

**Table C.13 Instance 182 — This is a “Read/Write” Control Assembly**

Instance 182 — Consumed Network Inputs 1...16								
Byte	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
0	Net Input 8	Net Input 7	Net Input 6	Net Input 5	Net Input 4	Net Input 3	Net Input 2	Net Input 1
1	Net Input 16	Net Input 15	Net Input 14	Net Input 13	Net Input 12	Net Input 11	Net Input 10	Net Input 9

**Table C.14 Instance 183 This is a “Read Only” Status Assembly**

Instance 183 — Produced Network Outputs 1...15								
Byte	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
0	Net Out 8	Net Out 7	Net Out 6	Net Out 5	Net Out 4	Net Out 3	Net Out 2	Net Out 1
1	Reserved	Net Out 15	Net Out 14	Net Out 13	Net Out 12	Net Out 11	Net Out 10	Net Out 9

**Table C.15 Instance 184 This is a “Read Only” Status Assembly**

Instance 184 — Trip Status								
Byte	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
0	OverTemp	I/O Fault	Control Power	Phase Rotation	SCR Short	Phase Loss	OL Trip	Short Circuit
1	Misc. Fault	Reserved	Hw Fault	EEPROM	Heatsink Temp	Internal Comm	DNet Power Loss Reserved ❷	Phase Imbalance

❷ If Bulletin 283A is selected.

**Table C.16 Instance 185 This is a “Read Only” Status Assembly**

Instance 185 — Starter Status								
Byte	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
0	At Ref	Net Ref Status	Net Ctl Status	Ready	—	Running Fwd	Warning	Tripped
1	Contact 2 ❸	—	140M On	HOA Status	Keypad Hand	Bypass	Stopping	Starting

❸ Refers to source brake contactor status.



**Table C.17 Instance 186 This is a “Read Only” Status Assembly**

Instance 186 — DeviceNet Status								
Byte	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
0	—	—	—	I/O Idle	I/O Flt	Exp Flt	I/O Cnxn	Exp Cnxn
1	ZIP4 FLT	ZIP4 CNXN	ZIP3 FLT	ZIP3 CNXN	ZIP2 FLT	ZIP2 CNXN	ZIP1 FLT	ZIP1 CNXN

**Table C.18 Instance 187 This is a “Read/Write” Assembly**

Instance 187 — Starter Control Bits								
Byte	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
0	User Out B	User Out A	—	—	—	Fault Reset	—	Run Fwd
1	Reserved							

**Table C.19 Instance 189 This is a “Read Only” assembly**

Instance 189 Warning Status Bits								
Byte	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
0	—	IO Warning	Control Power Warning	PR Warning	—	PL Warning	—	—
1	—	—	HW Warn				DN Warn ❶	PI Warn

❶Reserved for Bulletin 283.

**Table C.20 Instance 190 is the 1999-ZC10 Native Format Produced Assembly.**

Instance 190 1799-ZC10 Native Format Produced Assembly								
Byte	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
0	Running Rev	Running Fwd	Warning	Tripped	Input 3	Input 2	Input 1	Input 0
1	Reserved	Logic Enable	Reserved				140M On	HOA
2	Reserved				User Out B	User Out A	Reserved	Run Fwd
3	Reserved							
4	Net Out 8	Net Out 7	Net Out 6	Net Out 5	Net Out 4	Net Out 3	Net Out 2	Net Out 1
5	ZIP CCV (Low)							
6	ZIP CCV (High)							

## Standard Distributed Motor Controller I/O Assemblies

Standard Distributed Motor Controller IO Assemblies are available on all Starter Types.



## Standard Distributed Motor Controller Output (Consumed) Assemblies

**Table C.21** Instance 3 is the required output (consumed) assembly defined in the DeviceNet Motor Starter Profile

Instance 3 — ODVA Starter								
Byte	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Run Fwd

**Table C.22** Instance 160 is the default output (consumed) assembly for Standard Distributed Motor Controllers

Instance 160 — Default Consumed Standard Distributed Motor Controller								
Byte	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
0	User Out B	User Out A	—	—	—	Fault Reset	—	Run Fwd

**Table C.23** Instance 162 is the standard output (consumed) assembly with Network Inputs

Instance 162 — Standard Consumed Starter with Network Inputs								
Byte	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
0	User Out B	User Out A	—	—	—	Fault Reset	—	Run Fwd
1	Net In 8	Net In 7	Net In 6	Net In 5	Net In 4	Net In 3	Net In 2	Net In 1
2	Net In 16	Net In 15	Net In 14	Net In 13	Net In 12	Net In 11	Net In 10	Net In 9

## Standard Distributed Motor Controller Input (Produced) Assemblies

**Table C.24** Instance 52 is the required input (produced) assembly defined in the DeviceNet Motor Starter Profile

Instance 52 — ODVA Starter								
Byte	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
—	—	—	—	—	—	Running	—	Fault

**Table C.25** Instance 161 is the default input (produced) assembly for Standard Distributed Motor Controllers

Instance 161 — Default Produced Standard Distributed Motor Controller								
Byte	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
0	—	—	—	Ready	—	Running Fwd	Warning	Tripped
1	—	—	140M On	HOA Stat.	User In 3 Reserved ❶	User In 2 Reserved ❶	User In 1 Reserved ❶	User In 0 Reserved ❶

❶ For Bulletin 283A only.



**Table C.26 Instance 163 is the standard input (produced) assembly with Network Outputs**

Instance 163 — Standard Produced Starter with Network Outputs								
Byte	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
0	—	—	—	Ready	—	Running Fwd	—	Tripped
1	—	—	140M On	HOA Stat.	User In 4	User In 3	User In 2	User In 1
					Reserved ❶	Reserved ❶	Reserved ❶	Reserved ❶
2	Net Out 8	Net Out 7	Net Out 6	Net Out 5	Net Out 4	Net Out 3	Net Out 2	Net Out 1
3	Logic Enable Stat	Net Out 15	Net Out 14	Net Out 13	Net Out 12	Net Out 11	Net Out 10	Net Out 9
4	ZIP CCV (low)							
5	ZIP CCV (high)							

❶ For Bulletin 283A only.

## SMC Dialog Plus Native Assemblies

These assembly instances have the same data format as the ScanPort control and status registers on the SMC Dialog Plus soft starter. They are intended for use by customers that are accustomed to using the SMC Dialog Plus product on DeviceNet.

**Table C.27 SMC Dialog Plus Native Consumed Assembly**

Instance 172 — SMC Dialog Plus Native Consumed Assembly								
Byte	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
0	Reserved		Reserved		FLT Reset	Reserved	Start	Stop
1	Reserved							

**Table C.28 SMC Dialog Plus Native Produced Assembly**

Instance 172 — SMC Dialog Plus Native Produced Assembly								
Byte	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
0	Faulted	Reserved	Stopping	Starting	Reserved		Running	Enabled
1	In 4 Stat	In 3 Stat	In 2 Stat	In 1 Stat	Reserved			At Speed



## Connection Object — CLASS CODE 0x0005

No class attributes are supported for the Connection Object

Multiple instances of the Connection Object are supported, instances 1, 2, and 4 from the group 2 predefined master/slave connection set, instances 5 and 6 are available through explicit UCMM connections.

Instance 1 is the Predefined Group 2 Connection Set Explicit Message Connection. The following instance 1 attributes is supported:

**Table C.29 Connection Object Instance 1 Attributes**

Attribute ID	Access Rule	Name	Data Type	Value
1	Get	State	USINT	0=nonexistent 1=configuring 3=established 4=timed out
2	Get	Instance Type	USINT	0=Explicit Message
3	Get	Transport Class Trigger	USINT	0x83 — Server, Transport Class 3
4	Get	Produced Connection ID	UINT	10xxxxxx011 xxxxxx = node address
5	Get	Consumed Connection ID	UINT	10xxxxxx100 xxxxxx = node address
6	Get	Initial Comm Characteristics	USINT	0x22
7	Get	Produced Connection Size	UINT	0x61
8	Get	Consumed Connection Size	UINT	0x61
9	Get/Set	Expected Packet Rate	UINT	in ms
12	Get	Watchdog Action	USINT	01 = auto delete 03 = deferred delete
13	Get	Produced Connection Path Length	UINT	0
14	Get	Produced Connection Path		Empty
15	Get	Consumed Connection Path Length	UINT	0
16	Get	Consumed Connection Path		Empty



Instance 2 is the Predefined Group 2 Connection Set Polled I/O Message Connection. The following instance 2 attributes are supported:

**Table C.30 Connection Object Instance 2 Attributes**

Attribute ID	Access Rule	Name	Data Type	Value
1	Get	State	USINT	0=nonexistent 1=configuring 3=established 4=timed out
2	Get	Instance Type	USINT	1= I/O Connection
3	Get	Transport Class Trigger	USINT	0x82 — Server, Transport Class 2 (If alloc_choice != polled and ack suppression is enabled then value = 0x80)
4	Get	Produced Connection ID	UINT	01111xxxxx xxxxxx=node address
5	Get	Consumed Connection ID	UINT	10xxxxxx101 xxxxxx=node address
6	Get	Initial Comm Characteristics	USINT	0x21
7	Get	Produced Connection Size	UINT	0 to 8
8	Get	Consumed Connection Size	UINT	0 to 8
9	Get/Set	Expected Packet Rate	UINT	in ms
12	Get/Set	Watchdog Action	USINT	0=transition to timed out 1=auto delete 2=auto reset
13	Get	Produced Connection Path Length	UINT	8
14	Get/Set	Produced Connection Path		21 04 00 25 (assy inst) 00 30 03
15	Get	Consumed Connection Path Length	UINT	8
16	Get/Set	Consumed Connection Path		21 04 00 25 (assy inst) 00 30 03

Instance 3 is the Predefined Group 2 Connection Set Bit Strobe IO Message Connection. The following instance 3 attributes will be supported



Instance 4 is the Predefined Group 2 Connection Set Change of State/Cyclic I/O Message Connection. The following instance 4 attributes are supported:

**Table C.31 Connection Object Instance 4 Attributes**

Attribute ID	Access Rule	Name	Data Type	Value
1	Get	State	USINT	0=nonexistent 1=configuring 3=established 4=timed out
2	Get	Instance Type	USINT	1=I/O Connection
3	Get	Transport Class Trigger	USINT	0x00 (Cyclic, unacknowledged) 0x03 (Cyclic, acknowledged) 0x10 (COS, unacknowledged) 0x13 (COS, acknowledged)
4	Get	Produced Connection ID	UINT	01101xxxxx xxxxx=node address
5	Get	Consumed Connection ID	UINT	10xxxxx101 xxxxx=node address
6	Get	Initial Comm Characteristics	USINT	0x02 (acknowledged) 0x0F (unacknowledged)
7	Get	Produced Connection Size	UINT	0 to 8
8	Get	Consumed Connection Size	UINT	0 to 8
9	Get/Set	Expected Packet Rate	UINT	in ms
12	Get	Watchdog Action	USINT	0=transition to timed out 1=auto delete 2=auto reset
13	Get	Produced Connection Path Length	UINT	8
14	Get	Produced Connection Path		21 04 00 25 (assy inst) 00 30 03
15	Get	Consumed Connection Path Length	UINT	8
16	Get/Set	Consumed Connection Path		21 04 00 25 (assy inst) 00 30 03



Instances 5 through 7 are available group 3 explicit message connections that are allocated through the UCMM. The following attributes are supported:

**Table C.32 Connection Object Instance 5-7 Attributes**

Attribute ID	Access Rule	Name	Data Type	Value
1	Get	State	USINT	0=nonexistent 1=configuring 3=established 4=timed out
2	Get	Instance Type	USINT	0=Explicit Message
3	Get	Transport Class Trigger	USINT	0x83 — Server, Transport Class 3
4	Get	Produced Connection ID	UINT	Depends on message group and Message ID
5	Get	Consumed Connection ID	UINT	Depends on message group and Message ID
6	Get	Initial Comm Characteristics	USINT	0x33 (Group 3)
7	Get	Produced Connection Size	UINT	0
8	Get	Consumed Connection Size	UINT	0xFFFF
9	Get/Set	Expected Packet Rate	UINT	in ms
12	Get	Watchdog Action	USINT	01 = auto delete 03 = deferred delete
13	Get	Produced Connection Path Length	UINT	0
14	Get	Produced Connection Path		Empty
15	Get	Consumed Connection Path Length	UINT	0
16	Get	Consumed Connection Path		Empty

Instances 8-11 are ZIP Consumers. The following instance attributes will be supported:



**Table C.33 Connection Object Instance 8-11 Attributes**

Attribute ID	Access Rule	Name	Data Type	Value
1	Get	State	USINT	0=nonexistent 1=configuring 3=established
2	Get	Instance Type	USINT	1=I/O Connection
3	Get	Transport Class Trigger	USINT	0x20 (COS, unacknowledged)
4	Get	Produced Connection ID	UINT	FFFF (not producing data)
5	Get	Consumed Connection ID	UINT	01101xxxxx xxxxxx=node address
6	Get	Initial Comm Characteristics	USINT	0xF0 (unacknowledged)
7	Get	Produced Connection Size	UINT	0
8	Get	Consumed Connection Size	UINT	8
9	Get/Set	Expected Packet Rate	UINT	in milliseconds
12	Get	Watchdog Action	USINT	2=auto reset
13	Get	Produced Connection Path Length	UINT	0
14	Get	Produced Connection Path		0
15	Get	Consumed Connection Path Length	UINT	8
16	Get	Consumed Connection Path		21 0E 03 25 01 00 30 02

The following services are implemented for the Connection Object:

**Table C.34 Connection Objects Common Services**

Service Code	Implemented for:		Service Name
	Class	Instance	
0x05	No	Yes	Reset
0x0E	No	Yes	Get_Attribute_Single
0x10	No	Yes	Set_Attribute_Single



## Discrete Input Point Object — CLASS CODE 0x0008 ❶

The following class attributes are supported for the Discrete Input Point Object:

**Table C.35 Discrete Input Point Object Class Attributes**

Attribute ID	Access Rule	Name	Data Type	Value
1	Get	Revision	UINT	2
2	Get	Max Instance	UINT	4

Four instances of the Discrete Input Point Object are supported. All instances contain the following attributes:

**Table C.36 Discrete Input Point Object Instance Attributes**

Attribute ID	Access Rule	Name	Data Type	Value
3	Get	Value	BOOL	0=OFF, 1=ON
115	Get/Set	Force Enable	BOOL	0=Disable, 1=Enable
116	Get/Set	Force Value	BOOL	0=OFF, 1=ON

The following common services are implemented for the Discrete Input Point Object:

**Table C.37 Discrete Input Point Object Instance Common Services**

Service Code	Implemented for:		Service Name
	Class	Instance	
0x0E	Yes	Yes	Get_Attribute_Single
0x10	No	Yes	Set_Attribute_Single

❶ This assembly does not exist on the Bulletin 283A.

## Discrete Output Point Object — CLASS CODE 0x0009

The following class attributes are supported for the Discrete Output Point Object:

**Table C.38 Discrete Output Point Object Class Attributes**

Attribute ID	Access Rule	Name	Data Type	Value
1	Get	Revision	UINT	1
2	Get	Max Instance	UINT	4



Four instances of the Discrete Output Point Object are supported. The following table summarizes the DOP instances:

**Table C.39 Discrete Output Point Object Instance Attributes**

Instance ID	Name	Alternate Mapping	Description
1	Run Fwd Output	0029 – 01 – 03	Run Forward output. For all starter types, this output is hard wired from the ArmorStart CPU to the actuator
2	—	—	—
3	User Output A	none	These are the 2 ArmorStart user outputs.
4	User Output B	none	

All instances contain the following attributes.

Attribute ID	Access Rule	Name	Data Type	Value
3	Get	Value	BOOL	0=OFF, 1=ON
5	Get/Set	Fault Action	BOOL	0=Fault Value attribute, 1=Hold Last State
6	Get/Set	Fault Value	BOOL	0=OFF, 1=ON
7	Get/Set	Idle Action	BOOL	0=Fault Value attribute, 1=Hold Last State
8	Get/Set	Idle Value	BOOL	0=OFF, 1=ON
113	Get/Set ❶	Pr Fault Action	BOOL	0=Pr Fault Value attribute, 1=Ignore
114	Get/Set ❶	Pr Fault Value	BOOL	0=OFF, 1=ON
115	Get/Set	Force Enable	BOOL	0=Disable, 1=Enable
116	Get/Set	Force Value	BOOL	0=OFF, 1=ON

❶ For DOP instances 1 and 2, attributes 113 and 114 have “Get” only access, and their values are always 0.

The following common services are implemented for the Discrete Output Point Object:

**Table C.40 Discrete Output Object Common Services**

Service Code	Implemented for:		Service Name
	Class	Instance	
0x0E	Yes	Yes	Get_Attribute_Single
0x10	No	Yes	Set_Attribute_Single



## Discrete Output Point Object Special Requirements

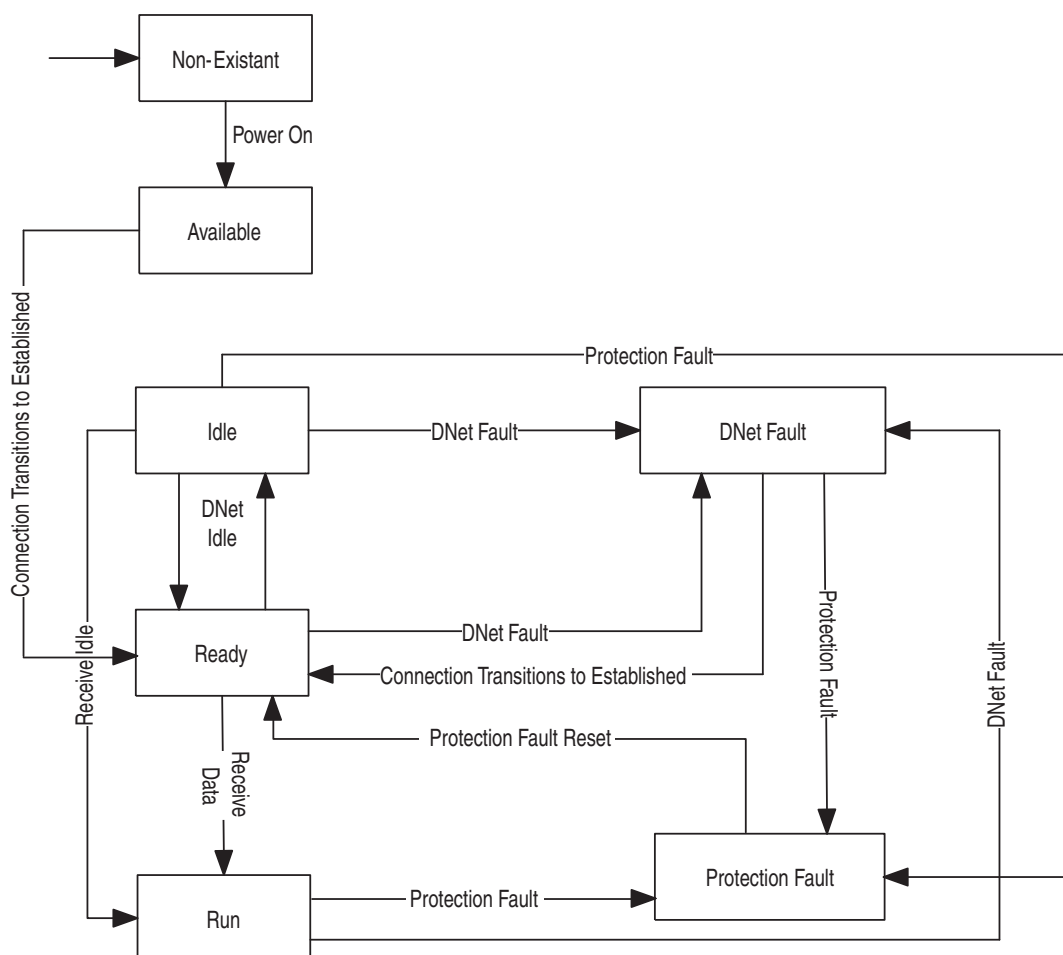
### DOP Instances 3 and 4 Special Behavior

There are many sources that can affect an output point's value: an I/O message, an explicit message, local logic, network fault and idle conditions, and protection fault conditions. An output point must know how to select which source of data to use to drive its value attribute.

An output that is not used in a DeviceLogix program behaves much the same as in the DeviceNet Specification. One notable addition to DOP behavior for the ArmorStart implementation is that Protection Fault Action and Protection Fault Value attributes determine the behavior of the DOP when the ArmorStart faults on a protection fault.

The following State Transition Diagram is used for **DOP Instances 3 and 4** when they are not in use in a DeviceLogix Program.

**Figure C.1 State Transition Diagram — Unbound DOP Instances 3 and 4**



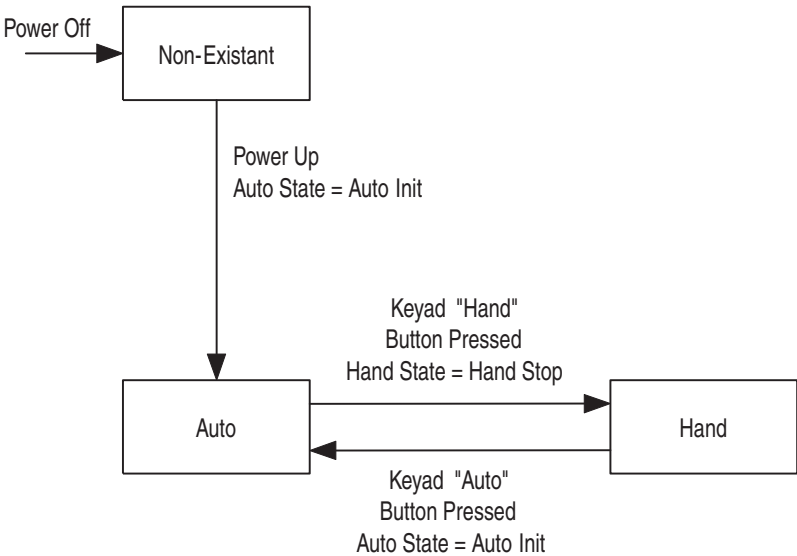


# DOP Instances 1 and 2 Special Behavior

Besides the sources that can affect output points 3 and 4, DOPs 1 and 2 can be affected by keypad inputs since they double as the Run Forward and Run Reverse outputs. This adds complexity to their behavior, so their behavior is defined in this section separately.

The following State Transition Diagram is used for **DOP Instances 1 and 2**

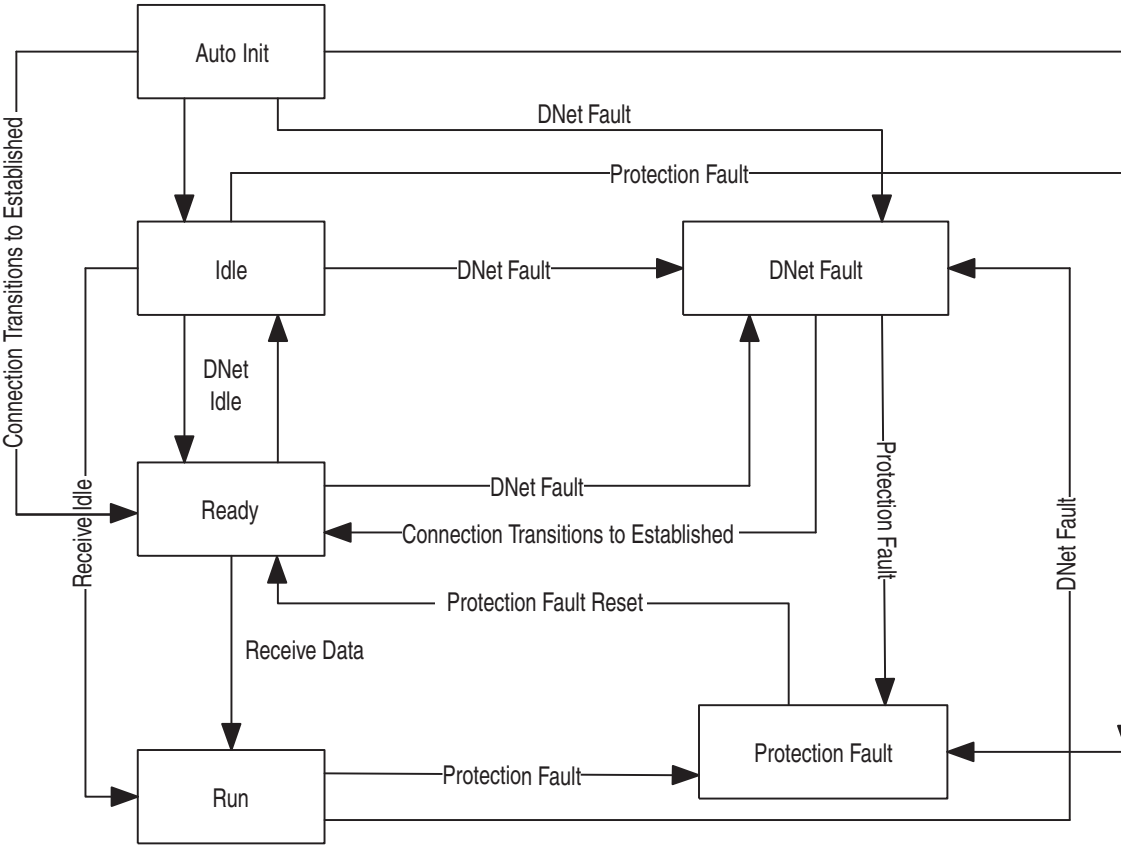
**Figure C.2 DOP Instances 1 and 2**





The following State Transition Diagram is used in **Auto State for Unbound DOP Instances 1 and 2**

**Figure C.3 Auto State for Unbound DOP Instances 1 and 2**





## Parameter Object — CLASS CODE 0x000F

The following class attributes are supported for the Parameter Object:

**Table C.41 Parameter Object Class Attributes**

Attribute ID	Access Rule	Name	Data Type
1	Get	Revision	UINT
2	Get	Max Instance	UINT
8	Get	Parameter Class Descriptor	WORD
9	Get	Configuration Assembly Instance	UINT

The number of instances of the parameter object will depend upon the type of Distributed Motor Controller. There is a standard set of instances reserved (1-99) for all starters. These instances are followed by a unique set of instances for each starter type (Across the Line, Soft start, or Inverter type).

The following instance attributes are implemented for all parameter attributes:

**Table C.42 Parameter Object Instance Attributes**

Attribute ID	Access Rule	Name	Data Type
1	Get/Set	Value	Specified in Descriptor
2	Get	Link Path Size	USINT
3	Get	Link Path	Array of: BYTE EPATH
4	Get	Descriptor	WORD
5	Get	Data Type	EPATH
6	Get	Data Size	USINT
7	Get	Parameter Name String	SHORT_STRING
8	Get	Units String	SHORT_STRING
9	Get	Help String	SHORT_STRING
10	Get	Minimum Value	Specified in Descriptor
11	Get	Maximum Value	Specified in Descriptor
12	Get	Default Value	Specified in Descriptor
13	Get	Scaling Multiplier	UINT
14	Get	Scaling Divisor	UINT
15	Get	Scaling Base	UINT
16	Get	Scaling Offset	INT
17	Get	Multiplier Link	UINT
18	Get	Divisor Link	UINT
19	Get	Base Link	UINT
20	Get	Offset Link	UINT
21	Get	Decimal Precision	USINT



The following common services are implemented for the Parameter Object:

**Table C.43 Parameter Object Common Services**

Service Code	Implemented for:		Service Name
	Class	Instance	
0x0E	Yes	Yes	Get_Attribute_Single
0x10	No	Yes	Set_Attribute_Single
0x01	No	Yes	Get_Attributes_All

## Parameter Group Object — CLASS CODE 0x0010

The following class attributes are supported for the Parameter Object:

**Table C.44 Parameter Group Object Class Attributes**

Attribute ID	Access Rule	Name	Data Type
1	Get	Revision	UINT
2	Get	Max Instance	UINT

All Bulletin 283 Motor Starters have the following instances of the parameter group object:

- Instance 1 = DeviceLogix Parameters
- Instance 2 = DeviceNet Parameters
- Instance 3 = Starter Protection Parameters
- Instance 4 = User I/O Parameters
- Instance 5 = Miscellaneous Setup Parameters
- Instance 6 = ZIP Parameters
- Instance 7 = SoftStart Display
- Instance 8 = Soft Start Setup

The following instance attributes are supported for all parameter group instances:

**Table C.45 Parameter Group Object Instance Attributes**

Attribute ID	Access Rule	Name	Data Type
1	Get	Group Name String	SHORT_STRING
2	Get	Number of Members	UINT
3	Get	1 <sup>st</sup> Parameter	UINT
4	Get	2 <sup>nd</sup> Parameter	UINT
n	Get	Nth Parameter	UINT

The following common services are implemented for the Parameter Group Object:



**Table C.46 Parameter Group Object Service Common Services**

Service Code	Implemented for:		Service Name
	Class	Instance	
0x0E	Yes	Yes	Get_Attribute_Single

## Discrete Input Group Object — CLASS CODE 0x001D ❶

No class attributes are supported for the Discrete Input Group Object.

A single instance of the Discrete Input Group Object is supported. It contains the following attributes:

**Table C.47 Discrete Input Instance Attributes**

Attribute ID	Access Rule	Name	Data Type	Value
3	Get	Number of Instances	USINT	4
4	Get	Binding	Array of UINT	List of DIP instances
6	Get/Set	Off_On_Delay	UINT	in µsec
7	Get/Set	On_Off_Delay	UINT	in µsec

The following common services are implemented for the Discrete Input Group Object:

**Table C.48 Discrete Input Group Object Common Services**

Service Code	Implemented for:		Service Name
	Class	Instance	
0x0E	No	Yes	Get_Attribute_Single
0x10	No	Yes	Set_Attribute_Single

❶ This assembly does not exist on the Bulletin 283A.



**Discrete Output Group Object —  
CLASS CODE 0x001E**

No class attributes are supported for the Discrete Output Group Object.

A single instance of the Discrete Output Group Object is supported. It contains the following attributes:

**Table C.49 Discrete Output Instance Attributes**

Attribute ID	Access Rule	Name	Data Type	Value
3	Get	Number of Instances	USINT	4 for DOL
4	Get	Binding	Array of UINT	List of DOP instances; 1, 2, 3, 4
6	Get/Set	Command	BOOL	0=idle; 1=run
104	Get/Set	Network Status Override	BOOL	0=No Override (go to safe state) 1=Override (run local logic)
105	Get/Set	Comm Status Override	BOOL	0=No override (go to safe state) 1=Override (run local logic)

**Table C.50 Discrete Output Group Common Services**

Service Code	Implemented for:		Service Name
	Class	Instance	
0x0E	No	Yes	Get_Attribute_Single
0x10	No	Yes	Set_Attribute_Single



## Control Supervisor Object -CLASS CODE 0x0029

No class attributes will be supported.

A single instance (instance 1) of the Control Supervisor Object will be supported.

Attribute ID	Access Rule	Name	Data Type	Value
3	Get/Set	Run 1	BOOL	Run1 output also map to DOP instance 1.
7	Get	Running 1	BOOL	
9	Get	Ready	BOOL	
10	Get	Tripped	BOOL	
12	Get/Set	Fault Reset	BOOL	0->1 = Trip Reset
100	Get/Set	Keypad Mode	BOOL	0=Maintained; 1=Momentary
101	Get/Set	Keypad Disable	BOOL	0=Not Disabled; 1=Disabled
115	Get	Warning Status	WORD	Bits 0-1 = reserved Bit 2 = PL Warning (283 Only) Bit 3 = reserved Bit 4 = PR Warning (283 only) Bit 5 = CP Warning Bit 6 = IO Warning Bit 7 = reserved Bit 8 = PI Warning (283 only) Bit 9 = DN Warning Bits 10-12 = reserved Bit 13 = HW Warning Bits 14-15 = reserved
124	Get/Set	Trip Enable	WORD	Bit enumerated trip enable word
130	Get/Set	Trip Reset Mode	BOOL	0>manual 1=auto
131	Get/Set	Trip Reset Level	USINT	0 – 100%; default = 75
151	Get	Base Enclosure	WORD	Bit 0 = IP67 Bit 1 = NEMA 4x Bits 2-15 reserved
152	Get	Base Options	WORD	Bit 0 = Output Fuse Bit 1 = Safety Monitor Bit 2 = CP Fuse Detect Bits 3-7 = Reserved Bit 8 = 10A Base Bit 9 = 25A Base Bit 10-15 = Reserved
153	Get	Wiring Options	WORD	Bit 0 = Conduit Bit 1 = Round Media Bits 2-15 = Reserved
154	Get	Starter Enclosure	WORD	Bit 0 = IP67 Bit 1 = NEMA 4x Bits 2-15 reserved
155	Get	Starter Options	WORD	Bit 0 = Full Keypad Bit 1 = Safety Monitor Bit 2 = Source Brake Bit 3-15 = Reserved
156	Get	Last PR Trip	UINT	See Parameter 61 for definitions



The following common services are implemented for the Control Supervisor Object:

**Table C.51 Control Supervisor Object Common Services**

Service Code	Implemented for:		Service Name
	Class	Instance	
0x0E	No	Yes	Get_Attribute_Single
0x10	No	Yes	Set_Attribute_Single

## Acknowledge Handler Object — CLASS CODE 0x002b

No class attributes are supported for the Acknowledge Handler Object.

A single instance (instance 1) of the Acknowledge Handler Object is supported. The following instance attributes are supported:

**Table C.52 Acknowledge Handler Instance Attributes**

Attribute ID	Access Rule	Name	Data Type	Value
1	Get/Set	Acknowledge Timer	UINT	milliseconds
2	Get	Retry Limit	USINT	1
3	Get	COS Producing Connection Instance	UINT	4

The following common services are implemented for the Acknowledge Handler Object:

**Table C.53 Acknowledge Handler Common Services**

Service Code	Implemented for:		Service Name
	Class	Instance	
0x0E	No	Yes	Get_Attribute_Single
0x10	No	Yes	Set_Attribute_Single



## Overload Object — CLASS CODE 0x002c

No class attributes are supported for the Overload Object.

A single instance (instance 1) of the Overload Object is supported for Bulletin 283:

**Table C.54 Overload Object Instance Attributes**

Attribute ID	Access Rule	Name	Data Type	Value
3	Get/Set	FLA Setting	BOOL	xxx.x Amps
4	Get/Set	Trip Class	USINT	1=10
5	Get	Average Current	INT	xxx.x Amps
7	Get	% Thermal Utilized	USINT	xxx% FLA
8	Get	Current L1	INT	xxx.x Amps
9	Get	Current L2	INT	xxx.x Amps
10	Get	Current L3	INT	xxx.x Amps
190	Get/Set	FLA Setting Times 10	BOOL	xxx.x Amps
192	Get	Avg. Current Times 10	UINT	xxx.x Amps
193	Get	Current L1 Times 10	UINT	xxx.x Amps
194	Get	Current L2 Times 10	UINT	
195	Get	Current L3 Times 10	UINT	

The following common services are implemented for the Overload Object:

**Table C.55 Acknowledge Handler Object Common Services**

Service Code	Implemented for:		Service Name
	Class	Instance	
0x0E	No	Yes	Get_Attribute_Single
0x10	No	Yes	Set_Attribute_Single



## DeviceNet Interface Object -CLASS CODE 0x00B4

This “vendor specific” object has no class attributes.

A single instance (instance 1) of the DeviceNet Interface Object is supported:

**Table C.56 DeviceNet Interface Object Instance Attribute**

Attribute ID	Access Rule	Name	Data Type	Min/Max	Default	Description
7	Get/Set	Prod Assy Word 0	USINT	0...116	1	Defines Word 0 of Assy 120
8	Get/Set	Prod Assy Word 1	USINT	0...116	5	Defines Word 1 of Assy 120
9	Get/Set	Prod Assy Word 2	USINT	0...116	6	Defines Word 2 of Assy 120
10	Get/Set	Prod Assy Word 3	USINT	0...116	7	Defines Word 3 of Assy 120
13	Get/Set	Starter COS Mask	WORD	0...0xFFFF	0xFFFF	Change of state mask for starter bits
15	Get/Set	Autobaud Enable	BOOL	0...1	1	1= enabled; 0 = disabled
16	Get/Set	Consumed Assy	USINT	0...185	160	3, 121, 160, 162, 182, 187
17	Get/Set	Produced Assy	USINT	100...190	161	52, 121, 161, 163, 181-187, 189, 190
19	Get/Set	Set To Defaults	BOOL	0...1	0	0=No action; 1=Reset
23	Get	I/O Produced Size	USINT	0...8	—	Size of I/O Produced Data in Bytes
24	Get	I/O Consumed Size	USINT	0...3	—	Size of I/O Consumed Data in Bytes
30	Get	DNet Voltage	UINT	xx.xx	—	DeviceNet Voltage xx.xx Volts
50	Get/Set	PNB COS Mask	WORD	0 to 0x00FF	0	Change of state mask for PNBs

The following common services are implemented for the DeviceNet Interface Object:

**Table C.57 DeviceNet Interface Object Common Services**

Service Code	Implemented for:		Service Name
	Class	Instance	
0x0E	No	Yes	Get_Attribute_Single
0x10	No	Yes	Set_Attribute_Single



## Bulletin 284 CIP Information

### Electronic Data Sheets

Electronic Data Sheets (EDS) files are specially formatted ASCII files that provide all of the information necessary for a configuration tool (e.g., RSNetWorx™ for DeviceNet™ Revision 3.21 Service Pack 2 or later) to access and alter parameters of the device. The EDS file contains all of the device information: number of parameter, groupings, parameter name, minimum, maximum, and default values, units, data format, and scaling.

EDS files for all the ArmorStart® Distributed Motor Controllers units are available from the Internet at [www.ab.com/networks/eds](http://www.ab.com/networks/eds).

They may also be built automatically by some configuration tools since much of the information necessary for an EDS file may be extracted from the ArmorStart Distributed Motor Controller.

### VFD Type Product Codes and Name Strings

Product codes for the Bulletin 284 variable frequency drives are based on the Horse Power Rating and Supply Voltage rating of the Distributed Motor Controller. Table D.1 lists the product codes and name strings for the Bulletin 284 Distributed Motor Controllers:

**Table D.1 Bulletin 284 Product Codes and Name Strings**

284A Device Type ①	284D Device Type ②	Product Code	Hp	Supply Voltage	Name String	Drive Type
133	22	0x132	0.50	240V AC	AarmorStart 284D PF4 240V 0.5 Hp	PF4
133	22	0x134	1	240V AC	AarmorStart 284D PF4 240V 1 Hp	PF4
133	22	0x136	2	240V AC	AarmorStart 284D PF4 240V 2 Hp	PF4
133	22	0x142	0.50	480V AC	AarmorStart 284D PF4 480V 0.5 Hp	PF4
133	22	0x144	1	480V AC	AarmorStart 284D PF4 480V 1 Hp	PF4
133	22	0x146	2	480V AC	AarmorStart 284D PF4 480V 2 Hp	PF4
133	22	0x147	3	480V AC	AarmorStart 284D PF4 480V 3 Hp	PF4
133	22	0x148	5	480V AC	AarmorStart 284D PF4 480V 5 Hp	PF4
133	22	0x1B2	0.50	240V AC	AarmorStart 284D PF40 240V 0.5 Hp	PF40
133	22	0x1B4	1	240V AC	AarmorStart 284D PF40 240V 1 Hp	PF40
133	22	0x1B6	2	240V AC	AarmorStart 284D PF40 240V 2 Hp	PF40
133	22	0x1C2	0.50	480V AC	AarmorStart 284D PF40 480V 0.5 Hp	PF40
133	22	0x1C4	1	480V AC	AarmorStart 284D PF40 480V 1 Hp	PF40
133	22	0x1C6	2	480V AC	AarmorStart 284D PF40 480V 2 Hp	PF40
133	22	0x1C7	3	480V AC	AarmorStart 284D PF40 480V 3 Hp	PF40
133	22	0x1C8	5	480V AC	AarmorStart 284D PF40 480V 5 Hp	PF40
133	22	0x1D4	1	600V AC	AarmorStart 284D PF40 600V 1 Hp	PF40
133	22	0x1D6	2	600V AC	AarmorStart 284D PF40 600V 2 Hp	PF40
133	22	0x1D7	3	600V AC	AarmorStart 284D PF40 600V 3 Hp	PF40
133	22	0x1D8	4	600V AC	AarmorStart 284D PF40 600V 5 Hp	PF40

① 133= PointBus Motor Starter



② 22= Motor Starter




DeviceNet Objects

The ArmorStart Distributed Motor Controller supports the following DeviceNet object classes:

Table D.2 DeviceNet Object Classes

Class	Object
0x0001	Identity
0x0002	Message Router
0x0003	DeviceNet
0x0004	Assembly
0x0005	Connection
0x0008	Discrete Input Point 
0x0009	Discrete Output Point
0x000F	Parameter Object
0x0010	Parameter Group Object
0x001D	Discrete Input Group 
0x001E	Discrete Output Group
0x0029	Control Supervisor
0x002B	Acknowledge Handler
0x00B4	DN Interface Object

 Not available on the Bulletin 284A.

Identity Object — CLASS CODE 0x0001

The following class attributes are supported for the Identity Object:

Table D.3 Identity Object Class Attributes

Attribute ID	Access Rule	Name	Data Type	Value
1	Get	Revision	UINT	1



## Identity Object

A single instance of the Identity Object is supported. The following instance attributes are supported:

**Table D.4 Identity Object Instance Attributes**

Attribute ID	Access Rule	Name	Data Type	Value
1	Get	Vendor	UINT	1
2	Get	Device Type	UINT	22 or 133
3	Get	Product Code	UINT	See Table D.1
4	Get	Revision Major Revision Minor Revision	Structure of: USINT USINT	Indicates Software Firmware Revision Number
5	Get	Status	WORD	Bit 0: 0 = not owned; 1 = owned by master Bit 2: 0 = Factory Defaulted; 1 = Configured Bit 8: Minor Recoverable fault Bit 9: Minor Unrecoverable fault Bit 10: Major Recoverable fault Bit 11: Major Unrecoverable fault
6	Get	Serial Number	UDINT	Unique Number for Each Device
7	Get	Product Name String Length ASCII String	Structure of: USINT STRING	Product code specific See Table D.1.
8	Get	State	USINT	Returns the value <b>3 = Operational</b>
9	Get	Configuration Consistency Value	UINT	Unique value depending on output of the parameter checksum algorithm.
10	Get/Set	Heartbeat Interval	USINT	In seconds. Default = 0

The following common services are implemented for the Identity Object:

**Table D.5 Identity Object Common Services**

Service Code	Implemented for		Service Name
	Class	Instance	
0x0E	No	Yes	Get_Attribute_Single
0x05	No	Yes	Reset
0x10	No	Yes	Set_Attribute_Single

## Message Router — CLASS CODE 0x0002

No class or instance attributes are supported. The message router object exists only to rout explicit messages to other objects.



### DeviceNet Object — CLASS CODE 0x0003

The following class attributes are supported for the DeviceNet Object:

**Table D.6 DeviceNet Object Class Attributes**

Attribute ID	Access Rule	Name	Data Type	Value
1	Get	Revision	UINT	2

A single instance (Instance 1) of the DeviceNet Object will be supported. The following instance attributes are supported:

**Table D.7 DeviceNet Object Instance Attributes**

Attribute ID	Access Rule	Name	Data Type	Value
1	Get/Set	Node Address	USINT	0...63
2	Get/Set	Baud Rate	USINT	0 = 125K 1 = 250K 2 = 500K 3 = 1M ❶
5	Get	Allocation Info <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Allocation Choice</li> <li>• Master Node Addr</li> </ul>	Structure of: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• BYTE</li> <li>• USINT</li> </ul>	Allocation_byte ❷ 0...63 = address 255 = unallocated
8	Get	MAC ID Switch Value	BOOL	0...63

❶ 1M baud is only available on the Bulletin 284A.

❷ See Table D.8

**Table D.8 Allocation\_byte**

Bit 0	Explicit messaging
Bit 1	Polled I/O
Bit 4	COS I/O
Bit 5	Cyclic I/O
Bit 6	Acknowledge Suppression

The following services are implemented for the DeviceNet Object:

**Table D.9 DeviceNet Object Common Services**

Service Code	Implemented for		Service Name
	Class	Instance	
0x0E	Yes	Yes	Get_Attribute_Single
0x10	No	Yes	Set_Attribute_Single
0x4B	No	Yes	Allocate_Master/Slave_Connection_Set
0x4C	No	Yes	Release_Master/Slave_Connection_Set



### Assembly Object — CLASS CODE 0x0004

The following class attributes are supported for the Assembly Object

**Table D.10 DeviceNet Assembly Object:**

Attribute ID	Access Rule	Name	Data Type	Value
2	Get	Max Instance	UINT	190

All of the various instances of the assembly object will support Attribute 3. Table D.11 summarizes the various instances that are supported

**Table D.11 DeviceNet Assembly Object Instance Attributes:**

Attribute ID	Type	Description
3	Consumed	Required ODVA Consumed Instance
52	Produced	Required ODVA Produced Instance
120	Produced	Custom Parameter Based Word Wise Assembly
160	Consumed	Default Consumed Instance for DOL and SoftStart units
161	Produced	Default Produced Instance for DOL and SoftStart units
162	Consumed	Standard Consumed Instance for DOL and SoftStart with Network Inputs
163	Produced	Standard Produced Instance for DOL and SoftStart with Network Outputs
164	Consumed	Default Consumed Instance for Inverter type units
165	Produced	Default Produced Instance for Inverter type units
166	Consumed	Standard Consumed Instance for Inverter type units with Network Inputs
167	Produced	Standard Produced Instance for Inverter type units with Network Outputs
170	Consumed	Power Flex Native Format Consumed Instance
171	Produced	Power Flex Native Format Produced Instance
181	Produced	User Inputs
182	Consumed	Consumed Network Bits (a.k.a Network Inputs)
183	Produced	Produced Network Bits (a.k.a. Network Outputs)
184	Produced	Trip Status Bits
185	Produced	Starter Status Bits
186	Produced	DeviceNet Status Bits
187	Consumed	Starter Control Bits
188	Consumed	Drive Control Bits
189	Produced	Warning Status Bits
190	Produced	1799 - ZCIO Bits



## Custom Parameter Based Word-Wise I/O Assembly

**Table D.12 CustomParameter Based Word Wise (Produced) Assembly Instance**

Instance 120									
Word	Byte	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
0	0	Value of the parameter pointed to by <b>Produced Word 0 Param</b> (low byte)							
	1	Value of the parameter pointed to by <b>Produced Word 0 Param</b> (high byte)							
1	2	Value of the parameter pointed to by <b>Produced Word 1 Param</b> (low byte)							
	3	Value of the parameter pointed to by <b>Produced Word 1 Param</b> (high byte)							
2	4	Value of the parameter pointed to by <b>Produced Word 2 Param</b> (low byte)							
	5	Value of the parameter pointed to by <b>Produced Word 2 Param</b> (high byte)							
3	6	Value of the parameter pointed to by <b>Produced Word 3 Param</b> (low byte)							
	7	Value of the parameter pointed to by <b>Produced Word 3 Param</b> (high byte)							

## Word-Wise Bit-Packed Assemblies

Assemblies whose instance numbers are 180...189 are all one word (16 bits) long. They can be used stand-alone, but their main use is to assemble information for EDS file parameters. These Word-Wise assemblies become the building blocks for the Custom Parameter Based Word-Wise assembly described in Table D.12.

**Table D.13 Instance 181 — Hardware Inputs 1...16 ①**

Instance 181 — This is a Read Only Status Assembly								
Byte	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
0	—	—	—	—	Input 4	Input 3	Input 2	Input 1
1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

① **Note:** This assembly does not exist on the Bulletin 284A.

**Table D.14 Instance 182 — Consumed Network Inputs 1...16**

Instance 182 — This is a Read/Write Control Assembly								
Byte	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
0	NetInput 8	NetInput 7	NetInput 6	NetInput 5	NetInput 4	NetInput 3	NetInput 2	NetInput 1
1	NetInput 16	NetInput 15	NetInput 14	NetInput 13	NetInput 12	NetInput 11	NetInput 10	NetInput 9

**Table D.15 Instance 183 — Produced Network Outputs 1...15**

Instance 183 — This is a Read Only Status Assembly								
Byte	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
0	Net Out 8	Net Out 7	Net Out 6	Net Out 5	Net Out 4	Net Out 3	Net Out 2	Net Out 1
1	Reserved	Net Out 15	Net Out 14	Net Out 13	Net Out 12	Net Out 11	Net Out 10	Net Out 9



**Table D.16 Instance 184 — Trip Status**

<b>Instance 184 — This is a Read Only Status Assembly</b>								
Byte	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
0	Over Temp	IO Fault	Control Power	Stall	Gnd Fault	Phase Short	OL Trip	140M Trip
1	Misc. Fault	Retries	HW Fault	EEPROM	DC Bus	Int Comm	DNet Flt	Over Current

**Table D.17 Instance 185 — Starter StatusT**

<b>Instance 185 — This is a Read Only Status Assembly</b>								
Byte	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
0	At Reference	Net Ref Status	Net Ctl Status	Ready	Running Rev	Running Fwd	Alarm	Tripped
1	Contactor 2 ②	Contactor 1 ③	140M On	HOA Status	KP Hand	KP Jog	DrvOpto2	DrvOpto1

② Refers to output contactor status.

③ Refers to source brake contactor status.

**Table D.18 Instance 186 — DeviceNet Status**

<b>Instance 186 — This is a Read Only Status Assembly</b>								
Byte	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
0	—	—	—	I/O Idle	I/O Flt	Exp Flt	I/O Cnxn	Exp Cnxn
1	ZIP 4 Flt	ZIP 4 Cnxn	ZIP 3 Flt	ZIP 3 Cnxn	ZIP 2 Flt	ZIP 2 Cnxn	ZIP 1 Flt	ZIP 1 Cnxn

**Instance 187 — This is a Read/Write Assembly**

Byte	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
0	User Out B	User Out A	—	Jog Rev	Jog Fwd	Fault Reset	Run Rev	Run Fwd
1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

**Instance 188 — This is a Read/Write Assembly**

Byte	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
0	—	Freq Select 3	Freq Select 2	Freq Select 1	Decel 2	Decel 1	Accel 2	Accel 1
1	—	—	—	—	Drv In 4	Drv In 3	Drv In 2	Drv In 1

**Table D.19 Instance 189 This is a “Read Only” assembly****Instance 189 Warning Status Bits**

Byte	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
0	Reserved	I/O Warning	Control Power Warning	—	—	—	—	—
1	—	—	HW Warn	—	—	—	DN Warn ❶	PI Warn

❶ Not available with Bulletin 284A



**Table D.20 Instance 190 is the 1999-ZC10 Native Format Produced Assembly**

<b>Instance 190 1799-ZC10 Native Format Produced Assembly</b>								
Byte	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
0	Running Rev	Running Fwd	Warning	Tripped	Input 3	Input 2	Input 1	Input 0
1	Reserved	Logic Enable	Reserved				140M On	HOA
2	Drive In 4	Drive In 3	Drive In 2	Drive In 1	User Out B	User Out A	Run Rev	Run Fwd
3	Reserved						Jog Rev	Jog Fwd
4	Net Out 8	Net Out 7	Net Out 6	Net Out 5	Net Out 4	Net Out 3	Net Out 2	Net Out 1
5	ZIP CCV (Low)							
6	ZIP CCV (High)							

**Standard Distributed Motor Controller I/O Assemblies**

Standard Distributed Motor Controller I/O Assemblies are available on all Starter Types.

**Standard Distributed Motor Controller Output (Consumed) Assemblies**

Instance 3 is the required output (consumed) assembly defined in the DeviceNet Motor Starter Profile.

**Table D.21 ODVA Starter**

Byte	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Run Fwd

Instance 160 is the default output (consumed) assembly for Bulletin 280/281 Distributed Motor Controllers

**Table D.22 Instance 160 — Default Consumed Standard Distributed Motor Controller.**

Byte	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
0	User Out B	User Out A				Fault Reset	Run Rev	Run Fwd

Instance 162 is the standard output (consumed) assembly with Network Inputs for Bulletin 280/281 Distributed Motor Controllers

**Table D.23 Standard Consumed Starter with Network Inputs.**

Byte	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
0	User Out B	User Out A				Fault Reset	Run Rev	Run Fwd
1	Net In 8	Net In 7	Net In 6	Net In 5	Net In 4	Net In 3	Net In 2	Net In 1
2	Net In 16	Net In 15	Net In 14	Net In 13	Net In 12	Net In 11	Net In 10	Net In 9



### Bulletin 284 Distributed Motor Controller I/O Assemblies

Bulletin 284 Distributed Motor Controller IO Assemblies are available ONLY on the Bulletin 284 Distributed Motor Controller.

### Standard Distributed Motor Controller Output (Consumed) Assemblies

Instance 164 is the default output (consumed) assembly for Inverter Type Distributed Motor Controllers

**Table D.24 Instance 164 — Default Consumed Inverter Type Distributed Motor Controller.**

Byte	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
0	User Out B	User Out A	—	Jog Rev	Jog Fwd	Fault Reset	Run Rev	Run Fwd
1	Drive In 4	Drive In 3	Drive In 2	Drive In 1	Decel 2	Decel 1	Accel 2	Accel 1
2	Comm Frequency Command (Low) (xxx.x Hz)							
3	Comm Frequency Command (High) (xxx.x Hz)							

Instance 166 is the standard output (consumed) assembly for Inverter Type Distributed Motor Controllers with network inputs

**Table D.25 Instance 166 — Consumed Inverter Type Starter with Network Inputs**

Byte	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
0	User Out B	User Out A	—	Jog Rev	Jog Fwd	Fault Reset	Run Rev	Run Fwd
1	Drive In 4	Drive In 3	Drive In 2	Drive In 1	Decel 2	Decel 1	Accel 2	Accel 1
2	Comm Frequency Command (Low) (xxx.x Hz)							
3	Comm Frequency Command (High) (xxx.x Hz)							
4	Net In 8	Net In 7	Net In 6	Net In 5	Net In 4	Net In 3	Net In 2	Net In 1
5	Net In 16	Net In 15	Net In 14	Net In 13	Net In 12	Net In 11	Net In 10	Net In 9

### Standard Distributed Motor Controller Input (Produced) Assemblies

Instance 52 is the required input (produced) assembly defined in the DeviceNet Motor Starter Profile

**Table D.26 Instance 52 — ODVA Starter.**

Byte	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
—	—	—	—	—	—	Running	—	Fault



Instance 161 is the default input (produced) assembly for the Bulletin 280/281 Distributed Motor Controller

**Table D.27 Instance 161 — Default Produced Standard Distributed Motor.**

Byte	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
0	—	—	—	Ready	Running Rev	Running Fwd	—	Tripped
1	—	—	140M On	HOA Stat.	User In 3	User In 2	User In 1	User In 0
					Reserved ❶	Reserved ❶	Reserved ❶	Reserved ❶

Instance 163 is the standard input (produced) assembly with Network Outputs for the Bulletin 280/281 Distributed Motor Controller

**Table D.28 Instance 163 — Standard Produced Starter with Network Outputs.**

Byte	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
0				Ready	Running Rev	Running Fwd	Alarm	Tripped
1			140M On	HOA	User In 4	User In 3	User In 2	User In 1
					Reserved ❶	Reserved ❶	Reserved ❶	Reserved ❶
2	Net Out 8	Net Out 7	Net Out 6	Net Out 5	Net Out 4	Net Out 3	Net Out 2	Net Out 1
3	Logic Enable Stat	Net Out 15	Net Out 14	Net Out 13	Net Out 12	Net Out 11	Net Out 10	Net Out 9
4	ZIP Device Value Key (Low)							
5	ZIP Device Value Key (High)							

### Inverter Type Distributed Motor Controller Input (Produced) Assemblies

Instance 165 is the default input (produced) assembly for Inverter Type Distributed Motor Controllers

**Table D.29 Default Produced Inverter Type Distributed Motor Controller.**

Byte	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
0	At Reference	Net Ref Status	Net Ctl Status	Ready	Running Rev	Running Fwd	Alarm	Tripped
1	Contactor 2 ❷	Contactor 1 ❸	140M On	HOA	User In 4	User In 3	User In 2	User In 1
					Reserved ❶	Reserved ❶	Reserved ❶	Reserved ❶
2	Output Frequency (Low) (xxx.x Hz)							
3	Output Frequency (High) (xxx.x Hz)							

❶ If 284 A is selected.

❷ Refers to output contactor status.

❸ Refers to source brake contactor status.



Instance 167 is input (produced) assembly for Inverter Type Distributed Motor Controllers with Network Outputs

**Table D.30 .Instance 167 —Produced Inverter Type Starter with Network**

Byte	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
0	At Reference	Net Ref Status	Net Ctl Status	Ready	Running Rev	Running Fwd	Alarm	Tripped
1	Contactor 2 ②	Contactor 1 ③	140M On	HOA Status	User In 4	User In 3	User In 2	User In 1
					Reserved ①	Reserved ①	Reserved ①	Reserved ①
2	Output Frequency (Low) (xxx.x Hz)							
3	Output Frequency (High) (xxx.x Hz)							
4	Net Out 8	Net Out 7	Net Out 6	Net Out 5	Net Out 4	Net Out 3	Net Out 2	Net Out 1
5		Net Out 15	Net Out 14	Net Out 13	Net Out 12	Net Out 11	Net Out 10	Net Out 9
6	ZIP Device Value Key (Low)							
7	ZIP Device Value Key (High)							

## Options

- ❶ If 284A is selected.
- ❷ Refers to output contactor status.
- ❸ Refers to source brake contactor status.

## Power Flex Native Assemblies

These assembly instances have the same data format as the Power Flex Drives with a DNet adapter.

## Power Flex Native Consumed Assembly

Instance 170 is the Power Flex Native Format Consumed Assembly

**Table D.31 Instance 170 — Power Flex Native Format Consumed Assembly.**

Byte	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
0	MOP Inc	reserved	Direction Cmd		Flt Reset	Jog	Start	Stop
1	MOP Dec	Freq Select 3	Freq Select 2	Freq Select 1	Decel 2	Decel 1	Accel 2	Accel 1
2	Comm Frequency Command (Low)							
3	Comm Frequency Command (High)							



### Table D.32 Logic Command

Accel 2	Accel 1		Description
0	0		No Command
0	1		Accel 1 Enable
1	0		Accel 2 Enable
1	1		Hold Accel Rate Selected
Decel 2	Decel 1		
0	0		No Command
0	1		Decel 1 Enable
1	0		Decel 2 Enable
1	1		Hold Decel Rate Selected
Freq Select 3	Freq Select 2	Freq Select 1	
0	0	0	No Command
0	0	1	Freq Source = P136 (Start Source)
0	1	0	Freq Source = P169 (Internal Freq)
0	1	1	Freq Source = Comms
1	0	0	P170 (Preset Freq 0)
1	0	1	P171 (Preset Freq 1)
1	1	0	P172 (Preset Freq 2)
1	1	1	P173 (Preset Freq 3)

## Power Flex Native Produced Assembly

Instance 171 is the Power Flex Native Format Produced Assembly.

### Table D.33 Instance 171 — PowerFlex Native Format Produced Assembly

[illegible]



### Connection Object — CLASS CODE 0x0005

No class attributes are supported for the Connection Object.

Multiple instances of the Connection Object are supported, Instances 1, 2, and 4 from the Group 2 predefined master/slave connection set, Instances 5 and 6 are available explicit UCMM connections.

Instance 1 is the Predefined Group 2 Connection Set Explicit Message Connection. The following Instance 1 attributes is supported

**Table D.34 Connection Object Instance 1 Attributes:**

Attribute ID	Access Rule	Name	Data Type	Value
1	Get	State	USINT	0 = non-existent 1 = configuring 3 = established 4 = timed out
2	Get	Instance Type	USINT	0 = Explicit Message
3	Get	Transport Class Trigger	USINT	0x83 — Server, Transport Class 3
4	Get	Produced Connection ID	UINT	10xxxxxx011 xxxxxx = node address
5	Get	Consumed Connection ID	UINT	10xxxxxx100 xxxxxx = node address
6	Get	Initial Comm Characteristics	USINT	0x22
7	Get	Produced Connection Size	UINT	0x61
8	Get	Consumed Connection Size	UINT	0x61
9	Get/Set	Expected Packet Rate	UINT	in milliseconds
12	Get	Watchdog Action	USINT	01 = auto delete 03 = deferred delete
13	Get	Produced Connection Path Length	UINT	0
14	Get	Produced Connection Path		Empty
15	Get	Consumed Connection Path Length	UINT	0
16	Get	Consumed Connection Path		Empty



Instance 2 is the Predefined Group 2 Connection Set Polled I/O Message Connection. The following Instance 2 attributes are supported

**Table D.35 Connection Object Instance 2 Attributes:**

Attribute ID	Access	Name	Data Type	Value
1	Get	State	USINT	0 = non-existent 1 = configuring 3 = established 4 = timed out
2	Get	Instance Type	USINT	1 = I/O Connection
3	Get	Transport Class Trigger	USINT	0x82 — Server, Transport Class 2 (If alloc_choice != polled and ack suppression is enabled then value = 0x80)
4	Get	Produced Connection ID	UINT	01111xxxxx xxxxxx = node address
5	Get	Consumed Connection ID	UINT	10xxxxxx101 xxxxxx = node address
6	Get	Initial Comm Characteristics	USINT	0x21
7	Get	Produced Connection Size	UINT	0...8
8	Get	Consumed Connection Size	UINT	0...8
9	Get/Set	Expected Packet Rate	UINT	in milliseconds
12	Get/Set	Watchdog Action	USINT	0 = transition to timed out 1 = auto delete 2 = auto reset
13	Get	Produced Connection Path Length	UINT	8
14	Get/Set	Produced Connection Path		21 04 00 25 (assy inst) 00 30 03
15	Get	Consumed Connection Path Length	UINT	8
16	Get/Set	Consumed Connection Path		21 04 00 25 (assy inst) 00 30 03



Instance 4 is the Predefined Group 2 Connection Set Change of State/ Cyclic I/O Message Connection. The following Instance 4 attributes are supported

**Table D.36 Connection Object Instance 4 Attributes:**

Attribute ID	Access Rule	Name	Data Type	Value
1	Get	State	USINT	0 = non-existent 1 = configuring 3 = established 4 = timed out
2	Get	Instance Type	USINT	1 = I/O Connection
3	Get	Transport Class Trigger	USINT	0x00 (Cyclic, unacknowledged) 0x03 (Cyclic, acknowledged) 0x10 (COS, unacknowledged) 0x13 (COS, acknowledged)
4	Get	Produced Connection ID	UINT	01101xxxxx xxxxxx = node address
5	Get	Consumed Connection ID	UINT	10xxxxxx101 xxxxxx = node address
6	Get	Initial Comm Characteristics	USINT	0x02 (acknowledged) 0x0F (unacknowledged)
7	Get	Produced Connection Size	UINT	0...8
8	Get	Consumed Connection Size	UINT	0...8
9	Get/Set	Expected Packet Rate	UINT	in milliseconds
12	Get	Watchdog Action	USINT	0 = transition to timed out 1 = auto delete 2 = auto reset
13	Get	Produced Connection Path Length	UINT	8
14	Get	Produced Connection Path		21 04 00 25 (assy inst) 00 30 03
15	Get	Consumed Connection Path Length	UINT	8
16	Get/Set	Consumed Connection Path		21 04 00 25 (assy inst) 00 30 03



Instances 5...6 will be available Group 3 explicit message connections that are allocated through the UCMM. The following attributes are supported

**Table D.37 Connection Object Instance 5...7 Attributes:**

Attribute ID	Access Rule	Name	Data Type	Value
1	Get	State	USINT	0 = non-existent 1 = configuring 3 = established 4 = timed out
2	Get	Instance Type	USINT	0 = Explicit Message
3	Get	Transport Class Trigger	USINT	0x83 — Server, Transport Class 3
4	Get	Produced Connection ID	UINT	Depends on message group and Message ID
5	Get	Consumed Connection ID	UINT	Depends on message group and Message ID
6	Get	Initial Comm Characteristics	USINT	0x33 (Group 3)
7	Get	Produced Connection Size	UINT	0
8	Get	Consumed Connection Size	UINT	
9	Get/Set	Expected Packet Rate	UINT	in milliseconds
12	Get	Watchdog Action	USINT	01 = auto delete 03 = deferred delete
13	Get	Produced Connection Path Length	UINT	0
14	Get	Produced Connection Path		Empty
15	Get	Consumed Connection Path Length	UINT	0
16	Get	Consumed Connection Path		Empty



Instances 8...11 are ZIP Consumers. The following instance attributes will be supported:

**Table D.38 Connection Object instance 8...11 Attributes**

Attribute ID	Access Rule	Name	Data Type	Value
1	Get	State	USINT	0=nonexistent 1=configuring 3=established
2	Get	Instance Type	USINT	1=I/O Connection
3	Get	Transport Class Trigger	USINT	0x20 (COS, unacknowledged)
4	Get	Produced Connection ID	UINT	FFFF (not producing data)
5	Get	Consumed Connection ID	UINT	01101xxxxx xxxxxx=node address
6	Get	Initial Comm Characteristics	USINT	0xF0 (unacknowledged)
7	Get	Produced Connection Size	UINT	0
8	Get	Consumed Connection Size	UINT	8
9	Get/Set	Expected Packet Rate	UINT	in milliseconds
12	Get	Watchdog Action	USINT	2=auto reset
13	Get	Produced Connection Path Length	UINT	0
14	Get	Produced Connection Path		0
15	Get	Consumed Connection Path Length	UINT	8
16	Get	Consumed Connection Path		21 0E 03 25 01 00 30 02

The following services are implemented for the Connection Object

**Table D.39 Connection Objects Common Services:**

Service Code	Implemented for		Service Name
	Class	Instance	
0x05	No	Yes	Reset
0x0E	No	Yes	Get_Attribute_Single
0x10	No	Yes	Set_Attribute_Single



### Discrete Input Point Object — CLASS CODE 0x0008 ⓘ

The following class attributes are supported for the Discrete Input Point Object

**Table D.40 Discrete Input Point Object Class Attributes:**

Attribute ID	Access Rule	Name	Data Type	Value
1	Get	Revision	UINT	2
2	Get	Max Instance	UINT	4

ⓘ **Note:** This assembly does not exist for the Bulletin 284A.

Four instances of the Discrete Input Point Object are supported. All instances will contain the following attributes

**Table D.41 Discrete Input Point Object Instance Attributes:**

Attribute ID	Access Rule	Name	Data Type	Value
3	Get	Value	BOOL	0 = OFF, 1 = ON
115	Get/Set	Force Enable	BOOL	0 = Disable, 1 = Enable
116	Get/Set	Force Value	BOOL	0 = OFF, 1 = ON

The following common services are implemented for the Discrete Input Point Object

**Table D.42 Discrete Input Point Object Instance Common Services:**

Service Code	Implemented for		Service Name
	Class	Instance	
0x0E	Yes	Yes	Get_Attribute_Single
0x10	No	Yes	Set_Attribute_Single



### Discrete Output Point Object — CLASS CODE 0x0009

The following class attributes are supported for the Discrete Output Point Object:

**Table D.43 Discrete Output Point Object Class Attributes**

Attribute ID	Access Rule	Name	Data Type	Value
1	Get	Revision	UINT	1
2	Get	Max Instance	UINT	10

Ten instances of the Discrete Output Point Object are supported.

Table D.44 summarizes the DOP instances:

**Table D.44 Discrete Output Point Object Instance Attributes**

Instance ID	Name	Alternate Mapping	Description
1	Run Fwd Output	0029 – 01 – 03	Run Forward output. For all starter types, this output is hard wired from the ArmorStart CPU to the actuator
2	Run Rev Output	0029 – 01 – 04	Run Reverse output. For all starter types, this output is hard wired from the ArmorStart CPU to the actuator
3	User Output 1	none	These are the two ArmorStart user outputs.
4	User Output 2	none	
5	Drive Input 1	none	These four instances exist for Inverter units only. They are connected to Drive Inputs 1...4.
6	Drive Input 2	none	
7	Drive Input 3	none	
8	Drive Input 4	none	
9	Drive Jog Fwd	none	This instances exists for Inverter units only
10	Drive Jog Rev	none	

All instances will contain the following attributes

**Table D.45 Discrete Output Point Instance Attributes.**

Attribute ID	Access Rule	Name	Data Type	Value
3	Get	Value	BOOL	0 = OFF, 1 = ON
5	Get/Set	Fault Action	BOOL	0 = Fault Value attribute, 1 = Hold Last State
6	Get/Set	Fault Value	BOOL	0 = OFF, 1 = ON
7	Get/Set	Idle Action	BOOL	0 = Fault Value attribute, 1 = Hold Last State
8	Get/Set	Idle Value	BOOL	0 = OFF, 1 = ON
113	Get/Set ❶	Pr Fault Action	BOOL	0 = Pr Fault Value attribute, 1 = Ignore
114	Get/Set ❶	Pr Fault Value	BOOL	0 = OFF, 1 = ON
115	Get/Set	Force Enable	BOOL	0 = Disable, 1 = Enable
116	Get/Set	Force Value	BOOL	0 = OFF, 1 = ON

❶ For DOP Instances 1 and 2, and 9 and 10, Attributes 113 and 114 have Get only access, and their values are always 0



The following common services are implemented for the Discrete Output Point Object

**Table D.46 Discrete Output Common Services:**

Service Code	Implemented for		Service Name
	Class	Instance	
0x0E	No	Yes	Get_Attribute_Single
0x10	No	Yes	Set_Attribute_Single

### **Discrete Output Point Object Special Requirements**

#### **DOP Instances 3 and 4 Special Behavior**

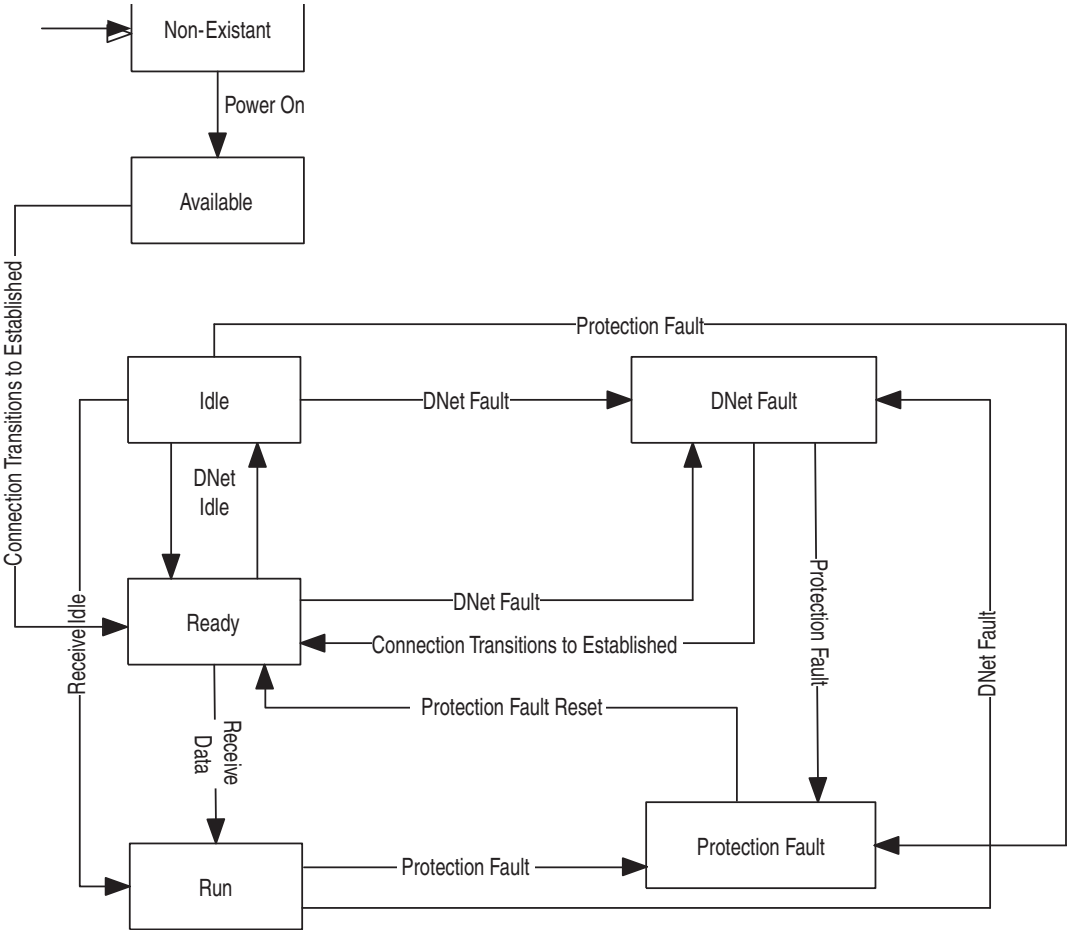
There are many sources that can affect an output point's value: an I/O message, and explicit message, local logic, network fault and idle conditions, and protection fault conditions. An output point must know how to select which source of data to use to drive its value attribute.

An output that is not bound behaves much the same as in the DeviceNet Specification. One notable addition to DOP behavior for the ArmorStart implementation is the Protection Fault Action and Protection Fault Value attributes determine the behavior of the DOP when the ArmorStart faults on a protection fault.



The following State Transition Diagram is used for Unbound DOP Instances 3...8 when they are not used in a DeviceLogix™ Program

Figure D.1 State Transition Diagram — Unbound DOP 3...8



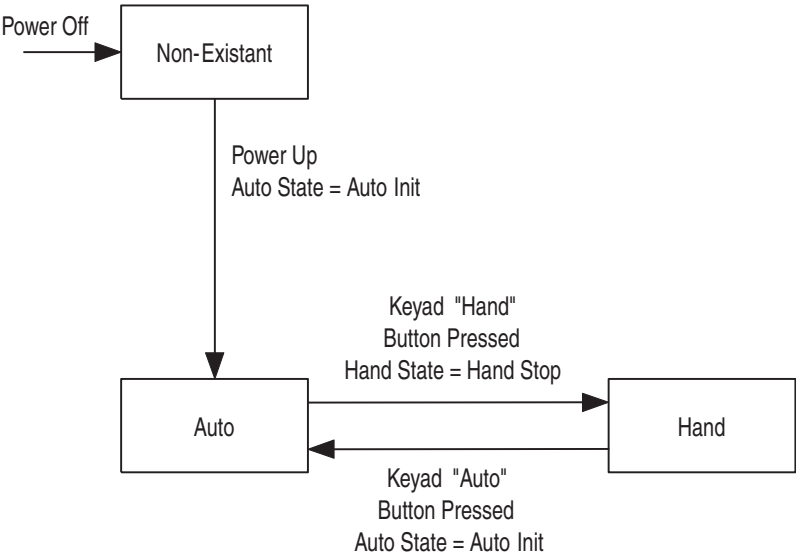


**DOP Instances 1, 2, 9, and 10 Special Behavior**

Besides the sources that can affect output points 3 and 4, DOPs 1 and 2 can be affected by keypad inputs since they double as the Run Forward and Run Reverse outputs. This adds complexity to their behavior, so their behavior is defined in this section separately.

The following State Transition Diagram is used for DOP Instances 1, 2, 9, and 10:

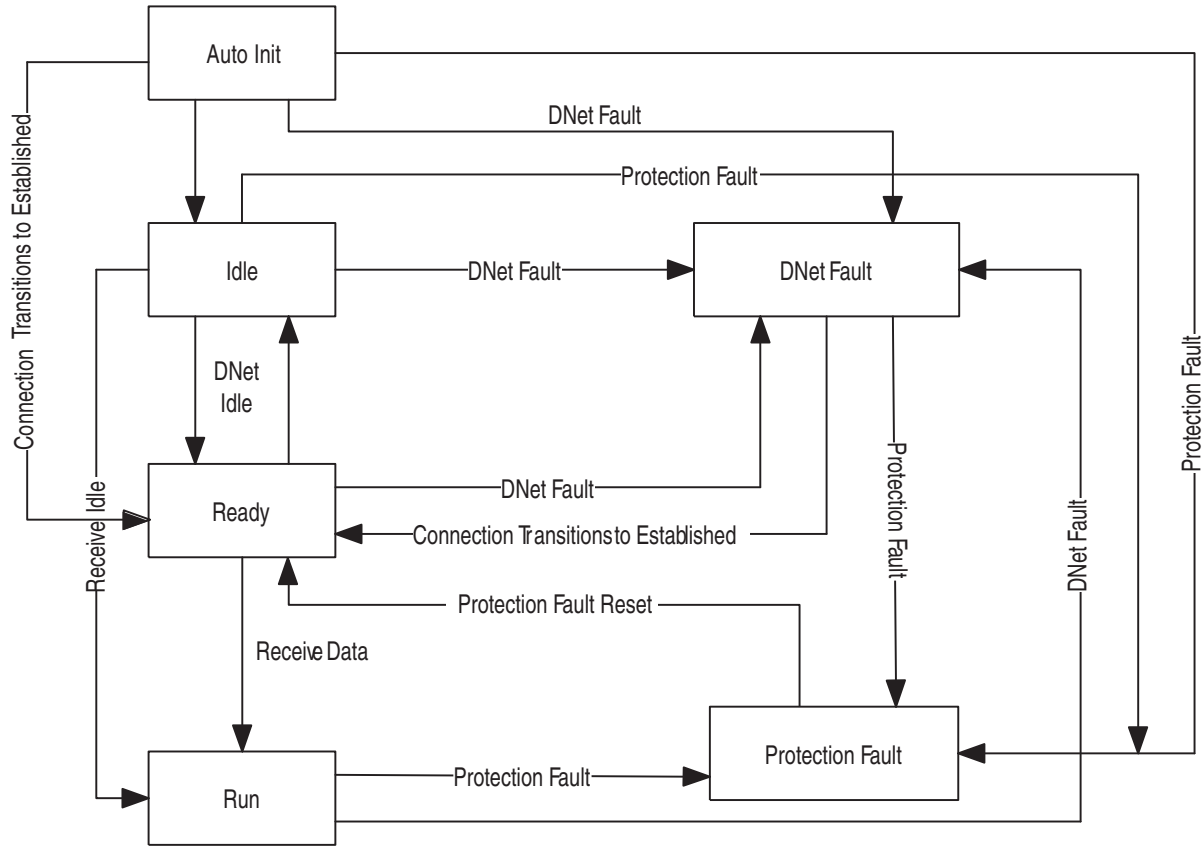
**Figure D.2 DOP Instances 1, 2, 9, and 10**





The following State Transition Diagram is used in Auto State for Unbound DOP Instances 1, 2, 9, and 10

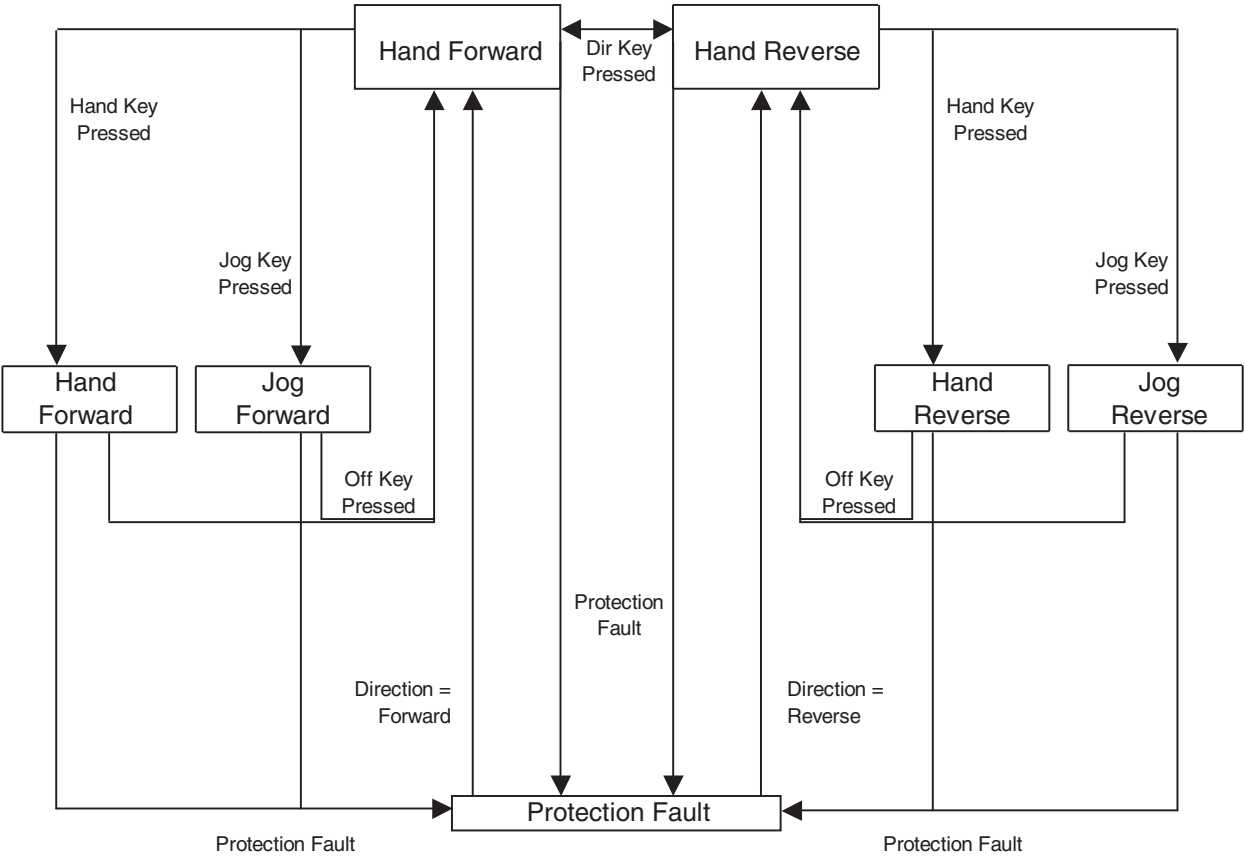
Figure D.3 Auto State for Unbound DOP Instances 1, 2, 9, and 10





The following State Transition Diagram is used in Hand State for Bound or Unbound DOPs 1, 2, 9, and 10 with Parameter 45 Keypad Mode set to 1 = momentary.

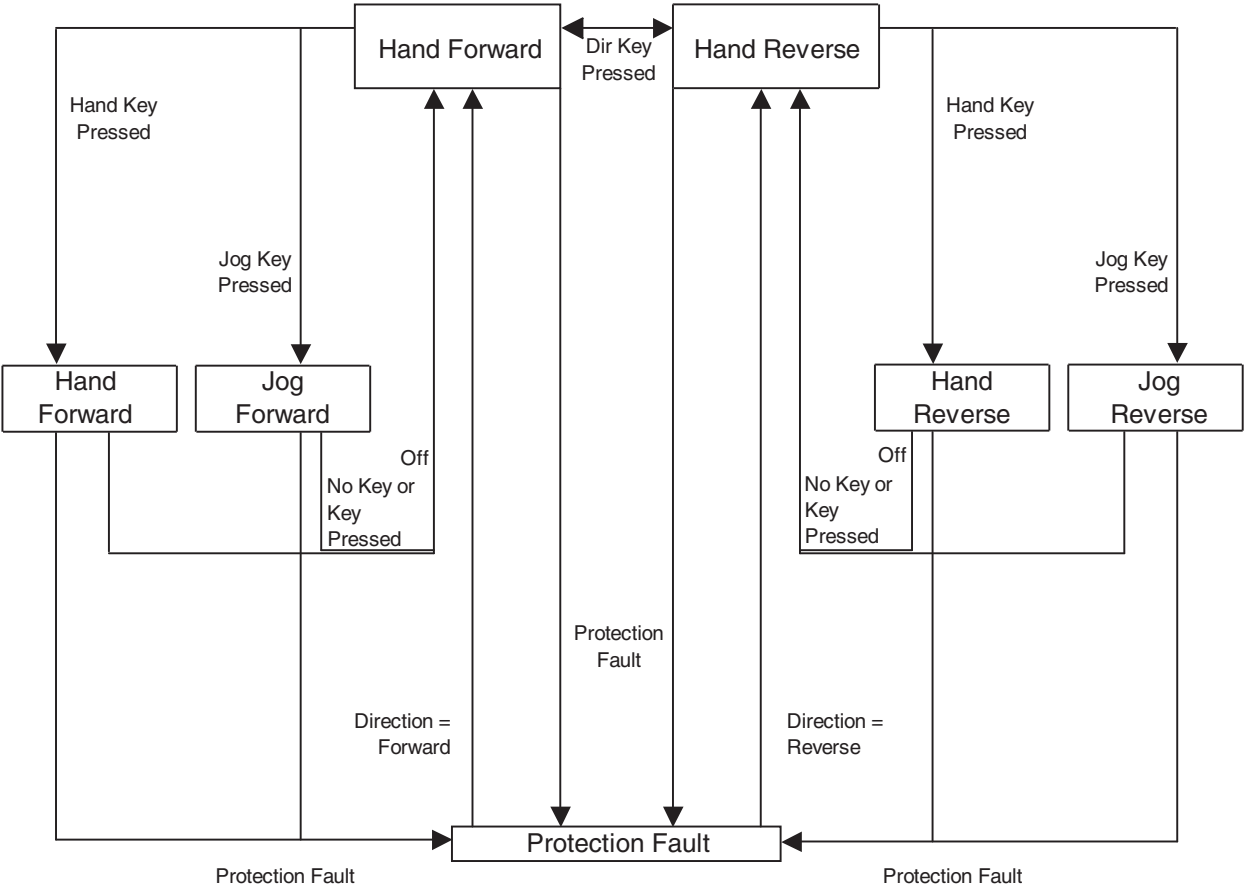
Figure D.4





The following State Transition Diagram is used in Hand State for Bound or Unbound DOPs 1, 2, 9, and 10 with Parameter 45 Keypad Mode set to 1 = maintained.

Figure D.5





## Parameter Object — CLASS CODE 0x000F

The following class attributes are supported for the Parameter Object

**Table D.47 Parameter Object Class Attributes:**

Attribute ID	Access Rule	Name	Data Type
1	Get	Revision	UINT
2	Get	Max Instance	UINT
8	Get	Parameter Class Descriptor	WORD
9	Get	Configuration Assembly Instance	UINT

The number of instances of the parameter object depends upon the type of Distributed Motor Controller. There will be a standard set of instances reserved (1...99) for all starters. These instances will be followed by a unique set of instances for each starter type (Bulletin 280/281 or 284).

The following instance attributes are implemented for all parameter attributes

**Table D.48 Parameter Object Instance Attributes:**

Attribute ID	Access Rule	Name	Data Type
1	Get/Set	Value	Specified in Descriptor
2	Get	Link Path Size	USINT
3	Get	Link Path	Array of: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• BYTE</li> <li>• EPATH</li> </ul>
4	Get	Descriptor	WORD
5	Get	Data Type	EPATH
6	Get	Data Size	USINT
7	Get	Parameter Name String	SHORT_STRING
8	Get	Units String	SHORT_STRING
9	Get	Help String	SHORT_STRING
10	Get	Minimum Value	Specified in Descriptor
11	Get	Maximum Value	Specified in Descriptor
12	Get	Default Value	Specified in Descriptor
13	Get	Scaling Multiplier	UINT
14	Get	Scaling Divisor	UINT
15	Get	Scaling Base	UINT
16	Get	Scaling Offset	INT
17	Get	Multiplier Link	UINT
18	Get	Divisor Link	UINT
19	Get	Base Link	UINT
20	Get	Offset Link	UINT
21	Get	Decimal Precision	USINT



The following common services are implemented for the Parameter Object

**Table D.49 Parameter Object Common Services:**

Service Code	Implemented for		Service Name
	Class	Instance	
0x0E	Yes	Yes	Get_Attribute_Single
0x10	No	Yes	Set_Attribute_Single
0x01	No	Yes	Get_Attributes_All

### Parameter Group Object — CLASS CODE 0x0010

The following class attributes are supported for the Parameter Object

**Table D.50 Parameter Group Object Class Attributes:**

Attribute ID	Access Rule	Name	Data Type
1	Get	Revision	UINT
2	Get	Max Instance	UINT

All Bulletin 284 Motor Starters have the following instances of the parameter group object:

- Instance 1 = DeviceLogix Parameters
- Instance 2 = DeviceNet Parameters
- Instance 3 = Starter Protection Parameters
- Instance 4 = User I/O Parameters
- Instance 5 = Miscellaneous
- Instance 6 = Drive DNet
- Instance 7 = ZIP Parameters
- Instance 8 = Basic Display
- Instance 9 = Basic Program
- Instance 10 = Advanced Program



The following instance attributes are supported for all parameter group instances

**Table D.51 Parameter Group Object Instance Attributes:**

Attribute ID	Access Rule	Name	Data Type
1	Get	Group Name String	SHORT_STRING
2	Get	Number of Members	UINT
3	Get	First Parameter	UINT
4	Get	Second Parameter	UINT
N	Get	Nth Parameter	UINT

The following common services are implemented for the Parameter Group Object

**Table D.52 Parameter Group Object Service Common Services:**

Service Code	Implemented for		Service Name
	Class	Instance	
0x0E	Yes	Yes	Get_Attribute_Single


### Discrete Input Group Object — CLASS CODE 0x001D

No class attributes are supported for the Discrete Input Group Object.

A single instance of the Discrete Input Group Object is supported. It contains the following attributes

**Table D.53 Discrete Input Instance Attributes:**

Attribute ID	Access Rule	Name	Data Type	Value
3	Get	Number of Instances	USINT	4
4	Get	Binding	Array of UINT	List of DIP instances
6	Get/Set	Off_On_Delay	UINT	in usec
7	Get/Set	On_Off_Delay	UINT	In usec

 **Note:** This object does not exist on the Bulletin 284A.

The following common services are implemented for the Discrete Input Group Object

**Table D.54 Discrete Input Group Object Common Services:**

Service Code	Implemented for		Service Name
	Class	Instance	
0x0E	No	Yes	Get_Attribute_Single
0x10	No	Yes	Set_Attribute_Single



### Discrete Output Group Object — CLASS CODE 0x001E

No class attributes are supported for the Discrete Output Group Object.

Two instances of the Discrete Output Group Object are supported. They contain the following attributes

**Table D.55 Discrete Output Group Instance 1 Attributes**

Attribute ID	Access Rule	Name	Data Type	Value
3	Get	Number of Instances	USINT	10
4	Get	Binding	Array of UINT	List of DOP instances; 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10
6	Get/Set	Command	BOOL	0 = idle; 1 = run
104	Get/Set	Network Status Override	BOOL	0 = No Override (go to safe state) 1 = Override (run local logic)
105	Get/Set	Comm Status Override	BOOL	0 = No override (go to safe state) 1 = Override (run local logic)

**Table D.56 Discrete Output Group Instance 2 Attributes**

Attribute ID	Access Rule	Name	Data Type	Value
3	Get	Number of Instances	USINT	4
4	Get	Binding	Array of UINT	5, 6, 7, 8
7	Get/Set	Fault Action	BOOL	0 = Fault Value Attribute, 1 = Hold Last State
8	Get/Set	Fault Value	BOOL	0 = OFF, 1 = ON
9	Get/Set	Idle Action	BOOL	0 = Idle Value Attribute, 1 = Hold Last State
10	Get/Set	Idle Value	BOOL	0 = OFF, 1 = ON
113	Get/Set	Pr Fault Action	BOOL	0 = Pr Fault Value Attribute, 1 = Ignore
114	Get/Set	Pr Fault Value	BOOL	0 = OFF, 1 = ON

The following common services are implemented for the Discrete Output Group Object

**Table D.57 Discrete Output Group Common Services:**

Service Code	Implemented for		Service Name
	Class	Instance	
0x0E	No	Yes	Get_Attribute_Single
0x10	No	Yes	Set_Attribute_Single



### Control Supervisor Object — CLASS CODE 0x0029

No class attributes will be supported. A single instance (instance 1) of the Control Supervisor Object will be supported

**Table D.58 Instance 1 — Control Supervisor Object.**

Attribute ID	Access Rule	Name	Data Type	Value
3	Get/Set	Run FWD	BOOL	These Run outputs also map to DOP instances 1 and 2.
4	Get/Set	Run REV	BOOL	
7	Get	Running FWD	BOOL	
8	Get	Running REV	BOOL	
9	Get	Ready	BOOL	
10	Get	Tripped	BOOL	
12	Get/Set	Fault Reset	BOOL	0->1 = Trip Reset
100	Get/Set	Keypad Mode	BOOL	0=Maintained; 1=Momentary
101	Get/Set	Keypad Disable	BOOL	0=Not Disabled; 1=Disabled
115	Get	Warning Status	WORD	Bits 0-1 = reserved Bit 2 = reserved Bit 3 = reserved Bit 4 = reserved Bit 5 = CP Warning Bit 6 = IO Warning Bit 7 = reserved Bit 8 = reserved Bit 9 = DN Warning Bits 10-12 = reserved Bit 13 = HW Warning Bits 14-15 = reserved
124	Get/Set	Trip Enable	WORD	Bit enumerated trip enable word
130	Get/Set	Trip Reset Mode	BOOL	0>manual; 1=auto
131	Get/Set	Trip Reset Level	USINT	0 – 100%; default = 75
150	Get/Set	High Speed Ena	BOOL	0 = Disable; 1 = Enable
151	Get	Base Enclosure	WORD	Bit 0 = IP67 Bit 1 = NEMA 4x Bits 2-15 reserved
152	Get	Base Options	WORD	Bit 0 = Output Fuse Bit 1 = Safety Monitor Bit 2 = CP Fuse Detect Bits 3-7 = Reserved Bit 8 = 10A Base Bit 9 = 25A Base Bit 10-15 = Reserved
153	Get	Wiring Options	WORD	Bit 0 = Conduit Bit 1 = Round Media Bits 2-15 = Reserved
154	Get	Starter Enclosure	WORD	Bit 0 = IP67 Bit 1 = NEMA 4x Bits 2-15 reserved
156	Get	Last PR Trip	UINT	



The following common services are implemented for the Control Supervisor Object

**Table D.59 Control Supervisor Object Common Services:**

Service Code	Implemented for		Service Name
	Class	Instance	
0x0E	No	Yes	Get_Attribute_Single
0x10	No	Yes	Set_Attribute_Single

### **Acknowledge Handler Object — CLASS CODE 0x002b**

No class attributes are supported for the Acknowledge Handler Object.

A single instance (Instance 1) of the Acknowledge Handler Object is supported. The following instance attributes are supported

**Table D.60 Acknowledge Handler Instance Attributes:**

Attribute ID	Access Rule	Name	Data Type	Value
1	Get/Set	Acknowledge Timer	UINT	milliseconds
2	Get	Retry Limit	USINT	1
3	Get	COS Producing Connection Instance	UINT	4

The following common services are implemented for the Acknowledge Handler Object

**Table D.61 Acknowledge Handler Common Services:**

Service Code	Implemented for		Service Name
	Class	Instance	
0x0E	No	Yes	Get_Attribute_Single
0x10	No	Yes	Set_Attribute_Single



### DeviceNet Interface Object — CLASS CODE 0x00B4

This vendor specific object has no class attributes.

A single instance (Instance 1) of the DeviceNet Interface Object is supported

**Table D.62 DeviceNet Interface Object Instance Attribute:**

Attribute ID	Access Rule	Name	Data Type	Min./Max.	Default	Description
7	Get/Set	Prod Assy Word 0	USINT		1	Defines Word 0 of Assy 120
8	Get/Set	Prod Assy Word 1	USINT		5	Defines Word 1 of Assy 120
9	Get/Set	Prod Assy Word 2	USINT		6	Defines Word 2 of Assy 120
10	Get/Set	Prod Assy Word 3	USINT		7	Defines Word 3 of Assy 120
13	Get/Set	Starter COS Mask	WORD	0 — 0xFFFF	0xFFFF	Change of state mask for starter bits
15	Get/Set	Autobaud Enable	BOOL	0 — 1	1	1 = enabled; 0 = disabled
16	Get/Set	Consumed Assy	USINT	0...185	160 (drive 164)	3, 160, 162, 164, 166, 170, 182, 187, 188
17	Get/Set	Produced Assy	USINT	100...187	161 (drive 165)	52, 120, 161, 163, 165, 167, 171, 181...190
19	Get/Set	Set To Defaults	BOOL	0...1	0	0 = No action; 1 = Reset
23	Get	I/O Produced Size		0...8		
24	Get	I/O Consumed Size	USINT	0...8		
30	Get	DNet Voltage	UINT			DeviceNet Voltage
50	Get/Set	PNB COS Mask	WORD	0...0x00FF	0	Change of state mask for PNBs
64	Get/Set	Unlock Identity Instances	USINT		0	Unlock when set to 99 hex

The following common services are implemented for the DeviceNet Interface Object

**Table D.63 DeviceNet Interface Object Common Services:**

Service Code	Implemented for		Service Name
	Class	Instance	
0x0E	No	Yes	Get_Attribute_Single
0x10	No	Yes	Set_Attribute_Single



## Group Motor Installations

### Application of ArmorStart® Controllers in Group Installation

The following is a method of applying ArmorStart controllers using group motor installation rules as defined in the National Electric Code (NEC 2005) and Electrical Standard for Industrial Machinery (NFPA 79-2002).

1. List motors of the group in descending order of motor nameplate full load current.
2. Select disconnect means.
  - a. Sum all locked rotor currents of motors that can be started simultaneously using NEC Table 430.251.
  - b. Add to that value all the full load currents of any other motors or loads that can be operating at the same time as the motors that start simultaneously, using NEC Table 430.250.
  - c. Use the total current from a and b above to get an equivalent horsepower value from Table 430.251. That value is the size of the disconnect means in horsepower. (NEC 430.110)
3. Select fuse or circuit breaker protection: Select fuse or circuit breaker size for the largest motor per NEC Table 430.52 and add that ampere value to the total of the full load currents of the rest of the motors. The final value is the fuse or circuit breaker size required. (NEC 430.53C)
4. Select wire: Ampacity of wire feeding a group of motors is not less than 125% of the full-load current rating of the highest rated motor plus the sum of the full load current ratings of all the motors in the group. (NEC 430.24)
5. The code states that any taps supplying a single motor shall have an ampacity not less than one third the ampacity of the branch circuit conductors. (NEC 430.53D) The branch circuit conductors can be defined as the conductors on the load side of the fuse block or circuit breaker. This requirement actually defines the size of the group of motors. For example, if the wire from the fuses or circuit breaker is AWG #8 with rated ampacity of 50 A, the smallest wire you can use as a tap and to the motors is AWG #14 with an ampacity of 20 A. (NEC Table 310.16 for 75° C wire) Note that the Bulletin 280-283 ArmorStart controllers will not accept wire greater than #10 wires at its input terminal blocks. The ArmorStart cabling to the motor is UL Listed for the controller's Hp and is supplied with the ArmorStart controller or as an accessory when longer lengths are required.



Group motor installations using the ArmorStart in distributed control applications will be largely dictated by the required motor Hp, their locations and the practical concerns of wire-cable routing on the equipment. It should be noted that Group motor installation are designed to use the actual motor Hp and current ratings in NEC Table 430.250 and not the ArmorStart controller's rating. This allows for the possible standardization of ArmorStart controllers in an installation. An application can be designed using 5 Hp controllers for all motors between say 5 and 2 Hp and 1 Hp controllers for motors 1 Hp and less without having to oversize the wiring and short circuit protection that would result from using the larger ArmorStart controller's rating.

In the case of using the Bulletin 284 VFD-ArmorStart the actual full-load current of the motor needs to be multiplied by the ratio of the drive's ratio of rated input current to output current to arrive at the actual full-load current. For example, in the case of a 2 Hp VFD-ArmorStart being used to control a 1 Hp 2.1 A @ 460 V motor, the full-load amperes to be used for the Group motor calculation would be the 2 Hp VFD-ArmorStart's (Rated Input Current / Rated Output Current) x 1 Hp motor's rated full-load current;  $(5.7 \text{ A} / 4.0 \text{ A}) 2.1 \text{ A} = 3.0 \text{ A}$ .

The following is a group motor example calculation for a 460 V distributed application that requires two 10 Hp DOL-ArmorStart controlling 10 Hp and 5 Hp motors and four 2 Hp VFD-ArmorStarts controlling one 2 Hp motor and three 1 Hp motors. From NEC Table 430.250 the full-load current of the respective motors are:

Motor Hp	Motor FLC (A)
10	14
5	7.6
2	3.4
1	2.1
1	2.1
1	2.1



To design the motor circuit using a time delay fuse from NEC Table 430.52 to the rules of NEC 430.53C we start with the largest motor, 10 Hp, and calculate  $14 \text{ A} \times 175\% = 24.5 \text{ A}$ . To this we add the FLC of the 5 Hp motor, 7.6 A, plus the other calculated drive currents for the motors controlled by the VFD-ArmorStarts. The calculated drive currents are given in the following Table:

Motor Hp	Motor FLC (A)	Drive Input to Output Current Ratio (See ArmorStart Users Manual - Appendix A)	Calculated Drive Current (A)
2	3.4	$5.57 \text{ A} / 4.0 \text{ A} = 1.39$	$3.4 \times 1.39 = 4.72 \text{ A}$
1	2.1	$3.45 \text{ A} / 2.3 \text{ A} = 1.5$	$2.1 \times 1.5 = 3.15 \text{ A}$
1	2.1	$3.45 \text{ A} / 2.3 \text{ A} = 1.5$	$2.1 \times 1.5 = 3.15 \text{ A}$
1	2.1	$3.45 \text{ A} / 2.3 \text{ A} = 1.5$	$2.1 \times 1.5 = 3.15 \text{ A}$

The total current for the fuse ampacity is calculated in the following Table:

Motor Hp	Motor FLC (A)	TD Fuse Current (A)
10	14	24.5 A
5	7.6	7.6 A
2	3.4	4.72 A
1	2.1	3.15 A
1	2.1	3.15 A
1	2.1	3.15 A
Total Fuse Current		46.4 A

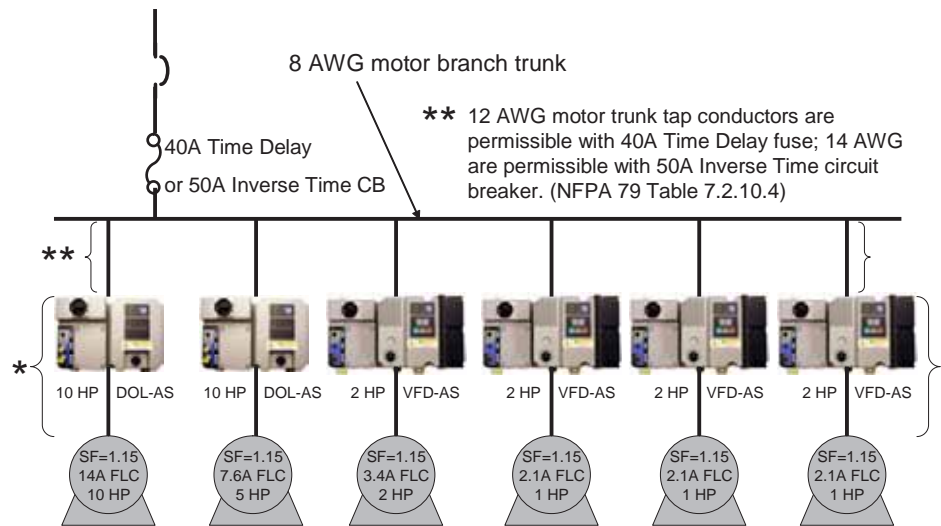
Therefore the standard fuse available not exceeding 46.4 A is a 40 A fuse.

To calculate the wire ampacity and therefore the size of the motor branch conductor we use NEC 430.24 and calculate the sum of 125% of the largest motor's FLC plus the FLC of the other motors in the group. The conductor ampacity calculation is given in the following Table:

Motor Hp	Motor FLC (A)	Wire Current (A)
10	14	$14 \text{ A} \times 1.25 = 17.5 \text{ A}$
5	7.6	7.6 A
2	3.4	4.89 A
1	2.1	3.15 A
1	2.1	3.15 A
1	2.1	3.15 A
Total Fuse Current		39.4 A



From NEC Table 310.16 we need to use 8 AWG for the motor branch circuit. Per NEC 430.28 the individual motor tap conductors can be sized down to 1/3 the ampacity of the trunk but not less than 125% of the specific motor's FLC on the tap. This reduction is further conditionally based on the tap being not more than 25 feet. NFPA 79, 7.2.10.4 and Table 7.2.10.4 restrict the size reduction by the size of the branch circuit fuse size and tap conductor size. For the above case we have used a 40 A time-delay fuse. NFPA 79, Table 7.2.10.4 indicates that the smallest tap conductor can be 12 AWG. NEC Table 310.16 for wire ampacity allows 12 AWG (25 A) to be used in all taps for this application. See the final Group motor circuit design in the following figure:



\* Note, the ArmorStart and motor cable are UL Listed together and supplied by Rockwell Automation.



If the Group motor design were carried out with the intent to use an inverse-time circuit breaker from NEC Table 430.52 to the rules of NEC 430.53C, we start with the largest motor, 10 Hp, and calculate  $14\text{ A} \times 250\% = 35\text{ A}$  to this we add the FLC of the 5 Hp motor, 7.6 A, plus the other calculated drive currents for the motors controlled by the VFD-ArmorStarts. The calculated drive currents are given in the following table:

Motor Hp	Motor FLC (A)	Inverse-Time CB Current (A)
10	14	35 A
5	7.6	7.6 A
2	3.4	4.89 A
1	2.1	3.15 A
1	2.1	3.15 A
1	2.1	3.15 A
Total Fuse Current		56.94 A

Therefore for the standard inverse-time circuit breaker available not exceeding 56.94 A we need to use a 50 A inverse-time circuit breaker. This design will also allow the use of 8 AWG for the motor branch circuit. Continuing then and applying NEC 430.28 the individual motor tap conductors can be sized down to 1/3 the ampacity of the trunk and following the restrictions in NFPA 79, 7.2.10.4 and Table 7.2.10.4 for this case where we have used a 50 A inverse-time circuit breaker. NFPA 79, Table 7.2.10.4 indicates that the smallest tap conductor can now be 14 AWG. See the above figure for this Group motor circuit design.

The above method instructs one on applying ArmorStart controllers using group motor installation rules. Because of the ArmorStart's capability, rating and Listing this method provides the minimum branch circuit wire and SCPD protection size that can be used. The Armor Start has been evaluated and tested for group motor installations when being feed by a power source having 65,000 Amps available fault current. The ArmorStart is not a listed combination motor controller, however, but is Listed as Industrial Control Equipment per UL 508 for group motor installations per NFPA 79. Under this Listing the NEC and actually NFPA 79 puts an upper bound on the SCPD to be used. That upper bound is dictated by the maximum ratings in Table 7.2.10.4.



The rules and allowances for sizing of the over current protection for NFPA 79 motor groups is covered by 7.2.10.4, Table 7.2.10.4 and Table 13.5.6. These rules in Tables 7.2.10.4 and 13.5.6 are intended to limit the maximum SCPD for a group. Therefore each ArmorStart controller with its factory-supplied output motor cable is suitable for single-motor or multiple-motor group installations on industrial machinery when installed according to NFPA 79, 2002. The controller and output motor cable have been evaluated as a single system. The maximum over current device rating or setting is limited to the value in Table E.1 for the smallest user-supplied input line conductor, by the controller's maximum rating, or as allowed by the UL Certificate of Compliances 012607-E3125, E96956, and E207834 for the combined use of ArmorStart and ArmorConnect components.

The Certificate of Compliances allow the ArmorStart Distributed Motor Controllers Models 280\*-\*10\*, 281\*-\*10\*, 283\*-\*10\*, and 284\*-\*10\* respectively to be used with ArmorConnect input cable media 280\*-PWRM22\*-M\*, 280S-PWRM22\*-M\* Cable Assembly branch circuit taps, and 280\*-M22\*-M1 ArmorConnet Panel Mounting Fittings when the group motor branch circuits are protected with a maximum 40 A non-time delay or a 20 A time delay, Class CC, T or F fuse.

These ArmorStart and ArmorConnect product UL Certification of Compliances effectively extend Table E.1 to allow ArmorConnect branch circuit taps and mounting fittings constructed with 16 AWG conductor sized to be connected to appropriate ArmorStart motor controllers. See Table E.1.



**Table E.1 Extended NFPA 79, Table 7.210.4, Relationship Between Conductor Size and Maximum Rating or Setting of Short-Circuit Protective Devices for Power Circuits**

Conductor Size (AWG)	Max. Ratings	
	Non-Time Delay Fuse or Inverse Time Circuit Breaker <sup>❶</sup> (amperes)	Time Delay or Dual Element Fuse (amperes)
16 <sup>❷</sup>	40 <sup>❸</sup>	20 <sup>❹</sup>
14	60	30
12	80	40
10	100	50
8	150	80
6	200	100
4	250	125

- ❶ For 16 AWG conductors the branch circuit breaker must be marked for use the 16 AWG wire, NFPA 79, 12.6.1.1.
- ❷ The UL Certificate of Compliance for the ArmorStart Distributed Motor Controllers models 280\*-10\*, 281\*-10\*, 283\*-10\*, 284\*-10\*; and ArmorConnect input cable media 280\*-M22\*-M\*, 280S-PWRM22\*-M\* cable assembly branch circuit taps, and 280\*-M22\*-M1 ArmorConnect panel mounting fittings allows 16 AWG conductors to be used when part of ArmorStart and ArmorConnect components.
- ❸ The 280\*-PWRM22\*-M\* ArmorConnect cable assembly taps and 280\*-22\*-M1 panel mounted fittings with 16 AWG conductors are suitably protected when protected in the branch circuit by a 40A non-time delay fuse.
- ❹ The 280\*-PWRM22\*-M\* ArmorConnect Cable Assembly taps and 280\*-22\*-M1 Panel Mounted Fittings with 16 AWG conductors are suitably protected when protected in the branch circuit by a 20A time delay fuse.

The Listed ArmorStart motor controllers with their factory supplied motor cable carries the marked maximum ratings shown in the following table.

Max. Ratings				
Voltage	480Y/277	480	600Y/347	600
Sym. Amps RMS	65 kA	65 kA	30 kA	30 kA
Circuit Breaker	100 A	100 A	100 A	-
Fuse	100 A	100 A	100 A	60 A <sup>❶</sup>
ArmorConnect <sup>❷</sup>	60 A <sup>❶</sup>	60 A <sup>❶</sup>	60 A <sup>❶</sup>	60 A <sup>❶</sup>

❶ Class J, CC, and T fuses only.

❷ ArmorConnect power media and tees may only be used with fuses.



To summarize, the design of the ArmorStart controllers in group motor applications is to be carried out as described above. The user supplied line side SCPD and wiring has to meet the minimum requirements determined above, however, the SCPD is required to protect the ArmorStart controller's associated line side wiring only and can be increased to the values allowed in the maximum ratings tables above. Because the maximum line side conductor for the ArmorStart is #10 AWG this is the maximum tap wire or daisy-chain wiring that can be used to take advantage of the ArmorStart's maximum input ratings.

A benefit to the ArmorStart rating and the above design process using NFPA rules is that the industrial equipment that utilizes several group motor installations on different branch circuits can standardize the size of the SCPD and the branch wiring for all the branch circuits of the installation as long as they do not exceed the maximum ratings of Table E.1 as extended by the UL Certificate of Compliance for combined ArmorStart and ArmorConnect installations, ArmorStart, which ever is less.



## 24V DC Control Design Considerations

### ArmorStart® DC Control Voltage Application Information

The maximum distance that an ArmorStart can be located from a nominal 24V DC supply is determined by the inrush current requirements (3.1A for 100 msec) of the 280, 281 and 283 ArmorStart Distributed Motor Controllers. The following table gives the maximum distance from the power source that a single ArmorStart can be placed.

**Table F.1 Wire Gauge Sizes**

Wire Gauge	mm <sup>2</sup>	Meters	Feet
#16	1.31	38	125
#14	2.08	62	205
#12	3.31	100	325
#10	5.26	158	520

In systems with multiple ArmorStarts (280,281 and 283) where more than one unit will be commanded to start at the same time, provisions must be made to account for maximum inrush current (710 mA for 100 msec for each unit). The dc power supply and distribution system needs to be of sufficient capacity and the wire gauge of sufficient size to handle the maximum current required. The total capacity of the system also includes any additional loads connected to the ArmorStart I/O outputs (max. 2 A for each ArmorStart).

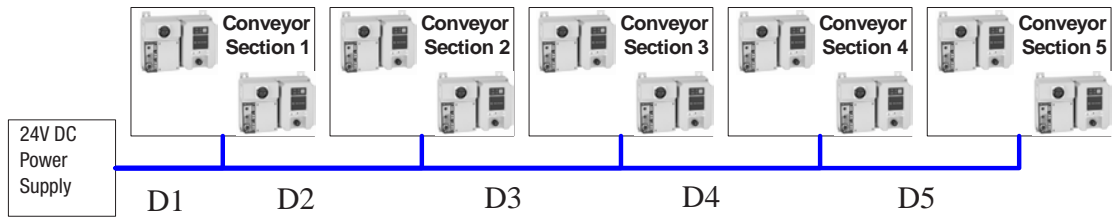
The maximum distance can still be utilized if each of the ArmorStarts that will be commanded to start simultaneously is wired directly back to the dc power supply, or if a 100ms delay between consecutive starts can be insured. When more than one ArmorStart is commanded to pick up at the same time, the length of each wire segment in the system should be multiplied by the number of units that can simultaneously pick up through that section of wire. This calculation represents the equivalent starting distance. The sum of the equivalent starting distances should be less than the maximum distance allowed for the selected gauge.

#### Example 1 – Conveyor Line Configuration

We want to wire up five sections of Conveyor (See Figure F.1). Each section of conveyor has a conveyor motor and a diverter motor. Let's assume that they are 50 feet apart. The conveyor motors may be started in sequence, but it is possible that all 5 of the diverter motors could start simultaneously. All controllers are 280 ArmorStart units with the HOA keypad. **Let us assume that the conveyor motors are sequenced on and are running before the diverters start.**



Figure F.1



Let us calculate the effective wire lengths.

	Distance 1	Distance 2	Distance 3	Distance 4	Distance 5	Equivalent Distance
Run 1	+ 50 ft (15 m) * 5	+ 50 ft (15 m) * 4	+ 50 ft (15 m) * 3	+ 50 ft (15 m) * 2	+ 50 ft (15 m) * 1	= 750 ft (229 m)

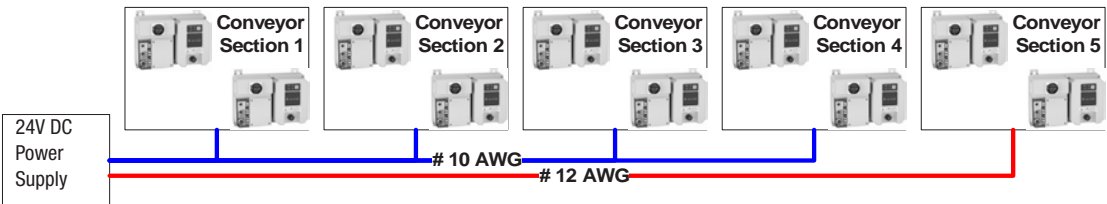
Based on this calculation, there is no wire gauge that can be taken 750 feet, so the fifth section is required to have its own run.

Example 1 Re-calculated with section 5 having its own power feed

	Distance 1	Distance 2	Distance 3	Distance 4	Distance 5	Equivalent Distance
Run 1	+ 50 ft (15 m) * 4	+ 50 ft (15 m) * 3	+ 50 ft (15 m) * 2	+ 50 ft (15 m)		= 500 ft (152 m)
Run 2	+ 50 ft (15 m)	+ 50 ft (15 m)	+ 50 ft (15 m)	+ 50 ft (15 m)	+ 50 ft (15 m)	= 250 ft (76 m)

Therefore, Run 1 needs to be #10 AWG, while Run 2 can be either #12 AWG or #10 AWG.

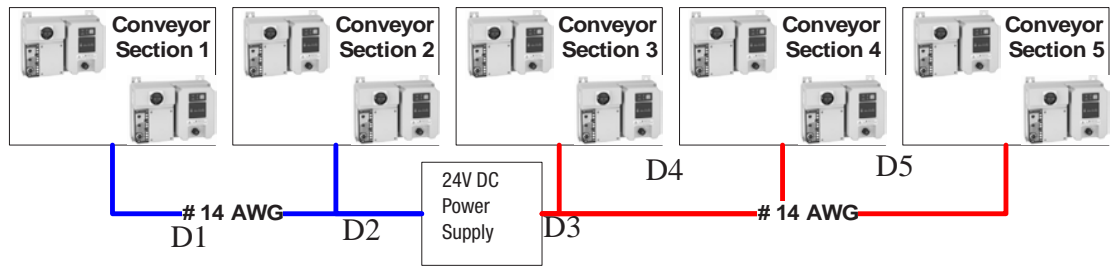
Figure F.2 Two-Run Wiring Solution



Example 2

Centrally locate the power supply in Example 1 – Conveyor Line Configuration.



**Figure F.3 Centrally Located Power Supply Distribution**

	Distance 1	Distance 2	Distance 3	Distance 4	Distance 5	Equivalent Distance
Run 1	+ 50 ft (15 m)	+ 50 ft (15 m) * 2				150 ft (46 m)
Run 2			+ 0 ft (0 m) * 3	+ 50 ft (15 m) * 2	+ 50 ft (15 m)	150 ft (46 m)

Therefore, both runs can be #14 AWG. The controllers on section 3 are considered to have no length since the power supply is very close to the units.

#### 24V DC Power Supply Capacity Sizing

The 24V DC power supply current rating required for an ArmorStart system can be calculated by the following formula:

$$I_{\text{supply}} = N \cdot .25A + K \cdot .3A + J \cdot .3A + L \cdot .425A + M$$

N =	No. of 280/281 ArmorStart units with the HOA plus 283 ArmorStart units
K =	No. of ArmorStart (280,281 and 283) that will be commanded start simultaneously, K = 1 minimum
J =	No. of ArmorStart (280,281 and 283) that will be commanded to hold in at any time
L =	No. of 284 ArmorStart Units
M =	Current drawn by customer loads

#### Example – Calculation of 24V DC Power Supply Requirements

Size the power supply for Example 1 – Conveyor Line Configuration. Each starter has a .1A customer load.

$$I_{\text{supply}} = 10 \cdot .17 + 5 \cdot .710 + 5 \cdot .063 + 0 \cdot .425 + 10 \cdot .1$$

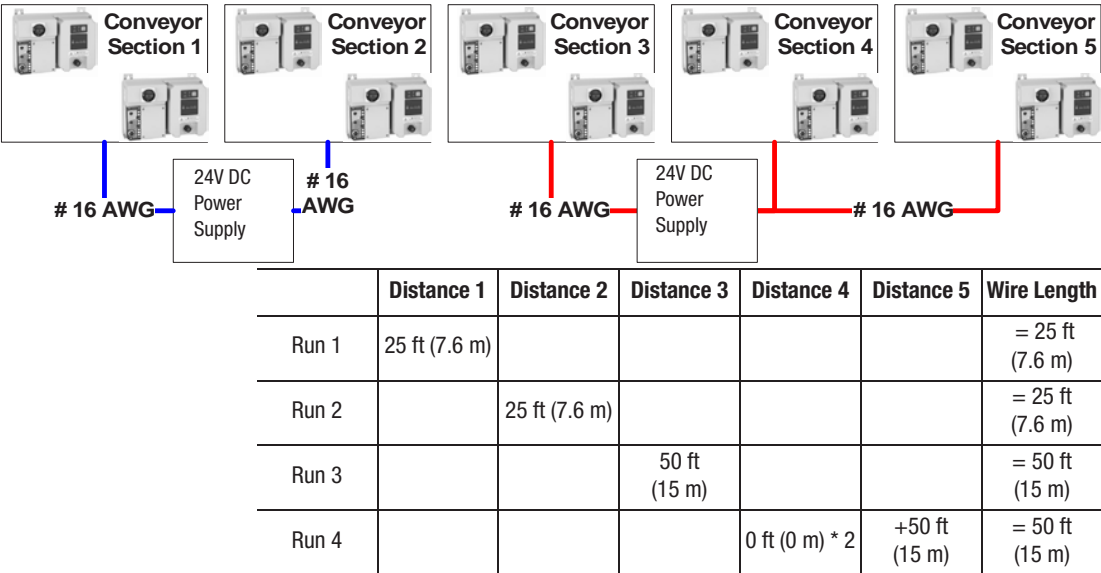
$$I_{\text{supply}} = 1.7 + 3.55 + .315 + 0 + 1 = 6.57A$$



System Design Considerations  
When Using 16 AWG Control Wiring

The use of #16 AWG requires more consideration when determining the number and location of the power supplies since it is effectively limited to 125 feet. Re-working example 1 using #16 AWG shows that two power supplies will be required.

Figure F.4



Other System Design  
Considerations


To minimize the dc power ampacity requirements staggering the starting (sequenced on) of the ArmorStarts is recommended but only if the application does not require all the ArmorStarts to be commanded to start at the same time.

The separation of the control power and DeviceNet™ power is recommended as a good design practice. This minimizes the load on the DeviceNet supply, and prevents transients which may be present on the control power system from influencing the communication controls.



## Accessories

Table G.1 DeviceNet™ Media ①

Description		Length m (ft)	Cat. No.
	KwikLink pigtail drops are Insulation Displacement Connector (IDC) with integral Class 1 round cables for interfacing devices or power supplies to flat cable		Sealed
		1 m (3.3)	1485P-P1E4-B1-N5
		2 m (6.5)	1485P-P1E4-B2-N5
		3 m (9.8)	1485P-P1E4-B3-N5
		6 m (19.8)	1485P-P1E4-B6-N5
	DeviceNet Mini- T-Port Tap	Right Keyway Left Keyway	1485P-P1N5-MN5NF 1485P-P1N5-MN5KM
	Gray PVC Thin Cable	<b>Connector</b>	<b>Cat. No.</b>
		Mini Straight Female Mini Straight Male	1485G-P <sup>②</sup> N5-M5
		Mini Straight Female Mini Right Angle Male	1485G-P <sup>②</sup> W5-N5
		Mini Right Angle Female Mini Straight Male	1485G-P <sup>②</sup> M5-Z5
		Mini Right Angle Female Mini Straight Male	1485G-P <sup>②</sup> W5-Z5
	Thick Cable	Mini Straight Female Mini Straight Male	1485C-P <sup>③</sup> N5-M5
		Mini Straight Female Mini Right Angle Male	1485C-P <sup>③</sup> W5-N5
		Mini Right Angle Female Mini Straight Male	1485C-P <sup>③</sup> M5-Z5
		Mini Right Angle Female Mini Straight Male	1485C-P <sup>③</sup> W5-Z5
	DeviceNet Configuration Terminal — Used to interface with objects on a DeviceNet network. Includes 1 m communications cable.	<b>Length m (ft)</b>	<b>Cat. No.</b>
		1 m (3.3)	193-DNCT
		Communication cable, color-coded bare leads	193-CB1
		Communication cable, microconnector (male)	193-CM1
	Panel Mount Adapter/Door Mount Bezel Kit	—	193-DNCT-BZ1

① See publication M116-CA001A-EN-P for complete cable selection information.




② Replace symbol with desired length in meters (Example: 1485G-P1N5-M5 for a 1 m cable). Standard cable lengths: 1 m, 2 m, 3 m, 4 m, 5 m, and 6 m.

③ Replace symbol with desired length in meters (Example: 1485C-P1N5-M5 for a 1 m cable). Standard cable lengths: 1 m, 2 m, 3 m, 4 m, 5 m, 6 m, 8 m, 10 m, 12 m, 18 m, 24 m, and 30 m.

**NOTE:** Stainless steel versions may be ordered by adding an "S" to the cat. no. (Example: 1485CS-P1N5-M5)



**Table G.2 Sensor Media ①**

Description	ArmorStart® I/O Connection	Pin Count	Connector	Cat. No.
 DC Micro Patchcord	Input	5-Pin	Straight Female Straight Male	889D-F4ACDM- <sup>②</sup>
			Straight Female Right Angle Male	889D-F4AACDE- <sup>②</sup>
 DC Micro V-Cable	Input	5-pin	Straight Female	879D-F4ACDM- <sup>②</sup>
			Right Angle Male	879D-R4ACM- <sup>②</sup>
 AC Micro Patchcord	Output	3-pin	Straight Female Straight Male	889R-F3AERM- <sup>②</sup>
			Straight Female Right Angle Male	899R-F3AERE- <sup>②</sup>

① See Publication M116-CA001A-EN-P for complete cable selection information.

② Replace symbol with desired length in meters (Example: 889D-F4ACDM-1 for a 1 m cable). Standard cable lengths: 1 m, 2 m, 5 m, and 10 m.

**Table G.3 Sealing Caps**

Description	For Use With	Cat. No.
Plastic Sealing Cap (M12) ③	Input I/O Connection	1485A-M12
Aluminum Sealing Cap (M12) ③	Output I/O Connection	889A-RMCAP
Stainless Steel Sealing Cap (M12) ④	Input I/O Connection	1485AS-C3
Stainless Steel Sealing Cap (M12) ④	Output I/O Connection	889AS-RMCAP

③ To achieve IP 67 rating, sealing caps must be installed on all unused I/O connections.

④ To achieve IP 69k/NEMA 4X rating, sealing caps must be installed on all unused I/O connections.

**Table G.4 ArmorPoint® Media**

Description	Length	Cat. No.
ArmorPoint Bus Extension Cable including Terminating Resistor	1 m (3.3 ft)	280A-EXT1
Extension Cable to connect two ArmorStart Distributed Motor Controllers to ArmorPoint communication protocol	1 m (3.3 ft)	280A-EXTCABLE


**Table G.5 Locking Clips**

Description	Package QTY	Cat. No.
The clam shell design clips over the ArmorStart motor connector and motor cable to limit customer access.	10	280-MTR22-LC
	10	280-MTR35-LC




## Bulletin 1738 ArmorPoint Distributed I/O Products


**Table G.5 Digital I/O Products**

Description	Cat. No.
 24V DC, 8 Source Output w/ 8 M12 connectors	1738-OB8EM12
24V DC, 8 Source Output w/ 8 M8 connectors	1738-OB8EM8
24V DC, 4 Source Output w/ 4 M12 connectors	1738-OB4EM12
24V DC, 4 Source Output w/ 4 M8 connectors	1738-OB4EM8
24V DC, 2 Source Output w/ 2 M12 connectors	1738-OB2EM12
24V DC, 2 Source Output - 2 A Prot. w/ 2 M12 connectors	1738-OB2EPM12
24V DC, 4 Sink Output w/ 4 M12 connectors	1738-OV4EM12


**Table G.6 Digital Input Products**

Description	Cat. No.
 24V DC, 8 Sink Input w/ 4 M12 connectors, 2 points per connector	1738-IB8M12
24V DC, 8 Sink Input w/ 8 M8 connectors	1738-IB8M8
24V DC, 8 Sink Input w/ 1 M23 connector	1738-IB8M23
24V DC, 4 Sink Input w/ 4 M12 connectors	1738-IB4M12
24V DC, 4 Sink Input w/ 4 M8 connectors	1738-IB4M8
24V DC, 2 Sink Input w/ 2 M12 connectors	1738-IB2M12
24V DC, 4 Source Input w/ 4 M12 connectors	1738-IV4M12


**Table G.7 Analog Products**

Description	Cat. No.
 24V DC, Analog Current Input w/ 2 M12 connectors	1738-IE2CM12
24V DC, 2 Analog Voltage Input w/ 2 M12 connectors	1738-IE2VM12
24V DC, Analog Current Output w/ 2 M12 connectors	1738-OE2CM12
24V DC, Analog Voltage Output w/ 2 M12 connectors	1738-OE2VM12
24V DC, 2 Thermocouple Input	1738-IT2IM12
24V DC, 2 RTD Input	1738-IR2M12


**Table G.8 Power Supply Products**

Description	Cat. No.
 Point I/O Field Potential Distributor Module	1738-FPD
24V DC Expansion Power Supply	1738-EP24DC

**Table G.9 AC and Relay Products**

Description	Cat. No.
 24V DC, Coil N.O. DPST Relay w/ 2 M12 connectors	1738-OW4M12
24V DC, Coil N.O. DPST Relay w/ 2 AC M12 connectors	1738-OW4M12AC4
120V AC, 2 Input w/ 2 AC 4-pin M12 connectors	1738-IA2M12AC4
120V AC, 2 Input w/ 2 AC 3-pin M12 connectors	1738-IA2M12AC3
120/230V AC, 2 Output w/ 2 AC 3-pin M12 connectors	1738-OA2M12AC3

**Table G.10 Specialty Products**

Description	Cat. No.
 ArmorPoint I/O RS-232 ASCII Serial Interface Module	1738-232ASCM12
ArmorPoint I/O RS-485 ASCII Serial Interface Module	1738-485ASCM12
24V DC, Very High Speed Counter Module	1738-VHSC24M23
ArmorPoint 5V Encoder/Counter Module	1738-IJM23
ArmorPoint Synchronous Serial Interface Module with Absolute Encoder	1738-SSIM23

**Table G.11 Adapter Products**


Description	Cat. No.
 ArmorPoint DeviceNet Adapter Module, Drop or Pass-through, with male and female M12 connectors	1738-ADN12
ArmorPoint DeviceNet Adapter Module, Drop only, with male M18 connector	1738-ADN18
ArmorPoint DeviceNet Adapter Module, Drop or Pass-through, with male and female M18 connectors	1738-ADN18P
ArmorPoint DeviceNet 24V dc Adapter Module with subnet expansion	1738-ADNX
ArmorPoint Redundant ControlNet Adapter Module	1738-ACNR
ArmorPoint Ethernet/IP 10/100 Mbps Adapter Module	1738-AENT

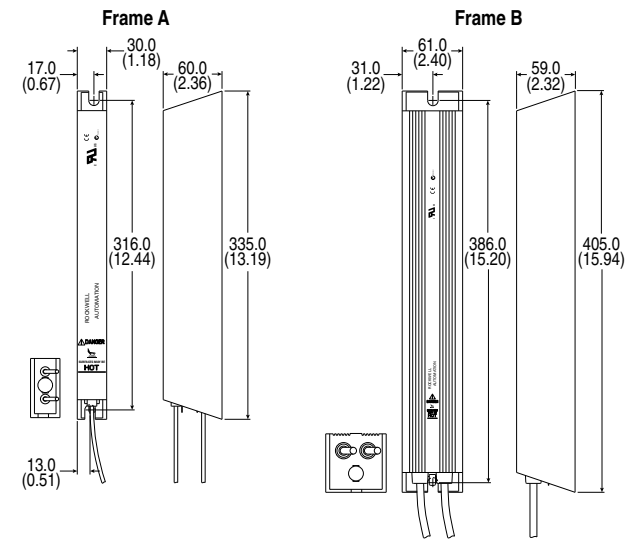


Table G.12 Dynamic Brake Modules (Bulletin 284 only)❶❷

Input Voltage	Drive Ratings			Cat. No.
	kW	Hp	Min. Resistance (Ω)	
240V, 50/60 Hz, 3-Phase	0.4	0.5	48	AK-R2-091P500
	0.75	1.0	48	AK-R2-091P500
	1.5	2.0	48	AK-R2-091P500
	2.2	3.0	32	AK-R2-047P500
	3.7	5.0	19	AK-R2-047P500
480V, 50/60 Hz, 3-Phase	0.4	0.5	97	AK-R2-360P500
	0.75	1.0	97	AK-R2-360P500
	1.5	2.0	97	AK-R2-360P500
	2.2	3.0	97	AK-R2-120P1K2
	4.0	5.0	77	AK-R2-120P1K2

- ❶ Dynamic brake modules are IP00 rated.
- ❷ The resistors listed in this table are rated for 5% duty cycle.

Figure G.1 Dynamic Brake Modules Approximate Dimensions  
Dimensions are in millimeters (inches) and weights are in kilograms (pounds).



Frame	Cat. Nos.	Weight
A	AK-R2-091P500, AK-R2-047P500, AK-R2-360P500	1.1 (2.5)
B	AK-R2-030P1K2, AK-R2-120P1K2	2.7 (6)



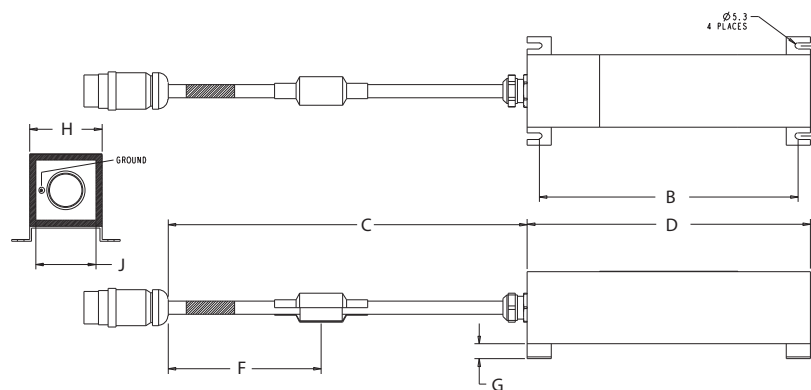
Table G.13 IP67 Dynamic Brake Resistor

Drive and Motor Size kW	Part Number	Resistance Ohms ± 5%	Continuous Power kW	Max Energy kJ	Max Braking Torque % of Motor	Application Type 1		Application Type 2	
						Braking Torque % of Motor	Duty Cycle %	Braking Torque % of Motor	Duty Cycle %
200-240 Volt AC Input Drives									
0.37 (0.5)	284R-091P500	91	0.086	17	293%	100%	46%	150%	31%
0.75 (1)	284R-091P500	91	0.086	17	218%	100%	23%	150%	15%
1.5 (2)	284R-091P500	91	0.086	17	109%	100%	11%	109%	11%
400-480 Volt AC Input Drives									
0.37 (0.5)	284R-360P500	360	0.086	17	305%	100%	47%	150%	31%
0.75 (1)	284R-360P500	360	0.086	17	220%	100%	23%	150%	15%
1.5 (2)	284R-360P500	360	0.086	17	110%	100%	12%	110%	11%
2.2 (3)	284R-120P1K2	120	0.26	52	197%	100%	24%	150%	16%
4 (5)	284R-120P1K2	120	0.26	52	124%	100%	13%	124%	10%
600 Volt AC Input Drives									
0.37 (0.5)	284R-360P500	360	0.086	17	274%	100%	46%	150%	31%
0.75 (1)	284R-360P500	360	0.086	17	251%	100%	23%	150%	15%
1.5 (2)	284R-360P500	360	0.086	17	172%	100%	11%	150%	8%
2.2 (3)	284R-120P1K2	120	0.26	52	193%	100%	24%	150%	16%
4 (5)	284R-120P1K2	120	0.26	52	185%	100%	13%	150%	9%

Note: Always check the resistor ohms against minimum resistance for drive being used.

Note: Duty Cycle listed is based on full speed to zero speed deceleration. For constance regen at full speed, duty cycle capability is half of what is listed. Application Type 1 represents maximum capability up to 100% braking torque where possible. Application Type 2 represents more than 100% braking torque where possible, up to a maximum of 150%.

Figure G.2 Dynamic Brake Resistor Approximate Dimensions



Cat No.	A mm (in.)	B mm (in.)	C	D mm (in.)	E mm (in.)	F mm (in.)	G mm (in.)	H mm (in.)	J mm (in.)
284R-091P500	75 $\pm$ 3 (2.95 $\pm$ 0.12)	215 $\pm$ 5 (8.46 $\pm$ 0.2)	*	235 $\pm$ 5 (9.25 $\pm$ 0.2)	60 $\pm$ 2 (2.36 $\pm$ 0.08)	127 (5)	12.54 (0.49)	60 $\pm$ 2 (2.36 $\pm$ 0.08)	50 $\pm$ 1.5 (1.97 $\pm$ 0.06)
284R-360P500									
284R120P1K2		420 $\pm$ 5 (16.54 $\pm$ 0.2)		440 $\pm$ 5 (17.32 $\pm$ 0.2)					

\* Length is user-selectable based on the suffix added to the catalog number. For a length of 500 $\pm$ 10mm, add **-M05** to the end of the catalog number. For a length of 100 $\pm$ 10mm, add **-M1** to the end of the catalog number.

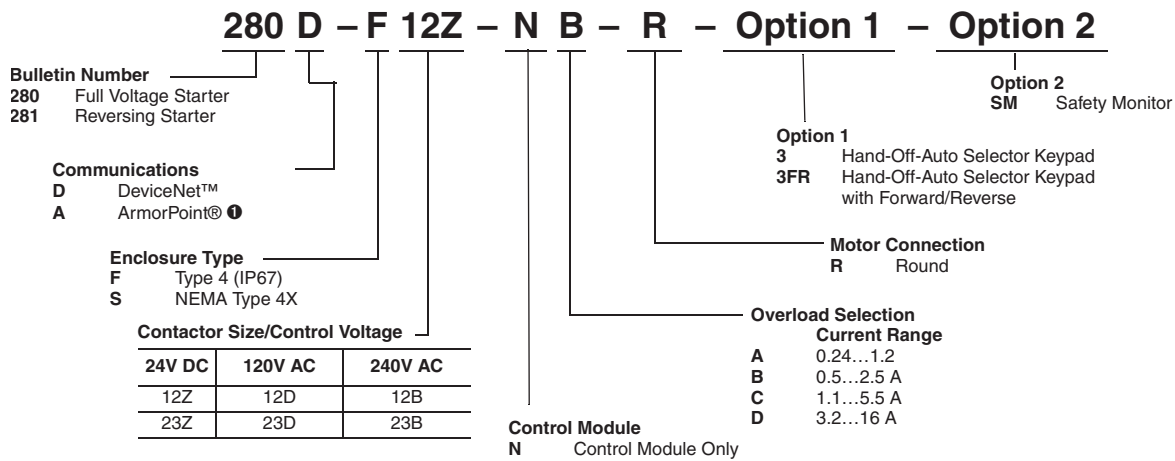






## Renewal Parts

Figure H.1 Bulletin 280/281 Control Module Renewal Part Catalog Structure



❶ Not available with enclosure type “S” (NEMA Type 4X).

## Control Module Renewal Part Product Selection

Table H.1 Full Voltage Starters — IP67/NEMA Type 4, Up to 575V AC

Current Rating (A)	kW		Hp				Cat. No.		
	230V AC 50 Hz	400V AC 50 Hz	200V AC 60 Hz	230V AC 60 Hz	460V AC 60 Hz	575V AC 60 Hz	24V DC	120V AC	240V AC
0.24...1.2	0.18	0.37	—	—	0.5	0.5	280D-F12Z-NA-R	280D-F12D-NA-R	280D-F12B-NA-R
0.5...2.5	0.37	0.75	0.5	0.5	1	1.5	280D-F12Z-NB-R	280D-F12D-NB-R	280D-F12B-NB-R
1.1...5.5	1.1	2.2	1	1	3	3	280D-F12Z-NC-R	280D-F12D-NC-R	280D-F12B-NC-R
3.2...16	4	7.5	3	5	10	10	280D-F23Z-ND-R	280D-F23D-ND-R	280D-F23B-ND-R

Current Rating (A)	kW		Hp				Cat. No.		
	230V AC 50 Hz	400V AC 50 Hz	200V AC 60 Hz	230V AC 60 Hz	460V AC 60 Hz	575V AC 60 Hz	24V DC	120V AC	240V AC
0.24...1.2	0.18	0.37	—	—	0.5	0.5	280A-F12Z-NA-R	280A-F12D-NA-R	280A-F12B-NA-R
0.5...2.5	0.37	0.75	0.5	0.5	1	1.5	280A-F12Z-NB-R	280A-F12D-NB-R	280A-F12B-NB-R
1.1...5.5	1.1	2.2	1	1	3	3	280A-F12Z-NC-R	280A-F12D-NC-R	280A-F12B-NC-R
3.2...16	4	7.5	3	5	10	10	280A-F23Z-ND-R	280A-F23D-ND-R	280A-F23B-ND-R

Table H.2 Full Voltage Starters — NEMA Type 4X, Up to 575V AC

Current Rating (A)	kW		Hp				Cat. No.		
	230V AC 50 Hz	400V AC 50 Hz	200V AC 60 Hz	230V AC 60 Hz	460V AC 60 Hz	575V AC 60 Hz	24V DC	120V AC	240V AC
0.24...1.2	0.18	0.37	—	—	0.5	0.5	280D-S12Z-NA-R	280D-S12D-NA-R	280D-S12B-NA-R
0.5...2.5	0.37	0.75	0.5	0.5	1	1.5	280D-S12Z-NB-R	280D-S12D-NB-R	280D-S12B-NB-R
1.1...5.5	1.1	2.2	1	1	3	3	280D-S12Z-NC-R	280D-S12D-NC-R	280D-S12B-NC-R
3.2...16	4	7.5	3	5	10	10	280D-S23Z-ND-R	280D-S23D-ND-R	280D-S23B-ND-R



**Bulletin 280/281, Continued****Table H.3 Reversing Starters — IP67/NEMA Type 4, Up to 575V AC**

Current Rating (A)	kW		Hp				Cat. No.		
	230V AC 50 Hz	400V AC 50 Hz	200V AC 60 Hz	230V AC 60 Hz	460V AC 60 Hz	575V AC 60 Hz	24V DC	120V AC	240V AC
0.24...1.2	0.18	0.37	—	—	0.5	0.5	281D-F12Z-NA-R	281D-F12D-NA-R	281D-F12B-NA-R
0.5...2.5	0.37	0.75	0.5	0.5	1	1.5	281D-F12Z-NB-R	281D-F12D-NB-R	281D-F12B-NB-R
1.1...5.5	1.1	2.2	1	1	3	3	281D-F12Z-NC-R	281D-F12D-NC-R	281D-F12B-NC-R
3.2...16	4	7.5	3	5	10	10	281D-F23Z-ND-R	281D-F23D-ND-R	281D-F23B-ND-R

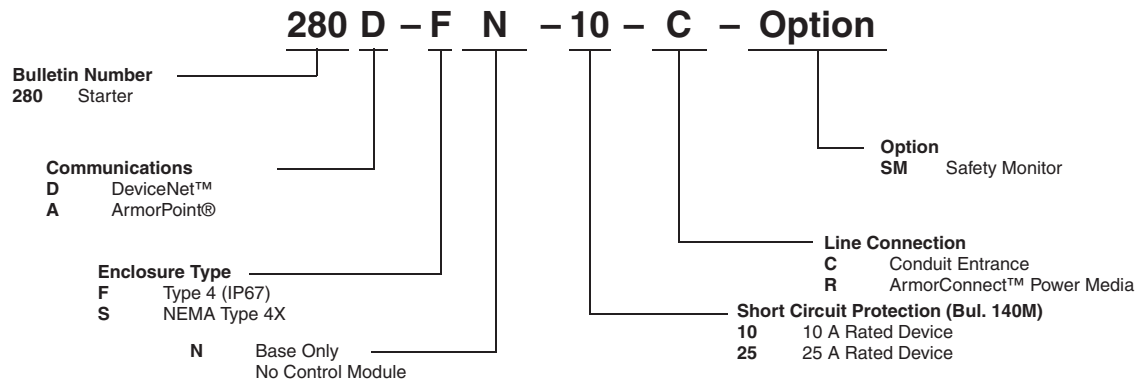
Current Rating (A)	kW		Hp				Cat. No.		
	230V AC 50 Hz	400V AC 50 Hz	200V AC 60 Hz	230V AC 60 Hz	460V AC 60 Hz	575V AC 60 Hz	24V DC	120V AC	240V AC
0.24...1.2	0.18	0.37	—	—	0.5	0.5	281A-F12Z-NA-R	281A-F12D-NA-R	281A-F12B-NA-R
0.5...2.5	0.37	0.75	0.5	0.5	1	1.5	281A-F12Z-NB-R	281A-F12D-NB-R	281A-F12B-NB-R
1.1...5.5	1.1	2.2	1	1	3	3	281A-F12Z-NC-R	281A-F12D-NC-R	281A-F12B-NC-R
3.2...16	4	7.5	3	5	10	10	281A-F23Z-ND-R	281A-F23D-ND-R	281A-F23B-ND-R

**Table H.4 Reversing Starters — NEMA Type 4X, Up to 575V AC**

Current Rating (A)	kW		Hp				Cat. No.		
	230V AC 50 Hz	400V AC 50 Hz	200V AC 60 Hz	230V AC 60 Hz	460V AC 60 Hz	575V AC 60 Hz	24V DC	120V AC	240V AC
0.24...1.2	0.18	0.37	—	—	0.5	0.5	281D-S12Z-NA-R	281D-S12D-NA-R	281D-S12B-NA-R
0.5...2.5	0.37	0.75	0.5	0.5	1	1.5	281D-S12Z-NB-R	281D-S12D-NB-R	281D-S12B-NB-R
1.1...5.5	1.1	2.2	1	1	3	3	281D-S12Z-NC-R	281D-S12D-NC-R	281D-S12B-NC-R
3.2...16	4	7.5	3	5	10	10	281D-S23Z-ND-R	281D-S23D-ND-R	281D-S23B-ND-R



Figure H.2 Bulletin 280 Base Module Renewal Part Catalog Structure



## Base Module Renewal Part Product Selection

Table H.5 Bul. 280 Full Voltage Starters &amp; Bul. 281 Reversing Starters — IP67/NEMA Type 4, Up to 575V AC with Conduit Entrance

Current Rating (A)	kW		Hp				Cat. No.
	230V AC 50 Hz	400V AC 50 Hz	200V AC 60 Hz	230V AC 60 Hz	460V AC 60 Hz	575V AC 60 Hz	
0.24...1.2	0.18	0.37	—	—	0.5	0.5	280D-FN-10-C
0.5...2.5	0.37	0.75	0.5	0.5	1	1.5	280D-FN-10-C
1.1...5.5	1.1	2.2	1	1	3	3	280D-FN-10-C
3.2...16	4	7.5	3	5	10	10	280D-FN-25-C

Current Rating (A)	kW		Hp				Cat. No.
	230V AC 50 Hz	400V AC 50 Hz	200V AC 60 Hz	230V AC 60 Hz	460V AC 60 Hz	575V AC 60 Hz	
0.24...1.2	0.18	0.37	—	—	0.5	0.5	280A-FN-10-C
0.5...2.5	0.37	0.75	0.5	0.5	1	1.5	280A-FN-10-C
1.1...5.5	1.1	2.2	1	1	3	3	280A-FN-10-C
3.2...16	4	7.5	3	5	10	10	280A-FN-25-C

Table H.6 Bul. 280 Full Voltage Starters &amp; Bul. 281 Reversing Starters — IP67/NEMA Type 4, Up to 575V AC with ArmorConnect Connectivity

Current Rating (A)	kW		Hp				Cat. No.
	230V AC 50 Hz	400V AC 50 Hz	200V AC 60 Hz	230V AC 60 Hz	460V AC 60 Hz	575V AC 60 Hz	
0.24...1.2	0.18	0.37	—	—	0.5	0.5	280D-FN-10-R
0.5...2.5	0.37	0.75	0.5	0.5	1	1.5	280D-FN-10-R
1.1...5.5	1.1	2.2	1	1	3	3	280D-FN-10-R
3.2...16	4	7.5	3	5	10	10	280D-FN-25-R

Current Rating (A)	kW		Hp				Cat. No.
	230V AC 50 Hz	400V AC 50 Hz	200V AC 60 Hz	230V AC 60 Hz	460V AC 60 Hz	575V AC 60 Hz	
0.24...1.2	0.18	0.37	—	—	0.5	0.5	280A-FN-10-R
0.5...2.5	0.37	0.75	0.5	0.5	1	1.5	280A-FN-10-R
1.1...5.5	1.1	2.2	1	1	3	3	280A-FN-10-R
3.2...16	4	7.5	3	5	10	10	280A-FN-25-R



**Bulletin 280, Continued****Table H.7 Bul. 280 Full Voltage Starters & Bul. 281 Reversing Starters —  
NEMA Type 4X, Up to 575V AC with Conduit Entrance**

Current Rating (A)	kW		Hp				Cat. No.
	230V AC 50 Hz	400V AC 50 Hz	200V AC 60 Hz	230V AC 60 Hz	460V AC 60 Hz	575V AC 60 Hz	
0.24...1.2	0.18	0.37	—	—	0.5	0.5	280D-SN-10-R
0.5...2.5	0.37	0.75	0.5	0.5	1	1.5	280D-SN-10-R
1.1...5.5	1.1	2.2	1	1	3	3	280D-SN-10-R
3.2...16	4	7.5	3	5	10	10	280D-SN-25-R

**Table H.8 Bul. 280 Full Voltage Starters & Bul. 281 Reversing Starters —  
NEMA Type 4X, Up to 575V AC with ArmorConnect Connectivity**

Current Rating (A)	kW		Hp				Cat. No.
	230V AC 50 Hz	400V AC 50 Hz	200V AC 60 Hz	230V AC 60 Hz	460V AC 60 Hz	575V AC 60 Hz	
0.24...1.2	0.18	0.37	—	—	0.5	0.5	280D-SN-10-C
0.5...2.5	0.37	0.75	0.5	0.5	1	1.5	280D-SN-10-C
1.1...5.5	1.1	2.2	1	1	3	3	280D-SN-10-C
3.2...16	4	7.5	3	5	10	10	280D-SN-25-C

**Table H.9 Motor Cables**

Description	Current Rating (A)	Cable Rating	Length m (ft)	Cat. No.
90° M22 Motor Cordset	0.24...1.2, 0.5...2.5 1.1...5.5	IP67/NEMA Type 4	3 (9.8)	280-MTRM22-M3
			6 (19.6)	280-MTR22-M6
			14 (45.9)	280-MTR22-M14
90° M22 Motor Cordset	0.24...1.2, 0.5...2.5 1.1...5.5	IP69k/NEMA Type 4X	3 (9.8)	280S-MTRM22-M3
			6 (19.6)	280S-MTR22-M6
			14 (45.9)	280S-MTR22-M14
90° M35 Motor Cordset	3.2...16	IP67/NEMA Type 4	3 (9.8)	280-MTRM35-M3
			6 (19.6)	280-MTR35-M6
			14 (45.9)	280-MTR35-M14
90° M35 Motor Cordset	3.2...16	IP69k/NEMA Type 4X	3 (9.8)	280S-MTRM35-M3
			6 (19.6)	280S-MTR35-M6
			14 (45.9)	280S-MTR35-M14
90° Male/Straight Female — M22 Patchcords	0.24...1.2, 0.5...2.5 1.1...5.5	IP67/NEMA Type 4	1 (3.3)	280-MTR22-M1D
			3 (9.8)	280-MTR22-M3D
90° Male/Straight Female — M22 Patchcords	0.24...1.2, 0.5...2.5 1.1...5.5	IP69k/NEMA Type 4X	1 (3.3)	280S-MTR22-M1D
			3 (9.8)	280S-MTR22-M3D
90° Male/Straight Female — M35 Patchcords	3.2...16	IP67/NEMA Type 4	1 (3.3)	280-MTR35-M1D
			3 (9.8)	280-MTR35-M3D
90° Male/Straight Female — M35 Patchcords	3.2...16	IP69k/NEMA Type 4X	1 (3.3)	280S-MTR35-M1D
			3 (9.8)	280S-MTR35-M3D

**Table H.10 Internal Fuses**

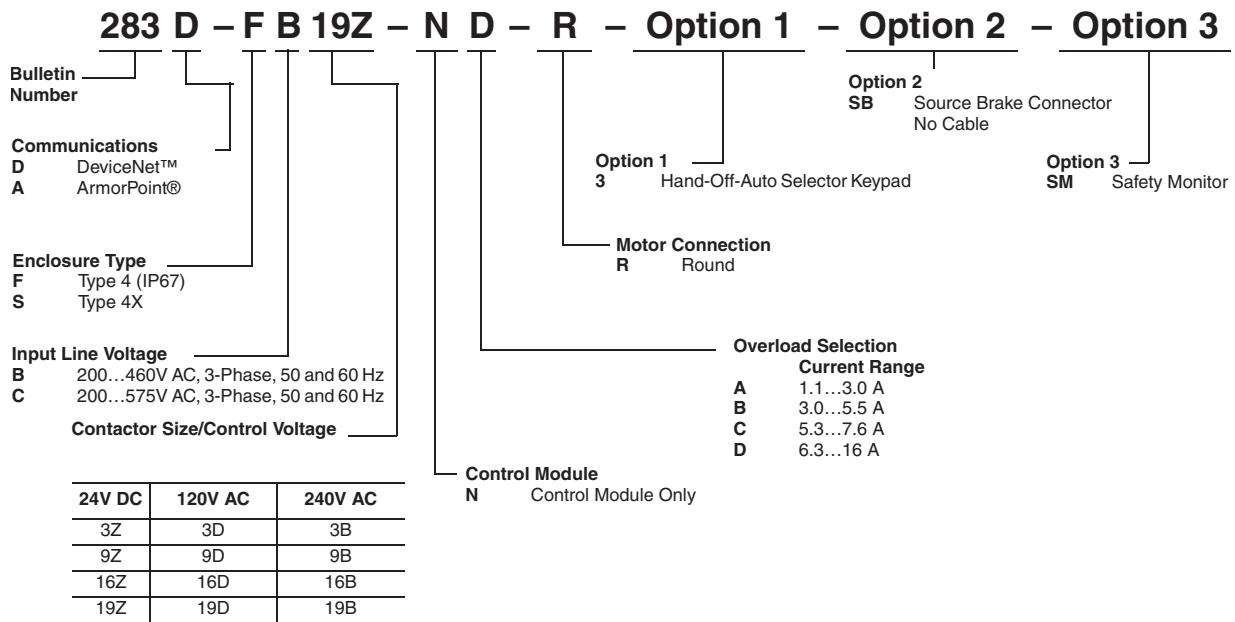
Description	Current Rating	Cat. No.
Control Voltage Fuse	7 A	W25172-260-17
Output Fuse	2.5 A	W25176-155-03

**Table H.11 ArmorPoint™ Media**

Description	Length	Cat. No.
ArmorPoint Bus Extension Cable	1 m (3.3 ft)	W40754-369-51
Terminating Resistor	—	W40754-371-01



Figure H.3 Bulletin 283 Control Module Renewal Part Catalog Structure



## Control Module Renewal Part Product Selection

Table H.12 Bulletin 283 Distributed Motor Controllers, Up to 480V AC

Current Rating [A]	kW		Hp			Cat. No.		
	230V AC 50 Hz	380/400/415V AC 50 Hz	200V AC 60 Hz	230V AC 60 Hz	460V AC 60 Hz	24 V DC	120 V AC	240 V AC
1.1...3.0	0.55	0.75	0.5	0.5	1.5	283D-FB3Z-N-R	283D-FB3D-N-R	283D-FB3B-N-R
3.0...5.5	1.1	2.2	1	1	3	283D-FB9Z-N-R	283D-FB9D-N-R	283D-FB9B-N-R
5.3...7.6	1.5	3	1.5	2	5	283D-FB16Z-N-R	283D-FB16D-N-R	283D-FB16B-N-R
6.3...16	4	5.5	3	5	10	283D-FB19Z-N-R	283D-FB19D-N-R	283D-FB19B-N-R

Current Rating [A]	kW		Hp			Cat. No.		
	230V AC 50 Hz	380/400/415V AC 50 Hz	200V AC 60 Hz	230V AC 60 Hz	460V AC 60 Hz	24 VDC	120 VAC	240 V AC
1.1...3.0	0.55	0.75	0.5	0.5	1.5	283A-FB3Z-N-R	283A-FB3D-N-R	283A-FB3B-N-R
3.0...5.5	1.1	2.2	1	1	3	283A-FB9Z-N-R	283A-FB9D-N-R	283A-FB9B-N-R
5.3...7.6	1.5	3	1.5	2	5	283A-FB16Z-N-R	283A-FB16D-N-R	283A-FB16B-N-R
6.3...16	4	5.5	3	5	10	283A-FB19Z-N-R	283A-FB19D-N-R	283A-FB19B-N-R



**Bulletin 283, Continued****Table H.13 Bulletin 283 Distributed Motor Controller – NEMA Type 4X, Up to 480V AC**

Current Rating (A)	kW	Hp	Control Voltage			Cat. No.		
	230V AC 50 Hz	380/400/415 VAC 50 Hz	200V AC 60 Hz	230V AC 60 Hz	460 V AC 60 Hz	24 V DC	120 V AC	240 V AC
1.1...3.0	0.55	0.75	0.5	0.5	1.5	283D-SB3Z-N-R	283D-SB3D-N-R	283D-SB3B-N-R
3.0...5.5	1.1	2.2	1	1	3	283D-SB9Z-N-R	283D-SB9D-N-R	283D-SB9B-N-R
5.3...7.6	1.5	3	1.5	2	5	283D-SB16Z-N-R	283D-SB16D-N-R	283D-SB16B-N-R
6.3...16	4	5.5	3	5	10	283D-SB19Z-N-R	283D-SB19D-N-R	283D-SB19B-N-R

**Table H.14 Bulletin 283 Distributed Motor Controller – IP67/NEMA Type 4, Up to 575V AC**

Current Rating (A)	kW	Hp	Control Voltage				Cat. No.		
	230V AC 50 Hz	380/400/415V AC 50 Hz	200V AC 60 Hz	230V AC 60 Hz	460V AC 60 Hz	575V AC 60 Hz	24 V DC	120 V AC	240 V AC
1.1...3.0	0.55	0.75	0.5	0.5	1.5	2	283D-FC3Z-N-R	283D-FC3D-N-R	283D-FC3B-N-R
3.0...5.5	1.1	2.2	1	1	3	3	283D-FC9Z-N-R	283D-FC9D-N-R	283D-FC9B-N-R
5.3...7.6	1.5	3	1.5	2	5	5	283D-FC16Z-N-R	283D-FC16D-N-R	283D-FC16B-N-R
6.3...16	4	5.5	3	5	10	10	283D-FC19Z-N-R	283D-FC19D-N-R	283D-FC19B-N-R

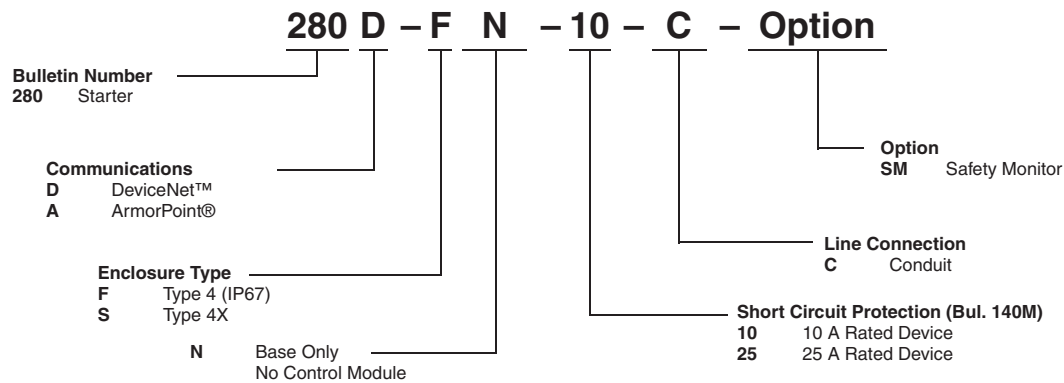
Current Rating (A)	kW	Hp	Control Voltage				Cat. No.		
	230V AC 50 Hz	380/400/415V AC 50 Hz	200V AC 60 Hz	230V AC 60 Hz	460V AC 60 Hz	575V AC 60 Hz	24 V DC	120 V AC	240 V AC
1.1...3.0	0.55	0.75	0.5	0.5	1.5	2	283A-FC3Z-N-R	283A-FC3D-N-R	283A-FC3B-N-R
3.0...5.5	1.1	2.2	1	1	3	3	283A-FC9Z-N-R	283A-FC9D-N-R	283A-FC9B-N-R
5.3...7.6	1.5	3	1.5	2	5	5	283A-FC16Z-N-R	283A-FC16D-N-R	283A-FC16B-N-R
6.3...16	4	5.5	3	5	10	10	283A-FC19Z-N-R	283A-FC19D-N-R	283A-FC19B-N-R

**Table F.4 Bulletin 283 Distributed Motor Controller – NEMA Type 4X, Up to 575V AC**

Current Rating (A)	kW	Hp	Control Voltage				Cat. No.		
	230V AC 50 Hz	380/400/415V AC 50 Hz	200V AC 60 Hz	230V AC 60 Hz	460 V AC 60 Hz	575V AC 60 Hz	24 V DC	120 V AC	240 V AC
1.1...3.0	0.55	0.75	0.5	0.5	1.5	2	283D-SC3Z-N-R	283D-SC3D-N-R	283D-SC3B-N-R
3.0...5.5	1.1	2.2	1	1	3	3	283D-SC9Z-N-R	283D-SC9D-N-R	283D-SC9B-N-R
5.3...7.6	1.5	3	1.5	2	5	5	283D-SC16Z-N-R	283D-SC16D-N-R	283D-SC16B-N-R
6.3...16	4	5.5	3	5	10	10	283D-SC19Z-N-R	283D-SC19D-N-R	283D-SC19B-N-R



Figure H.4 Bulletin 283 Base Module Renewal Part Catalog Structure



## Base Module Renewal Part Product Selection

Table H.15 Bulletin 283 Distributed Motor Controllers, Up to 480V AC

Current Rating [A]	kW		Hp			Cat. No.
	230V AC 50 Hz	380/400/415V AC 50 Hz	200V AC 60 Hz	230V AC 60 Hz	460V AC 60 Hz	
1.1...3.0	0.55	0.75	0.5	0.5	1.5	280D-FN-10-C
3.0...5.5	1.1	2.2	1	1	3	280D-FN-10-C
5.3...7.6	1.5	3	1.5	2	5	280D-FN-10-C
6.3...16	4	5.5	3	5	10	280D-FN-25-C

Current Rating [A]	kW		Hp			Cat. No.
	230V AC 50 Hz	380/400/415V AC 50 Hz	200V AC 60 Hz	230V AC 60 Hz	460V AC 60 Hz	
1.1...3.0	0.55	0.75	0.5	0.5	1.5	280A-FN-10-C
3.0...5.5	1.1	2.2	1	1	3	280A-FN-10-C
5.3...7.6	1.5	3	1.5	2	5	280A-FN-10-C
6.3...16	4	5.5	3	5	10	280A-FN-25-C

Table H.16 Bulletin 283 Distributed Motor Controller, IP67/NEMA 4, Up to 575V AC with Conduit Entrance

Current Rating [A]	kW	Hp					Cat. No.
	230V AC 50 Hz	380/400/415V AC 50 Hz	200V AC 60 Hz	230V AC 60 Hz	460V AC 60 Hz	575V AC 60 Hz	
1.1...3.0	0.55	0.75	0.5	0.5	1	1.5	280D-FN-10-C
3.0...5.5	1.1	2.2	1.5	2	3	3	280D-FN-10-C
5.3...7.6	1.5	5.5	3	3	5	5	280D-FN-10-C
6.3...16	4	5.5	3	3	10	10	280D-FN-25-C

Current Rating [A]	kW	Hp					Cat. No.
	230V AC 50 Hz	380/400/415V AC 50 Hz	200V AC 60 Hz	230V AC 60 Hz	460V AC 60 Hz	575V AC 60 Hz	
1.1...3.0	0.55	0.75	0.5	0.5	1	1.5	280A-FN-10-C
3.0...5.5	1.1	2.2	1.5	2	3	3	280A-FN-10-C
5.3...7.6	1.5	5.5	3	3	5	5	280A-FN-10-C
6.3...16	4	5.5	3	3	10	10	280A-FN-25-C



**Bulletin 283, Continued****Table H.17 Bulletin 283 Distributed Motor Controller, IP67/NEMA 4, Up to 575V AC with ArmorConnect™ Connectivity**

Current Rating [A]	kW	Hp					Cat. No.
	230V AC 50 Hz	380/400/415V AC 50 Hz	200V AC 60 Hz	230V AC 60 Hz	460V AC 60 Hz	575V AC 60 Hz	
1.1...3.0	0.55	0.75	0.5	0.5	1	1.5	280D-FN-10-R
3.0...5.5	1.1	2.2	1.5	2	3	3	280D-FN-10-R
5.3...7.6	1.5	5.5	3	3	5	5	280D-FN-10-R
6.3...16	4	5.5	3	3	10	10	280D-FN-25-R

Current Rating [A]	kW	Hp					Cat. No.
	230V AC 50 Hz	380/400/415V AC 50 Hz	200V AC 60 Hz	230V AC 60 Hz	460V AC 60 Hz	575V AC 60 Hz	
1.1...3.0	0.55	0.75	0.5	0.5	1	1.5	280A-FN-10-R
3.0...5.5	1.1	2.2	1.5	2	3	3	280A-FN-10-R
5.3...7.6	1.5	5.5	3	3	5	5	280A-FN-10-R
6.3...16	4	5.5	3	3	10	10	280A-FN-25-R

**Table H.18 Bulletin 283 Distributed Motor Controller, NEMA 4X, Up to 575V AC with Conduit Entrance**

Current Rating [A]	kW	Hp					Cat. No.
	230V AC 50 Hz	380/400/415V AC 50 Hz	200V AC 60 Hz	230V AC 60 Hz	460V AC 60 Hz	575V AC 60 Hz	
1.1...3.0	0.55	0.75	0.5	0.5	1	1.5	280D-SN-10-C
3.0...5.5	1.1	2.2	1.5	2	3	3	280D-SN-10-C
5.3...7.6	1.5	5.5	3	3	5	5	280D-SN-10-C
6.3...16	4	5.5	3	3	10	10	280D-SN-25-C

**Table H.19 Bulletin 283 Distributed Motor Controller, NEMA 4X, Up to 575V AC with ArmorConnect Connectivity**

Current Rating [A]	kW	Hp					Cat. No.
	230V AC 50 Hz	380/400/415V AC 50 Hz	200V AC 60 Hz	230V AC 60 Hz	460V AC 60 Hz	575V AC 60 Hz	
1.1...3.0	0.55	0.75	0.5	0.5	1	1.5	280D-SN-10-R
3.0...5.5	1.1	2.2	1.5	2	3	3	280D-SN-10-R
5.3...7.6	1.5	5.5	3	3	5	5	280D-SN-10-R
6.3...16	4	5.5	3	3	10	10	280D-SN-25-R



**Bulletin 283, Continued****Table H.20 Motor Cables**

Description	Current Rating (A)	Cable Rating	Length m (ft)	Cat. No.
90° M22 Motor Cordset	1.1...3.0, 3.0...5.5, 5.3...7.6	IP67/NEMA Type 4	3 m (9.8)	280-MTR22-M3
			6 m (19.6)	280-MTR22-M6
			14 m (45.9)	280-MTR22-M14
90° M22 Motor Cordset	1.1...3.0, 3.0...5.5, 5.3...7.6	NEMA Type 4X	3 m (9.8)	280S-MTR22-M3
			6 m (19.6)	280S-MTR22-M6
			14 m (45.9)	280S-MTR22-M14
90° M35 Motor Cordset	6.3...16	IP67/NEMA Type 4	3 m (9.8)	280-MTRM35-M3
			6 m (19.6)	280-MTR35-M6
			14 m (45.9)	280-MTR35-M14
90° M35 Motor Cordset	6.3...16	NEMA Type 4X	3 m (9.8)	280S-MTR22-M3
			6 m (19.6)	280S-MTR35-M6
			14 m (45.9)	280S-MTR35-M14
90° Male/ Straight Female - M22 Patchcords	1.1...3.0, 3.0...5.5, 5.3...7.6	IP67/NEMA Type 4	1 m (3.3)	280-MTR22-M1D
			3.0 m (9.8)	280-MTR22-M3D
90° Male/ Straight Female - M22 Patchcords	1.1...3.0, 3.0...5.5, 5.3...7.6	NEMA Type 4X	1 m (3.3)	280S-MTR22-M1D
			3.0 m (9.8)	280S-MTR22-M3D
90° Male/ Straight Female – M35 Patchcords	6.3...16	IP67/NEMA Type 4	1 m (3.3)	280-MTR35-M1D
			3.0 m (9.8)	280-MTR35-M3D
90° Male/ Straight Female – M35 Patchcords	6.3...16	NEMA Type 4X	1 m (3.3)	280S-MTR35-M1D
			3.0 m (9.8)	280S-MTR35-M3D

**Table H.21 Source Brake Cable**

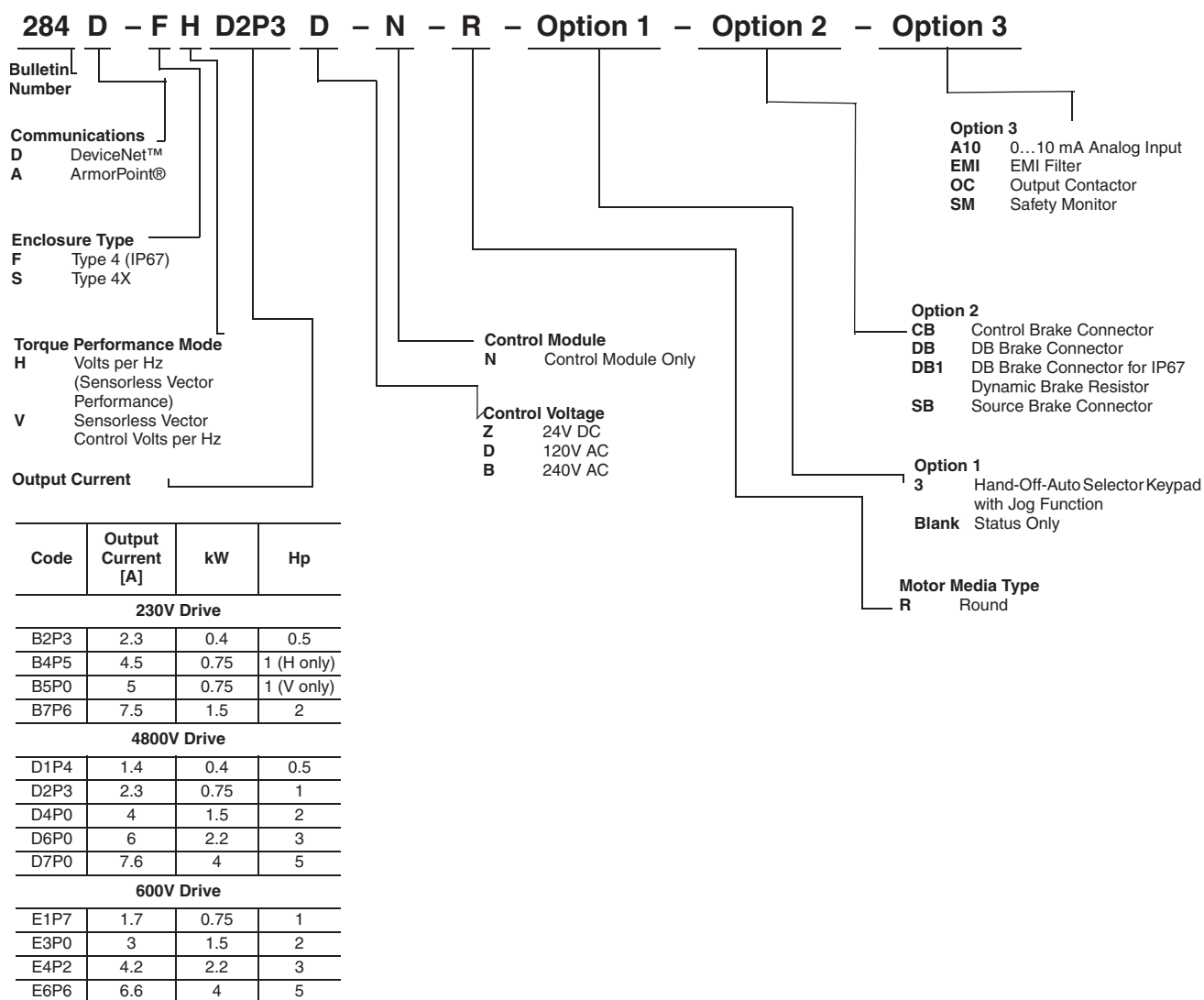
Description	Cable Rating	Length m (ft)	Cat. No.
90° M25 Source Brake Cable	IP67/NEMA Type 4	3m (9.8)	285-BRC25-M3
		6 m (19.6)	285-BRC25-M6
		14 m (45.9)	285-BRC25-M14
90° M25 Source Brake Cable	NEMA Type 4X	3m (9.8)	285S-BRC25-M3
		6 m (19.6)	285S-BRC25-M6
		14 m (45.9)	285S-BRC25-M14

**Table H.22 ArmorPoint® Media**

Description	Length	Cat. No.
ArmorPoint Bus Extension Cable	1 m (3.3 ft)	W40754-369-51
Terminating Resistor	—	W40754-371-01



Figure H.5 Bulletin 284 Control Module Renewal Part Catalog Structure





**Bulletin 284, Continued****Table H.23 Bulletin 284 Control Module with Sensorless Vector Performance, IP67/NEMA 4, Up to 480V**

Input Voltage	kW	Hp	Output Current	24 V DC Control Voltage	120 V AC Control Voltage	240 V AC Control Voltage
240V 50/60 Hz 3-Phase	0.4	0.5	2.3 A	284D-FHB2P3Z-N-R	284D-FHB2P3D-N-R	284D-FHB2P3B-N-R
	0.7.5	1.0	4.5 A	284D-FHB4P5Z-N-R	284D-FHB4P5D-N-R	284D-FHB4P5B-N-R
	1.5	2.0	7.6 A	284D-FHB7P6Z-N-R	284D-FHB7P6D-N-R	284D-FHB7P6B-N-R
480V 50/60 Hz 3-Phase	0.4	0.5	1.4 A	284D-FHD1P4Z-N-R	284D-FHD1P4D-N-R	284D-FHD1P4B-N-R
	0.75	1.0	2.3 A	284D-FHD2P3Z-N-R	284D-FHD2P3D-N-R	284D-FHD2P3B-N-R
	1.5	2.0	4.0 A	284D-FHD4P0Z-N-R	284D-FHD4P0D-N-R	284D-FHD4P0B-N-R
	2.2	3.0	6.0 A	284D-FHD6P0Z-N-R	284D-FHD6P0D-N-R	284D-FHD6P0B-N-R
	3.0	5.0	7.6 A	284D-FHD7P6Z-N-R	284D-FHD7P6D-N-R	284D-FHD7P6B-N-R
240V 50/60 Hz 3-Phase	0.4	0.5	2.3 A	284A-FHB2P3Z-N-R	284A-FHB2P3D-N-R	284A-FHB2P3B-N-R
	0.7.5	1.0	4.5 A	284A-FHB4P5Z-N-R	284A-FHB4P5D-N-R	284A-FHB4P5B-N-R
	1.5	2.0	7.6 A	284A-FHB7P6Z-N-R	284A-FHB7P6D-N-R	284A-FHB7P6B-N-R
480V 50/60 Hz 3-Phase	0.4	0.5	1.4 A	284A-FHD1P4Z-N-R	284A-FHD1P4D-N-R	284A-FHD1P4B-N-R
	0.75	1.0	2.3 A	284A-FHD2P3Z-N-R	284A-FHD2P3D-N-R	284A-FHD2P3B-N-R
	1.5	2.0	4.0 A	284A-FHD4P0Z-N-R	284A-FHD4P0D-N-R	284A-FHD4P0B-N-R
	2.2	3.0	6.0 A	284A-FHD6P0Z-N-R	284A-FHD6P0D-N-R	284A-FHD6P0B-N-R
	3.0	5.0	7.6 A	284A-FHD7P6Z-N-R	284A-FHD7P6D-N-R	284A-FHD7P6B-N-R

**Table H.24 Bulletin 284 Control Module with Sensorless Vector Performance, NEMA 4X, Up to 480V**

Input Voltage	kW	Hp	Output Current	24 V DC Control Voltage	120 V AC Control Voltage	240 V AC Control Voltage
240V 50/60 Hz 3-Phase	0.4	0.5	2.3 A	284D-SHB2P3Z-N-R	284D-SHB2P3D-N-R	284D-SHB2P3B-N-R
	0.7.5	1.0	4.5 A	284D-SHB4P5Z-N-R	284D-SHB4P5D-N-R	284D-SHB4P5B-N-R
	1.5	2.0	7.6 A	284D-SHB7P6Z-N-R	284D-SHB7P6D-N-R	284D-SHB7P6B-N-R
480V 50/60 Hz 3-Phase	0.4	0.5	1.4 A	284D-SHD1P4Z-N-R	284D-SHD1P4D-N-R	284D-SHD1P4B-N-R
	0.75	1.0	2.3 A	284D-SHD2P3Z-N-R	284D-SHD2P3D-N-R	284D-SHD2P3B-N-R
	1.5	2.0	4.0 A	284D-SHD4P0Z-N-R	284D-SHD4P0D-N-R	284D-SHD4P0B-N-R
	2.2	3.0	6.0 A	284D-SHD6P0Z-N-R	284D-SHD6P0D-N-R	284D-SHD6P0B-N-R
	3.0	5.0	7.6 A	284D-SHD7P6Z-N-R	284D-SHD7P6D-N-R	284D-SHD7P6B-N-R



**Bulletin 284, Continued****Table H.25 Bulletin 284 Control Module with Sensorless Vector Control , IP67/NEMA 4, Up to 600V**

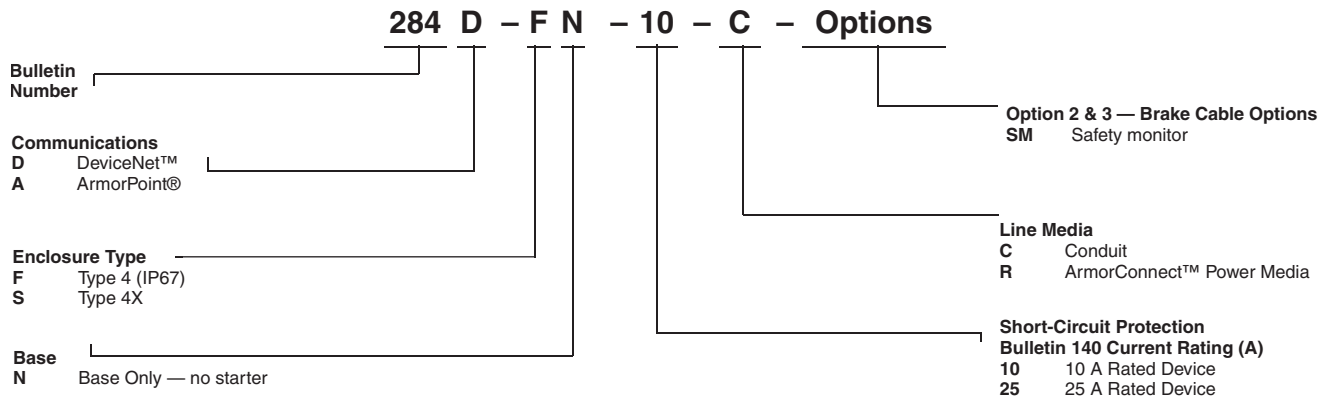
Input Voltage	kW	Hp	Output Current	24 V DC Control Voltage	120 V AC Control Voltage	240 V AC Control Voltage
200...240V 50/60 Hz 3-Phase	0.4	0.5	2.3 A	284D-FVB2P3Z-N-R	284D-FVB2P3D-N-R	284D-FVB2P3B-N-R
	0.75	1.0	5.0 A	284D-FVB5P0Z-N-R	284D-FVB5P0D-N-R	284D-FVB5P0B-N-R
	1.5	2.0	7.6 A	284D-FVB7P6Z-N-R	284D-FVB7P6D-N-R	284D-FVB7P6B-N-R
380...480V 50/60 Hz 3-Phase	0.4	0.5	1.4 A	284D-FVD1P4Z-N-R	284D-FVD1P4D-N-R	284D-FVD1P4B-N-R
	0.75	1.0	2.3 A	284D-FVD2P3Z-N-R	284D-FVD2P3D-N-R	284D-FVD2P3B-N-R
	1.5	2.0	4.0 A	284D-FVD4P0Z-N-R	284D-FVD4P0D-N-R	284D-FVD4P0B-N-R
	2.2	3.0	6.0 A	284D-FVD6P0Z-N-R	284D-FVD6P0D-N-R	284D-FVD6P0B-N-R
	3.0	5.0	7.6 A	284D-FVD7P6Z-N-R	284D-FVD7P6D-N-R	284D-FVD7P6B-N-R
460...600V 50/60Hz 3-Phase	0.75	1.0	1.7 A	284D-FVE1P7Z-N-R	284D-FVE1P7D-N-R	284D-FVE1P7B-N-R
	1.5	2.0	3.0 A	284D-FVE3P0Z-N-R	284D-FVE3P0D-N-R	284D-FVE3P0B-N-R
	2.2	3.0	4.2 A	284D-FVE4P2Z-N-R	284D-FVE4P2D-N-R	284D-FVE4P2B-N-R
	4.0	5.0	6.6 A	284D-FVE6P6Z-N-R	284D-FVE6P6D-N-R	284D-FVE6P6B-N-R
200...240V 50/60 Hz 3-Phase	0.4	0.5	2.3 A	284A-FVB2P3Z-N-R	284A-FVB2P3D-N-R	284A-FVB2P3B-N-R
	0.75	1.0	5.0 A	284A-FVB5P0Z-N-R	284A-FVB5P0D-N-R	284A-FVB5P0B-N-R
	1.5	2.0	7.6 A	284A-FVB7P6Z-N-R	284A-FVB7P6D-N-R	284A-FVB7P6B-N-R
380...480V 50/60 Hz 3-Phase	0.4	0.5	1.4 A	284A-FVD1P4Z-N-R	284A-FVD1P4D-N-R	284A-FVD1P4B-N-R
	0.75	1.0	2.3 A	284A-FVD2P3Z-N-R	284A-FVD2P3D-N-R	284A-FVD2P3B-N-R
	1.5	2.0	4.0 A	284A-FVD4P0Z-N-R	284A-FVD4P0D-N-R	284A-FVD4P0B-N-R
	2.2	3.0	6.0 A	284A-FVD6P0Z-N-R	284A-FVD6P0D-N-R	284A-FVD6P0B-N-R
	3.0	5.0	7.6 A	284A-FVD7P6Z-N-R	284A-FVD7P6D-N-R	284A-FVD7P6B-N-R
575V 50/60Hz 3-Phase	0.75	1.0	1.7 A	284A-FVE1P7Z-N-R	284A-FVE1P7D-N-R	284A-FVE1P7B-N-R
	1.5	2.0	3.0 A	284A-FVE3P0Z-N-R	284A-FVE3P0D-N-R	284A-FVE3P0B-N-R
	2.2	3.0	4.2 A	284A-FVE4P2Z-N-R	284A-FVE4P2D-N-R	284A-FVE4P2B-N-R
	4.0	5.0	6.6 A	284A-FVE6P6Z-N-R	284A-FVE6P6D-N-R	284A-FVE6P6B-N-R

**Table H.26 Bulletin 284 Control Module with Sensorless Vector Performance, IP67/NEMA 4, Up to 480V**

Input Voltage	kW	Hp	Output Current	24 V DC Control Voltage	120 V AC Control Voltage	240 V AC Control Voltage
200...240V 50/60 Hz 3-Phase	0.4	0.5	2.3A	284D-SVB2P3Z-N-R	284D-SVB2P3D-N-R	284D-SVB2P3B-N-R
	0.75	1.0	5.0A	284D-SVB5P0Z-N-R	284D-SVB5P0D-N-R	284D-SVB5P0B-N-R
	1.5	2.0	7.6A	284D-SVB7P6Z-N-R	284D-SVB7P6D-N-R	284D-SVB7P6B-N-R
380...480V 50/60 Hz 3-Phase	0.4	0.5	1.4A	284D-SVD1P4Z-N-R	284D-SVD1P4D-N-R	284D-SVD1P4B-N-R
	0.75	1.0	2.3A	284D-SVD2P3Z-N-R	284D-SVD2P3D-N-R	284D-SVD2P3B-N-R
	1.5	2.0	4.0A	284D-SVD4P0Z-N-R	284D-SVD4P0D-N-R	284D-SVD4P0B-N-R
	2.2	3.0	6.0A	284D-SVD6P0Z-N-R	284D-SVD6P0D-N-R	284D-SVD6P0B-N-R
	3.0	5.0	7.6A	284D-SVD7P6Z-N-R	284D-SVD7P6D-N-R	284D-SVD7P6B-N-R
575V 50/60Hz 3-Phase	0.75	1.0	1.7A	284D-SVE1P7Z-N-R	284D-SVE1P7D-N-R	284D-SVE1P7B-N-R
	1.5	2.0	3.0A	284D-SVE3P0Z-N-R	284D-SVE3P0D-N-R	284D-SVE3P0B-N-R
	2.2	3.0	4.2A	284D-SVE4P2Z-N-R	284D-SVE4P2D-N-R	284D-SVE4P2B-N-R
	4.0	5.0	6.6A	284D-SVE6P6Z-N-R	284D-SVE6P6D-N-R	284D-SVE6P6B-N-R



Figure H.6 Bulletin 284 Base Module Renewal Part Catalog Structure



## Base Module Renewal Part Product Selection

**Table H.27 Bulletin 284 Base Module Renewal Part, IP67/NEMA 4, Up to 600V AC With Conduit Entrance**

Input Voltage	kW	Hp	Output Current	Cat. No.
200...240V 50/60 Hz 3-Phase	0.4...0.75	0.5...1.0	2.3 A	280D-FN-10-C
	1.5	2.0	7.6 A	280D-FN-25-C
380...480V 50/60 Hz 3-Phase	0.4...2.2	0.5...3.0	1.4...4.0 A	280D-FN-10-C
	3.0	5.0	6.0...7.6 A	280D-FN-25-C
460...600V 50/60Hz 3-Phase	0.75...1.5	1.0...2.0	1.7...3.0 A	280D-FN-10-C
	2.2...4.0	3.0...5.0	4.2...6.6 A	280D-FN-25-C
200...240V 50/60 Hz 3-Phase	0.4...0.75	0.5...1.0	2.3A	280A-FN-10-C
	1.5	2.0	7.6A	280A-FN-25-C
380...480V 50/60 Hz 3-Phase	0.4...2.2	0.5...3.0	1.4...4.0A	280A-FN-10-C
	3.0	5.0	6.0...7.6A	280A-FN-25-C
460...600V 50/60Hz 3-Phase	0.75...1.5	1.0...2.0	1.7...3.0A	280A-FN-10-C
	2.2...4.0	3.0...5.0	4.2...6.6A	280A-FN-25-C



**Bulletin 284, Continued****Table H.28 Bulletin 284 Base Module Renewal Part, IP67/NEMA 4, Up to 600V AC with ArmorConnect™ Connectivity**

Input Voltage	kW	Hp	Output Current	Cat. No.
200...240V 50/60 Hz 3-Phase	0.4...0.75	0.5...1.0	2.3 A	280D-FN-10-R
	1.5	2.0	7.6 A	280D-FN-25-R
380...480V 50/60 Hz 3-Phase	0.4...2.2	0.5...3.0	1.4...4.0 A	280D-FN-10-R
	3.0	5.0	6.0...7.6 A	280D-FN-25-R
460...600V 50/60Hz 3-Phase	0.75...1.5	1.0...2.0	1.7...3.0 A	280D-FN-10-R
	2.2...4.0	3.0...5.0	4.2...6.6 A	280D-FN-25-R
200...240V 50/60 Hz 3-Phase	0.4...0.75	0.5...1.0	2.3A	280A-FN-10-R
	1.5	2.0	7.6A	280A-FN-25-R
380...480V 50/60 Hz 3-Phase	0.4...2.2	0.5...3.0	1.4...4.0A	280A-FN-10-R
	3.0	5.0	6.0...7.6A	280A-FN-25-R
460...600V 50/60Hz 3-Phase	0.75...1.5	1.0...2.0	1.7...3.0A	280A-FN-10-R
	2.2...4.0	3.0...5.0	4.2...6.6A	280A-FN-25-R

**Table H.29 Bulletin 284 Base Module Renewal Part, NEMA 4X, Up to 600V AC with Conduit Entrance**

Input Voltage	kW	Hp	Output Current	Cat. No.
200...240V 50/60 Hz 3-Phase	0.4...0.75	0.5...1.0	2.3 A	280D-SN-10-C
	1.5	2.0	7.6 A	280D-SN-25-C
380...480V 50/60 Hz 3-Phase	0.4...2.2	0.5...3.0	1.4...4.0 A	280D-SN-10-C
	3.0	5.0	6.0...7.6 A	280D-SN-25-C
460...600V 50/60Hz 3-Phase	0.75...1.5	1.0...2.0	1.7...3.0 A	280D-SN-10-C
	2.2...4.0	3.0...5.0	4.2...6.6 A	280D-SN-25-C

**Table H.30 Bulletin 284 Base Module Renewal Part, NEMA 4X, Up to 600V AC with ArmorConnect Connectivity**

Input Voltage	kW	Hp	Output Current	Cat. No.
200...240V 50/60 Hz 3-Phase	0.4...0.75	0.5...1.0	2.3 A	280D-SN-10-R
	1.5	2.0	7.6 A	280D-SN-25-R
380...480V 50/60 Hz 3-Phase	0.4...2.2	0.5...3.0	1.4...4.0 A	280D-SN-10-R
	3.0	5.0	6.0...7.6 A	280D-SN-25-R
460...600V 50/60Hz 3-Phase	0.75...1.5	1.0...2.0	1.7...3.0 A	280D-SN-10-R
	2.2...4.0	3.0...5.0	4.2...6.6 A	280D-SN-25-R



**Bulletin 284, Continued****Table H.31 Motor Cables**

Description	Cable Rating	Length m (ft)	Cat. No.
90° M22 Motor Cordset	IP67/NEMA Type 4	3 m (9.8)	280-MTR22-M3
		6 m (19.6)	280-MTR22-M6
		14 m (45.9)	280-MTR22-M14
90° M22 Motor Cordset	NEMA Type 4X	3 m (9.8)	280S-MTR22-M3
		6 m (19.6)	280S-MTR22-M6
		14 m (45.9)	280S-MTR22-M14
90° M22 Motor Cordset (Shielded)	IP67/NEMA Type 4	3 m (9.8)	284-MTRS22-M3
		6 m (19.6)	284-MTRS22-M6
		14 m (45.9)	284-MTRS22-M14
90° M35 Motor Cordset (Shielded)	NEMA Type 4X	3 m (9.8)	284S-MTRS22-M3
		6 m (19.6)	284S-MTRS22-M6
		14 m (45.9)	284S-MTRS22-M14
90° Male/ Straight Female- M22 Patchcords	IP67/NEMA Type 4	1 m (3.3)	280-MTR22-M1D
		3.0 m (9.8)	280-MTR22-M3D
90° Male/ Straight Female - M22 Patchcords	NEMA Type 4X	1 m (3.3)	280S-MTR22-M1D
		3.0 m (9.8)	280S-MTR22-M3D

**Table H.32 Dynamic Brake Cable**

Description	Cable Rating	Length m (ft)	Cat. No.
90° M25 Source Brake Cable	IP67/NEMA Type 4	3m (9.8)	285-DBK22-M3
90° M25 Source Brake Cable	NEMA Type 4X	3 m (9.8)	285S-DBK22-M3

**Table H.33 Source Brake Cable**

Description	Cable Rating	Length m (ft)	Cat. No.
90° M25 Source Brake Cable	IP67/NEMA Type 4	3m (9.8)	285-BRC25-M3
		6 m (19.6)	285-BRC25-M6
		14 m (45.9)	285-BRC25-M14
90° M25 Source Brake Cable	NEMA Type 4X	3 m (19.6)	285S-BRC25-M3
		6 m (19.6)	285S-BRC25-M6
		14 m (45.9)	285S-BRC25-M14



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**Notes:**



## PID Setup

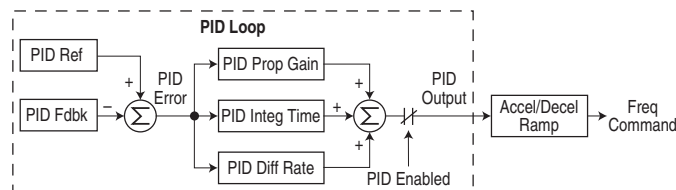
### PID Loop

The Bulletin 284 ArmorStart® Distributed Motor with sensorless vector control has a built-in PID (proportional, integral, differential) control loop. The PID loop is used to maintain a process feedback (such as pressure, flow, or tension) at a desired set point. The PID loop works by subtracting the PID feedback from a reference and generating an error value. The PID loop reacts to the error, based on the PID Gains, and outputs a frequency to try to reduce the error value to 0. To enable the PID loop, Parameter 232 (PID Ref Sel) must be set to an option other than 0 **PID Disabled**.

Exclusive Control and Trim Control are two basic configurations where the PID loop may be used.

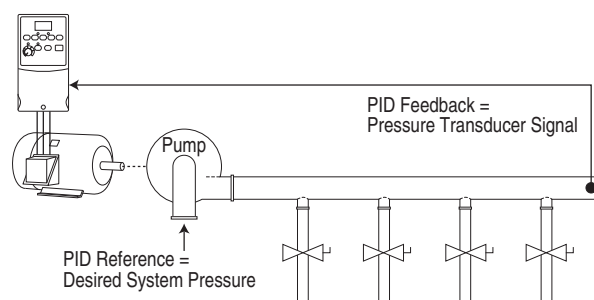
### Exclusive Control

In Exclusive Control, the Speed Reference becomes 0, and the PID Output becomes the entire Freq Command. Exclusive Control is used when Parameter 232 (PID Ref Sel) is set to option 1, 2, 3, or 4. This configuration does not require a master reference, only a desired set point, such as a flow rate for a pump.



### Example

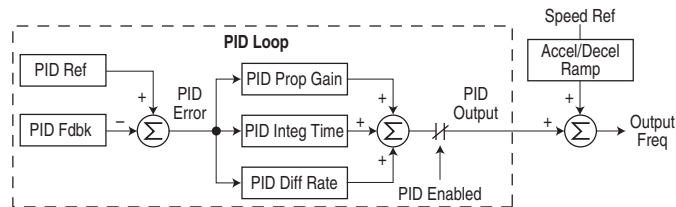
- In a pumping application, the PID Reference equals the Desired System Pressure set point.
- The Pressure Transducer signal provides PID Feedback to the drive. Fluctuations in actual system pressure, due to changes in flow, result in a PID Error value.
- The drive output frequency increases or decreases to vary motor shaft speed to correct for the PID Error value.
- The Desired System Pressure set point is maintained as valves in the system are opened and closed causing changes in flow.
- When the PID Control Loop is disabled, the Commanded Speed is the Ramped Speed Reference.





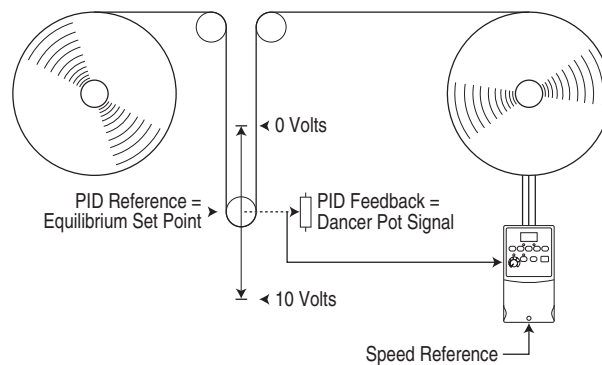
## Trim Control

In Trim Control, the PID Output is added to the Speed Reference. In Trim mode, the output of the PID loop bypasses the accel/decel ramp as shown. Trim Control is used when Parameter 232 (PID Ref Sel) is set to option 5, 6, 7, or 8.



## Example

- In a winder application, the PID Reference equals the Equilibrium set point.
- The Dancer Pot signal provides PID Feedback to the drive. Fluctuations in tension result in a PID Error value.
- The Master Speed Reference sets the wind/unwind speed.
- As tension increases or decreases during winding, the Speed Reference is trimmed to compensate. Tension is maintained near the Equilibrium set point.





## PID Reference and Feedback

Parameter 232 (PID Ref Sel) is used to enable the PID mode (Parameter 232 ≠ 0 **PID Disabled**) and to select the source of the PID Reference. If A132 (PID Ref Sel) is not set to 0 **PID Disabled**, PID can still be disabled by select programmable digital input options (Parameters 151...154) such as Jog, Local, or PID Disable.

Option	Description
0 <b>PID Disabled</b>	Disables the PID loop (default setting)
1 <b>PID Setpoint</b>	Selects Exclusive Control. Parameter 137 (PID Setpoint) will be used to set the value of the PID Reference
4 <b>Comm Port</b>	Selects Exclusive Control. The reference word from a communication network DeviceNet™ becomes the PID Reference. The value sent over the network is scaled so that Parameter 135 (Maximum Freq) x 10 = 100% reference. For example, with (Maximum Freq) = 60 Hz, a value of 600 sent over the network would represent 100% reference.
5 <b>Setpnt, Trim</b>	Selects Trim Control. Parameter 137 (PID Setpoint) will be used to set the value of the PID Reference.
8 <b>Comm, Trim</b>	Selects Trim Control. The reference word from a communication network DeviceNet becomes the PID Reference. The value sent over the network is scaled so that Parameter 135 (Maximum Freq) x 10 = 100% reference. For example, with (Maximum Freq) = 60 Hz, a value of 600 sent over the network would represent 100% reference.

Parameter 233 (PID Feedback Sel) is used to select the source of the PID feedback.

Option	Description
2 <b>Comm Port</b>	The Consumed Assembly (Instance 164 — Default Consumed Inverter Type Distributed Motor Controller) from a communication network (see page D-9 for details on the Consumed Assembly) which becomes the PID Feedback. The value sent over the network is scaled so that Parameter 135 (Maximum Freq) x 10 = 100% Feedback. For example, with (Maximum Freq) = 60 Hz, a value of 600 sent over the network would represent 100% Feedback.

## PID Deadband

Parameter 238 (PID Deadband) is used to set a range, in percent, of the PID Reference that the drive will ignore.

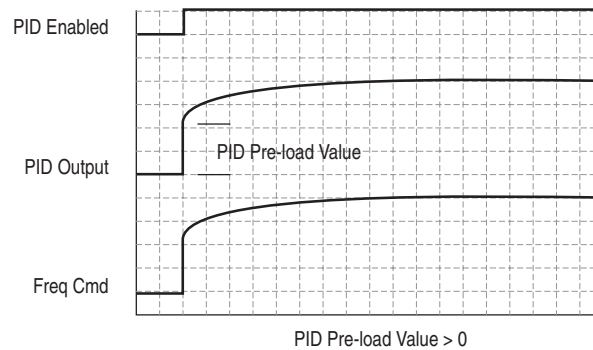
### Example

- (PID Deadband) is set to 5.0
- The PID Reference is 25.0%
- The PID Regulator will not act on a PID Error that falls between 20.0 and 30.0%



### PID Preload

The value set in Parameter 239 (PID Preload), in Hertz, will be pre-loaded into the integral component of the PID at any start or enable. This will cause the drive's frequency command to initially jump to that preload frequency, and the PID loop starts regulating from there.



### PID Limits

Parameter 230 (PID Trim Hi) and Parameter 231 (PID Trim Lo) are used to limit the PID output and are only used in trim mode. (PID Trim Hi) sets the maximum frequency for the PID output in trim mode. (PID Trim Lo) sets the reverse frequency limit for the PID output in trim mode. Note that when the PID reaches the Hi or Lo limit, the PID regulator stops integrating so that windup does not occur.

### PID Gains

The proportional, integral, and differential gains make up the PID regulator.

- Parameter 234 (PID Prop Gain)

The proportional gain (unitless) affects how the regulator reacts to the magnitude of the error. The proportional component of the PID regulator outputs a speed command proportional to the PID error. For example, a proportional gain of 1 would output 100% of maximum frequency when the PID error is 100% of the analog input range. A larger value for (PID Prop Gain) makes the proportional component more responsive, and a smaller value makes it less responsive. Setting (PID Prop Gain) to 0.00 disables the proportional component of the PID loop.



- **Parameter 235 (PID Integ Time)**

The integral gain (units of seconds) affects how the regulator reacts to error over time and is used to get rid of steady state error. For example, with an integral gain of 2 seconds, the output of the integral gain component would integrate up to 100% of maximum frequency when the PID error is 100% for 2 seconds. A larger value for (PID Integ Time) makes the integral component less responsive, and a smaller value makes it more responsive. Setting (PID Integ Time) to 0 disables the integral component of the PID loop.

- **Parameter 236 (PID Diff Rate)**

The Differential gain (units of 1/seconds) affects the rate of change of the PID output. The differential gain is multiplied by the difference between the previous error and current error. Thus, with a large error the D has a large effect and with a small error the D has less of an effect. This parameter is scaled so that when it is set to 1.00, the process response is 0.1% of (Maximum Freq) when the process error is changing at 1%/second. A larger value for (PID Diff Rate) makes the differential term have more of an effect and a small value makes it have less of an effect. In many applications, the D gain is not needed. Setting (PID Diff Rate) to 0.00 (factory default) disables the differential component of the PID loop.

### **Guidelines for Adjusting the PID Gains**

1. Adjust the proportional gain. During this step it may be desirable to disable the integral gain and differential gain by setting them to 0. After a step change in the PID Feedback:
  - If the response is too slow increase Parameter 234 (PID Prop Gain).
  - If the response is too quick and/or unstable (see Figure I.1), decrease Parameter 234 (PID Prop Gain).
  - Typically, Parameter 234 (PID Prop Gain) is set to some value below the point where the PID begins to go unstable.
2. Adjust the integral gain (leave the proportional gain set as in Step 1). After a step change in the PID Feedback:
  - If the response is too slow (see Figure I.2), or the PID Feedback does not become equal to the PID Reference, decrease Parameter 235 (PID Integ Time).
  - If there is a lot of oscillation in the PID Feedback before settling out (see Figure I.3), increase Parameter 235 (PID Integ Time).

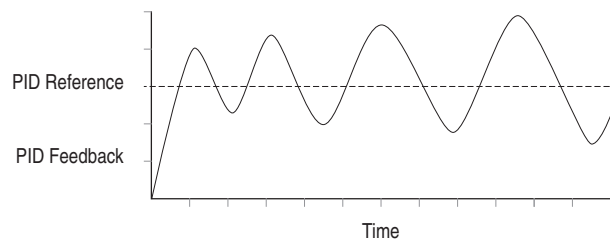


3. At this point, the differential gain may not be needed. However, if after determining the values for Parameter 234 (PID Prop Gain) and Parameter 235 (PID Integ Time):

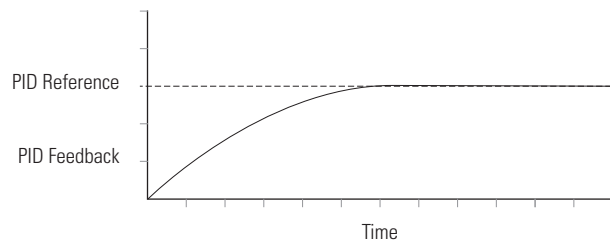
- Response is still slow after a step change, increase Parameter 236 (PID Diff Rate).
- Response is still unstable, decrease Parameter 236 (PID Diff Rate).

The following figures show some typical responses of the PID loop at different points during adjustment of the PID Gains.

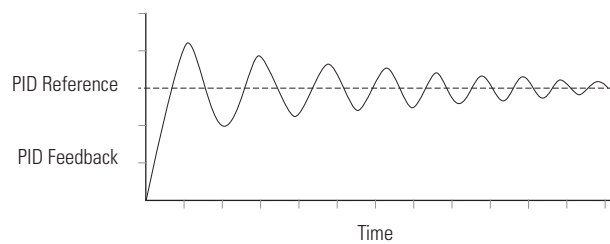
**Figure I.1 Unstable**



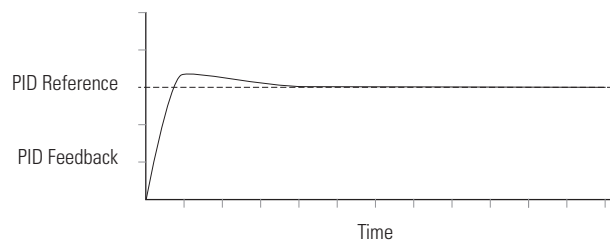
**Figure I.2 Slow Response — Over-Damped**



**Figure I.3 Oscillation — Under-Damped**



**Figure I.4 Good Response — Critically Damped**





## **Step Logic, Basic Logic and Timer/Counter Functions**

Four Bulletin 284 ArmorStart® logic functions provide the capability to program simple logic functions without a separate controller.

- **Step Logic Function**

Steps through up to eight preset speeds based on programmed logic. Programmed logic can include conditions that need to be met from digital inputs programmed as Logic In1 and Logic In2 before stepping from one preset speed to the next. A timer is available for each of the eight steps and is used to program a time delay before stepping from one preset speed to the next. The status of a digital output can also be controlled based on the step being executed.

- **Basic Logic Function**

Up to two digital inputs can be programmed as Logic In1 and/or Logic In2. A digital output can be programmed to change state based on the condition of one or both inputs based on basic logic functions such as AND, OR, NOR. The basic logic functions can be used with or without step logic.

- **Timer Function**

A digital input can be programmed for Timer Start. A digital output can be programmed as a Timer Out with an output level programmed to the desired time. When the timer reaches the time programmed into the output level the output will change state. The timer can be reset via a digital input programmed as Reset Timer.

- **Counter Function**

A digital input can be programmed for Counter In. A digital output can be programmed as Counter Out with an output level programmed to the desired number of counts. When the counter reaches the count programmed into the output level the output will change state. The counter can be reset via a digital input programmed as Reset Counter.



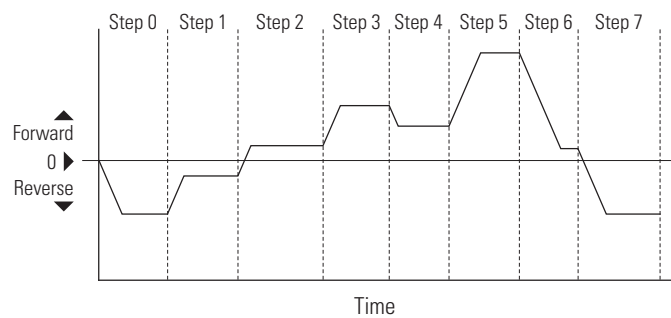
## Step Logic Using Timed Steps

To activate this function, set Parameter 138 (Speed Reference) to 6 **Stp Logic**. Three parameters are used to configure the logic, speed reference, and time for each step.

- Logic is defined using Parameters 240...247 (Stp Logic x).
- Preset Speeds are set with Parameters 170...177 (Preset Freq x).
- Time of operation for each step is set with Parameters 250...257 (Stp Logic Time x).

The direction of motor rotation can be forward or reverse.

**Figure J.1 Using Timed Steps**



## Step Logic Sequence

- Sequence begins with a valid start command.
- A normal sequence begins with Step 0 and transitions to the next step when the corresponding step logic time has expired.
- Step 7 is followed by Step 0.
- Sequence repeats until a stop is issued or a fault condition occurs.



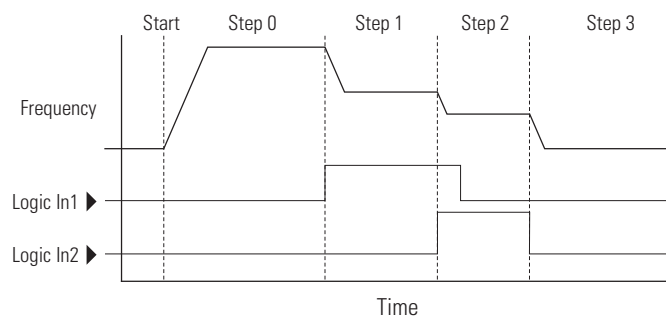
## Step Logic Using Basic Logic Functions

Digital input and digital output parameters can be configured to use logic to transition to the next step. Logic In1 and Logic In2 are defined by programming Parameters 151...154 ...Digital Inx Sel... to Option 23 **Logic In1** or Option 24 **Logic In2**.

### Example

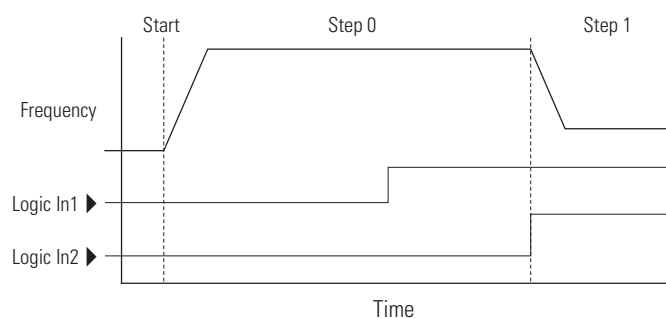
- Run at Step 0.
- Transition to Step 1 when Logic In1 is true.  
Logic senses the edge of Logic In1 when it transitions from Off to On. Logic In1 is not required to remain On.
- Transition to Step 2 when both Logic In1 and Logic In2 are true.  
The drive senses the level of both Logic In1 and Logic In2 and transitions to Step 2 when both are On.
- Transition to Step 3 when Logic In2 returns to a false or Off state.  
Inputs are not required to remain in the On condition except under the logic conditions used for the transition from Step 2 to Step 3.

**Figure J.2**



The step time value and the basic logic may be used together to satisfy machine conditions. For instance, the step may need to run for a minimum time period and then use the basic logic to trigger a transition to the next step.

**Figure J.3**





## Timer Function

Digital inputs and outputs control the timer function and are configured with Parameters 151...154 (Digital Inx Sel) set to 18 **Timer Start** and 20 **Reset Timer**.

Digital outputs (relay and opto type) define a preset level and indicate when the level is reached. Level Parameters 156 (Relay Out Level), 159 (Opto Out1 Level), and 162 (Opto Out2 Level) are used to set the desired time in seconds.

Parameters 155 (Relay Out Sel), 158 (Opto Out1 Sel), and 161 (Opto Out2 Sel) are set to option 16 **Timer Out** and cause the output to change state when the preset level is reached.

## Counter Function

Digital inputs and outputs control the counter function and are configured with Parameters 151...154 (Digital Inx Sel) set to 19 **Counter In** and 21 **Reset Counter**.

Digital outputs (relay and opto type) define a preset level and indicate when the level is reached. Level Parameters 156 (Relay Out Level), 159 (Opto Out1 Level), and 162 (Opto Out2 Level) are used to set the desired count value.

Parameters 155 (Relay Out Sel), 158 (Opto Out1 Sel), and 161 (Opto Out2 Sel) are set to 17 **Counter Out** which causes the output to change state when the level is reached.

### Example

- A photo eye is used to count packages on a conveyor line.
- An accumulator holds the packages until five are collected.
- A diverter arm redirects the group of five packages to a bundling area.
- The diverter arm returns to its original position and triggers a limit switch that resets the counter.
- Parameters are set to the following options:
  - 151 (Digital In1 Sel) set to 19 to select **Counter In**
  - 152 (Digital In2 Sel) set to 21 to select **Reset Counter**
  - 155 (Relay Out Sel) set to 17 to select **Counter Out**
  - 156 (Relay Out Level) set to 5.0 (counts)



## Step Logic Parameters

Digit 3	Digit 2	Digit 1	Digit 0
0	0	F	1

Setting	Accel/Decel Parameters Used	Step Logic Output State	Commanded Direction
0	1	Off	FWD
1	1	Off	REV
2	1	Off	No Output
3	1	On	FWD
4	1	On	REV
5	1	On	No Output
6	2	Off	FWD
7	2	Off	REV
8	2	Off	No Output
9	2	On	FWD
A	2	On	REV
b	2	On	No Output

Setting	Logic
0	Jump to Step 0
1	Jump to Step 1
2	Jump to Step 2
3	Jump to Step 3
4	Jump to Step 4
5	Jump to Step 5
6	Jump to Step 6
7	Jump to Step 7
8	End Program (Normal Stop)
9	End Program (Coast to Stop)
A	End Program and Fault (F2)

Setting	Description	Logic
0	Skip Step (jump immediately).	SKIP
1	Step based on the time programmed in the respective (Stp Logic Time x) parameter.	TIMED
2	Step if Logic In1 is active (logically true).	TRUE
3	Step if Logic In2 is active (logically true).	TRUE
4	Step if Logic In1 is not active (logically false).	FALSE
5	Step if Logic In2 is not active (logically false).	FALSE
6	Step if either Logic In1 or Logic In2 is active (logically true).	OR
7	Step if both Logic In1 and Logic In2 is active (logically true).	AND
8	Step if neither Logic In1 or Logic In2 is active (logically true).	NOR



Setting	Description	Logic
9	Step if Logic In1 is active (logically true) and Logic In2 is not active (logically false).	XOR
A	Step if Logic In2 is active (logically true) and Logic In1 is not active (logically false).	XOR
b	Step after (Stp Logic Time x) and Logic In1 is active (logically true).	TIMED AND
C	Step after (Stp Logic Time x) and Logic In2 is active (logically true).	TIMED AND
d	Step after (Stp Logic Time x) and Logic In1 is not active (logically false).	TIMED OR
E	Step after (Stp Logic Time x) and Logic In2 is not active (logically false).	TIMED OR
F	Do not step OR no jump to, so use Digit 0 logic.	IGNORE

Setting	Description	Logic
0	Skip Step (jump immediately).	SKIP
1	Step based on the time programmed in the respective (Stp Logic Time x) parameter.	TIMED
2	Step if Logic In1 is active (logically true).	TRUE
3	Step if Logic In2 is active (logically true).	TRUE
4	Step if Logic In1 is not active (logically false).	FALSE
5	Step if Logic In2 is not active (logically false).	FALSE
6	Step if either Logic In1 or Logic In2 is active (logically true).	OR
7	Step if both Logic In1 and Logic In2 is active (logically true).	AND
8	Step if neither Logic In1 or Logic In2 is active (logically true).	NOR
9	Step if Logic In1 is active (logically true) and Logic In2 is not active (logically false).	XOR
A	Step if Logic In2 is active (logically true) and Logic In1 is not active (logically false).	XOR
b	Step after (Stp Logic Time x) and Logic In1 is active (logically true).	TIMED AND
C	Step after (Stp Logic Time x) and Logic In2 is active (logically true).	TIMED AND
d	Step after (Stp Logic Time x) and Logic In1 is not active (logically false).	TIMED OR
E	Step after (Stp Logic Time x) and Logic In2 is not active (logically false).	TIMED OR
F	Use logic programmed in Digit 1.	IGNORE







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